# The Oregon Statesman

"No Favor Sways Us; No Fear Shall Awe" From First Statesman, March 28, 1851

CHARLES A. SPRAGUE - - Editor and Publisher THE STATESMAN PUBLISHING CO. Charles A. Sprague, Pres. - - Sheldon F. Sackett, Secy.

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#### Oregon's Grazing Lands

IN an address at Corvallis Wednesday night F. R. Carpenter, administrator of the Taylor grazing act, criticised the Oregon land board for leasing some 300,000 acres of its school lands in eastern Oregon to former Senator Stanfield's with numerous corners if they fancompany at a rental of around 15 mills per acre. Carpenter cied-like the one on Salem expressed the fear that the state was not cooperating with the federal government in its program for conservation in the grazing domain, that erosion would follow with silting of bottom, or South bottom, or Misthe Owyhee reservoir.

Investigation reveals the fact that the state land board in its leases has inserted provisions which require the lessee to conform to the regulations of the department of the inter- 1890, and the other high water ior and to comply with the regulations and apply for the benefits under the federal agricultural act. Specific protection is provided against over-grazing and running stock at the lower and upper forts. Not quite wrong season of the year. In this regard Mr. Carpenter's so far now, by paved highway. criticism seems unfounded.

Another point in the current news is the objection to Stanfield's sub-leasing of part of the area. Some sections, it That is, from the sand encampis said, he will sub-let for 10 cents an acre. This will show him a big profit on the particular section; but it must be realized that there are vast areas of little value, where he can derive no profit. Whether it is sound policy to allow sub-leasing this paper does not undertake to say; but in making the lease the board accepted Stanfield's bid because it was the highest, and then allotted to small bidders all the land they asked for, giving to Stanfield all the remainder.

This grazing land problem is a tough one for the board to handle. The sections are scattered (nos. 16 and 36 in each township). It is impossible to police them all; and it is not practical to fence them. The state is almost at the mercy of the occupants of the surrounding lands.

What is needed is the blocking of these state lands into solid areas. The land board is undertaking such a project came that way. So did Slacum, now; and the Taylor act is mandatory in that regard. Machinery is being set up for the appraisal of the state lands preliminary to making a sale or exchange with the federal government. Cong. Pierce has introduced a bill authorizing was a gate that let out a third the federal government to buy the state school lands in the war between our country and that grazing area so they may be administered with the other public lands. Something needs to be done; and something will be surely have eventuated. done so the state will derive more from these lands than it has been able to in the past.

Oregon wants to cooperate with the federal government in long-time plans for rehabilitation of the range. But there ing into the heart of the Willamis the problem of the immediate care of the lands. If they ette valley. are not leased the neighboring stockmen will graze stock on them without making any payment. The Stanfield lease will to be hauled to Salem's site with bring in some return; and unless the terms are violated, will wagons; where the Hudson's Bay be in conformity with the standards being set up by the in- company erected a warehouse at terior department.

But the big problem is the blocking of the lands for bet- the early settlers. ter use and more economical administration. Oregon hopes Mr. Carpenter will cooperate in solving that problem.

#### Stalin Exterminates His Foes

few years ago when Lady Astor was visiting Russia she asked Dictator Stalin, bluntly, when he was going to guit killing people. The dictator somewhat taken aback by the direct inquiry, stammered a reply that the killing would continue "as long as necessary." The necessity appears to remain, because, not only have there been many executions even of the "old bolsheviks," men once high in communist councils, but the dictator has boldly declared the purge must continue. He said in a widely published speech:

"It is quite clear these gentlemen (professional wreckers, diversionists, spies and murderers) should be destroyed, exterminated mercilessly as enemies of the working class and ene-

Stalin concluded with pitiless brevity: "This is clear and does not demand further interpretation." Indeed it does not. The dictator of the USSR has served notice to the world and to internal factionists as well, that any who deviate from complete submission to his will, to his "ideology," will be ruthlessly exterminated, even as were the tsarists, the old nobility, the intelligentsia of the early days of bolshevik rule.

The internal traitors to the regime, according to Stalin, are the Trotskyists. But if there are dissension and treason in such high places then it reveals a singular failure of the government to solidify public support after nearly 20 years of power. Since the charge against the suspects is frequently that of industrial sabotage, it reveals, if true, breakdowns in the industrial organization and administration. And if these charges are not true then Stalin's abuse of power through the legalized assassination of his political opponents ranks with the worst tyrannies of history. Friends of the soviet experiment are hard pressed for answers in these days.

#### License at Age 16

DOYS and girls coming 15 have a big disappointment in 14 men, to establish a trading store for them. The recent legislature has moved the age post, and Mr. McDougal being con- Court be regarded as yielding to requirement on issuance of drivers' licenses from 15 to fined to his room by sickness, Mr. 16. Now see many jaws drop. These young Skeezixes will clapp and I were left with the entire charge of the post at have to wait another 12 months before they can drive le- Astoria.

Which reminds us of a few years ago when the legislature cut the age down from 16 to 15. News of the change was Wallace and J. C. Halsey, with 14 carefully concealed from one 15-year old we knew; but he would read the papers so one day there was a whoop and the 23, 1812, as indicated, came to jig was up and when the law went into effect in June he went over to get his driver's license.

There is this softening of the blow for the 15-year olds building of white men in present however. "Learners' permits" will be issued to persons age Oregon, or in the Pacific north-15, good for 12 months. That lets the youngster drive provided there is an adult in the car, which is still quite a ways from the full freedom that youth now longs for.

The reason assigned for making 16 the minimum age is to conform with neighboring states which have that limit; Men called clerks in trapping cusand because statistics show that most drivers in accidents lie tom were the men in charge; manwithin the 15-24 age limits, and it was believed that cutting | agers, responsible for the enteroff one year might reduce the accident total.

Apropos of the proposal of the Colorado legislature to name one of its surplus mountains (one that AAA has not yet plowed under), "Mount Franklin Roosevelt," the Oregonian offers the opinion, in view of the wiping out of Hoover's name from Boulder dam, that it is too soon, "much too soon," to be naming a mountain after a man. But in Mr. Roosevelt's case, surely the Oregonian doesn't now expect that Mr. Roosevelt will go to the mountain,

A young Denver girl was lured to Beverly Hills to become the "Virgin Mary" in a "new Bethlehem" by one who claimed to be "assistant God" and follower of Father Divine, the Harlem negro who ses as God himself. Scratch the surface of many of these quack prayer-jerkers and you find a lecherous seducer who uses the cloak of religion to beguile his victims.

Judge Wimberly has sent a first offender on a tour of the state prison in hopes it will shock him so much he will refrain from forging any more checks. The trip may be a lesson; but all too few of those who get actually sent up for a term learn the lesson and keep out of fail in the future. Prisons are full of repeaters who simply

Representative Patman now proposes to have the government The small daughter, Aletha, of ognize an absolute and unconacquire ownership of the 12 federal reserve banks. From the amount Mr. and Mrs. Seymour Stewart, trollable liberty. . . . The liberof government bonds the federal reserve banks are carrying it almost is ill at her home with intestinal ty safeguarded is liberty in a looks as though the banks would own the whole country pretty soon. If the social organization . . . Liberty

#### Bits for Breakfast

By R. J. HENDRICKS

4-2-37 Site of lower Astor fort on the Willamette river now surely known: must be marked:

(Continuing from yesterday:) The Lucier donation land claim extended away above the east end of the Newberg bridge. Lucier was a good judge of land, and he and his Indian wife were entitled to 640 acres, a mile square, but not necessarily a square mile. That is, they could take it as they pleased.

prairie with 36 corners. The Lucier donation claim land is the same as that of the Kaiser sion bottom. It is rich land.

1 1 1 It must have been deeply under water in the floods of 1861-2, and years. So was the site of the lower Astor fort. The Astors called the distance 29 miles from their

By the way, mission trail from Campment du Sable to Chemayway ran by the lower Astor fort. ment to the place of the willows. where was the Lee mission 10 miles by water below the site of Salem. That is, from Champoeg state park to some hundreds of paces above the Marion county end of the Wheatland ferry.

Frank E. Osborn has found several relics of the travel by that trail, including an old fashioned pistol with its wooden handle partly rotted away, etc.

From 1834 on, everybody who did not go by boat traveled that trail - including Indians and whites, explorers and trappers, and, later, settlers. Capt. Sutter and Lieut., afterward Commodore Wilkes. So did Lieut. Peel, son of Sir Robert Peel, Great Britain's great premier, whose visit here of our English cousins; but for whose coming that conflict would

5 5 5 The sand encampment was the place where bateaus and other heavier boats met land travel go-

It was where the machinery for the mission mills was unloaded which to receive and store for shipment by water the grain of

So, for a brief time old Champoeg was the largest town in Oregon, with a Masonic building, hotels and stage stations, saloons and gambling houses - a real pioneer metropolis, with perhaps 200 houses in all-and every last one of them washed down the river in the flood of 1861-2.

In 1847, Thomas Cox started with his stock of goods in 13 covered wagons from Illinois to open a store in Champoeg; but he found business overdone there. and so came to Salem and opened the first store here-diagonally across from the present Statesman building.

5 5 5 In the issues of March 10-17 and 26-27, 1935, this column had a review of the celebrated books of Franchere, Cox and Ross, members with John Jacob Astor of the Pacific Fur company which in 1811 founded Astoria, Oregon, by erecting their fort and trading post there. Each of the three books told of the operations of the ambitious enterprise, the first commercial undertaking by Americans or even white men west of the Rockies and north of the Spanish (California) line, excepting by

Russians in Alaska Referring to the year 1812, Franchere had in his book these paragraphs:

"I . . . returned on the 15th of

"Messrs. Halsey and Wallace political parties. having been sent on the 23d, with

Everybody knows that the clerks of the Astorians, William men, who left Fort Astoria Nov. near the site of what are now the northern suburbs of Salem and erected in the wilderness the first west, outside the vicinity of

Astoria. It was the Astor fort, on land that is now the Bush farm, on Wallace prairie, named for William Wallace, one of the clerks.

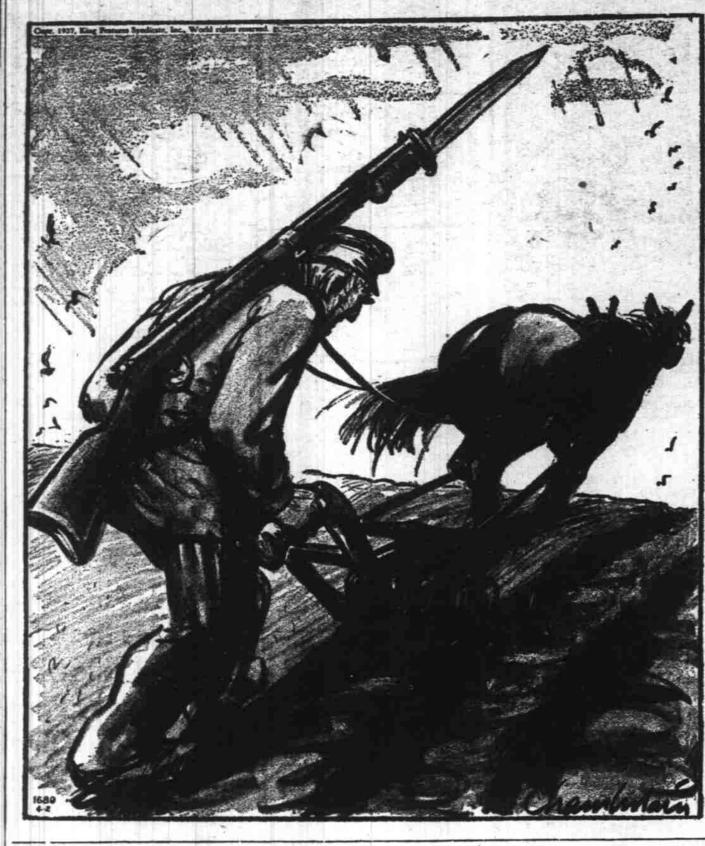
Under the direction of the clerks, the 14 men traded, hunted and trapped that winter-and, on the Willamette river, at a point their fort, they loaded into boats count of the fact that the growth of them-and 32 bales of dried modern corporation creates a venison; and the precious cargo arrived at Astoria May 25, 1813; vastly increased economic power, Astoria enterprise to reach that creased economic power, and, headquarters post. This site is well established,

(Continued tomorrow.)

#### Child Has Flu

WEST STAYTON, April 1.— The small daughter, Aletha, of

### Spring Comes to Europe



# On the Record

By DOROTHY THOMPSON

The Supreme Court Decisions THE Supreme Court, less than a year ago, declared the New York State minimum wage law for women un-



constitutional by a five-to-four dea fiveto-four decision it declared the Washington minimum wage law constitutional. The former decision was based upon

Dorothy Thompson a previous decision in the Adkins case, made in 1923 by a court whose personnel was not identical with the present one. A minority of the court last year believed that the New York statute was distinguishable in material ways from the Adkins case. However, the Court of Appeals in New York itself had held the New York act to be unconstitutional. so that the Supreme Court was upholding the decision of a state court in regard to a state law. Now, in sitting upon the Washington case, it had to consider a law which the Supreme Court of that state had upheld as constitutional, the state court in Washingon having refused to regard the Supreme Court decision in the Adkins case as determinative. There was, therefore, the case of the Supreme Court of a state being in conflict with the Supreme Court of the United States, and this was certainly a reason why the Supreme Court should reconsider, especially as its decision had been almost universally de-November, to Astoria, where the plored throughout the country on want of fresh provisions began to a perfectly non-partican basis, be severely felt, so that several of and the decision had caused the were attacked with suggestion of an amendment to be written in the platform of both

In no case, therefore, can the changed decision of the Supreme partisan political pressure.

The most interesting and encouraging feature of the new decision is that it gives a fresh interpretation to the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment, an interpretation which may, by inference, be extended to the Fifth Amendment. The Fifth Amendment restrains the Federal government from depriving citizens of life, liberty or property without due process of law. The Fourteenth Amendment restrains the states in the same way. It has been the contention of liberalsa contention which his column believes to be sustained by many court decisions - that the due process clause has often been used to protect property in a too narrow sense of the term, treating property as though its ownership and management were completely free from any social responsibilities. The liberals on the bench have consistently fought for an interpretation of the idea somewhat over a mile west of of due process which takes ac-17 packs of beaver skins-1360 of finance capitalism and of the modern kind of property with some of the first fruits of the and, therefore, with vastly intherefore, with vastly increased social responsibilities. The majority decision today has a few and it is the place of other events. too, that give it high historical sentences of great value. It says:

"The Constitution does not speak of freedom of contract. It speaks of liberty, and prohibits the deprivation of liberty without due process of law. In the Constitution does not recunder the Constitution is thus necessarily subject to the restraints of due process and to regulation which is reasonable. Liberty implies the absence of arbitrary restraint not immunity from reasonable regula-

In commenting upon the major ity decision last June this column "The majority argument is dis-

turbing. It is founded upon freedom of contract and an eighteenth century interpretation of that phrase. The same argument was brought up against all the protective legislation introduced fifty years ago in Germany and England, but it has not been heard elsewhere for a generation. No modern interpretation of competitive economy includes the right to pay labor less than must, by the very nature of things, be paid to a machine! For machines must be maintained! Competition starts with rules, one cannot throw human bones and blood into the scales. . . . The decision is disturbing because of possible public reaction . . . The great danger exists that a revolt against the decision will become a revolt against the Supreme Court, which for 150 years has helped to stabilize this Republic . . . and republics are not, historically considered, strong institutions, No republic can last without standards, without some ultimate authority to which to appeal."

And it was on the basis of that decision that this column ventured a prophesy:

"We must face the reality of a crisis in government. If we do not face it the Supreme Court may be undermined directly or, worse, by indirection. Indirectly for instance, its membership may be extended, thereby turning it admittedly into a political body."

has had the courage to reverse a previous decision on the basis of further thought, knowing as it did so that it would throw itself open to charges of yielding to threat is a heartening thing. There is nothing new in it. Decisions have been reversed before in our history.

The present one is upheld unanimously. In rejecting the first bill the Supreme Court enumerated mortgagees' rights, which were five in number, and made it clear that the protection of those rights did not outlaw alleviation to the farmers in the form of a moratorium, but that the moratorium must offer protection for those rights. It was on the basis of that decision that the legislators were able to draft another bill. This decision indicates that preme Court is conscious that new lating economic relationships.

But the two decisions on the Convright, 1937. New York Tribune. Inc.

# Radio Programs

KOIN-FRIDAY-940 Kc. 6:30-Klock. 8-Keeping Fit. 8:30-News. 9:15-Varieties.

:15-Home institute 1:15—Home institute.
1:30—Dot and Four Dashes.
1:45—News.
2:20—News Through a Woman's Eyes.
2:30—Western home.
4:00—Newlyweds. 4:15—Variety.

4:45-Harmony trio. 0—Broadway varieties. 5:45—Tops revue. 6:00—Hollywood Hotel: "Maytime." 7:00—Moments You Never Forget. U-Musical Moments. 0-Scattergood Baines. 5-Pretty Kitty Kelly, serial.

9:45—Legion fights. 10:45—Fio-Rito orch. 11—Allen orch. 11:45-12-Tucker orch. KGW-FRIDAY-620 Kc.

9:15-Mary Marlin, serial, 9:30-How to Be Charming. 9:45-Women in the Headlines 10:00—Benny Walker's Kitchen.
10:15—Mrs. Wiggs of Cabbage Patch.
10:30—John's Other Wife, drama.
10:45—Just Plain Bill, drama. 1:30-News. 11:45—Hollywood in Person. 12:00—Pepper Young's Family, drams. 12:15—Ma Perkins, serial. 45-O'Neills, drama.

:00-Hollywood news. 2:05-Church cor 2:15-Cleary and Gillum. 2:30-Smilin' 00-Education in news. 3:15-Magazine, varied. 4:45—Caballeros. 5:15-Meakin's music. 5:45-Junior news.

6:00—Dinner concert. 6:30—U. S. Army band. 7:00—First Nighter, drama. 7:30—Varsity show. 8:00—Amos 'n' Andy, comedy. 8:15—Uncle Ezra, comedy. 8:30-True Story Court, 9:00 Carefree carnival.

That the Supreme Court itself

The important thing about the lecision on the new Frazier-Lemke Farm Mortgage bill is that it supports a contention which often has been made by friends of the President's policies, and has been made in this column, that legislation more carefully framed with a more respectful eye on the Constitution could accomplish the desired ends with no question of constitutionality. In several pieces of New Deal legislation challenged in the courts the Supreme Court has upheld part of the law and thrown out the whole legislation only because of certain items in it. The first Frazier-Lemke Farm Mortgage act was thrown out by a nine-to-nothing decision.

8:30—News. 9:15—Varieties,
9:30—Romance of Helen Trent, serial.
9:45—Our Gal Sunday, serial.
10:00—Betty and Bob, serial.
10:15—Modern Cinderella.
10:30—Betty Crocker.
10:45—Church hymns.
10:48—Who's who in news.
11:00—Big Sister.
11:45—Myrt and Marge.
12:00—Magazine, varied.
12:45—Friday Melody.
1:00—Three Consoles.

:00—Morning melodies (ET), :30—Petite musicale (ET), :00—Financial.

1:00—Little concert. 1:30—Follow the Moon. 1:45—Guiding Light, drama. :415-Back Seat Driver. 4:30-Edwin C. Hill, commentator.

9:30—Fireside hour, 10—News, 10:15—Southern Harmony Four, 10:30—Hopkins orch, 11:00—Ambassador orch, 11:30-Treut orch. To 12-Weather.

KEX-PRIDAY-1180 Ke. 6:30—Clock (ET). 7:30—Josh Higgins. 7:45—News. 8:05—Varieties. 8:05—Vagabonds, 4-sing. 8:15—Robert Gately, sing. 8:30—Vic and Sade, comedy. 8:45—Gospel singer. 9:00—Honeyboy and Sassafras. 9:15—Home institute. 30—Love and Learn, serial, 45—Neighbor Nell, serial,

12:00-Western farm and home. 12:45-Market reports, 12:50-Visitor. 1:05—0. M. Plummer, talk. 1:15—Song cycle. 1:30—Stringwood ensemble. 2:00—Mary Marlin, serial. 2:15—Eddie Swarteut. 45-Old Homestead, drama, 3:00—Kogen orch. 3:25—Financial and grain reports. 3:30—News.

5:30—News.
4:00—Jim and Judy.
4:30—Show window.
4:45—Jean Dickinson, sing
5:00—Irene Rich, drama.
5:15—Louis Ford.
5:25—Food and Friends.
5:20—Elue Skies, drama.
6:00—Zarova. :30-7-Corenet on the Air. 6 -News 8:30 Singin' Sam. 8:45 Night Watchman, drama. :00—Chandler orch. :30—Vocal varieties (ET).

9:30—Vocal variable
9:45—Fights.
10:30—Biltmore orch. 11—News.
11:15—Charles Ranyon.
To 12—Weather and police reports. KOAC-FRIDAY-550 Mc. 9:00—Today's Programs.
9:03—The Homemakers' Hour.
10:00—Weather Forecast.
10:15—Story Hour for Adults.
11:00—School of the Air. 12:06-News. 12:15-Farm Hour. 1:15—Variety.
2:00—Guarding Your Health.
2:30—Surveying Our Historical Record.
2:00—Artistic Accents—"The Begin

two Frazer-Lembe bills show tha: conditions require new laws regu- the court realizes that legislation must not take the form of a chaotic redistribution of privileges.

### Decker's Eye Is Painfully Injured

Many Gates Persons Attend Fred Horner Rites At Mill City

"Jiggs" Decker, who works at Ritners camp, this week re-ceived quite a painful injury to an eye, caused from running a

stick in it. Many people from this com-munity attended the Fred Horner funeral at Mill City Tuesday. Fred Horner is the oldest brother of Burr Horner of Gates. The Horner family are pioneers of this section and lived on the place which is now the G. B. Heath home. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Davis and

Mrs. Lincoln Heness were called to Mill City Tuesday because of the serious illness of Hubert "Mode" Davis, brother of Ed Davis and Mrs. Heness. He was somewhat improved Wednesday. Senior Play Tonight

Intensive practice on the senior high school play "The Ghost Chasers," has taken up the time of the seniors most of this week. They will present the play Friday night at the high school auditorium. The proceeds to go to the senior class.

Mrs. Roy Taylor entertained the Birthday club at her home on Kings Prairie Saturday afternoon. Prizes at cards went to Mrs. Blanche Dean, Mrs. A. D. Scott, Mrs. L. W. Kelle and Mrs. Carl Knutson.

# Farmer at Howell

CENTRAL HOWELL, April 1. -The loss of two horses in the space of a week has been the misfortune of C. Schubert. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Brand are at home again after spending the winter in California.

The condition of H. A. Lichty who was taken ill last week with a serious heart ailment is improved. Miss Nora Lichty is at home helping to care for her father and a nurse is in attend-E. Janz returned home

Monday after going to his work at Portland. He was suffering with a lame back caused by a slight sprain. Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Janz and Lyle jr., spent Sunday at the A. E. Janz home. The Central Howell ball team has won two practice games with

the Hazel Green team. A league the visitors.

. Ten Years Ago April 2, 1927 Judge P. H. D'Arcy will make the address at the Chamber of

Commerce "Champoeg Dinner." It is believed that Leland L Chapin, Willamette graduate and teacher at Canton Christian college, China, has fled with the other refugees to Hong Kong aboard steamer Fatsha.

"Seeing Oregon First" will be subject of a lecture by W. S. Baker, state organizer of Oregon State Audubon society, at Y. M. C. A. lobby.

### Twenty Years Ago

April 2, 1917 First Y. M. C. A. Chautauqua health lectures will be given Monday at First Congregational church by J. C. Elliott.

Among the Salem women taking part in Elks play, "Get Rich Quick Wallingford" are Mrs. A. J. Rahn, Mrs. W. Carlton Smith, Mrs. R. M. Hofer and Miss Verna Cooder.

Germans hold fifty Americans as prisoners, seamen were captured during operations of the Raider Moewe.

ming of Modern Painting"-Ber-hard Hinshaw, associate profes-sor of art, general extension disor of art, general e vision. 4:00—We Listen to Music. We Listen to Music.

Stories for Boys and Girls.

On the Campuses.

Cubbing with the Boy Scouts—
W. C. Wessell, national director
of Cubbing for the Boy Scouts
of America.

-News. 6:30—Farm Hour. 7:40—OSC Varsity Debate Squad. 8:15-9—The Business Hour.

# Exposition Queen



When the Paris exposition opens in May, Mile. Jacqueline Jacow-lew, stunning Parisian brunet, will reign as queen of the show.

## Woman Honored, 87th Anniversary

UNION HILL, April 1 .- The 87th birthday anniversary of Mrs. Phoebe Stinchfield was celebrated at the home of her granddaughter, Mr. and Mrs. Glen Magee near Shaw Easter Sunday by a family gathering and din-

Present were the honor guest, Mrs. Phoebe Stinchfield and the following relatives; Mr. and Mrs. Guy Chapman, St. Helens; Mr. and Mrs. Otis Kizer, Coburg; Mr. L. C. Trask, Lyons; Mr. and Mrs. Verny Scott, Guy and Clifford Keith Scott, Sublimity; Miss Alice Chapman and Harvey Harris, St. Helens; Mr. and Mrs. Charley Carter, Vancouver, Wash.; Mrs. Ruby Kizer Clark, and Mrs. Florence Dunbar, Eugene; Mr. Fred R Perrin, Salt Lake City, Utah; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Charlton and Mr. and Mrs Harvey Landis and sons, Salem; Mrs. Millie McConnell, Portland; Miss Margaret Kizer, Coburg; Mrs. Alice Wipper, Turner; Mr. and Mrs. Jack Jarvis, Salem; Mrs. game played with the Liberty team resulted in a victory for field, Miss Elna Stinchfield, Mrs. Laura Carter, Miss Mary Nelson, Miss Peggy Wright all of Mayville; Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Trask, Hillsboro; Miss Laura McConnell and Mr. and Mrs. Art Rengo, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. David Don and son Dickie, Salem; Bobby Dubar, Eugene; Margaret Kizer, Coburg; and the hosts, Mr. and Mrs. Glen Magee.

#### Harvey Carpenter Is Complimented on 60th Birthday Anniversary

DALLAS, April 1. - Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Carpenter were recent hosts, complimenting Mr. Carpenter on his 60th birthday, The evening was spent in bridge and "500." High scores were held by Mrs. J. F. Spooner and J. E. Johnson, Mrs. R. R. Van Orsde

and Gus Ellie A buffet supper was served to Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. Spooner, Mr. and Mrs. Ellie, Mr. and Mrs. Orin Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Van Orsdel, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Dr. and Mrs. H. D. Peterson, and Mrs. Eileen Teet of Fairbault, Minn.

#### Inman Building Group Of Three Cabins For Tourists at Silverton

SILVERTON, April 1 .- Work was begun Wednesday on a new group of cabins by L. E. Inman on South Water street. The new group will consist of three cabins and a laundry room. Two of the cabins will face South Water street while the third cabin will face Jersey street.

Hugh Range is in charge of the building and it is expected the cabins will be ready for occupancy within 60 days.

### The Pacific Northwest

say industrial economists, will be the focal point of a new industrial and agricultural empire! You, as a citizen, will or will not share this coming prosperity.



# Buy Yourself Some Permanent Prosperity...

FIRST-realize your share of the Columbia Empire's present and future prosperity depends on you! With every purchase for your home you step closer to insuring it! Ask your merchant, "Where did it come from?" "Where is it made?"—then UNITE. This is the foundation stone to this Empire's industrial, agricultural, individual progress.

