

# Ticket Sale for Inter-Salem Coast to Coast Debate Opens Tuesday

SECTION TWO  
Pages 1 to 8

# The Oregon Statesman

CLEAN AND VIGOROUS

Society—Better Homes  
Classified

SEVENTY-FIFTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 21, 1926

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## Time Difference Puts Climax in Oregon, Citizens Pledge Support

### DICKEY, NEWSBOY, IS TODAY'S HERO

"Seller Boy, Backbone of the Press, Shows What He Is Made of"

Rev. E. H. Shaaks

The church officers had met to pass out the names of those who were to be canvassed for the support of the church and benevolence. The minister read off the names, and the name of Dick Brinstead was called. Deacon Brown said, "Well, I'd take that name out. No use to call on Dickey. He is a poor boy, the eldest of three children, and he is only ten years old. Besides his mother is a widow and not very strong. I don't think we ought to ask Dickey to give anything." So Dickey's name was taken out of the list of those to be called on when the officers went out on Sunday to visit every family.

One morning Miss Mary Willis was hurrying down the street to her office work. She was secretary to Deacon Brown. At the corner she stopped to buy the morning paper from the little newsboy who was there every morning. As she paid for the paper, something seemed to say to her, speak to the boy. So she said, "What is your name?" He looked up into her face and saw she was smiling down at him and so he said, "My name's Dickey."

"Well now, that is a fine name. I like it."

"Oh, I like it all right, too, Miss, for it is my very own."

"Well, Dickey, do you go to Bible school?"

"Bible school? Now what sort of school is that? I go to day school all week. But I never heard about a Bible school."

So Miss Mary told him about the Bible school, and that she had a class of fifteen boys about his size every Sunday morning, and she invited him to come too.

"Will you be my teacher?" asked Dickey.

"Yes, I'll be your teacher. And I will help you to get acquainted with the finest bunch of boys you ever saw," said Miss Mary.

"I'll be there," said Dickey, and so he was.

For six months Dickey was a 100 per cent scholar; always on time, had his memory verse, studied his lesson, and brought something for the offering. Then one day after lesson as the others filed out, Dickey came up to the desk and said:

"Miss Mary."

"Yes, Dickey."

"Can't I belong?"

"You want to join the church?"

"Yes."

So Miss Mary asked him some questions and felt sure that he was a real little Christian. She took him to see the pastor. He asked more questions and took Dickey to the officers of the church. They were all satisfied that Dickey really believed and

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### Life of Washington Told in Pictures



Central Files

These photos give a quick summary of the life of George Washington, "father of his country," whose birthday the nation celebrates Monday. He was born in Westmoreland county, Va., Feb. 22, 1732, in the house shown upper left. In 1752 he came into possession of "Mt. Vernon," shown upper right as it appears today from a plane. In 1759 he married Mrs. Martha Custis (center). In 1781 he forced the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, (right, below) winning independence of the 13 colonies from Britain, so implanting himself in hearts of his countrymen that eight years later he was elected first president. In 1799 he died at Mt. Vernon, and was buried in the tomb shown at left.

### Cherry Tree Account Hit in Legion Story

(Published first in the American Legion Weekly.)

Jokers who busy themselves this month with plays on that famous line, "Father, I cannot tell a lie," will be commemorating, knowingly or not, the life of Washington written by the itinerant preacher and book peddler, Mason Weems. Oddly enough, however, the author of the cherry tree story, condemned by serious historians as having done almost irreparably much toward making his hero out an intolerable prig, in the telling had him use no such formality of address. Perusal of various editions of Weems' once popular biography discloses that, as presented, the youthful George, far from addressing his paternal parent on that momentous occasion as "Father" or "Respected Sir," actually called him plain "Pa."

"I can't tell a lie, Pa," runs Parson Weems' version. Hah—young George was a regular boy, speaking out, under pressure, like a human being.

What is the Weems version of the hatchet story, by all odds the best known, longest lived and most famous anecdote about an American? It is safe, perhaps, to say that many know it without its full setting, without the circumstances its author advances as having led up to it and that, one must admit somewhat impaired

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### Divorce Etiquette Book Called Urgently Needed

Arthur Springer Declares Annoyance at Being Introduced to Woman Who Formerly Called Him Husband; Requests Increased Consideration

Arthur Springer has written the story of his experiences after his divorce from Jobyna Howland, popular stage star. Having many mutual friends, they often meet at social functions. Then the trouble begins.

"Sometimes," he laments, "when I stand face to face with the woman with whom I lived ten years, I wonder what, behind that smiling mask, she is thinking of me. As for myself, I feel rather like a five-story brownstone front with its sides well torn away. The woman who knew me—well, I respect enjoy my disfigurement."

"Some astute arbiter of social usage ought to buoy and channel the tangled-up relationships of us married couples who have separated, and compile an additional chapter for the Book of Etiquette, definitely instructing the divorcee how to behave in the presence of the divorcee."

This novel suggestion is made by the well-known author of best-sellers in "As I Look at Life."

"When I glanced down the social board, not so long ago," Mr. Springer continues, "and remembered that Jobyna, just beyond

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### HARVARD'S MOTHER INFLUENCED YOUTH

Great Mothers of the World Lists Parent of University's Founder

By MARY GREER CONKLIN

Evidence points to the conclusion that William Shakespeare introduced the mother of John Harvard to Robert Harvard, his father, at Stratford, whence he later took her as a bride to Southwark, England, a hundred miles distant at a period when Shakespeare was managing the Globe Theatre of Southwark. Though we have no description of Katherine Rogers we have the following description of the mother of John Harvard's friend, Nehemiah Wallington, whom Katherine Rogers was said to be like:

"She was very loving and obedient to her parents, loving and kind to her husband, very tender hearted to her children, much affecting the sincere preachers of God's word, loving all that were godly, much misliking the wicked and profane. She was a pattern of sobriety unto many; very seldom was seen abroad except at church; when others recreated themselves on holidays and other times, she would take her needle-work and say, 'here is my recreation.' She was of fine inventions for drawing works, and many a fine and neat piece of work hath she soon dispatched, she would so apply to it; besides a very good judgment in setting out work in colors, either for birds or flowers. God had given her a pregnant wit and an excellent memory. She was rife and perfect in all the stories of the martyrs, and could readily turn to them; she was also perfect and well seen in the English Chronicles, and in the Descents of the Kings of England."

"She lived in holy wedlock with the husband of her youth twenty years wanting but four days."

On the principle of the proverb that "one good mother is worth a hundred schoolmasters," we can know that John Harvard had a particularly fortunate childhood.

From the reliable document, his mother's last will and testament, we glean that she was a woman of sincere and simple piety with an abiding affection for her children.

"I bequeath my soul," she said, "into the merciful hands of my dear redeemer Jesus Christ, as my trust and hope is, will preserve me to His heavenly kingdom."

John Harvard was also blessed with brothers and sisters. When he was born he had a half-sister Mary, in her seventh year, and a brother Robert. Two years later another brother Thomas, and later another sister, Katherine, came to

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## City Rallies to Support of Debaters as Nationwide Publicity Shows Merit of Spring Trip to Witchcraft Town

Comparative Scores of High School Speakers Show Ability of Team to Uphold Reputation of City Against All Comers; Eyes of Country Turn Towards Trip Recalling Ancient Rivalry for Name.

### Oregonian Finds News in Details From East

(Reprinted From the Oregonian)

Twenty-four students will constitute the squad for the Oregon debate. During this month the final trial debates will take place and the 12 best debaters will be selected. As there are six parts, two debaters will be appointed to prepare each speech. Six of the 12 will represent this city in the debate as well as two of the six alternates.

Announcement of the six successful candidates for the trip to Oregon will probably be made at the meeting of the Philomathean Debating club to be held February 26.

The eastern team has a remarkably fine record. The Philomathean Debating society was founded in 1909. At that time only boys were eligible for membership. In 1920 and 1921 the school participated in four debates and was defeated in all.

In October, 1921, with a membership of eight and a bank account of \$3, Mr. Barry and Miss Shortell took over the reins of the society. They also admitted girls into the club. Meetings were held weekly and a systematic course of training was arranged. Notwithstanding all this, the next two debates although hard fought, were lost.

The 1922 team broke the string of consecutive defeats and scored victories over Holyoke and Lowell. The following year the Amherst Agricultural college freshmen were encountered and defeated in the first encounter of the season. Lowell was again defeated and the Troy, (N. Y.) high school, one of the highest ranking New York high schools, was met in a dual debate Salem winning in both cities.

Visits to Rutland, Vt., New London, Conn., and Brattleboro, Vt., were attended by victories for the Salem team, and the season was ended with a unanimous decision over Beverly, Mass.

This winning of eight consecutive victories in one season established a new record among New England high schools.

Salem's greatest team opened the season of 1924 auspiciously

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### SALEM'S SCORES HERE

Record of Salem, Oregon, debaters is shown in the following summary of the past three years' work.

Teams have entered 23 debates, winning 19 and losing only 4.

Record of points scored by years follow:

1924  
Salem 6 (dual) Stayton 0.  
Salem 4 (dual) Dallas 2.  
Salem 4 (dual) Albany 2.  
Salem 2 (single) Eugene 1.  
Salem 2 (single) Warren-ton 1.  
Salem 2 (single) Ashland 1.  
Salem 2 (single) Union 0.  
(Thereby winning State championship for 1924.)

1925  
Salem 6 (dual) Silverton 0.  
Salem 4 (dual) Franklin 2.  
Salem 4 (dual) Falls City 2.  
Salem 4 (triangle) Albany, Woodburn 2.  
Salem 1 (single) Tillamook 2.

1926  
Salem 4 (dual) Woodburn 2.  
Salem 4 (triangle) Albany, Dallas, 2.  
Salem—Total 50.  
Opponents—Total 19.

Salem won state championships—1915, 1918, 1921, 1924.

### Boston American Sees "Story" in Coming Go

Sparks to Fly When Salem Meets Salem

(Reprinted from the Literary Digest.)

A novel and picturesque rivalry has drawn two widely separated Salems together, and next May their champions will meet in an unprecedented tournament of wit. Unprecedented, that is, not in kind, but in the circumstances surrounding the rivalry. Of course there are many Salems on the map, especially if you include Salem on the Tirumanimuttar river, in the province of Madras, India. At least seven of the world's Salems are in the United States. For the purpose of this history we may disregard the Salems in Illinois, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio and Virginia, and fasten our attention on the historic Salem in Massachusetts and the bustling Salem in Oregon, for they are the rivals now preparing to lock horns in vigorous combat. Whereof the circumstances are thus set forth in the Boston American:

No one in authority at the City Hall in Salem, Mass., was able to recall yesterday the phraseology of the letter which came several years ago to the Witch City from the capital of the state of Oregon, but everybody remembered the gist of it.

"Please," implored the Oregon Salem to the Massachusetts Salem, "please get yourself another name and leave 'Salem' to be borne by a more progressive town."

The letter from the western capital implied that the Puritan Salem had been sleeping 100 years, that it attracts the curious only as Pompeii attracts them, that it lacks grit and gumption and is living in and upon its past.

Which, coming from a city of 17,679 people to a historic community three times as large, was to say the least, a startling, if not modest, petition.

The birthplace of Timothy Pickens and Nathaniel Hawthorne, the city which makes claim to being the scene of the "first armed resistance to royal authority," in the year 1775, might have said something sharp in reply, but wise old Salem, recognizing the "publicity" touch of the expert secretary of an enterprising chamber of commerce, refused to nibble.

Other Salems—the Oregon re-

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### Pringle Snappy Breezes

(Published by the Students of the Pringle Schools)

STAFF  
EDITORS  
EVA LYONS.

ASSISTANT EDITOR  
KATHERINE SCOTT.

REPORTERS  
AGNES SANDIFER, Primary.  
JACK ALM, Fifth Grade.  
EDNA CONKLIN, Sixth Grade.  
EVELYN M. COBURN, Eighth Grade.

Stop! Look! Read!

The Pringle school is located about 5 miles south of Salem. It is a two-room modern school with a built-in stage and is equipped with electric lights.

Pringle was named after two families of Pringles that took up the first donation land claim in the district. One south and one north of the school house.

The enrollment of the school is 24 girls and 23 boys, consisting of eight grades; but this year we do not have any seventh grade.

First Grade: Alta McKee enrolled in our school, last Monday.

She comes from St. John's Lutheran school of Salem.

Anthony Coburn and William Coburn have not been absent nor tardy this year.

Second Grade: There are five pupils in this grade. They are learning a poem entitled, "Robin's Secret."

Third Grade: We have 10 pupils in this grade. They are memorizing "The Wind," by Stevenson.

Felice Foster, Joella Sandifer, George Clark, and Roy Boatwright have neither been absent nor tardy this year.

This grade has just completed a booklet on leather, made the shape of an oxford shoe.

Fourth Grade: There are five pupils in this grade. Theda Munro and Albert Gurgarich have neither been absent nor tardy this year.

We have just completed learning "The Old Flag Forever," and each pupil made a small flag.

The entire four grades of the Primary department are working

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## The Busy Reader's Newspaper

VOLUME I.

Published in the interest of those seeking full and accurate survey of the week's local developments

NUMBER 7

Sunday is the time the average reader sits down in an easy chair, and picks up his paper feeling that he can read it through for the first time in a week. There are few distractions. He wants a complete, thorough, local paper, written to fit his needs. We present, again, therefore, the Busy Reader's Newspaper, in which you will find an accurate, brief survey of all important local happenings. In five minutes you can be familiar with the developments of the community.

Monday, February 15

City council, by clever manipulation, voted to buy the Kay Park site, in a special session called five minutes after the night's regular meeting. The property will be taken over immediately. Stevens and Koon were formally accepted by the council as the engineers to conduct the appraisal of the Salem Water & Power company property. City Council voted to declare the office of city health officer vacant and to put the \$1150 of the health fund into the salary of the full time doctor, Vernon Douglas. Dr. Walter Brown, director of the child health demonstration of Marion county, is also employed as full time doctor at \$1 a year. John F. Logan, attorney for stage operators of Oregon, intimated that if the city of Salem does not reduce the license on stages, he will take the matter to the courts. C. C. Ferguson, of Newberg, through attorney, threatened to sue if the city does not pay a reward of \$500 he claims the city owes him. Two extra police were added to the force to aid in enforcement of the stop street ordinance.

Stockholders of the Oregon Pulp & Paper company authorized the board of directors to issue \$400,000 in additional common stock, and in floating \$1,000,000 in bonds if needed to finance present plans to double the output of the plant. Cuyler Van Patten was awarded contract to construct the new addition to stand at Commercial and Mill stream and measure 137x220 feet, housing additional paper making machinery.

Paul Wallace prizes were awarded to winners of the Latin contest Parrish junior high receiving first, McKinley and Salem high school taking second and third prizes respectively.

Tuesday, February 16

Busy as Monday had been, Tuesday held unexpected thrills.

The day started out quietly enough. Five persons arrested for selling smokes to minors were fined \$10 each in a new crusade to end smoking by youths.

"Stop" signs were painted on the Ferry street approaches to Commercial street, in response to complaints by motorists that signs on posts could not be seen.

Building for the month of February received a substantial boost when permits were taken out representing investments amounting to \$26,800. E. H. Kennedy will erect a two-story and a one story building, at 1241-45 State street, cost \$18,000. W. A. Bond will construct two one-story dwellings at 135 South Twenty-fourth streets, and 360 Lefelie street, cost of each \$3000. A. J. Flint's residence will cost \$2800.

The day's news would have run about like this, were it not for the incendiary fire, started by convict matches in the Penitentiary Flax Plant at about 4 o'clock. Slight damage was done, the fire being practically extinguished by the time city equipment arrived. Two convicts were placed in the bull pen. A good story, but nothing outstanding.

At 5:15 reporters were sitting in the turnkey's office laughing with guards about their much heralded marksmanship. One stated that several men were putting four out of five shots in a four inch bull at 100 yards. That was at 5:15 o'clock.

At 6:15, the same reporters had filed with the Associated Press the fact that guards firing 15 shots had knocked down nine men in a penitentiary dining room riot. It occurred in this way. At 5:45 o'clock reporters returned to the Statesman office, from covering the fire story. At 6:03, a tip came that the prisoners had rioted, and shots had been fired. A flash was sent across the A. P. wires. At 6:15, reporters had gone again to the penitentiary, approximately two miles away, one had returned and sent the first accurate account to member papers on the Associated Press. By this time, mechanical men had laid out three pages for an "ex-

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### INDIAN BOY DANCER IS 'JACKIE COOGAN'

Running Bell, Son of Chief Crow Feathers, Began Dancing When 2

GLACIER PARK, Mont.—Running Bell, five years of age, of the Glacier National Park reservation, is the "Jackie Coogan" of American Indians. He has been before the public eye three years, having appeared in moving pictures when a babe in arms.

Running Bell has been dancing in public since he was two years old. He wears the complete buckskin and feathered regalia of the mature Indian and presents a cute picture.

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## Arthur Brisbane Outlines What Makes a Newswriter

"The Newspaperman Must Stand on What He Did Yesterday; Like a Leghorn Hen, He is Judged by the Eggs He Laid This Week; Not Last Year"

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Feb. 20.—(Special)—A year ago Raymond D. Lawrence, then a graduate student, now an instructor, in the University of Oregon School of Journalism, sent to Arthur Brisbane, as to 500 other leaders in American journalism a questionnaire seeking opinions on the best preparation for journalism and for information regarding the rewards in the various departments of the profession. A few days ago came the reply from Mr. Brisbane, in the form of a brief note and cutting of one of his editorials printed in the Hearst dailies, of which he is editor-in-chief.

"Your letter was mislaid," Mr. Brisbane writes, "and I have just dictated to the Edison phonograph, this note to you and the article enclosed, on the train on the way back from California."

The editorial, in part, as it appeared February 9, under the title "A Good Newspaper Man—Of What Material is He Made?" follows:

"Mr. Raymond D. Lawrence, studying journalism at the Univer-

sty of Oregon, asks: What kind of men are successful in journalism, and why are they successful?

"He can get a very good answer from Professor E. W. Allen, dean of the School of Journalism, at the University of Oregon.

"A good newspaper man is one who can SEE A THING CLEARLY AND DESCRIBE IT SIMPLY."

"This refers to the editorial department.

"In the business or advertising department he is the man that can inspire confidence, tell the truth forcibly and plainly, and stop talking after he has talked ENOUGH.

"The best kind of newspaper man, and a rare kind, is he who can retain through the years the capacity to feel intensely and express intense feeling through his writings.

"A young surgeon cutting off a leg for the first time feels the operation intensely. Later, he does it not at all and that makes him a BETTER surgeon.

"The young reporter, at his

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