

The Oregon Statesman
No Favor Sways Us; No Fear Shall Awe
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Sheldon F. Sackett - Editor and Manager, THE STATESMAN PUBLISHING CO.

The Reorganization Plan
In approaching a consideration of President Roosevelt's recent message to congress submitting first definite proposals for the reorganization of executive bureaus and departments, it is well to assume at the outset that some reorganization is desirable in the interests of economy, efficiency and logic.

The proposals submitted last week include, in brief:
1.—Executive office of the president: Transferring to this department, the budget bureau from the treasury department and the resources planning board which has been independent.
2.—Federal security agency: Grouping under this head the social security board, now independent; the employment service, now in the department of labor; the office of education, now in the department of the interior; the public health service, now in the treasury department; the national youth administration, now a division of the WPA, and the civilian conservation corps, now independent.

3.—Federal works agency: Grouping under this head the bureau of public roads, now in the department of agriculture; the public buildings branch of the procurement division, now in the treasury department; the branch of building management of the national park service, now in the interior department; the United States housing authority; the PWA and the WPA except for the national youth administration.
4.—Federal loan agency: Grouping the reconstruction finance corporation, the electric home and farm authority, the federal home loan bank board, the federal housing administration and the export-import bank.

These agencies under the present setup have an overhead cost of \$235,000,000 and the president estimated that the proposed reorganizations would effect a saving of more than \$15,000,000. The nation will watch—perhaps with some skepticism—for this saving to make its appearance. Little of it will be apparent immediately; it will require some adjusting and pruning after the consolidations, to bring about a substantial saving.

Scandinavian Formula for Peace
At the recent Pan-American meeting President Roosevelt took occasion to emphasize the Western Hemisphere's example of peaceful neighborliness among nations. It was a timely expression and fairly justified by fact—but it is not the only example that might be pointed out.

Throughout the recent series of crises, the Scandinavian countries have been almost forgotten. They have not been parties in any way, except that there has been some slight uneasiness with respect to North Schleswig, which was restored to Denmark after the World War, prior to which it was held by Germany for about a century.
The Scandinavian countries stayed out of the World War, even though it raged all about them. Their success in this matter was more notable, when one stops to think about it, than the American nations' success in living at peace; for Scandinavia is close to the European cauldron of hates and ambitions, and once participated in them.

Certainly the formula of the Scandinavian countries for remaining at peace is at odds with that of President Roosevelt, who proposes to keep out of European troubles by mixing in them. When he asked Germany and Italy to pledge themselves not to attack any European nation, Norway, Sweden and Denmark were on the list but they quietly left the impression that they did not wish even to be mentioned; and though England is reported to have extended guarantees to these countries similar to those offered to Rumania and Greece, the Scandinavian governments have even more clearly indicated that they are not parties to any agreements in the matter.

As long ago as 1855, when Finland was part of the Russian empire and Norway and Sweden, then one kingdom, feared Russian aggression, a treaty guaranteeing their security was entered into with England and France; but it constantly irked the Scandinavians; it was changed in 1907 to a mutual guaranty involving also Germany and Russia, and was considered to be cancelled by Norway's later membership in the League of Nations. Sweden and Denmark entered into a different treaty in 1908, and it was wiped out by the outbreak of the World War.

150 Years of Orderly Government
Without much fanfare, the United States marked on Sunday, April 30, the 150th anniversary of the first inauguration of George Washington as president. Last year there was extensive observance of the 150th anniversary of the adoption of the constitution; the more recent milestone is perhaps of greater significance, for it marked the completion of 150 years of continuous, orderly government in the United States.

Not for a moment in the intervening period has there been a break in the succession of duly elected executives, and though the nation was once rocked by civil war, aside from the seceding states in that brief episode, the government's authority has never been seriously questioned.
We are still accustomed to thinking of the United States as a young nation, whereas its government is now one of the oldest to survive in its present form. There is a way of looking at it as actually the oldest among civilized nations, for England had reverted to virtual absolutism in the reign of George III, resuming its peculiar type of constitutional government early in the 19th century.

A speaker at the educational conference at Monmouth last weekend pointed to the constant criticism of President Roosevelt in the newspapers, and said it wasn't any wonder that Hitler thought this nation about at the point of revolution. It is not by unanimity of opinion on major policies that this government has survived. Difference of opinion is half the essence of democracy. Majority rule is the other half. Survival of the United States for 150 years has necessitated the exercise of vast amounts of tolerance, the constant deference of minority to majority opinion and—regardless of the waves of criticism it has undergone—a constant, high degree of integrity in the government itself.

Fellow named Ferdinand feigns ferocious frowns; he's feminist fastening foibles of fabled fictions upon Ferdinands in general; ferreting out facts, finds Ferdinand means "bold peacemaker," favors formation of Ferdinand Federation for de-fense.
If President Roosevelt's proposal to the European nations accomplished nothing else, it kept them arguing, and as long as they keep arguing they won't start fighting. No one has enough breath to fight and argue at the same time.

Bits for Breakfast
By R. J. HENDRICKS

The great Anson 5-2-39
Burlingame's mother's body lies in a lonely grave on the Santiam river:

(Continuing from yesterday.) Copying further the sketch concerning Anson Burlingame in the National Cyclopaedia of Biography:

"Fearing violence to himself if he attempted to pass through what he termed 'the enemy's country,' Brooks failed to appear, but Mr. Burlingame received enthusiastic commendation for his conduct in the affair on his return to Boston at the end of his term, and was elected to the 35th and 36th congresses.

"Although a candidate for the 37th as well, he failed of reelection, but in 1861 was appointed by President Lincoln minister to Austria.

"As he had in his speeches before congress favored the independence of Hungary and the recognition of Sardinia as a first class power, he was unacceptable to the Austrian government and was sent to China instead.

"In 1856 he returned to the United States, intending to leave the diplomatic service, but was dissuaded by Mr. Seward, secretary of state, who was about to conclude some negotiations with the Celestial Empire.

"In 1857 he resigned his office and received the honor, never before conferred upon a foreigner, of an appointment by Prince Kung, as special envoy to the United States and the European powers having treaties with China.

"His thorough acquaintance with the international relations with that country and the confidence reposed in him by the recent bringing this to pass.

"The course of Mr. Burlingame in the prosecution of his novel mission placed him among the foremost diplomats of his time. He arrived in the United States in the spring of 1863, at the head of a retinue of Chinese officials, and a treaty which is known by his name was signed in Washington on July 28 and ratified by the Chinese government not long afterward.

"The treaty comprised eight articles supplementary to the treaty of 1858, and was notable because in it China for the first time recognized the principles of international law.

"In it (1) both countries agreed to respect the territorial integrity and sovereign rights of the other; (2) the United States recognizes China's right to regulate privileges of trade and travel; (3) China was given the right to have consuls in American ports; (4) religious liberty was guaranteed to the nationals of each residing in the territory of the other; (5) each country agreed to prohibit its own citizens or subjects (residing in either country) from taking the citizens or subjects of the other to either country, against the will of such citizens or subjects; (6) Americans traveling or residing in China were given the same privileges as the citizens or subjects of the most favored nation; (7) equal educational privileges were guaranteed; (8) and the United States while disavowing any wish to interfere in the domestic affairs of China agreed to name competent men to supervise engineering work in China if and when requested by China to do so.

"Mr. Burlingame left the United States for Europe in 1863, having contracted with China with the important mission of negotiating, on behalf of that country, treaties with a number of foreign powers.

"Such a confidence is the highest honor which any power can confer upon a foreign citizen, and exacts of the recipient a rare degree of honor, tact and discrimination.

"In this important capacity, he successfully negotiated, on behalf of China, treaties with England, Denmark, Sweden, Holland and Prussia.

"In 1870 he reached St. Petersburg, Russia, where, just as he entered upon the negotiation of a treaty with that country, he was taken ill with pneumonia and died.

"His remains were brought back to the United States, and after lying in state in Faneuil Hall, in Boston, Mass., were interred in Mt. Auburn on April 23.

"Mr. Burlingame married June 2, 1847, Jane, daughter of Isaac Livermore of Cambridge, Mass., and had three children: Edward Livermore, Walter Angell and Gertrude Burlingame Meredith. The date of his death is Feb. 23, 1870."

So ends the matter in the National Cyclopaedia of Biography on the life of Anson Burlingame.

In order to make the Burlingame clan record more complete, it is proposed to copy in this series what is found next in that voluminous work.

That matter concerns the life of the distinguished son of Anson Burlingame, beginning:
"Burlingame, Edward Livermore, editor, was born in Boston, Mass., May 30, 1848. Son of Anson and Jane Cornelia (Livermore) Burlingame. His first American ancestor was Roger Burlingame, who emigrated from England in 1854 and settled in Providence, R. I., the line of descent being traced through Roger



Radio Programs

- KALM—TUESDAY—1360 Kc.
6:30—Musical Clock.
7:30—News.
7:45—Requests.
8:00—Morning Meditations.
8:15—Haven of Rest.
8:45—Satan's Snares.
9:00—Pastor's Call.
9:15—Bargain a Minute.
9:25—Pity and Pity.
9:45—Friendly Circle.
10:15—News.
10:30—Scrambling Magazines.
10:45—Morning Varieties.
11:00—Instrumental Novelties.
11:30—Trilanguage U Chapel.
11:45—Value Parade.
12:15—News.
12:35—Bits of the Day.
12:45—Kiwanis Club.
1:15—Interesting Facts.
1:30—Songs of Time.
2:00—Brad Collins.
2:15—Arlington.
2:45—Hawaiian Paradise.
3:00—Feminine Fancies.
3:05—Fulton Lewis, Jr.
3:15—So This is Radio.
4:30—Morton Gould's Orchestra.
5:00—Tar Concert.
5:15—Old Heidelberg Concert.
5:30—Dinner Hour Melodies.
5:35—Singing Strings.
6:00—Headlines.
7:00—Swingtime.
7:15—Big Town violinist.
7:30—Green Hornet.
8:00—News.
8:15—You Believe It.
8:30—"Just Think"—Statesman of Air.
8:45—Masters of the Baton.
9:00—Baldy Rogers Orchestra.
9:15—Wrestling Match.
10:00—Phil Harris Orchestra.
10:30—Baldy Rogers Orchestra.
11:00—Jack McLean's Orchestra.
11:30—The Squires.
11:45—Just Before Midnight.

- KEX—TUESDAY—1160 Kc.
6:30—Family Hour.
7:00—Financial Service.
7:30—Market Reports.
8:00—Breakfast Club.
9:00—Dr. Brock.
9:30—Old Time Show.
9:45—Singer.
10:00—Adventure in Reading.
10:15—News.
10:45—Home Institute.
11:00—Science Everywhere.
11:30—Market Reports.
12:00—Club Matinee.
12:30—Market Reports.
12:45—Dept. Agriculture.
1:15—Hawaii Club.
1:40—Financial & Grain.
1:45—Vaughn DeLoach.
2:00—Home Quiz.
2:15—Singer.
2:30—News.
2:45—Market Score Extra.
2:55—Trio.
3:00—Orchestra.
3:15—Hawaii Club.
3:30—Oscar Shumsky.
3:45—Vivian Della Chiesa.
4:00—Melody Rendezvous.
4:30—Moods in Music.
5:00—Mary and Bob.
5:30—Dr. Rockwell.
6:00—If I Had the Chance.
6:30—Inside Story.
7:00—Magnolia Blossoms.
7:30—Orchestra.
8:00—News.
8:15—Orchestra.
8:30—Baseball.
10:15—Orchestra.
11:00—News.
11:15—Police Reports.
11:30—Organist.

- KOW—TUESDAY—820 Kc.
7:00—Viennese Ensemble.
7:15—Trail Blazers.
7:45—News.
8:05—Organist.
8:15—The O'Neill.
8:30—Songs of Today.
8:50—Time Signal.
9:00—Orchestra.
9:30—Dangerous Roads.
9:45—Dr. Kate.
10:00—Betty & Bob.
10:15—Christina's Daughter.
10:30—Yalson's Play.
10:45—Hymns of All Churches.
11:00—Holy Martin.
11:15—Ma Perkins.
11:30—Pepper Young's Family.
11:45—Guiding Light.

er's son Thomas and his wife, Martha Lippett; their son Moses and his wife Temperance; their son Elias and his wife Metabel Fisk; their son Daniel and his wife Betsy Holmes, and their son Joel and his wife Freelove Angell, who were the parents of the editor.
Edward L. Burlingame left Harvard college before the completion of his course, to become his father's private secretary, and, traveling with him in China and Japan, gained unusually accurate and comprehensive understanding of the racial life and characteristics of those countries. (Concluded tomorrow.)

HOLLYWOOD 15
NOW SHOWING
THE MISSING GUEST
with Paul Kelly and Constance Moore

Pythian Sisters Convention Held

AURORA—At the district convention of Pythian Sisters held in Aurora Wednesday there were 293 registered guests. There was an afternoon session starting at 1:30, closing for the banquet at 5 o'clock with an evening meeting following.
Notable guests included the grand keeper of records and seal, the superintendent of the Pythian home, the past grand chancellor, the state field worker, all accompanied by their ladies; the general chief, four general officers, the past general officers, one supreme chief and both supreme representatives.

Electro-Chemical Dam Plant Seen

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 1.—(P)—A cast electro-chemical industry in the Pacific northwest awaits the enterprise to develop it, with the assistance of Bonneville dam power, Ivan Bloch told the 75th meeting of the electro-chemical society here.

Bloch, chief of the market development section of the Bonneville project, said large deposits of low-grade ores suitable for production of ferro-alloys, tin, brass and other materials, valuable clays, phosphates and many other resources lie locked in northwest soil.

"Low cost Columbia river power, unexcelled deepwater navigation and a growing population are factors which make tapping of this mineral wealth possible," he declared.

Oregon Catholics' Centennial Nears

PORTLAND, Ore., May 1.—(P)—The centennial of the first mass celebrated in Oregon will be observed here May 9-11 with more than 40 prelates of the Roman Catholic church participating.

Leading the churchmen will be the Most Rev. Giovanni Cognigni, archbishop of Lodi, and apostolic delegate to the United States.

Among the most impressive ceremonies will be a procession of 250 prelates and priests to the cathedral for Pontifical high mass on May 9 and a banquet, "The Follia of Faith" at Vancouver, Wash., May 10.

Josephine County Stock Is Ordered Inoculated

GRANTS PASS, May 1.—(P)—Fearful of a sleeping sickness epidemic among horses and mules in Josephine county since the appearance of a few cases, authorities ordered inoculation of all stock in the Siskiyou national forest.

10 Years Ago

May 2, 1929
Claude McKinney, well known fruit buyer of Salem, has been engaged to contract for and purchase fruit in Salem district for Ray-Maling and Ray-Brown canneries.
Dr. P. E. Newmeyer has been selected as resident superintendent of the state tuberculosis hospital.

20 Years Ago

May 2, 1919
Louis H. Compton, general secretary of Salem YMCA, who recently returned from France, has been cited for gallantry in action by Marshal Petain.
Lyle Bartholmew, Harold Dinick and Odell Savage have leading roles in Willamette university junior class play, "The Arrival of Kitty."

Call Board

TAMMROFF
Today—Double bill, George Raft, Hugh Herbert, Ellen Drew in "The Lady From Kentucky" and "Wings of the Navy" with George Brent and Olivia DeHavilland.
Wednesday—Double bill, "King of the Chinatown" with Anna May Wong and Akim Tamiroff, and Eroll Flynn and Bette Davis in "Sisters."

HOLLYWOOD
Today—Ronald Coleman in "I Was King" with Frances Dee.
Wednesday—Double bill, "Tarnished Angel" with Sally Eilers and Lee Bowman; and Paul Kelly and Constance Moore in "The Missing Guest."
Friday—Double bill, Jack Holt in "Reformatory" and Hopalong Cassidy in "The Frontiersman" with William Boyd.

STATE
Today—Mickey Rooney and the Hardy family in "Out West With the Hardys" and Glenda "Torchy Blane" Farrell and Barton MacLane in "The Adventurous Blonde."
Thursday—Double bill, Martha Raye, Bob Burns, Dorothy Lamour and Ray Milland in "Tropic Holiday" and Tom Brown, Louis Hayward and Joan Fontaine in "The Duke of West Point."

GRAND
Today—Warner Baxter in "The Return of the Cisco Kid."
Wednesday—"Chasing Danger" with Preston Foster and Lynn Bari.
Saturday—Jackie Cooper in "Streets of New York."

ELSINORE
Today—Double bill, Claudette Colbert and Don Ameche in "Midnight" and "Kid From Texas" with Dennis O'Keefe and Florence Rice.
Wednesday—Double bill, Nelson Eddy and Virginia Bruce in "Let Freedom Ring" and "Code of the Streets" with Harry Carey.

Missing Alaska Flier Safe After Accident
ANCHORAGE, Alaska, May 1.—(P)—Bob Claypool, airplane pilot missing since last Sunday in the Rialpass district, arrived at Flat, Alaska.
Claypool flew his plane in after having damaged the landing gear in a forced landing in the pass.

\$300,000 Suit Settled
MIAMI, Fla., May 1.—(P)—An out-of-court settlement and dismissal of James Edgar's \$300,000 allegation of affections suit against Lewis E. Mallory 3rd, Bradford, Pa. oil heir, was announced by attorneys today.

Maroons Beat UO Fresh
MILWAUKIE, Ore., May 1.—(P)—Milwaukie high school eked out a 6-5 victory over the University of Oregon freshman baseball team in a game that went 11 innings.

ROBIN HOOD of the Rio Grand
WARNER BAXTER
THE CISCO KID
with Cesar BARI-ROMERO
GRAND

LAST TIMES in "Midnite" — Plus "Kid from Texas" with Dennis O'Keefe — Florence Rice
SALEM'S LEADING THEATRE

Starts Wed. 2 Hits
A NEW HIGH IN RECKLESS LOVE AND DARING ADVENTURE! ABLAZE WITH STARS!
HE... College bred and wing in books, but a cool, fearless, two-fisted fighting son of the West!
SHE... a tantalizing, fascinating feebred... daughter of the plains!
THEIR LOVE is written in thrilling and rousing drama as they defy the rubber drums of Wall Street!
Nelson Eddy
Let FREEDOM RING
Nelson Eddy
VIRGINIA BRUCE VICTOR M. LAGLEN
LIONEL BARRYMORE EDWARD ARNOLD
Plus 2nd Feature "Code of the Streets" with Frankie Thomas

George Raft - Ellen Drew - Hugh Herbert
in the "LADY FROM KENTUCKY" and
TONITE "WINGS OF THE NAVY" Plus Jay Clarke
APITOL
STARTS WEDNESDAY
RUTHLESS RULER OF A CITY OF SHADOWS
...he's top boss of all the racketeers. Alvin Karpis in another sensational role!
"KING OF CHINATOWN"
ANNA MAY WONG - AKIM TAMIROFF - I. CARROLL NAISB
PLUS 2ND GREAT FEATURE
GREAT ROMANCE! GREAT STARS
THE SISTERS