

# The Oregon Statesman

"No Favor Sways Us; No Fear Shall Awe"  
From First Statesman, March 23, 1851

THE STATESMAN PUBLISHING CO.  
Charles A. Sprague, President  
Member of the Associated Press

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## Another Maritime Fracas?

The northwest yesterday witnessed the spectacle of Seattle commuters giving up the custom of swimming in to work, which they have to all intents and purposes practiced for 23 days, when the strike of the Puget Sound ferry-boat operators was called off and the boats again began plying between Bainbridge, Vashon, north sound points and the metropolis. The dispute was put in the hands of an arbitration committee after the three-week tie-up.

The whole Pacific coast can learn another of its many lessons in the relations of employer-employee in this episode. The moral, as we see it at the moment, is to stop the threatened longshoremen's and warehousemen's strike, or the equally rumored employers' port closure, before either starts, by having both sides cooperate to the extent of allowing an arbitration board to settle the issues involved in the 1940 contract.

As matters now stand, coast waterfront employers have offered to renew the 1939 contract with the longshoremen exactly as is. The longshoremen, led by Harry Bridges, have indicated that they will hold out for certain new amendments. Tuesday night Bridges came down flatfootedly with a statement that his side would not submit its requests to Dean Wayne Morse of the Oregon law school for arbitration, but rather would continue on its own to negotiate a new agreement. At this point, when an appreciable amount of time yet remains in which to settle the matter, such a decision is by no means unwarranted; yet if bickering is to go on, and each side remains intransigent, the outcome will hardly be favorable to negotiators or the public.

Without attempting to pass on the relative merits of either side, it nevertheless seems unfortunate that the matter could not at once go to a board of arbitration, especially when Dean Morse, the arbitrator, has already a distinguished record in settling labor disputes. Naturally, each side anticipates losing certain of its points should this be allowed; yet it appears strongly that mutual concessions are vastly to be expected to a closure of all ports or a general maritime strike. Certainly the public, rarely consulted though it is, thinks so, and we are strongly inclined to grant its point.

## Crawfishing in Utopia

"But it is a lie, deliberately told to muddle the people's mind, to say that a non-aggression pact between Germany and the Soviet Union is any barrier to a peace front, against aggressors, by Britain, France, and the Soviet Union. For a peace front is not to attack Germany, but to defend its signers against aggression from Germany or any other source."—People's World.

Even with our muddy mind and all, it is still moderately amusing to watch the tortuous casuistry and the not-to-well-concealed side-winding to which the radical press has had to resort in the last few days since the Olympians of the Kremlin decided to play ball with the Ogre of the Feldherrnhalle. The above excerpt from a communist paper is a fairly good example of the crawfishing which has suddenly become necessary, and is, incidentally, a worthy illustration of the contempt in which the communists hold such stuffy, bourgeois fallacies as common honesty and open-mindedness.

The radical interpretation of the most recent international events is that for years the French and British have been trying to buy Hitler off by having him war with Russia for the Ukraine. The latest move, by this hypothesis, is that Hitler and Stalin have at last recognized the duplicity of this policy, and have come together in love and amity to thwart it. Now, the American radicals state, the Daladier and Chamberlain cabinets, seeing that their game is lost, are forced to conclude their peace front with Soviet Russia without more loss of time. "For a peace front is not to attack Germany, but to defend its signers against aggression from Germany."

Such an interpretation would be all very well were it not for a number of rather important fallacies. In the first place, the assertion that the new pact does not stand in the way of a British-French-Russian peace front is about as stupid as to say that Hitler will take up professional football when he gets through the present crisis—if he does. Article four of the pact definitely forbids either power "associating with any other grouping of powers which directly or indirectly is aimed at the other party." Hence the request for the room-rent check at the Hotel Metropole by the French-British mission, whose efforts are now totally useless. Again, supposing a peace-front, through the duplicity of Stalin, to be signed: even then it would not protect the signers, as the quotation states, but it would protect neutral states, like Poland, who are the victims of aggression on the part of the fascists. Russia would then fight Germany, and thus break another obligation.

By tomorrow some of the factors in the situation may have changed, and certain points in this analysis be altered. But for the present, by knowledge now available, any attempt to whitewash the Russian action as being on the side of the democratic powers is an effort to call the wolf a lamb of incredible stupidity.

## The Cloisters of St. Benedict

There is hope, it seems to us, in an announcement which appeared in yesterday's paper. Today one reads the news of European strife, which makes one think of all the fears of men, their passions, their hates, their disillusionment and their death, through all the ages. That London and Paris are blacked out—and this time in honest fear that at last the bubble may burst, and hostile bombing planes actually appear off the Thames estuary, and over the hills of Montmartre—is a fact which is felt in Salem with as much concern as in any other city of the United States, and indeed the world, since each nation, each state, each town knows that in some way its future will be vitally affected by the outcome of the next few days. Life goes on here and elsewhere today much as it did yesterday; but in peoples' minds is the certain knowledge that the immediate future is less certain than it has been for many, many years.

Yet in the face of this, and almost certainly with no immediate consideration of the enemies of Europe, news came yesterday that the Benedictine brotherhood of Mt. Angel has gravely established a new abbey to join with the hundreds and hundreds of other Benedictine abbeys which for ages long have been a sanctuary against the rages and torments of the world.

It is now much more than a thousand years since St. Benedict, in the quiet vineyards of Monte Casino in Italy, enunciated the triple vow of poverty, chastity, and obedience, and then set forth the equally important "rule," whereby holy men would occupy their hands with necessary works at the same time that they sought inner peace. All through these thousand and more years the monasteries of St. Benedict have continued to flourish, providing a stout bulwark against the turmoils outside, and offering within a retreat in which the light of learning and culture could be kept alive when all the rest of mankind were devoted to warring and strife.

It is thus reassuring that at a time when the age-long hatreds of men are being revived, that their age-long tribute to things of a higher order can also be paid, and in coin which is equally as genuine as, and infinitely more precious than, that which is the tender of secular governments and rulers.

## Bits for Breakfast

By R. J. HENDRICKS

Brush College gets its name from having been built in the brush; it has a long, interesting history: (Continuing from yesterday.) The incorporators of the Brush College Community Club were Al H. Steiner, U. L. Lehman, F. C. Ewing, John Schlader and Emma McCarter, duly elected by the organization and acting in accordance with the instructions of its members.

The purposes of the corporation: "To contribute to the development of the physical, mental, moral and spiritual life of the community embraced in and surrounding Brush College, school district number 31.

"To promote and give expression to all forces and agencies working for the welfare of democracy and good citizenship.

"To cooperate with all other organizations and forces which are working for the economic, social, intellectual and spiritual well being of the state of Oregon, and of the United States of America.

"That the above general purposes may be accomplished, this club may own, hold, enjoy, possess, lease, buy, sell and otherwise dispose of such property, real and personal, as may be necessary or convenient in carrying out the aforesaid objects; for which purposes said society shall have authority to borrow and loan money when necessary, taking and giving all necessary notes and mortgages to secure the payment of the same, EXCEPT that that piece of property deeded to the club by Cornelia B. Harritt shall forever remain the unincumbered property of the Brush College Community Club....

The office of the Brush College Community Club shall be in the Brush College school, until such time as the club shall have erected a building for the housing of its various activities," etc.

The park of the Community Club is much used. In the summer season seldom a week passes without at least one entertainment or picnic there. The big event of the year for the Brush College section is the annual picnic, held the first Saturday in June.

"This is the home coming and is the real event of the year," wrote in his university thesis on model country life a former student of his early boyhood days of Brush College, H. C. Seymour.

He went on to say: "Invitations are sent to all former residents of the community, and all, who can, return.

"In the morning all visit; a wonderful dinner at the noon hour, after dinner a program; all from the community or who have lived there or have taken part in the community activities may be adopted, as they call them; the county agents, some county officers, state librarians; a memorial service for those who have died during the year.

"This is followed by games and more visiting.

Some of them is one of a large number of men and women who lived and labored in the Brush College district, and in after years made good in the big world.

Joe Bell taught at Brush College. He later studied and graduated in medicine and is now a prominent physician in St. Louis. Dr. Bell is a nephew of Mrs. Sarah E. Carrier, Salem, a member of the Willamette university board of trustees.

Grace Hendrickson, popular teacher of the primary grades at Brush College, became an efficient primary grade supervisor in the Salem public schools. Minnie Fulkerson, teacher at Brush College, became superintendent of schools for Marion county, over a long period. Margaret Garrison, who taught at Brush College, and was a fine leader, afterward took national honors in oratory. The list might be much extended.

Brush College school has an unusually fine library, for a "country" district, built up largely by private contributions, including profits on entertainments in the winter months.

During the vacation season, this year, a fine play shed was added to the facilities of Brush College as a recreational as well as educational center. The materials that went into the shed were furnished at a cost of about \$300, and the work was WPA labor. Brush College, with its two teachers, takes pupils through the eighth grade. They have their high school grade work in the Salem public schools, with a free bus service.

With the Brush College district becoming practically a suburb, and a most attractive one, of Salem, two teachers will not very long suffice. Nor will four, with

## Lose in Double Slaying



Kelly Minnick, Jr., 10 (center), comforted his sisters, Elizabeth (left) and Margaret, 6, after their mother, Mrs. Mary Minnick, 37, was found shot to death at their farm home near West Chester, Pa. Police said the father, Kelly Minnick, 38, told them he killed his wife because "she ran around and didn't take care of the children" and then clubbed her brother, Ervin Woodfrey, 39, to death when he went to her aid.

## Radio Programs

- KELM—FRIDAY—1300 Kc.**
- 6:30—Milkman's Serenade.
  - 7:30—News.
  - 8:00—Morning Meditations.
  - 8:15—Eaves of Heat.
  - 8:45—News.
  - 9:00—Pastor's Call.
  - 9:15—Jan Anderson.
  - 9:30—Surprise Your Husband.
  - 9:35—Varieties.
  - 9:45—Bob Mitchell, Organ.
  - 10:00—Freddy Nagel Orchestra.
  - 10:15—News.
  - 10:30—Morning Magnificat.
  - 10:45—Pete and Music.
  - 11:00—Statesman of the Air, Miss Max.
  - 11:15—John Agnew, Organist.
  - 11:30—Piano Quiz.
  - 11:45—Women in the News.
  - 11:58—Valse Parade.
  - 12:15—News.
  - 12:30—Hilbilly Serenade.
  - 12:35—"You're on the Air."
  - 12:45—Musical Salute.
  - 1:00—George Country Club.
  - 1:15—Interesting Facts.
  - 1:30—Let's Talk, Organist.
  - 1:45—Vi Bradley and Maestro.
  - 2:00—Our Navy.
  - 2:15—Johnson Family.
  - 2:30—News.
  - 2:45—Manhattan Mother.
  - 3:00—Feminine Fiction.
  - 3:15—Streamline Swing.
  - 3:30—Fulton Lewis, Jr.
  - 3:45—Welcome Neighbor.
  - 4:00—WOR Symphony.
  - 4:15—Johnny Davis Orchestra.
  - 4:30—Joe Reichman Orchestra.
  - 4:45—Dinner Hour Melodies.
  - 4:55—Tonight's Headlines.
  - 5:10—Chaffin Park.
  - 5:15—Women Behind the News.
  - 5:30—Lone Ranger.
  - 5:45—News.
  - 6:00—Eileen Brecken Orchestra.
  - 6:15—Freddy Nagel Orchestra.
  - 6:30—Hilbilly Serenade.
  - 6:45—Hilbilly Serenade.
  - 6:55—Tomorrow's News Tonight.
  - 7:00—George Country Club.
  - 7:15—Garwood Van's Orchestra.
  - 7:30—Midnight Swingers.

- KEX—FRIDAY—1180 Kc.**
- 6:30—Musical Clock.
  - 7:00—Family After Hours.
  - 7:30—Financial Service.
  - 7:45—Melody in 5 Times.
  - 8:00—Market Quotations.
  - 8:15—Lost and Found Items.
  - 8:30—Dr. Brock.
  - 8:45—Sports and Home.
  - 9:00—Patty Jean.
  - 9:15—The Market Basket.
  - 9:30—News.
  - 9:45—Ailer Joy.
  - 10:00—Current Events.
  - 10:15—Navy Band.
  - 10:30—Between the Bookends.
  - 10:45—Organ Concert.
  - 11:00—News.
  - 11:15—Dwight's Acquaintance.
  - 11:30—Organ Solo.
  - 11:45—Orchestra.
  - 12:00—Financial and Grain Report.
  - 12:15—Musical Interlude.
  - 12:30—News.
  - 12:45—Studio Party.
  - 1:00—News.
  - 1:15—ABC of NBC.
  - 1:30—The Moving World.
  - 1:45—The Cowley Family.
  - 2:00—Don't Forget.
  - 2:15—Parlor Family.
  - 2:30—Johnny Frenchie.
  - 2:45—Little Wagon.
  - 3:00—News and Reviews.
  - 3:15—Johnny Street.
  - 3:30—Fishing Bulletin.
  - 3:45—Five Star Fun.
  - 4:00—Newsy News.
  - 4:15—Orchestra.
  - 4:30—Orchestra.

**KGW—FRIDAY—620 Kc.**

- 6:30—Milkman's Serenade.
- 7:00—News.
- 7:15—Trail Blazers.
- 7:30—Hilbilly Serenade.
- 7:45—News.
- 8:00—Orchestra.
- 8:15—The O'Keefe.
- 8:30—Stars of Today.
- 8:58.40—Arlington Time Signal.

**KOAG—FRIDAY—960 Kc.**

- 9:00—Today's Programs.
- 9:15—The Homeowners' Hour.
- 9:30—Weather Forecast.
- 9:45—Another View of the News.
- 10:00—Variety.
- 10:15—Music of the Masters.
- 10:30—News.
- 10:45—From Home.
- 11:00—American Legion.
- 11:15—News.
- 11:30—The Business Hour.
- 11:45—Music of the Masters.

**KOIN—FRIDAY—640 Kc.**

- 6:15—Market Reports.
- 6:30—KOIN Clock.
- 6:45—News.
- 7:00—When a Girl Marries.
- 7:15—Military Band.
- 7:30—Romance of Helen Trust.
- 7:45—Our Gal Sunday.
- 8:00—Goldberg.
- 8:15—Life is So Beautiful.
- 8:30—Consumer News.
- 8:45—You're Sincerely.
- 9:00—Ant Jany.
- 9:15—Practical Market Basket.
- 9:30—Orchestra.
- 9:45—This and That.
- 10:00—News.
- 10:15—Kitty Kelly.
- 10:30—Myrs and Merg.
- 10:45—Hilbilly House.

**KOZL—FRIDAY—600 Kc.**

- 6:15—Market Reports.
- 6:30—KOZL Clock.
- 6:45—News.
- 7:00—When a Girl Marries.
- 7:15—Military Band.
- 7:30—Romance of Helen Trust.
- 7:45—Our Gal Sunday.
- 8:00—Goldberg.
- 8:15—Life is So Beautiful.
- 8:30—Consumer News.
- 8:45—You're Sincerely.
- 9:00—Ant Jany.
- 9:15—Practical Market Basket.
- 9:30—Orchestra.
- 9:45—This and That.
- 10:00—News.
- 10:15—Kitty Kelly.
- 10:30—Myrs and Merg.
- 10:45—Hilbilly House.

## On the Record

By DOROTHY THOMPSON

**Step by Step to Here**  
My first thought was when I picked up the papers Monday morning and read of the trade treaty concluded between Moscow and Berlin: "The great war of nerves is over and Germany has won it."

If the news came as a shock to Whitehall, it was "stunned," as the papers tell us, there is no measure of the stupidity of Whitehall.

Germany knows perfectly well of the deeply anti-Russian feelings of precisely those circles in England who have the closest connections with the prime minister. Germany also knows how deeply the real friends with the western capitalist states. Therefore, as long ago as last May, and possibly earlier, Herr von Ribbentrop suggested that frank and realistic proposals be made to Moscow.

Here, of course, declined to be openly identified with this idea, to which the next extremists, including Herr Himmler, the head of the secret police, were wedded, but he told them to proceed, and if their achievements were successful they would be indorsed by him.

Herr von Ribbentrop took the attitude at the outset that the German and Soviet regimes could not, of course, be real friends. But, they argued, neither could the Soviet and British regimes, particularly with the British government, headed by Mr. Chamberlain. They suggested to the Soviets a three-point program: a trade agreement; a mutual non-aggression pact—that the two nations under no circumstances would go to war against each other; and an agreement regarding the Baltic states. I am quite sure that all three points have been achieved, or will be, by Mr. Ribbentrop in Moscow. Whether the last point will take the form of an eastern Locarno, by which both nations guarantee the Baltic states, or whether it will take the form of an agreement about spheres of influence in the Baltic states—by which Russia is given Estonia and possibly Latvia—is a nice question.

Meanwhile, while the radical group in Germany was making this "realistic" approach to the Soviet union, deepening in the Soviets the fear of Mr. Chamberlain, the "conservative" group in Germany was making a similarly realistic approach to Great Britain. They were telling the British that the radical element among the German Nazis was becoming extremely strong; that the financial situation of Germany was such that unless it were helped Germany would blow up in chaos and Bolshevism, and they were proposing a great general appeasement.

This appeasement was to take the form of a "new and better Versailles."

England was to give Germany a big loan; there was to be a "gradual unscrambling of armaments;" both countries were to

enter together into a trade bloc along the lines proposed at the meeting at Dusseldorf between British and German industrialists just before the Czech affair, whereby Germany and Britain were to collaborate in an enormous export drive at the expense of other exporting nations; and there were to be agreements on a colonial policy for the mutual development of sparsely populated sections of the globe.

American financiers participated in these discussions. Their business was to get the American government to join in the plan.

Some inkling of it got out when the British gave away Herr Wohlfart and Mr. Hudson became known. Some inkling of it was implicit in any number of things that have happened.

For instance, one may well ask why the British were so anxious to hand over Czechoslovakia to Germany, or why they brought pressure on the French to return the Spanish gold to Franco—when there was a distinct probability that Franco might use it to pay his debts to the Italians and the Germans; or why the British have been sending enormous shipments of basic war materials for armament purposes—rubber, tin, copper—to the depletion of their own supplies, to Germany in the last days. (This fact has at last been reported by both "The New York Times" and the New York Herald Tribune in this country.)

The British anxiety for a general deal has been due in part to their own financial situation. Starting with national debt, and having to increase it drastically, with a large purchasing power among the masses, due to social services and wage agreements, and with the resources of the nation being suddenly and drastically cannibalized into capital goods, the British government has been in terrible fear of an inflation, without being in possession of the means to at least keep it hidden which a totalitarian state has.

So while having given unconditional military guarantees to Poland, and Rumania, and Greece, and Turkey, British leaders have been negotiating with Germany for a vast economic deal implicating everybody.

They have thought that their own armament and the menace of war would make it possible for them to make a deal by compromise in which Britain and France, her satellite, would have something to say about the terms.

Well, the result is the place where the world really stands. Either a titanic deal is on to which even Russia may be a party or Britain is in the most appalling dilemma imaginable. She has guaranteed to go to war if Poland decides to fight. Poland must either fight or perish, unless some great deal is in the offing.

The critical point is still Danzig. If the Germans take Danzig and fortify it, it will mean that not a single Polish soldier can stay in Pomorze, the so-called Corridor. The new German artillery can cover the entire Corridor from both sides. Poland will lose her outlet to the Baltic and the Gdynia-Silesia railroad, and that will mean that her

economic lifeblood will be drained and her vital industries south and east of Warsaw will be starved. Even if Russia supplied her with everything she could last only a few weeks, and without Russia will probably be only a matter of days.

The British treasury has been dragging out the matter of a loan to Poland whereby she could buy armaments.

Instead of giving her the money to buy arms wherever she could, the British treasury has demanded that they should be bought in England and has not been able to supply them.

The Polish standing army of 300,000 men is well equipped, but there are not anything like enough rifles even for an army of a million, which would be necessary in case of war. The Polish cavalry is inadequately equipped. The Polish high command had been expecting that the British would immediately

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## Call Board

**GRAND**  
Today — Double bill, Jones family in "Quick Millions" and "Rochelle"; Hudson, Freda's Incourt in "A Woman in the Judge"; Saturday—Jane Withers and Leo Carrillo in "The Chicken Wagon Family."

**STATE**  
Today — Double bill, "Sergeant Madden" with Wallace Beery and "Kid From Texas" with Dennis O'Keefe and Florence Rice and Wait Disney's "Mother Goose Goes Hollywood."

**EISINORE**  
Today — "The Wizard of Oz" with Judy Garland, Frank Morgan and Ray Bolger and March of Time. Mickey Mouse matinee Saturday. Double bill, stage show and chapter 10 of "The Oregon Trail."

**CAPITOL**  
Today — Double bill, "Indianapolis Speedway" with Pat O'Brien and Ann Sheridan and "Elephant Boy" with Sabu and an all star cast.

**HOLLYWOOD**  
Today — Double bill, Roy Rogers in "Rough Riders Roundup" with Mary Hart and Robert Montgomery and Rosalind Russell in "Fast and Loose."

Air Conditioned — Cool  
**CAPITOL**  
Tonight & Saturday — 2 Hits  
SEE THE SPORT OF DEATH!  
**INDIANAPOLIS SPEEDWAY**  
JOHN SHEDDEN—PAT O'BRIEN—JOHN PAYNE  
PLUS 2ND HIT  
RUDYARD KIPLING'S "ELEPHANT BOY"

**SALEM'S LEADING THEATRE**  
**IS MORE!**  
STARTS TODAY  
**A SHOW-WORLD WONDER!**  
Thousands of living actors...  
**MAGIC ADVENTURES!**  
The Cyclops that walks a tight rope...  
**MILITARY SONGS!**  
By Harold Arlen and Jay "Turkey" Jordan...  
**WIZARD OF OZ**  
with JUDY GARLAND OF "OZ"  
FRANK MORGAN  
RAY BOLGER  
BERT LAR  
JACK HALEY  
Special Attractions  
"MARCH OF TIME"  
Walt Disney Cartoons

**HOLLYWOOD 15**  
Today & Saturday Features  
**BOY ROGERS MARY KART ROUGH RIDERS!**  
Also News, Colored Cartoons and Chap. 8 of "Red Barry"  
**COMING SUNDAY**  
Continuous Performance  
Sunday — 1 to 11 P. M.  
**BOB BURNS**  
"IN FROM HONOLULU"

**STATE**  
WALK THE LINE  
**THE KID TEXAS**  
Starts TOMORROW  
Last Day  
The Jones Family in "Quick Millions" and "A Woman Is the Judge"  
**GRAND**