

OWPCO

Broom handles, mop handles, paper plugs, tent pegs, all kinds of hardwood handles, manufactured by the

Oregon Wood Products Co.
West Salem

BUY AN **OVERLAND** AND Realize the Difference

VICK BROS. QUALITY CARS
HIGH ST. AT TRADE

SELLING SALEM DISTRICT

WHITE COAL WILL DO IT

Salem is bound to become a city of 50,000 people; of 100,000; of 500,000—

Nature has so decreed—
The resources are here to justify all this—

And one of the most solid and certain of these is the possibility of her water power development—

The use of her white coal to turn the wheels of industry.

Here is the key to a certain steady growth—

To rapid growth, if the key is employed as it should be.

The result would be as sure as the running of water down hill.

Why not a major effort in this field; and a sticking to it everlastingly?

Dates of Slogans in Daily Statesman

(In Twice-a-Week Statesman Following Day)

Loganberries, Oct. 4.	Drug garden, May 1.
Prunes, Oct. 11.	Sugar beets, sorghum, etc., May 8.
Dairying, Oct. 18.	Water powers, May 15.
Flax, Oct. 25.	Irrigation, May 22.
Filberts, Nov. 1.	Mining, May 29.
Walnuts, Nov. 8.	Land, irrigation, etc., June 5.
Strawberries, Nov. 15.	Dehydration, June 12.
Apples, Nov. 22.	Hops, cabbage, etc., June 19.
Raspberries, Nov. 29.	Wholesaling and jobbing, June 26.
Mint, December 6.	Cucumbers, etc., July 3.
Great cows, etc., Dec. 13.	Hogs, July 10.
Blackberries, Dec. 20.	City beautiful, etc., July 17.
Cherries, Dec. 27.	Schools, etc., July 24.
Pears, Jan. 3, 1924.	Sheep, July 31.
Gooseberries, Jan. 10.	National advertising, Aug. 7.
Corn, Jan. 17.	Seeds, etc., Aug. 14.
Celery, Jan. 24.	Livestock, Aug. 21.
Spinach, etc., Jan. 31.	Automotive industry, Aug. 28.
Onions, etc., Feb. 7.	Grain and grain products, Sept. 4.
Potatoes, etc., Feb. 14.	Manufacturing, Sept. 11.
Bees, Feb. 21.	Woodworking, etc., Sept. 18.
Poultry and pet stock, Feb. 28.	Paper mills, etc., Sept. 25.
Goats, March 6.	(Back copies of the Thursday editions of the Daily Oregon Statesman are on hand. They are for sale at 10 cents each, mailed to any address. Current copies, 5c.)
Beans, etc., March 13.	
Paved highways, March 20.	
Broccoli, etc., March 27.	
Silos, etc., April 3.	
Legumes, April 10.	
Asparagus, etc., April 17.	
Grapes, etc., April 24.	

Valley Motor Co

266 North High Street Phone 1995

Boost This Community by Advertising on the Slogan Pages

DID YOU KNOW That water is running idle down the defiles of the Cascades and the Coast Range within easy distance of Salem (within an average of less than 50 miles) affording cheaply developed hydro-electric projects that would aggregate more than 150,000 horsepower; that within a radius of 100 miles more than 250,000 horsepower could be developed, and, with power lines no longer than some lines in use in California, three to four million horsepower; that Salem may absolutely assure her steady growth by the development of the first named 150,000 and over horsepower for use here in industries; that she may become a city of a half million population by developing and using the powers within a radius of 100 miles, and that it would be a splendid and sound move for this city, as a city, or as individuals organized into companies, to undertake water power development here on an ambitious scale, and to do it now?

BAK A FLATH A DAX

Weatherly Ice Cream

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Buttercup Ice Cream Co.

F. M. GREGORY, Mgr.

240 South Commercial St. SALEM

DODGE BROTHERS

SEDAN

Bonesteel Motor Co.

184 S. Com'l St. Phone 488

VALLEY PACKING CO. CASCADE BRAND HAMS, BACON AND LARD

U. S. Inspected SALEM, OREGON

The HOME GARDEN

What is Home without a Garden?

SPINACH BEETS RADISHES YOUNG ONIONS

STRAW BEANS CAN BE STRIPPED BETWEEN BEANS BEFORE EARLY CROP IS HARVESTED.

ALTERNATE BEANS—GREEN—BEANS—MAY BEANS—GREEN BEANS—MAY BEANS—GREEN BEANS

SIMPLE PLANTING PLAN FOR A SMALL GARDEN 10 X 5 FEET. FOLLOWING THE BEAN CROP LATE TURNIPS, CARROTS, LETTUCE, SPINACH ETC. MAY BE PLANTED.

Try a New Vegetable

Trying new vegetables is always interesting besides furnishing a variant from the staples for the table. There are a number of vegetables which, although in cultivation for some years, are seldom seen in gardens and seem to make their way much more slowly than their worth justifies.

The Chinese cabbage or Pe Tsai is now well known in fancy groceries during the fall and winter months under the name of celery cabbage. It is a tall, thick vegetable resembling a gigantic celery stalk with a delicate cabbage flavor. It is in reality a mustard and not a cabbage and has something of the tang of mustard greens. It is at its best eaten raw as a salad and is excellent boiled like common cabbage, having a more delicate flavor.

It is best raised as a fall crop, treated like late cabbage from seed planted in June.

Another luxury which can be grown very easily is French endive or witloof, always expensive in the market and furnishing green salad during the winter from a warm basement or cellar. It is sown in the spring and makes roots like a large radish or parsnip. These are stored in earth in the cellar and the blanched tops cut off and eaten as they grow. Growth is prompted by moistening the soil in the boxes in which they are stored in the fall.

The okra or gumbo, a standard soup material in the south, the green half-grown pods being used as flavoring, is an easily grown warm weather vegetable for northern gardens.

The tribe of vegetable marrows and Italian squashes are very desirable vegetables grown under precisely the same treatment as squashes, melons and cucumbers and the fruit is ready to cook when half grown. The English and Italian are very fond of these vegetables which have made their way slowly here. They are easy to cook, treated as eggplant and fried in batter. Boiling is a more delicate task as, if overcooked, the flesh is dispersed in the water and lost.

They have a delicate marrow flavor and will be much esteemed when better known.

CHINESE CABBAGE OR PE-TSAI
OKRA
FRENCH ENDIVE OR WITLOOF
CMICORY.

bank is a modest, quiet man, reverent and democratic. He is an idealist who holds his own integrity above all else. In the pursuit of truth, fired by his mighty genius he will resist all troubles, overcome all obstacles, but he will never be assertive in an unpleasant way. Only the best that he can do will pass muster in his eyes and he is unflinchingly loyal to the demands of his ideals.

"How many experiments are you working on just now?" I asked.

"Three hundred thousand," he said quietly. "There are so many things I still want to do and I am past 73 years of age. I must keep at it all the time."

"Three hundred thousand!" I exclaimed. "I don't see how you can begin to look after them."

"It takes time," he admitted. "I am in the field, here or at one of my three test places, by 7 in the morning and I work from 10 to 12 hours. I have no union labor myself."

"The other day I carried a pedometer and found, to my surprise, that going to and from among the beds I walked an average of 24 miles daily."

Thinking of his many written works I interposed—"But how do you find time to write?"

"At night," he smiled. "I take a paper and pencil to bed. If I happen to think of the right thing I jot it down while resting before sleep."

He seemed almost embarrassed as he added—

"The work one can do that will leave something of value to his brothers of earth is about all that life has, isn't it?"

There in a flash he had revealed himself. He serves unselfishly with humbleness of heart and singleness of purpose. He is one of the givers among men.

"But at least," I said as though summing up my reflections, "you have escaped the persecution that generally comes to a genius. You have not had to suffer from prejudice and ignorance and disbelief."

"I have been literally crucified," he said with a shadow in his eyes. "There was a time when I was labeled a fraud by public statement," and then before a smile the shadow vanished, "but that is all past now. The bitter and the sweet come all mixed up, the sweet more precious for the other."

"It is God's way—the same way that we make a plant hardy by exposing it to wind and storm and sun."

Great But Humble.

The door bell rang and a man appeared with thousands of packages of seed. Mr. Burbank told him to take them around to the office, then turned to us with a happy twinkle in his eyes. "As you know," he said, "I no longer maintain my nursery business. I have hit upon another scheme and a better one for disposing of my plants."

"I do a mail order business with seeds," he laughed delightedly. "Every year, between the first of January and the last of April I have from ten to twenty thousand letters daily. People from all over the world send for my seed."

"I like to think of my plants growing in the private gardens behind the homes of the people."

"But you should advertise this fact," I declared. "Thousands of people do not know that ten cents mailed to you will bring them improved seed."

"I cannot wish for more business," he replied. "All who send, receive, and my time is filled to the last minute."

I suspected him of hiding something. There was a look in his

THE JERSEY CATTLE CLUB CHAUTAUQU

A Hundred Jersey Club Members to Compete at State Fair Grounds May 29

A dispatch from the Oregon Agricultural college makes the announcement that Jersey club members of Marion county will send judging teams to the Jersey judging contest to be held in connection with the first annual Oregon Jersey Cattle club chautauqu at the state fair grounds, May 28 and 29. One hundred Jersey club members from over the state will compete. A purebred Jersey calf valued

(Continued on page 10)

Auto Electric Work
E. D. BARTON
171 S. Commercial St.

HOTEL MARION

SALEM, OREGON

The Largest and Most Complete Hostelry in Oregon Out of Portland

DRAGER FRUIT COMPANY

Dried Fruit Packers

221 S. High St., Salem, Or. Always in the market for dried fruits of all kinds

BLAESING GRANITE CO.

ROY BOHANNON MGR.
SALEM, OREGON

A Licensed Lady Embalmer to care for women and children is a necessity in all funeral homes. We are the only ones furnishing such service.

Terwilliger Funeral Home

776 Chemeketa St. Phone 724 Salem, Oregon

NOW IS THE TIME!

To look after your heating plants and see that it is in good order, or if you are going to need a new one. This is the appropriate time to buy it!

THEO M. BARR

164 S. Com'l St.

Two Over Winter Crops

Salsify or oyster plant and parsnips are crops that require an entire season of growth and are at their best the following spring after planting, the winter freezing bringing out their best flavor. They are the first crop available from the garden and may be used as soon as they can be taken out of the ground during a spring thaw. As soon as growth starts in the spring their usefulness is over. It is best to dig and store them to avoid too early a start of growth and lengthen the season.

Both vegetables, oysters and parsnips, may be planted up to the middle of May. The main factor in their cultivation, and the one most neglected, is thinning. Oyster plant should be left six inches apart and parsnips eight. Otherwise the plant will be so crowded in the rows the roots will not have any chance to develop.

It is often the custom to plant these two vegetables in some out-of-the-way part of the garden and forget about them and let them struggle with weeds if there isn't time to get over the entire garden with the hoe. Even with this treatment they invariably produce fair roots if given a chance in the way of thinning. But good cultivation and weeding brings the reward in fine roots.

Really good parsnips are seldom seen in the home garden because of neglect, particularly in the way of thinning. The usual run is a lot of small, slender roots not more than two inches thick at the top, when they might just as well be three or four inches thick.

The vegetable oyster forms a small root seldom more than an inch or an inch and a half thick, even with good cultivation, and thinning of this vegetable is even more necessary than in the parsnip as it is a tedious task to prepare the slender roots for the table, as they are usually grown in the home garden. The mammoth Sandwich Island and the Scorzoner or black salsify are imported sorts that give larger roots than the older varieties. Many gardeners prefer the black variety because of its more robust growth.

a few weeks in spring, of gooseberries, larger and whiter than any grown, with the sweetness and flavor of honey. And never, was there the suggestion of egotism in all his talk. Indeed, one is inclined at first to wonder if he is not shy but as you chat, you catch glimpses into his soul. Mr. Bur-

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER. CULTIVATE SAME AS PARSNIPS. CAN BE LEFT IN GROUND THROUGH THE WINTER AND DUG WHEN WANTED FOR TABLE USE.

300,000 EXPERIMENTS BY LUTHER BURBANK

(Continued from page 8)

leaves where the thistles used to be."

200,000 Experiments

He spoke of artichokes that bear the season through instead of

Second Crop Sowing

Leaf lettuce and radishes with spinach are the first crops to be used up in the early garden. Their space is available for other planting by the middle of May at the latest.

It is always advisable to follow a root crop with a leaf crop. So in the case of radishes a crop which produces its edible yield above ground is the right planting. Beans, corn, peppers, eggplant, or tomatoes are available to utilize the space of the radishes as soon as they are out of the ground.

The lettuce patch may be utilized for root crops as it is a leaf crop and into the lettuce patch may go early turnips, a second or third planting of carrots, beets or Swiss chard. The lettuce patch is also available for a later planting of peas or string beans provided it is cleared off early enough so that the peas start early in May.

In making these second plantings, the old beds should be spaded again and balanced commercial fertilizer, shredded cow manure or pulverized sheep manure applied to compensate for the nourishment taken by the previous crop.

The radish being a member of the mustard family, it is also inadvisable to follow it with any of its own family even though not a root crop. This would bar cabbages, cauliflower, or Brussels sprouts as an advisable follow crop for radishes but they might very readily be planted in vacated lettuce or spinach beds.

The main point is to have a succession crop planned and ready to sow when the earliest crops have been harvested so that the soil may be kept at work producing during the entire gardening season. A good gardener has no vacant soil longer than the period necessary for seed to germinate.

It is an excellent idea to sit down now and figure just what you intend to put in to follow the radishes, lettuce, spinach and young onions if you have not already planned for this contingency.

With the plantings definitely located, it is a great saver of time for all there is to do is to march out to the garden with the seed packet and sow the seeds without wasting any time in deciding just where it is to go.

GIVE US

A List of Your Lumber Requirements.

Build Now

Our Prices are Right

FALLS CITY-SALEM LUMBER CO.

340 So. 12th Near S.F. Depot A. B. Kelsay, Mgr.

Next Week's Slogan

SUBJECT IS

IRRIGATION AND OTHER THINGS

Salem will grow as fast as her water powers are developed, and as surely.

Manuals, School Helps and Supplies

Your order will be given PROMPT attention

The J. J. Kraps Company

Kent S. Kraps, Mgr. Box 96 Salem, Oregon

OUR TREES

Carefully Grown—Carefully Selected—Carefully Packed

Will Give Satisfaction to the Planter

SALEM NURSERY COMPANY

428 Oregon Building PHONE 1763 Additional Salesmen Wanted