
 A LEAF FROM CALIFORNIA'S BOOK

Irving E. Vining, president of the Oregon State Chamber of Commerce, in a few remarks before the Salem Rotary club at its noon luncheon, spoke in
the tourists in our statetraveling by automobile in Oregon having just set in

Mr. Vining said in effect that while it is our privilege and ought to be our duty to show to tourists our manifold advantages, we should not forget the background of the
individual tourist. Perhaps he is from California. Well, let him know that you realize the great attractions of California; that it is a wonderful state with unsurpassed advanta of many kinds, including a climate peculiarly its own. Or perhaps the tourist is from Massachusetts, with it world of historic

And it is the duty of Oregonians to give deference to th background of the tourist tarrying within our gates, while not forgetting our own peerless Oregon-
And that will be taking a leaf from
And that will be taking a leaf from California's book That is the way they do it in Caiifornia. And they are exper ienced. They know how. They make a business of tourists The tourist crop is the biggest crop of all down there. Oregon
can afford to sit at the feet of California in this respect. No can afford to sit at the feet of California in this respect. No
California man or woman, or child, will ever fail to stand up and boost for California; neither will one of them in his or her right mind fail to speak well of the place of origin o home of the stranger within California's gates.

## THE CHERRY KAGGOT FLY

The control of the cherry maggot fij is of vital import ance to all our growers of sweet cherries; and more particu
arly to our late black cherry growers, especially the Bing larly to our late
And it would seem to be a measure of wisdom for ou cherry growers is organize for protection. If there are any who will not spray for the maggot fly, all the other cherry to provide full spraying.

And there should be a revision of the laws to cover the control of the cherry magot fly. There is nothing as important for the cherry industry, or at least for that portion part of our cherry industry that is worth not only preserving but building up

## CHILD WELFARE

Report of the National Child Welfare Conference held in New York recently is illuminating in the scope of its en
deavor to conserve home as preferable to institutional life. 4 The purpose of the meeting was to discuss and devis ways by which destitute children may be kept in or restored
to suitable homes, under care of their parents or other relatives instead of placing or retaining them in public institutions.
the fact interest shown in the meeting may be gleaned from were represented endorsing the meeting was received. Addresses were give by leading men and women of the nation including Mayor Hyland; Miss Margaret Wilson daughter of former Presiden Wilson; James Davis secretary of labor; Governor Smith Bird S. Coler, commissioner of the department of child wel fare in New York; Sophie Irene Loeb, welfare worker of national reputation; W. J. Bryan; Corneliuz
other men and women of national prominence.

Among the results of the conference was the full endorse ment of the proposed efforts to secure national, normal hom promote the study, to prevent pauperism among children; to sion laws in the various states. To raise the standards of chind welfare laws; to formulate and to secure proper standto aid in the specific enforcement of child welfare laws wes the expressed determination also of the meeting.

The final result of this organized endeavor to raise the standard of the home and to force upon it the first duty of
parenthood and worthy citizenship will be of yenuine worth parenthood and worthy citizenship will be of genuine worth childhood can fall short of real progress. Every child is a prospective citizen and as such is the nation's finest oreatest asset. Humanity and civilization both demand child welfare at its best.
In this day when so many homes are broken and the children caught helpless in the domestic debris thinking citizens everyw.
fare endeavor.
The suggestion of a campaign to popularize the logan-

in our one hundred fifty-nine national forests according 4,000 over the estimate of one year ago.
In the national forests in Oregon there are 6000 bear 60,000 deer, 3000 elk, 30 mountain sheep and the same numiber of antelope. For Washington state the estimate is 6500
bear, 20,000 deer, 8000 elk, 25 mountain sheep and 2000 mountain goats.

Deer represent by far the greater number of the big game animals with a total of over 550,000 , a gain of approx-
imately 40,000 during the past year. California ranks first and Oregon second in the number of deer. Alaska has about 50,000 .
Antelope herds are very scarce and in unsatisfactory
ondition. They are located mostly in the forests of Idaho condition. They are located mostly in the forests of ldaho
and Arizona. The number of moose sinows a loss during the year being reduced now to about 5000 .
Buffaloes are no longer considered
Buffaloes are no longer considered outside of protected It is It is seen that while some of these denizens of the forest are suffering depletion others are multiplying so rapidly that
forage for them will soon become a real problem unless proective restrictions are lessened and their slaughter pertective
mitted.

And the reduction of numbers should be permitted only under governmental direction. which will conserve the food and other commercial values for the citizenry of the country. Under this plan indiscriminate killing and waste will be avoid-
ed; sufficient breeding stock will be preserved and the game ed; sufficient breeding stock will be preserved and the gar
values of the country be kept up to a desirable standard. "What glorious days for our roses" says Portland.
WY HUS日ANI'S
LOVE adele Garrison's New Phase o
REVELATIONS OF A WIFE


## BILEY'S UNCLE



## DOROTHY DARNIT



