

### Minister Gives Views on War

#### Rev. Drill Says Church Should Never Okch Part in War

(Editor's Note: Here is the viewpoint of more Salem ministers on the question, "Under what circumstances, if any, should the United States sanction participation of this country in a general European war?")

By GUY L. DRILL, MINISTER  
First Christian Church  
From the Christian point of view, it appears to me, there can be but one answer to the question, "Under what circumstances, if any, should the churches of the United States sanction participation of this country in a general European war?" and that is: Under no circumstance whatever can a Christian church sanction war, whether it be a general war in Europe or any other place. There are a great many justifications for this answer, a few of which are:

There is not one sentence in the teachings of Christ which can legitimately be construed as sanction war as a means of correcting conditions which exist between nations and peoples.

War is now and has always been the heathen way of attempting to settle differences between peoples, and therefore a method which can not be sanctioned by Christians.

Experience proves that when the church has sanctioned war it has suffered more than it has helped. It has lost moral influence and decreased in spiritual power. The church has not recovered from its part in the world war.

Gospel Is Savior  
The gospel, not war is the church's one means for solving world and individual problems. Christ commissioned the church to preach the gospel and make disciples among the nations, but he never commissioned the church to attempt to settle international disputes.

To sanction war means to sanction murder which is anti-Christian. It means to sanction one Christian killing another, for nations compel Christians to bear arms.

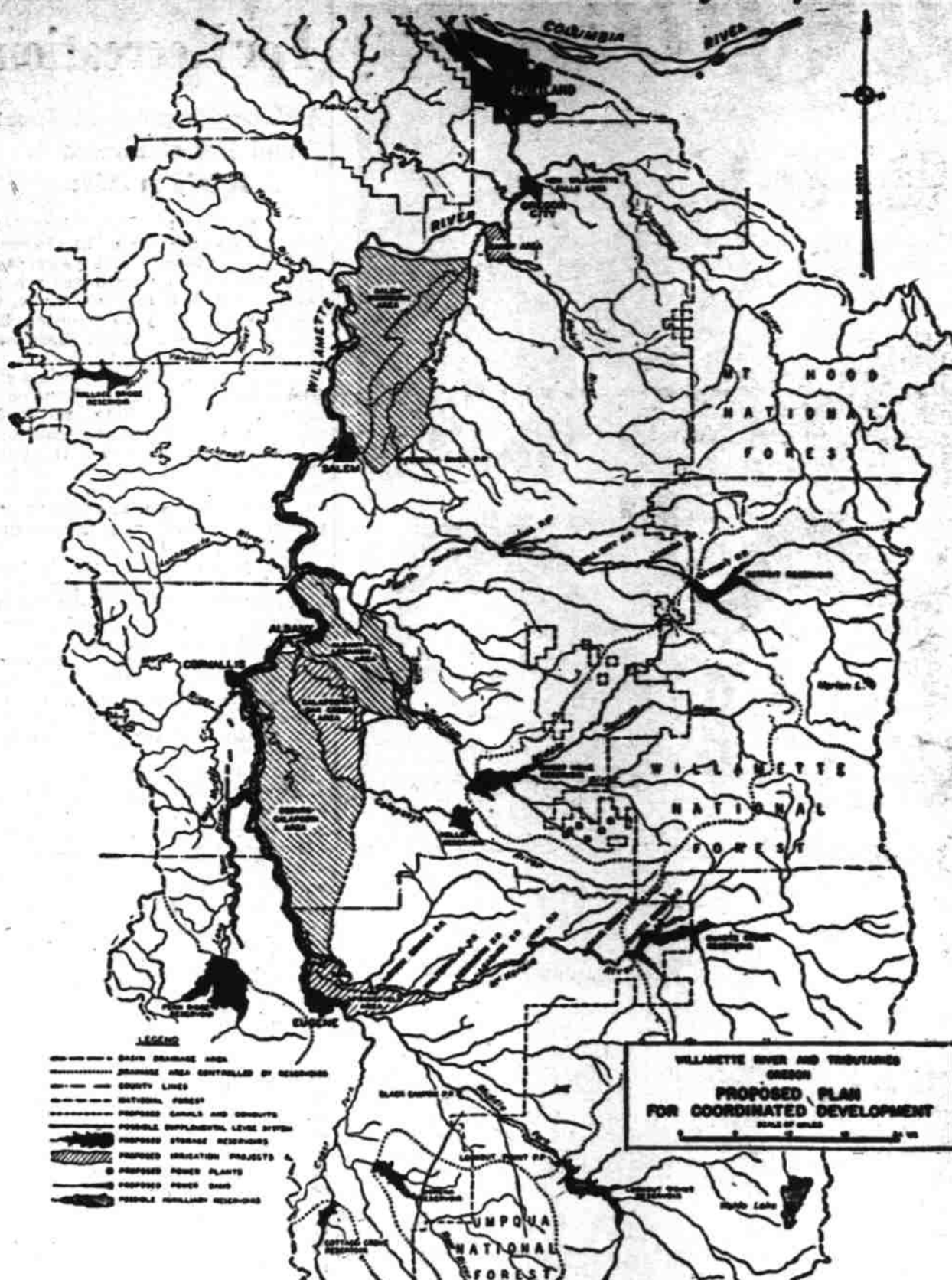
For the church to sanction war makes her sanction Christians killing non-Christian people which is opposite to the church's mission. There is not one case on record where the church sanction war that it helped to cure the causes of war.

It is the refusal of the church to sanction war right now that is keeping it world out of war more than any other force.

If it is impossible to put Jesus Christ in a soldier's uniform and have him remain the world's Savior. He said, "If any man would be my disciple let him take up his cross and follow me."

If every church member in the world would refuse to sanction war in any form, the wars now raging would cease at once, and there never would be another war on the face of the earth, because the church holds the balance of power. "Righteousness exalts a nation but sin is a reproach to any people." War is sin.

### Area Included in Willamette Valley Project



This map shows the extent of the area to be included in the Willamette basin project development plan, for which the army engineers have allocated an initial \$6,000,000 for the fiscal year 1939-40 following senate approval June 1 of the \$200,192,000 national flood control bill. The house previously passed the measure but will have to act on senate amendments before it goes to the president for final approval. The projects are shown above as contained in the US army engineers' report for this program.

### Floods Cause Great Losses

#### Flood Control Principle Object of Willamette Basin Project

(Editor's Note: This is the fifth of a series of articles on the history and significance of the Willamette river flood control project.)

Millions of dollars in losses have resulted to the Willamette valley in years past due to floods, with some statisticians placing the figure as high as half a billion dollars. Most devastating of these floods have been those of 1861, 1890, 1899 and 1927.

Small wonder that flood control is the main objective of the \$22,000,000 project now materializing for the valley, though as has been pointed out, supplementary benefits will be in irrigation, navigation, drainage, power control of stream pollution.

Benefits from flood control alone are estimated at \$1,526,000 annually, and from irrigation at \$519,000 annually.

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1. Detroit reservoir on North Santiam river, 240,000 acre feet; first cost estimated at \$6,650,000.

2. Sweet Home reservoir, on South Santiam river, 210,000 acre feet; first cost, \$7,165,000.

3. Cottage Grove reservoir on Coast fork in Lane county, 30,000 acre feet; first cost, \$1,374,000.

4. Lookout Point dam on Middle river in Lane county, 240,000 acre feet; cost, \$16,978,000.

5. Dorena reservoir on Row river, 70,000 acre feet; cost, \$2,200,000.

6. Quartz creek reservoir on McKenzie river in Lane county, 240,000 acre feet; cost, \$13,685,000.

7. Fern Ridge reservoir on Long Tom river in Lane county, 95,000 acre feet; cost, \$2,460,000.

The total cost as per figures above will run \$52,000,000 or an average of \$33.90 per acre foot, with the highest acre foot cost \$45.90 on the Cottage Grove dam and the lowest \$23.10 on the Sweet Home one.

In the present session of congress, the first appropriation, between \$5,600,000 and \$6,000,000, for the Willamette valley project is virtually assured as both houses in the past month have acted favorably on measures carrying that sum. Final okch now awaits house action on a senate amendment, and this is expected to be ratified, making available, as has already been indicated, nearly \$6,000,000 for expenditure in the fiscal year beginning July 1. Efforts will be made to get that further funds are appropriated in the 1940 congress, and so on until the entire expenditure approved under the authorizing flood control omnibus bill is granted.

The \$2 million dollar expenditure bill includes not only the seven reservoirs, but almost \$1,100,000 for channel improvement to the main stream of the Willamette; \$2,500,000 for a new single lock at Oregon City; \$1,000,000 for increasing the size of present fish hatcheries and new ones.

Under the development plan, the 950 miles of river that is left only 50 being lost by the reservoirs will contain more fish than there are today, R. H. Kipp, executive secretary of the Willamette river basin project commission points out. In other words, the project will inconvenience only those fishermen whose favorite hole is inside the reservoir space. They, of course, will have to find a new spot for fishing.

### Scenic Lodge Is Planned for Anthony Lake



Above, preliminary sketch of the 120-guest lodge which is planned on the shore of Anthony lake. Map below shows location of the winter-summer play area.



### There's No Off-Season for Anthony Lakes Region; Recreation Region's Attraction Extends Through Year

This newspaper is cooperating with the Oregon State Motor association and The Oregonian to sponsor a series of motor cruises designed to stimulate travel throughout the Pacific northwest.

Anthony lakes recreation area in the Blue mountains, 35 miles from Baker, was winding up the skiing season and getting ready for summer vacationists recently when an Oregonian-Oregon State Motor association motorlog party, on a tour of eastern Oregon, visited the district with F. G. Whitney, assistant supervisor of the Whitman national forest.

Plans have been made to develop the area by erection of a 120-guest lodge on the shore of Anthony lake, the largest of seven lakes within a radius of two miles. Approval has been given by the chief of the forest service on condition that local sponsors raise \$30,000. The WPA, it is expected, will furnish the rest of the money and build the lodge.

The lake district is an ideal location for a recreational development, the motorloggers found. In winter it provides skiing, skating and hunting; in summer, fishing, boating, hiking and horseback riding. The lakes lie at an altitude of 7000 to 8000 feet, and Gunsight peak—so named because of a notch in its top—rises 8600 feet behind Anthony lake where the lodge would be built. Snow stays on it and other peaks until well into the summer and the majestic Wallows may be seen in the distance from higher altitudes in the area easily reached by trails.

### 370 new Laws Effective Soon

#### New Parole Setup, State Realty Department to Commence June 14

Approximately 370 laws enacted at the 1939 legislature will become operative next Wednesday, June 14. A total of 188 laws contained the emergency clause and become effective immediately upon being signed by Governor Charles A. Sprague.

Included among the outstanding laws to become operative next week are those providing for a new parole setup in Oregon and creating a new state real estate department. Both the new parole board and the new real estate department will have headquarters in the state capitol building.

Another important law provides for the organization of peoples utility districts. This amends the current act, and sets up the required organization machinery. The peoples utility district law was one of the most controversial issues of the 1939 legislative session and resulted in heated debates on the floor of both houses.

Regulation of the manufacture and sale of bakery products under price discrimination. Providing for registration of container brands with the state department of agriculture. Designed for the protection of owners of boxes and crates used in the shipping of fruit.

crime detection laboratory in Portland, to be administered by the state police department. Both the prosecuting officers and attorneys for persons charged with crime will have access to this bureau. The crime detection laboratory received the approval of the state police and virtually all other law enforcement organizations in the state.

The state planning board, created several years ago, was repealed and will go out of existence June 14. In lieu of this board the legislature appropriated an additional \$10,000 to Governor Sprague, to be used in attracting industries and payrolls.

Among other laws of the 1939 legislature which become effective next Wednesday are the following: Establishing fire protection districts.

Amending the 1937 act relating to price discrimination. Providing for registration of container brands with the state department of agriculture. Designed for the protection of owners of boxes and crates used in the shipping of fruit. Another new law creates a

nal equipment on motorcycles, bicycles and other vehicles. Codifying the laws relating to partnerships.

Providing for filing, sale and distribution of administrative orders by the secretary of state. Tightening up the present laws relating to the filing of statements of campaign expenses with the state department.

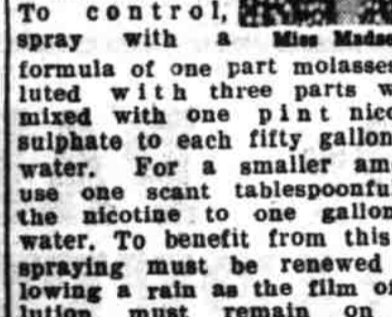
Further regulating the sale of securities under the Blue Sky law. Amendments revising both the income tax law and the excise tax law.

Providing that war veterans shall be given employment preference on certain projects. The new law regulating the sale of securities in Oregon was approved by the state corporation department and is in line with acts already in operation in a large number of other states. The 1939 parole board law provides that the new state parole board shall fix minimum sentences. Maximum sentences will be fixed by the courts. Dave O'Hara, in charge of the state election division, said the last legislature added 555 chapters to the Oregon laws.

### How Does Your Garden Grow?

By LILLIE L. MADSEN

Mostly replies to questions: Oyster shell scale attaches itself to the small twigs of Box. The Box should be examined in June when the new wood is not active at this time the pest starts to move around to locate places. During this active period they are readily controlled by a contact poison spray. Doxwood miner is also injurious. To control, spray with a Miss Madson formula of one part molasses diluted with three parts water mixed with one pint nicotine sulphate to each fifty gallons of water. For a smaller amount use one scant tablespoonful of the nicotine to one gallon of water. To benefit from this the spraying must be renewed following a rate as the film of solution must remain on the leaves for two or three weeks.



As a rule mice do not do a great deal of damage to trees at this time of the year. They do most of their chewing during the winter months. However, they can be controlled by using rodenticide on bread or cheese or a freshly cut apple. Experts say that this should be placed in the runs in the mornings as the mice do most of their gadding between 11 a. m. and 4 p. m.

In reply to Mrs. F.A.L.'s request for information on day lilies:

Growing Day Lilies  
The Missouri botanical garden has made a special study of these and gives this information:

Each variety of day lily has a blooming period of two or more weeks. The length of time it remains in bloom depends upon the location, the variety, and the weather. Day lilies will flourish in an open, sunny flower border. They will live reasonably well in a dry situation but much better in damp soil or even along the bank of a stream or pool. They will bloom in partial shade but never as well as in full sun; while if planted in heavy shade they will live but they refuse to bloom. Day lilies may be lifted from early spring until September, but in the spring, just as the plants are starting to grow, is the preferred time. Wash the soil from the roots with the hose and then divide the clumps, an asparagus knife being an excellent tool for such a purpose. Several eyes or shoots should be left with each division of the roots. The dwarf varieties should be spaced about 2 feet apart and the plants watered. Day lilies may also be replanted after the blooming period, and since the weather is then quite warm the leaves should be cut back half way. Those that have been transplanted in August and September will become established before winter sets in.

There are no insect pests or diseases that attack day lilies. Some varieties bloom a second time but never as freely as in their normal blooming period. Fuschias are not difficult to care for. To keep them blooming now keep the soil constantly

should be taken in using poison baits to keep them away from children or pets.

H.T., Woodburn—Have you noticed if spittle bugs bother your hydrangea? From your description of the action of the plant, I would almost believe this pest the cause of your trouble, but the spittle bug is so easily discovered. Dust the plant with rotenone, being sure to get the dust onto the froth manufactured by the bug. Hydrangeas need a great deal of water during the spring and summer if they are to succeed.

All tall plants in the perennial border should be staked now. It is well to recall that there is an art in staking—stake so that plants are supported without the stake being the main show. Stakes painted green and tied with neutral cords, or bamboo stakes are not very disagreeable.

Start pinching back your hardy chrysanthemums which show a tendency to grow rankly. Feed them every two weeks, giving them a well-baked fertilizer. Cutworms, earwigs and spittlebugs are all hard working pests when it comes to chrysanthemum beds. If you will have nice flowers this autumn or late summer, watch your plants closely and fight all pests from the start.

Very likely rust has set in on your perennial phlox, R.D.F. Dust with sulphur or spray with Bordeaux. Your anemones are likely affected in the same manner. Try purchasing rust-proof snapdragons. I know that even some of these do show the disease, but your percentage of good plants is much higher with the rust-proof varieties.


Vaughn Whitaker Hurt  
AIRLIE—Vaughn Whitaker, hauling logs for Loren Cooper's mill was hurt Tuesday when two logs from the load rolled onto him striking him across the back. X-ray showed no broken bones but the extent of injuries has not been determined. He is in the Bartell hospital in Dal-

la.

### Post Graduate AND Constant Study

After going through College, Medical School and Internship, many young Doctors further prepare themselves by going into famous Hospitals and Medical Schools of this country and Europe. This Post Graduate work is done under famous Physicians, who have intensified their specialization, until they are the "last word" on some special operation, technique or treatment.

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