The Oregon Statesman

"No Favor Sways Us; No Fear Shall Awe" From First Statesman, March 28, 1851

CHARLES A. SPRAGUE - - Editor and Publisher

THE STATESMAN PUBLISHING CO. Member of the Associated Press

Tre Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use ition of all news disputches credited to it or not otherwise

Minimum Wage

DESPITE immediate misgivings on the score of regimen-I tation, based upon past experience with the NRA, there was much about the president's recent declaration for duty of conveying these recalciminimum wage legislation that appealed favorably to the public. Everyone would like to see his neighbors receive a liv- fell to Lieut. E. O. C. Ord, for ing wage—everyone, that is, excepting those few who are forwarding on to be delivered to prospering at the expense of workers who receive less than a 2nd Lieut. Sheridan and Capt. living wage. And this spirit of well-wishing for the other fellow's income is not wholly unselfish. Every man's personal prosperity is affected and limited by the general prosperity or the lack of it.

All this is quite elementary and has been said and repeated so often that it should not need repetition just now except —that the president's proposal suggests that minimum wages be fixed by the board which would be set up, on a regional Jefferson Davis, president of the

Whereas the regional spread between wages is just the thing that many optimistic persons hoped would be eliminated by minimum wage legislation. Earlier this week in a discussion of the inter-union struggle now going on in the northwest, it was pointed out that one important goal of the timber workers was elimination of the low wage standard in the sawmills of the south, a condition that limits the prospect of still higher wages in the sawmills of the northwest. And the same problem develops in every other industry that is widespread and nationally competitive.

Farmers in Pacific coast states where comparatively high wages are already being paid to farm labor are particularly concerned. Because of the lower cost of living in rural districts and the "and found" clause that figures in many a "hired man's" oral wage contract, the minimum wage law will apply especially to this type of labor. And western farmers are not so much concerned as to just what wage they may against the famous "stone wall." be required to pay, so long as farm labor in other districts whose products compete with their own, is paid the same.

On this and other economic legislation there has always Lloyd of Maryland. been the suspicion that President Roosevelt, whose contacts have made him most familiar with the south's poverty in contrast to Hyde Park's wealth, is disposed to let his sympathy for the south sway him and to consider it the shorn lamb to which the wind should be tempered.

Senate Smacks Court Packing

rRISP, pungent, with the compulsion of a great theme is the senate judiciary committee's rejection of President Roosevelt's plan to pack the supreme court.

Each of the ingenious arguments put forward by the president is sweepingly set aside. The committee shows that for date July 2, 1856, at Port old-age would not be banished from the bench, that the injunctive process is not stopped, that the alleged delay in the higher courts is not remedied.

The majority report goes to the core of the supreme court issue with the salient statement: "It (the bill) points the way to evasion of the constitution and establishes the method whereby the people may be deprived of their right to pass upon all amendments to the fundamental law.

'Its ultimate operation would be to make this government one of men rather than of law, and its practical operation would be to make the constitution what the executive or the legislative branches of the government choose to say it is | Col. B. that he had the pleasure -an interpretation to be changed with each change of ad- of announcing the Indian war on

Significantly, seven of the ten signers of the majority report are democrats. No wonder that Joe Robinson is passing the word about that the president is willing to compromise and is delaying calling the supreme court measure up Augur, . . . Lieut. Chandler, Lieut. until some backstage trades can be made.

On the supreme court packing plan there can be no compromise. The principle of presidential packing is wrong whether is be one member or five which are put on the bench. The senate, overwhelming as is the New Deal majority, knows it, The president is in for defeat, as he should be, and the clarity and force of the majority report on the packing plan has tens its demise.

Life at the Open

THE blue ribbon championship of the golfers is the national open and this year the title has gone to Ralph Guldahl of Texas who at 25 years of age has turned in a historymaking performance, playing the 72 holes in 281 strokes.

Unless the golf bug has attacked you these figures may not impress. What they mean to the initiated is that Guldahl, a professional who was so disgusted with his game a year ago that he quit to sell autos, has played the tournament rounds in seven under par and against a field of the toughest competitors in the world.

The Oakland Hills course in Michigan is one of the longest, most deceptive in the country. It took the measure of men like Sarazen and Armour, Manero and Goodman. It could not defeat Guldahl. To win from Sammy Snead, his first day's camp, that is, on the nearest competitor, Guldahl navigated his last 18 holes in three under par while a gallery of 10,000 wild-eyed fans looked on.

Guldahl was not always so able. In 1933, a prodigy from the south, he made a magnificent comeback on his last 18 holes, ran out a nine-stroke advantage possessed by Goodman and then on the 18th green, after chopping from a bunker, missed a four-foot putt!

The life of the professional golfer is not all beer and skittles. A year ago, Guldahl had won only \$250 in tournament play the first four months of the year. By April this year his earnings had run to \$3500 and with the \$1000 taken in the open and the perquisites of advertising endorsements which will follow, he's in the money. A modest, quiet chap, happily married, father of a small son, he is a favorite of the galleries, possessed of a technique and an iron nerve which makes for links champions. America looks for him to be a tower of strength as he participates in the Ryder cup matches | war, up to November, 1862, when in England later this month.

One of those lie detector gadgets was exhibited at the chamber of commerce luncheon Monday and various diners appeared to be inwardly squirming in anxiety lest it be demonstrated-with them-

The Mexican government is in favor of an inter-American monetary conference. Maybe our neighbors to the south would like to eliminate that suffix invariably attached to calculations of their currency, umpty-ump dollars, "Mex."

Negro to Die for \$1.50 Fire Death

ATLANTA, June 15-(AP)-Mitch-.il Jackson, negro chauffeur, was sentenced Monday to death in the electric chair a few minutes after he pleaded guilty to the torch alaying of Mrs. R. M. Fluker May

Police said Jackson confessed beating Mrs. Fluker, cramming her body in a kitchen pantry, setting fire to the house after an riage license here today. nent over \$1.50. She had rehired him the day of day.

her death after her husband, a charged him earlier in the week.

Mayor Joe Carson, Bride To Honeymoon in Oregon

PORTLAND, June 15 - (P) -Mayor Joseph K. Carson and his bride-elect, Miss Myrtle Cradick, will spend their honeymoon in Oregon, on the coast, they anaprinkling gasoline about and nounced as they obtained a mar- in the wars of early Oregon won thing; to organize and make more The ceremony is set for Satur- Civil war.

Bits for Breakfast

By R. J. HENDRICKS

6-16-37 People of Sheridan should study Oregon history, and Associated Press might take a course:

(Concluding from yesterday:) When old Chief John and his band, the most savage and uncompromising red leader of his section with a following like minded with him, were finally forced at death's point to surrender, the trant die hards to Port Orford, on their way to the reservation, D. A. Russell.

Turn the pages of history up to April 9, 1865, at Appomattox, where General Lee delivered his sword. To whom? What generals

were present to receive it? They were Grant, Sheridan, Ord. And former Secretary of War Confederate States of America, was quickly a fugitive, a hunted

Buchanan landed in Oregon, to direct the winding up of the socalled Rogue River Indian war, under peculiar circumstances, brought about by the attitude of General Wool, head of the U. S. military forces of the Pacific coast, which Governors Curry of Oregon and Stevens of Washington resented. But that is another and a long story.

However, Buchanan soon redeemed himself, and in after years attained high ranks; won to brigadier general in Second Bull Run; was brevetted major general after Fredericksburg, where he stood His mother was a sister of the wife of John Quincy Adams, his wife a granddaughter of Governor

Who brought old Chief John and his tribe from Port Orford to Fort Yambill?

The man was "Capt. & Bvt. Major J. F. Reynolds," so designated by Jefferson Davis in his letter to Governor Curry. Davis reported to Curry that Reynolds was in charge of the post on the Umpqua.

Dr. Rodney Glisan, U. S. army surgeon, in his published diary, Orford, wrote: "This morning Capt. Ord's command arrived, bringing in the famous old John and his band-the terror of southern Oregon."

For July 5, same place, he wrote: "Yesterday the . . . anniversary of our national independence was celebrated . . . After our national salute all the officers assembled at the colonel's quarters and partook of refreshments. "We were then informed by

Rogue river was closed." "Col. B." was of course Buchanan.

The Dr. Glisan diary had in its June 15, 1856, entry, said: "Col. Buchanan, Capt. Smith, Capt. Ihrie arrived with 700 Indians. The latter, together with the 400 now here, makes 1100 Indians . . . to be moved to the . . . reservation as soon as the colonel can hear . . . as to whether old John . . and the Chetcoe and Pistol River Indians are coming in." (All the first bands were taken from Port Orford by boat to Portland, thence marched up the valley to Fort Yamhill.)

Dr. Glisan wrote in his entry for July 12, 1856, at Port Orford: "Old John's band got off on the 10th, . . . escorted by Major Reynolds' company . . . The troops had with them over 200 splendid mules, 160 of which were used as pack animals."

Glisan told also that Reynolds' force was accompanied by Co. E., 4th infantry. That is, old John's band was escorted by two companies, one of them dragoons. Glisan said he himself rode out (from Port Orford) and took dinner with Major Reynolds at his evening of the 10th.

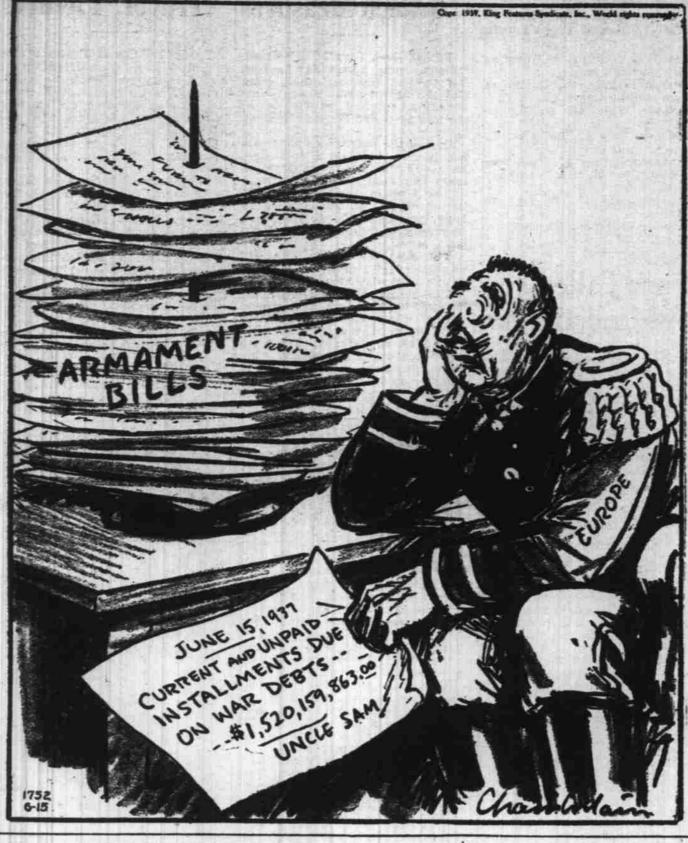
The cavalcade threading its way through practically primeval forests northward up the coast to Coos bay, thence (probably by the Umpqua river route) on to the head of the Willamette valley, and down to Fort Yambill, must have been one worth remembering. A talkie picture of it would be worth a fortune.

Well, who was this "Capt. Byt. Major J. F. Reynolds," who conveyed old John and his band from Port Orford to Fort Yamhill? He was born in Pennsylvania, graduated from West Point in 1841, was in the Mexican war, at Monterey, Buena Vista, etc.; had a brilliant career in the Civil he was given command of the 1st corps, Army of the Potomac, and made a major general of volun-

Came the chief turning point in the pivotal battle of Gettysburg. with Reynolds in command of the left wing of the Union army, opposing the van of Lee's loyal

Arrived the moment when Reynolds saw the necessity of fearlessly riding out in front of able band was Sheridan. The city his lines, this to deploy, organ- of Sheridan has a right to pomp ize and encourage his men. He and pagentry due to its name. But thus put into invincible action the plan that led the Union ferces to history and play high the parts to glorious victory at Gettysburg, an | which they are entitled, not pid-

"And just as I was going to ask him for more!"



these cities were also declining.

They had now learned to depend

where the leading men were in-

tions upon the leading men of

such cities, and it became in-

creasingly difficult to find men

willing to assume these burdens

and financial life was also declin-

ing. The country communities no

longer possessed a numerous pur-

ufactured in the city could no

longer dispose of their products.

They rapidly declined. The in-

dustrial classes were thrown out

of work and went to increase the

"The Roman coin collectors in

the European Museum show us

that the coins of Augustus were

pure; two generations after Mar-

ant . . . he systematically filled

the posts of the government with

military leaders of low origin.

Thus, both in the army and the

government the ignorant, and

often foreign masses were gain-

ing control. Nevertheless, the

energy of Severus was such that he

led his forces with success against.

the Parthians in the East and

even recovered Mesopotamia. But

the arch which he erected to com-

memorate his victory . . . reveals

in its barbarous sculpture the

fearful decline of culture in Italy

Ten Years Ago

June 16, 1927

ger, Frank E. Sherwin and Dr.

Henry E. Morris are candidates

C. A. Swope, local attorney and

secretary of the Salem Lion's

was the principal speaker of the

Flag Day exercises at Tillamook.

Prof. and Mrs. Morton E. Peck

of Willamette university will

spend the next two months in Lake

county where they will tour and

camp. Mr. Peck will do research

Twenty Years Ago

June 16, 1917

Oregon State desert land board

Joe McAllister, secretary of the

work in botany.

for Salem school board election.

L. J. Simeral, Dr. H. H. Olin-

multitudes of the city's poor.

. . At the same time the business

On the Record By DOROTHY THOMPSON

Share Cropping-Taxation-Relief—Currency—Depreciation
—Fascism, and Bolshevism in Ancient Rome . Finding the burden of

taxes unbearable, most of the small farmers gave up the struggle . . . such a man would oftwhich made him beginning to lay financial obliga- fored the colonus of a wealthy villa . not actually slaves ... but ... without any prospects for bettering themselves

Dorothy Thompson or any opportunity for their children ever to possess lands, these men lost energy and independence and were very different from the hearty farmers of eariler days.

"The great lands once worked by slaves were now worked by these coloni. Multitudes of -coun try people, unwilling to become coloni forsook their fields and turned to the city for relief. Many did this because neglect of fertilization and long continued cultivation had exhausted the land, and it would no longer produce crops. Great stretches of unworked weed grown fields were no uncommon sight. As a result the amount of land under cultivation decreased, and the ancient world was no longer raising enough to feed itself properly. The scarcity was felt in the centers . . . where prices had gone up.

"Offers of the Emperor to give land to any one who would undertake to cultivate it failed ... the destrution of the small farmers and the inability to restore them formed the leading cause among a whole group of causes which brought about the decline and fall of the Empire.

"The country people who moved to Rome . . . brought about their own extermination as a The large families which class. country life favored were no longer reared, the number of marriages decreased, and the population of the Empire shrank, Debased by the life of the city, the former sturdy yeomen lost his independence in an eager scramble for a place in the waiting line of the city poor, to whom the government distributed free grain, wine and meat. The time which should have been spent in bread winning was worse than wasted upon the cheering multitudes at the chariot races, bloody games and barbarous spectacles. Notwithstanding the fine families who moved to Rome from the provinces under the liberal Emperor of the second century, the city became a hive of shiftless population supported by the state with money which the struggling agriculturist was taxed to provide. The same situation was to be found in all the leading cities.

"In spite of outward splendor

the people there should all study

ed, storm broke.

"From the leaders of the barbaric soldier class, the Roman Empire received eighty rulers in reign of ignorance and supersti- rather happily through the years tion in the social disasters of the third century A.D."

"The Conquest of Civilization," chasing population. Hence, the country market for goods man-

cus Aurelius there was only 5 lawed per cent of silver in a government | turned attention to the coin. A denarius, the common small coin, worth nearly twenty

The Texas house of representacents under Augustus, a century tives, considering a substitute for after the death of Marcus Aurelius was worth a half a cent. "These forces of decline were swiftly bringing on a century of revolution which was to shipwreck the civilization of the early work. The assassination of the unworthy son of Marcus Aurelius gave the opportunity for a struggle among a group of military action on the bill. usurpers. From this struggle a rough but successful soldier, Septimius Severus, emerged triumph-

a senate bill prohibiting dog track or in a gambling house. Sponsors down on all types of gambling.

When the life of Severus end-

James Henry Breasted. Copyright Harper & Brothers, 1926.

Ban Is Proposed On Money Bridge

AUSTIN, Tex., June 15-(AP)-Bridge-playing for money drew fire Monday from the Texas legislature which already has outhorse race betting and dog

betting, adopted an amendment providing bettors would be fined up to \$50 regardless of whether they did their betting at home said the legislature should clamp The house did not reach final

matter of poison generated in the Sunday Statesman. The item is quite correct. The breath of an angry individual blown into a tube containing a fly will kill the fly instantly,-R.J.E. not die instantly, anger resulting from the failure of the experiment at the first trial may be suffi-

ninety years. One of these rulers went through the mokery of celon Rome to care for them even in | ebrating the thousand years jubtheir own local affairs, and their | flee of the traditional founding of citizens had rapidly lost all sense Rome. Most of these so-called Emof public responsibility. Every- perors were not unlike revolutionary bandits . . . For fifty years there was no public order . . . In ciently toxic to do the trick. en enter upon an differently turning away from this tempest of anarchy the civilarrang e m e n t public life. Moreover, Rome was ization of the ancient world sufacy of mind and scientific knowl- the vaudeville bill presented at edge won by the Greeks in the the State theatre Friday and Satthird century B.C. yielded to the urday. Some of us remember

a team of entertainers known as Gallagher & Shehan. A son of the Shehan of the team appeared on

SALEM STREETS

Salem streets are long and fair,

Salem streets are long;

life and vigor in the air,

Traffic current strong.

As Man's arteries are to man,

This the rule and this the plan,

So here's to arteries and streets,

And rich red blood in each!

And lessons time should teach!

Sim Trivet, of the Crane creek

Trivets, looked at the kitchen

clock one day, and the clock stop-

ped. Sim said it was a coincidence,

but some of the neighbors had

another notion. It was said here and there that Sim's face caused

the clock to stop, but Sim said shucks! he wa'n't that handsome.

I spend considerable time in the

streets. This is looked upon as a

waste of time by some folks. But

I do not consider it to be entirely

a waste of time. Most of the bet-

ter grade of fish stories are told

in the streets. Most of the rumors

circulate there. And there is a

lack of conventional restraint that

is at once pleasantly restful and

Two newspaper friends of mine

back in Iowa, Mr. and Mrs. E. A.

McIlree of the Fayette County

the property after 35 years of ex-

cellent service to the town and

to the state. The transaction, at

this distance, seems an ideal one.

The McIlrees have made a fine record, both as newspaper makers

and as citizens, and are retiring

under conditions happily favor

able to a realization of the lines-

The last of life for which

The best is yet to be,

The first was made."

"Then go along with me-

You Might Try This

human animal by anger noted in

I presume that if the fly does

ers was included in

Salem, Monday - Item in re

inspiriting.

To good ends that effort meets,

Streets are to the town;

Rate they up or down.

this bill at the State. It has been a long time since I have seen the elder Shehan, but I was distinct- in full settlement of \$2700 note; ly conscious of that "Where have, I seen that chap before?" feeling. Woodburn, \$50 attorney fees and and was not greatly surprised to learn of the young man's identity. I enjoyed the act. As a matter of fact, the entire bill was enjoyable. We reason this and we reason

that, and occasionally we fail to agree with others who reason this and reason that, and for this reason, among others, general conversation is more animated and refreshing than it might be otherwise. Saturday a picture titled "This Is My Affair" opened at the Grand theatre. So far as I am aware, no special effort had been made to publicize the film, either in Salem or elsewhere, yet from the beginning of its showing here it has been seen repeatedly by capacity audiences. The difference would appear reasonable, the film's title not being familiar to

Radio Programs

KOAC-WEDNESDAY-550 Kc. 9:00—Today's programs.
9:03—Homemakers' hour. "A Picnic in the Philippines," Edna Iams. 10:30-Story hour for adults. 11:15-Facts and affairs.

12:10—News, 12:15—Farm hour. 1:15—Variety. 2:00—4-H club assembly. 3:00—Homemakers' half hour. 00-We listen to music. Stories for boys and girls 6:15—News.
6:30—Resettlement administration.
6:45—Market and crop reports; weather

forecast.
7:00-7:45—4-H clubs, Douglas, Wasco, Creek county; "Nine," Baker, Crook county; "Nine," play by Peggy Pauline Van San-Municipal affairs, "Reporting Governmental Activities to the Public," Merle R. Chessman, editor, Astorian-Budget, Astoria,

Oregon. 8:00-9:15-4-H club radio revue from O.S.C. men's symnasium KOIN-WEDNESDAY-940 Ke. KOIN—WEDNESDAY—940 Kc.

8:00—Eyes of the world.

8:15—Neighbor Jim. vacal.

8:30—Romanca of Helen Treat, drama.

8:45—Our Gal Sunday.

9:00—Betty and Bob.

9:15—Hymns of all churches.

9:38—Modern Cinderells.

9:48—Who's who in news.

10:00—Big Sister.

10:15—Aunt Jenny's stories.

10:30—Edwin C. Hill.

10:45—Myrt and Marge.

11:00—Magazine, varied.

11:45—This and that.

12:70—Home town sketches.

1:25—Homemakers.

1:15—Homemakers,
1:30—News Through Woman's Eyes.
2:30—Newlyweds, drama.
2:45—Singing Waiters.
3:00—Western home hour. 4—Vaciety.
4:30—Pacific Crast Trail, 4:45—CPB.
5:00—Kemp orch.
5:30—Beauty Bog theatre, Jessica Draggenesia.

slorious victory at Gettysburg, an accomplishment just then vital to the cause that led to Appomattor.

But Reynolds, in arranging his lines for the action that won the victory, fell on the field, and a tall monument marks the spot.

More than a score and ten plus one men who as low ranking officers fought and managed Indians in the wars of early Oregon won like laurels with Reynolds in the Civil war.

Ranking high in that remark—

Ranking high putter in a low and petty mand petty will leave today to join a regiment of U. S. army engineers.

August Huckestein, chairman of the Red Cross financial cam

8:15-Story of Mary Marlin, drama. 8:30-Studio (ET). 8:35—Three Marshalls. 8:45—Stars of today. 9:15—Mrs. Wiggs of Cabbage Patch,

9:15—Mrs. Wiggs of Cabbage Patch,
drama.

9:45—Just Plain Bill. 10—Studio.
10:30—How to Be Charming.
10:45—Women in the headlines.
11:00—Pepper Young's Family, drama.
11:30—Vic and Sade, comedy.
12:00—Singin' Sam (ET).
12:30—Follow the Moon, drama.
12:46—Guiding Light.
1:00—Ray Towers, troubadour.
1:15—Marlowe and Lyon, pianos.
1:30—Hellywood news.
1:35—O'Brien's harmonica band.
1:45—Clinic, 2—American schools.
3:15—Council of churches.
3:15—Council of churches.
3:30—Cleie D'Autrey, organ.
3:45—Gurbatone quit.
4:90—Owe Man's Family, drama.
4:50—Back Seat Driver, drama.
4:50—Piano surprises.
5:15—Stars of today.
6:00—Your Hit Parade.
6:45—Musical moments (ET).

6:45 Musical moments (ET).
7:00 Amos 'n' Andy.
7:15 Uncle Exra, comedy.
7:30 Winning the West, drama.
8:00 Town Hall Tonight, variety. 8:00—Tewn Hall Tonign.
9:00—Movie magazine.
9:15—Summer symphony.
9:45—Wrestling. 10:15—Wrestling.
11:00—Phil Harris erch.
12:00—Weather reports.

7:00 Calvary tabernacie. 7:30 Vic and Sade, comedy. Homespun.

Dr. Brock Eible broadcast.

Neighbor Nell, drama.

Calif, Federation Women's

Orosacuts, varied.

Clele D'Antrey, organ.

Southernaires. -Southernaires.

-Western farm and home.

-Markets. 12:35-Triangle

KEY-WEDNESDAY-1180 Ke.

12:50 Song cycle (ET).

1:00 Mary Marlin, Grams.

1:15 Tabernacle singing evangelists.

1:45 Meet the orchestra.

2:00 Boy Scouts jambores.

2:15 Kogen orch.

2:35 Jack Baker, sing.

2:45 Summer molodies.

3:60 Argentine trie. 3:00 Argentine trie.
3:15 Mrs. F. D. Roosevelt, talk.
3:45 Coxil and Johnson.
4:00 Midweek musicale. 4:30—Harrington's music. 5:30—Frank Black and string

phony. Speaking of sports. 6:15—Carol Weyman, sing.
7:15—Lum and Abner, comedy.
8:30—Baseball, Portland-Oakland.
11:15—Paul Carson, organ.
12:00—Weather and police reports.

Sage of Salem Speculates By D. H. TALMADGE

the public, that the names of the stars in the lobby display did the trick. But the name of which star, Barbara Stanwyck or Robert Taylor, had the stronger pull? Probably the only way of definitely determining the matter lies in a referendum. Personally, I am voting for Stanwyck, but I have a vague feeling that I am mistaken. At any rate, "This Is My Affair" is a thoroughly absorbing play, with Victor McLagien doing a bit of the heavy stuff that made him famous in "The Informer." Incidentally, so far as local experence goes, the play is a new high in the art of historical facial makeup.

An item here one day last week and reference to a rumor that a change was in early prospect relative to the "Zollie's Gang" arrangement at the Grand. The rumor has now come home to room. Saturday will mark the final meet-ing of Zollie and his gang. This fact appears to be definitely estab-

It is not probable that I have read during the week all the book reviews published by Pacific coast newspapers. But I have read a number of them. And of these I consider Caroline C. Jergen's review of Mrs. Priestley's "Midnight on the Desert" in the Statesman of last Sunday the most interest-Union, at West Union, have sold | ing.

Bank Liquidation Approaches Close

Court Asked to Authorize Taking of Bids, old **Hubbard Bank**

Termination of liquidation of affairs of the State Bank of Hubbard is in sight as result of an order in circuit court here yesterday granting petition of the state banking department to accept sealed bids for purchase of any or all of the remaining assets of both commercial and sav-

ings departments of the bank. The petition lists book value of commercial claims and judgments at \$974.82, and of commercial loans and discounts at \$4346.59 and furniture and fixtures at \$2719.75. On the savings side, An item of interest to at least loans and discounts are given a

> Orders in other bank liquidation proceedings made yesterday include: Bank of Stayton, order to pay

\$54.55 attorney's fees to George Bank of Woodburn, order to accept deed from M. J. McCormick et ux to 24.52 acres of land and order to pay Blaine McCord.

Ross and Ford, Salem, \$100 attorney's fees. State Bank of Scotts Mills, order directing acceptance from A. J. Burroughs and Mrs. Lucinda Burrougs of \$170 cash in full settlement of two notes.

Wallace Outlines Bonneville Issues

Prospects of early establishment of heavy industries in Oregon within the near future to take advantage of Bonneville power are so limited that the fear entertained by many persons of a conflict between this use and rural electrification is apparently groundless, N. G. Wallace, public utilities commissioner of Oregon, declared in a talk before the Salem Kiwanis club at its Tuesday

Wallace pointed out that of the 16 factors considered in the location of an industry, according to an authoritative survey, availability of low-cost power is seventh on the list and that in the metal industries, fuel and power amount to only 4 to 7 per cent of the total cost. In view of the handicap of a long freight haul to the principal markets, a 20 per cent reduction in power cost would hardly prove an induce-

If Bonneville power is to be quickly utilized, rural electrification is the only possible major outlet, Wallace said; and many things must be done soon, including a survey to determine the limits of economical power transmission from Bonneville throughout the state. He pleased the services of his office in any and all steps toward the solution of the many problems involving Bonne-

Portland Postal Affairs Slapped

PORTLAND, June 15 .- (AP)-A resolution passed by the Port-land central labor council last night charged "negligence and carelessness" in management of the affairs of the U. S. postoffice here.

As a result, the resolution said, "money and property of the United States has been jeopardized," and "employes of the postoffice have been placed in an equivocal position."

The council demanded the reinstatement, with back pay, of Arthur E. Stratton, a postal em-

dismissed last March. The resolution to President Roosevelt, Postmaster General Farley and President William Green of the

ploye here for 16 years who was

American Federation of Labor.