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April 27, 1926

THE GLORY OF GOD.—Then a cloud covered the tent of the congregation, and the glory of the Lord filled the tabernacle." Ex. 40:34.

COALS TO NEWCASTLE

LONDON, April 13.—The first shipment of sugar beet pulp of British origin ever made from England to the United States left the London docks today. The shipment consists of 500 tons of pulp from beets grown in Norfolk, and is consigned to Mobile, Alabama. It is to be used for feeding stock. This is the first time on record that a call for this product has been received in Great Britain from the United States.

The above is an Associated Press dispatch.—And it is a case of "carrying coals to Newcastle." In the name of common sense, why should it be necessary for the people of the United States to send to England for sugar beet pulp?

When, by growing our beets for making our sugar, we can have enough beet pulp and beet tops to make our country self sufficient not only in sugar, but in sheep to produce our wool, and in live stock to supply all our meats? And we are going to be importing ship loads of meats in the next few years, if we do not produce our beets for our sugar. We import half of our wool now, and five-sixths of our sugar. What is congress thinking about?

The fish hatcheries of Oregon are doing great work. They are preserving our salmon fishing and canning industries, and restocking our streams with fish for the fishermen. They are applying the rules of common sense, and not leaving things to chance.

"COMPETITORS PROFIT UNDER AMERICAN TARIFF"

Thos. O. Marvin, chairman United States tariff commission, says the low price of Cuban sugar products would warrant an increase of duty to protect American industry.

Mr. Marvin is a believer in a protective tariff and declares the law permitting flexible duties authorizes an increase to protect the American beet farmers.

A survey has been conducted recently, and there is difference of opinion on the tariff commission whether figures for the average cost of producing sugar in the United States and Cuba shall be taken on a two-year or a six-year basis.

From statistics produced at a hearing before the commission, it was shown that the difference in cost of production between our country and Cuba was \$1.81, while the law provides for a difference of only \$1.75.

Cost of production in Cuba is about two cents a pound, and it is selling in our country at four cents a pound, indicating that Cuban sugar producers are making a good profit under our low American sugar tariff. This permits competition, which is proper.

The above is from the Industrial New Bureau, E. Hofer & Sons, publishers, Salem.

The chairman of the American tariff commission is right. The duty on sugar should be increased, to encourage the sugar beet growers and the sugar manufacturers of this country to make the United States self sufficient in sugar.

But, as to the tariff on Cuban sugars, it would be automatically increased by merely abolishing the preferential rate of 20 per cent that was given to all Cuban products after the United States had freed that island from Spanish misrule.

A preference still enjoyed, and giving no benefit to any one, as far as sugar duties are concerned, excepting the Wall Street sugar barons, owning the refineries of raw cane sugar along the Atlantic coast.

These barons import their sugar from Cuba raw, and they pay 1.764 cents a pound, under this preferential rate, whereas they should pay 2.20 cents a pound on their raw sugar. That is what importers from other countries would pay, if there were any.

This preferential rate has allowed what has amounted to a protective tariff to these American sugar barons; a protective tariff applying to Cuba, but in their favor.

Not protecting the American sugar beet grower and sugar manufacturer, but the Wall Street owner of Cuban cane plantations and mills for grinding their product into raw sugar for shipment to their refineries in this country.

Not giving any benefit to the laborers of Cuba. No benefit to any one, excepting these Wall Street kings of Cuban sugar supplies.

It is wrong; absolutely.

Two things should be done, to make the United States self sufficient in sugar. First, kill this Cuban preferential rate. Second, raise the rate of duty on all sugars brought into this country. Raise it as much as the flexible provisions of our present tariff law will permit; 50 per cent. Then the United States will soon produce all her own sugar; in continental and insular territory, including Porto Rico, the Philippines and Hawaii.

WHEN LIFE IS WORTH LIVING

Life is always worth living to those who enjoy reading the great book Life is continually writing.

In Tolstoi's "War on Peace" the hero, Peter, is supposed to be the richest man in the Russian empire. During the French Revolution he is taken prisoner and dragged through much of the retreat. Cold, vermin, hunger and every form of misery assail him, the result being a revelation to him of the real scale of life's values.

Here only, and for the first time, he appears

ciated, because he was deprived of it, the happiness of eating when he was hungry, of drinking when he was thirsty, or sleeping when he was sleepy, and of talking when he felt the desire to exchange some words. Later in life he always recurred with joy to this month of captivity, and never failed to speak with enthusiasm of the power and ineffaceable sensations, and especially of the moral calm which he had experienced at this epoch.

William James observes that the occasion and the experience are nothing—

It all depends on the capacity of the soul to be grasped, to have its life currents absorbed by what is given.

Life is always worth living, if one has such responsive sensibilities as Tolstoi's hero—

And the reason most of us do not enjoy life equally well, it seemed to James, is that most of us have got far, far away from nature. He says:

"We are strained to seek the choice, the rare, the exquisite exclusively, and to overlook the common.

"We are stuffed with abstract conceptions and glib with verbalities and verbosity; and in the culture of these higher functions often dry up, and we grow stone-blind and insensible to life's more elementary and general goods and joys."

"Ah, my brother," said an Indian chieftain to his white guest, "thou wilt never know the happiness of both thinking of nothing and doing nothing. This, next to sleep, is the most enchanting of all things."

Bits For Breakfast

Dump the city dump—

But where shall it be dumped?

There is a lot of waste going to the city dump, and down the sewers, that many European and other cities would use.

The great city of Berlin treats all its sewage, making fertilizer for the farms. The city of Berlin itself owns gardens, growing great crops on account of the fertilizer being used; made by treating the sewage.

There is an ad in the classified columns of The Statesman this morning for berry pickers. From C. Ramseyer, Jefferson, Route 1. This is the first. Presumably for strawberry pickers.

Evidently the Salem canneries are going to be obliged to start up soon, for strawberries and gooseberries, unless we get a lot of rain and cool weather pronto.

The deficiency in our rainfall up to Sunday, since September 1, is 12.62 inches. Rainfall since that time, 25.08. Normal for the period, 37.70 inches. Jupiter Pluvius is a wetcher.

Every farmer will tell you that he is needing rain. Just got to have some rain soon; and heavy downpours would be preferred.

Mehama hatchery is going to work on Rainbow trout this fall; a million and a half of them, for

Marion county streams. That sounds good.

Sunshiny weather is helping the scutching mill at the penten-



Marie Provost, with Clive Brook, are featured in the latest Warner Bros. screen classic, "Seven Sinners," now playing at the Oregon Theatre. The picture is everything that joyous entertainment should be.

tiary to get ahead of the Miles mill on long line fiber. Needs to be a month ahead. Should be two months ahead, in fact, or even more, for getting back the "life" in the retted straw and the scutching fiber, for best results.

LISTEN IN

DINNER CONCERT 6:00-7:00—KFWV (212) Portland. 6:00-7:00—KGW (491.5) Portland. MUSIC 8:00-12:00—KFWV, (212) Portland, trio.

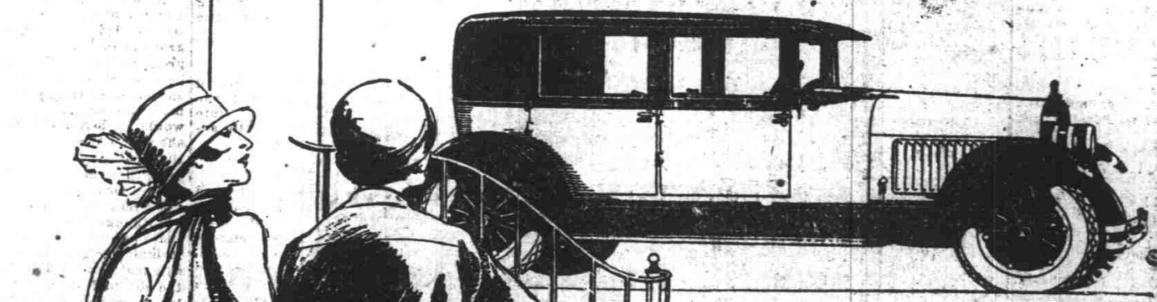
orchestra, plus gram. 10:00-12:00—KGW (491.5) Portland, dance orchestra. 10:45-12:00—KFWV (212) Portland, "Music of the Masters." 8:00-10:00—KOIN (318), Portland, Musical program. ENTERTAINMENT 6:00—KMTZ (338), Hollywood, 6-7, studio program; 7:45, community sing; 8:30-10:30, KMTZ concert orchestra. 6:00—KGO (381.2), Oakland, 6, Amphion trio; 8:30, Eva Gruminger Astington, Eastern Kant; 8:10-10, Hawaiian players; 10-12, Madison's Midshipmen. 6:30—KFWB (232), Hollywood, 6:30-7:30, dinner hour; 8-9, program; 9, The Little Am-Man; 9:15-10:15, dance orchestra, Betty Patrick, soloist; 10:15-11, frolic. 6:30—KNX (358.8), Hollywood, 6:30-7, orchestra; 7:45, program; 8-9, program; 9-10, program; 10-12, dance orchestra. 6:30—KFO (428.3), San Francisco, 6:30-7, orchestra; 7-7:30, Rudy Seiger's orchestra; 8-9, trio; harmony team, Gypsy and Marge; 10-11, dance orchestra. 7:00—ONER (478), Regina, 7, studio program. 7:00—KFT (487), Los Angeles, 7-7:30, orchestra; 7:30-8, popular song program; 8-9, Screen Artists' quartet; 9-10, variety hour; 10-11, Radio club in popular songs. 7:00—KOWW (358), Walla Walla, 7-7:30, weather, markets, home help; 7-10, studio program; 10-12, orchestra. 8:00—KFB (225), Long Beach, 8-9, studio, vaudeville acts; 9-11, Aero club in popular songs. 8:00—KHF (406.3), Los Angeles, 8-10, studio deluxe program. 8:00—KTAH (229.9), Oakland, 8-10, college program. 8:00—KPN (318.8), Pasadena, 8-9, Adolph Tandler instrumental group. 8:00—KJB (384.4), Seattle, 8:30-10, orchestra. 11:00—KFWI (226), San Francisco, 11-12, a. m., Paul Kelly's orchestra. Intermission solo by Jack Reed and Marcia Reynolds. Oregon highway commission will oil 400 miles of main highway this year.

Advertisement for PAZO Ointment. Text: 'PILES Must Go When PAZO Ointment is Applied, because it is Positive in Action.' Includes illustration of a hand applying ointment to a pile.

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Advertisement for Heilig's 'Geo. White's Scandals' musical show. Text: 'Tuesday May 4th Geo. White's Scandals Company of 100 Chorus of 50 Biggest Musical Show West Box Office Opens May 1 MAIL ORDERS NOW PRICES INCLUDING TAX Lower Floor \$2.75 1st 3 Rows Bal. \$2.75 Last 3 Rows Bal. \$2.50 Gallery, 1st 3 Rows \$1.65 Gallery (not reserved) \$1.10'

Advertisement for Piles treatment. Text: 'Your Health Demands It! My celebrated treatment for Piles and other Rectal and Colon ailments is so sure, so safe, so easily-obtained that it is folly to postpone proper care until your health is entirely broken down. My new 100-page illustrated book, which is yours for the asking, discusses those diseases, contains scores of letters from patients, describes my methods and states my unqualified GUARANTEE to permanently relieve you of Piles or related your feet. Write or call today. DEAN M.D. INC. 1015-1017 S. W. 4th St. Seattle, Wash. D.C. 98104'