

## DEMPSEY WINNER; KNOCKOUT COMES IN SECOND ROUND

### Bout Ends 57 Seconds After Start of Second Round—Challenger Floored Five Times in First—Champion Sent Through the Ropes—Climbs Back Groggy.

RINGSIDE, Polo Grounds, New York, Sept. 14.—(By Associated Press.)—Jack Dempsey tonight retained his world's heavyweight title, knocking out Luis Angel Firpo, the "Wild Bull of the Pampas", in the second round of one of the fiercest, fastest and most spectacular battles in the history of pugilism.

The champion floored his Argentine challenger five times in the first round and twice in the second round before a short right uppercut to the jaw sent Firpo down for the last time. But in the three minutes and 57 seconds of whirlwind, terrific mauling, Dempsey himself once was knocked clear through the ropes on top of the press benches and groggy under a bombardment of mighty rights.

Before Firpo went hurtling down to defeat, carrying with him the shattered hopes of a continent, he gave a vast, frenzied throng of 85,000, one of the most thrilling and courageous ring exhibitions of all time. Battered, bloody and groggy, he showed his marvelous stamina by coming back with a whirlwind crushing drive toward the close of the first round that had the title holder tottering, closer to losing his crown than at any time in his career.

Firpo fought the best fight of his career. The challenger's mighty right was never mightier. Against the relentless power and versatility of the champion's furious attack he went down, but in defeat he gained more glory than in any battle of his career. He was beaten but his menace to the heavyweight throne was not removed.

From the tap of the first gong, these two giants tore at each other with attacks of unrestrained savagery. Firpo was the first to land as they came to close quarters but in a flash the champion plunged, shot in a right to the body and a left to the jaw, sending the challenger crashing to the floor on his side.

Down twice momentarily dazed but with eyes ablaze, Firpo rose to his feet after a short count and rushed back. Again he was met by a withering drive and went down for the second and third times. Blood flowed from his mouth, he was stunned and Dempsey let loose the most terrific power of his swings as he sensed victory. Firpo went down twice more and both times it seemed the end had come. But after a count of nine on his fifth knockdown, the challenger suddenly sprang at his adversary like a wounded tiger, an infuriated jungle beast.

Swinging with flail-like rapidity and sledgehammer power the famous right thrust that had brushed aside all opposition before and swept him to fame, the Argentine rushed at his adversary. Caught unawares by this stunning comeback on the part of the man he had believed beaten into submission, Dempsey reeled under the assault. A right to the side of the head sent Dempsey to his knees and as he arose another swing knocked him from his feet and through the ropes on top of the newspaper men huddled at the edge of the ring.

### Champion Wavers

Dempsey's knees wavered as he climbed back in. He clinched to save himself. Firpo couldn't follow up his advantage and the bell ended a round that will go down as one of the most sensational of all fighting history came to an end with both gladiators on their feet.

Unleashed for the second round, they leaped at each other once more. Dempsey again was the quicker on the attack and Firpo went down under the crushing blows of the champion. He arose only to go down once more. Now there was no doubt of the outcome. The challenger, bleeding and tottering, forced himself to his feet, carrying on largely by instinct. Dempsey stepped in, whipped his left to the body and then a short right to the chin that sent Firpo sprawling on the glare

### Flagman in Twelfth Is Asked By Mayor Giesy

Mayor John B. Giesy of Salem yesterday appeared before the public service commission and asked that the commission require the Southern Pacific company to use a flagman at its crossing on South Twelfth street, near the depot. The crossing is over switching tracks, and in a recent accident there the Salem police automobile was demolished.

### THE WEATHER

OREGON—Fair Saturday, moderate northwesterly winds.

### LOCAL WEATHER

(Friday)  
Maximum temperature 77.  
Minimum temperature 53.  
Rainfall, none.  
River, 1.5.  
Atmosphere, clear.  
Wind, west.

## LEGISLATORS OF OKLAHOMA WANT TO MEET

### Governor Says He Will Put Them in Jail and Keep Them There if They Interfere

### CENSORSHIP NOT LIKED BY PAPERS

### Marital Law Extended to Other Sections of State By Governor

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 14.—Members of the state legislature will be put in jail "and kept there" if they attempt to meet in "extraordinary session to interfere with his war on floggings," Governor J. C. Walton declared tonight.

"I don't intend to stand for any such thing," the governor said.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 14.—With extension of marital law to new sections of Oklahoma in prospect and a military censorship of the press threatened by Governor J. C. Walton, two steps were under way tonight in an attempt to curb the powers being assumed by the executive.

### Injunction Sought

Following the posting of a censor today in the offices of the Tulsa Tribune, Richard Lloyd Jones, editor of the newspaper, announced he would seek an injunction in federal court in defense of the freedom of the press.

The second step took the form of a movement to bring the legislature into extraordinary session without a call from the governor to consider the acts of the executive.

### Authorities Differ

Authorities differ on the right of the state's law making body to take such action, no procedure having been perfected by statute for such a course, although it is said the matter is not prohibited by the state constitution.

In an interview at Tahomah today, William K. Murray, chairman of the constitutional convention of 1907, declared the right to assemble on its own violation was an inherent power belonging to the legislature.

## LIONS LISTEN TO JUDGE M'COURT

### Question of Employer and Employee Handled By Supreme Court Justice

Fair treatment upon the parts of both employer and employee is demanded today, Justice John M'Court told members of the Lions club at their noon-day luncheon at the Marion hotel Friday. Judge M'Court took the general constitution of the club, promotion of the welfare of its members and of the community, as his topic.

Nine-tenths of the people of the country give public service, he said, and few have actual contact with either state or national government. Duty and thoroughness are the fundamentals in the discharge of public service. Among the speaker continued. It is the duty of each one to do the best of his or her ability that task which falls to the individual's lot.

Judge M'Court professed his talk with an outline of how trade and barter had developed, showing how the middleman was created and how the great transportation systems were a natural sequence.

### Navy Will Not Be Used to Enforce Prohibition

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—It was stated officially at the White House today that President Coolidge has no intention at this time of asking authority from congress to use armed forces of the nation in enforcing prohibition.

The executive does not believe it would be wise to use the army and the navy in such police work. He regards it as conceivable that a time might come when it would be desirable to use naval craft to prevent smuggling but such use of war vessels should be resorted to with a great deal of hesitation.

## WOMEN HAVE FUNNY IDEAS ABOUT SCRAP

### "Did Dempsey Knock Him Out for Good?" Is One Question Over Telephone

The reporter who sat for hours before a telephone to answer inquiries concerning the Dempsey-Firpo fight will comb the city today in an effort to find a Salem woman whom he wishes to award the cast-iron cucumber.

"Who won the prize fight today?" queries a sweet feminine voice.

"Dempsey knocked out Firpo in the second round," barks the reporter.

"Well haven't you the report of the third round yet?" murmurs the feminine sport enthusiast.

And that isn't all. During the first hour there were 69 calls asking who won the fight, 16 of which were made by women as nearly as the reporter can judge voices. The woman who wins second prize captured her award by the query, "Was he knocked out for good?" Predominantly, the exclamation from the women was "Oh! for goodness' sake!"—12 women making that reply by actual count.

Some of the replies made by the men could hardly be quoted here. The majority of them showed Dempsey sympathy. For the first three hours queries averaged more than one a minute.

## DIVORCES HIT BY CHURCHMEN

### United Brethren Conference Speaker Deplores Condition in America

The second day of the Oregon conference of the United Brethren in Christ opened Friday morning with Bishop William H. Washinger presiding. All meetings are being held at Castle chapel, Seventeenth and Nebraska streets. Spiritual prayer and testimony service was held.

"A Runaway Preacher" was the theme of a stirring address by Bishop Washinger, basing his talk upon Jonah 1:1, 3. In introduction he said that the United Brethren church stood for and always has stood for the Bible as the Word of God. Every man has in his experience a likeness to Jonah, though many are not so fortunate, he said.

God's call to Jonah was personal, and He was in it, the Bishop averred. He was not like some men who are not interested, nor in on the program of right today. There is no escape from the call of God, and sooner or later each must answer it. Bishop Washinger said in closing. The address will be continued today.

Declaring that as many divorces are granted in a day in the United States as are granted in a whole year in England, Dr. J. E. Shannon, Dayton, Ohio, gave some startling facts in his report of the "Christian Home" Friday afternoon. In 1901 in this country there were 61,689 homes wrecked by divorce, he said, and 19 years later the number had increased to 132,753 through the same cause. Chicago alone, he said, had twice as many divorce cases as the whole of England.

The old-fashioned Puritan home was held to be the best safeguard of the nation by the speaker. As these decrease, crime waves will increase, he said. He declared that in an examination of the boys of the late war that two out of every three boasted that they did not even attend church. Among the older persons, who are found in the churches, about nine out of ten have some form of religious worship in their homes, but among the younger generation, about one in ten have this privilege, he said.

That \$41,000 had been obtained in a campaign for \$100,000 for a benevolent home for old people of the church, was reported by Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Moon, superintendents of the Baker Home for aged ministers and their families at Puento, Cal.

A telegram to Bishop Washinger, from Dayton, Ohio, telling that all the missionaries of the church in Tokio were safe, but that nearly all the property had been destroyed, was read.

E. B. Ward arrived yesterday afternoon to join his wife. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ward recently returned from China where they have been engaged in missionary work, and brought greetings from the Women's Missionary association.

Dr. J. E. Shannon, general secretary of education for the denomination, Dayton, will speak this evening. He delivered a talk before the congregation last night.

## LIFE IN RUHR AT STANDSTILL SAYS GERMAN

### Former Chancellor Arrives in New York on Business Connected With Hamburg American Line

### DENIES INTEREST IN PROPOSED LOAN

### Dr. Cuno Once Refused Position of Ambassador to United States

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Dr. Carl Joseph Wilhelm Cuno, former chancellor of Germany and president of the council of the Hamburg-American line, arrived today on the Reliance for a visit of several weeks in this country as a private citizen and a business man.

Denying that he was here in the interest of a proposed \$5,000,000,000 inter-allied loan to Germany or to arrange extension of the Hamburg-American and W. A. Hartman shipping combine, Dr. Cuno declared the sole purpose of his trip was to renew personal and business relations with his American friends. He had no connection with politics, he said, which he definitely left behind when he resigned the office of chancellor. Due to the fact that the conditions had changed since he left Germany, Dr. Cuno would not discuss recent developments in France and Germany looking to a settlement of the Ruhr question. Fundamentally, he said, this was an economic and financial problem. As a businessman he thought it impossible of settlement if looked at purely from the political viewpoint.

Germany to Pay

"The Germans realize that Germany lost the war," he said in a formal statement, "and that Germany therefore must pay for the war. Germany is willing to pay to the limit of her capacity. Life in the Ruhr districts, the industrial heart of Germany, is at a standstill, and until the Ruhr conflict has been settled, no one can estimate Germany's capacity to pay."

Although his three proposals for a settlement of the Ruhr difficulty were declined, Dr. Cuno said that they had not been withdrawn and the German people stand by them today. He said, too, that he held to his original estimate of 30,000,000 gold marks as a settlement.

Before he became chancellor, Dr. Cuno said, he refused the offer of the ambassadorship to the United States, and added that he would refuse the post if it were offered to him now.

## MUSSELLINI HAPPY WITH HIS SUCCESS

### Italian Premier Tells Council of Ministers of Italy's Victory

ROME, Sept. 14.—(By the Associated Press)—Premier Mussolini today addressed the council of ministers, summarizing all phases of the Greco-Italian conflict and the successful results he had obtained in the diplomatic battle at Geneva and Paris.

The council of ministers unanimously approved the decisions which had been made by Premier Mussolini throughout the course of the crisis.

The semi-official reports reaching here on the action of the council of ambassadors at Paris emphasize the success obtained by Italy. They state that Greece had asked for an immediate evacuation of Corfu, which the council of ambassadors refused.

## THRONG LISTENS TO FIGHT RETURNS

### South Commercial Street Blocked in Front of Statesman Office

Many hundreds of people, by far the largest crowd that ever gathered in Salem to listen to the returns on any sporting event, and many times bigger than gathered at any other place in the city, was the crowd that assembled in front of the Statesman office yesterday evening to get the results of the Dempsey-Firpo battle for the world heavyweight championship.

The crowd blocked the street, including the sidewalks on both sides, leaving only a narrow avenue along the trolley line which the police kept clear for the street cars to pass through.

The Statesman was the first in the city to thrill the fans with announcement of the knockdowns and to announce Dempsey the winner.

## REPORTS MADE UP BY COMMANDERS

### Investigation of Destroyer Catastrophe Will Open Monday

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 14.—Commanders of 15 naval destroyers which were enroute from San Francisco to San Diego last Saturday night when seven of their number crashed to destruction upon the rocks at Point Honda, tonight were preparing separate reports of the catastrophe to be presented to the naval court of inquiry scheduled to resume its sessions here next Monday.

Members of the naval court headed by Read Admiral W. W. Pratt were also active in preparation for the hearing, particularly Lieutenant Commander Leslie Bratton, judge advocate, whose duty it will be to present evidence tending to fix responsibility for the disaster and to cross question officers and men involved.

Actual presentation of evidence, however, will not begin until Monday.

## Albany Editor Appointed in State Parole Board

Governor Pierce yesterday appointed W. L. Jackson, editor of the Albany Democrat, as a member of the state parole board. He takes the place vacated by Bert N. Haney, who resigned when appointed a member of the United States shipping board. The parole board will meet tomorrow.

## DR. B. L. STEEVES IS LAY DELEGATE; ADMIT SALEM MEN

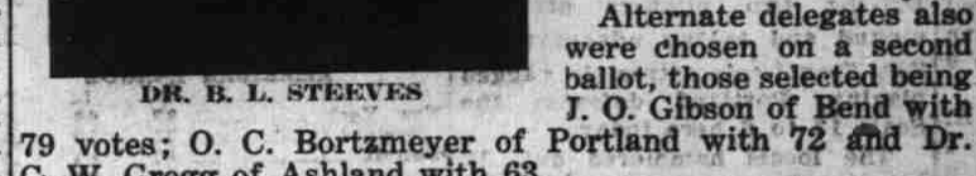
### Member of First Methodist Episcopal Church Elected Representative—Mrs. Hughes Will Also Go To National Convention—Next Year's Meeting Place Chosen.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 14.—After the Oregon state conference of the Methodist Episcopal church had broken its deadlock today by the election of three to complete its delegation to the coming general conference of the denomination, the laymen's conference also elected its conference delegates.

Those chosen were: Dr. W. D. Pollard of Springfield, with 82 votes; Roy Cox of Oregon City with 78; Mrs. Matthew S. Hughes of Portland with 74 and B. L. Steeves of Salem with 69. The total number of ballots was 108.

Alternate delegates also were chosen on a second ballot, those selected being J. O. Gibson of Bend with 79 votes; O. C. Bortzmeyer of Portland with 72 and Dr. G. W. Gregg of Ashland with 63.

Ten young men were admitted on trial in the Oregon conference and passed to the study of first year work. They were: Forrest Wax of Willamette university; Clarence E. Oliver of Portland; George Smith Brown of Portland; C. O. Jennings of North Bend; Leslie B. Bailey of Salem; Willard V. Hutchinson of Wilderville; Horace Kaye of Pine Grove, formerly a lieutenant in the British army in Egypt; Paul Buckley, formerly of Calcutta, now of Salem; Lloyd Thompson of Salem and Sinfurosa Pedilla of the Philippine Islands.



Changes in apportionment were directed following years of criticism of large delegations from southern states normally democratic. No delegates will be allowed under the new rule, from congressional districts which do not maintain a Republican organization and do not cast at least 2500 Republican votes. The stripes many southern districts submit of representation reducing South Carolina from eleven to eleven, Mississippi from twelve to four, Louisiana's from twelve to nine and Georgia's from seven to nine. The Florida delegation, however, is increased from eight to ten. Tennessee's from twenty to 25 and Virginia's from 15 to 16.

Delegations Given

State	1924	1920
Idaho	10	8
Oregon	13	9
Washington	16	14

## MEXICO DECLINES TO ENTER LEAGUE

### Forced to Decline, Foreign Secretary Says, Because of England

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 14.—(By the Associated Press).—Mexico has declined an invitation from the Latin-American delegates to the league of nations to become a member of the league.

Replying to a message sent by all the Latin-American representatives guaranteeing Mexico's admission should she apply, Foreign Secretary Pant declared that Mexico was forced to decline because diplomatic relations with Great Britain had not been resumed and Great Britain had a delegate in the league council.

## LEGION ASKED NOT TO TAKE SIDES

### Washington Convention Addressed By Member of State Federation

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—Urging cooperation between organized labor and the American Legion, William Short, president of the Washington state federation of labor, in an address to delegates to the state legion convention today, declared that labor at no time would ask the legion to take sides in an industrial dispute.

Reports of the military affairs and naval affairs committees were made to the convention today but decision on important questions was left until tomorrow, including the constitutional amendment to make the office of adjutant appointive.

A standing army of 15,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men and opposition to any further reductions in the armed forces of the United States were the chief points in the military affairs convention committee's report which was adopted. A report from the standing military affairs committee in regard to the status of officers and former officers of the national guard was submitted but a minority report favoring a change in the law to include federal service in the seniority rights of guard officers was substituted after a warm discussion.

The naval affairs report, which was adopted, pointed out that reduced appropriations had hampered operation of the fleet.

## OREGON IS GIVEN 12 VOTES

### State's Delegation to Republican National Convention Increased By Two—Idaho and Washington Also Get More

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—(tentative apportionment of delegates to the 1924 Republican national convention, conforming to the order of the national committee issued in 1920 and designed to equalize Republican voters' representation, was made public tonight at committee headquarters. It provides for 1,936 delegates and alternates as compared to 2,000 four years ago with several reductions ordered in some of the "solid south" states and increases in most of northern and western sections.

Changes in apportionment were directed following years of criticism of large delegations from southern states normally democratic. No delegates will be allowed under the new rule, from congressional districts which do not maintain a Republican organization and do not cast at least 2500 Republican votes. The stripes many southern districts submit of representation reducing South Carolina from eleven to eleven, Mississippi from twelve to four, Louisiana's from twelve to nine and Georgia's from seven to nine. The Florida delegation, however, is increased from eight to ten. Tennessee's from twenty to 25 and Virginia's from 15 to 16.

Delegations Given

State	1924	1920
Idaho	10	8
Oregon	13	9
Washington	16	14

Washington Convention Addressed By Member of State Federation

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—Urging cooperation between organized labor and the American Legion, William Short, president of the Washington state federation of labor, in an address to delegates to the state legion convention today, declared that labor at no time would ask the legion to take sides in an industrial dispute.

Reports of the military affairs and naval affairs committees were made to the convention today but decision on important questions was left until tomorrow, including the constitutional amendment to make the office of adjutant appointive.

A standing army of 15,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men and opposition to any further reductions in the armed forces of the United States were the chief points in the military affairs convention committee's report which was adopted. A report from the standing military affairs committee in regard to the status of officers and former officers of the national guard was submitted but a minority report favoring a change in the law to include federal service in the seniority rights of guard officers was substituted after a warm discussion.

The naval affairs report, which was adopted, pointed out that reduced appropriations had hampered operation of the fleet.

Washington Convention Addressed By Member of State Federation

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—Urging cooperation between organized labor and the American Legion, William Short, president of the Washington state federation of labor, in an address to delegates to the state legion convention today, declared that labor at no time would ask the legion to take sides in an industrial dispute.

Reports of the military affairs and naval affairs committees were made to the convention today but decision on important questions was left until tomorrow, including the constitutional amendment to make the office of adjutant appointive.

A standing army of 15,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men and opposition to any further reductions in the armed forces of the United States were the chief points in the military affairs convention committee's report which was adopted. A report from the standing military affairs committee in regard to the status of officers and former officers of the national guard was submitted but a minority report favoring a change in the law to include federal service in the seniority rights of guard officers was substituted after a warm discussion.

The naval affairs report, which was adopted, pointed out that reduced appropriations had hampered operation of the fleet.

Washington Convention Addressed By Member of State Federation

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—Urging cooperation between organized labor and the American Legion, William Short, president of the Washington state federation of labor, in an address to delegates to the state legion convention today, declared that labor at no time would ask the legion to take sides in an industrial dispute.

Reports of the military affairs and naval affairs committees were made to the convention today but decision on important questions was left until tomorrow, including the constitutional amendment to make the office of adjutant appointive.

A standing army of 15,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men and opposition to any further reductions in the armed forces of the United States were the chief points in the military affairs convention committee's report which was adopted. A report from the standing military affairs committee in regard to the status of officers and former officers of the national guard was submitted but a minority report favoring a change in the law to include federal service in the seniority rights of guard officers was substituted after a warm discussion.

The naval affairs report, which was adopted, pointed out that reduced appropriations had hampered operation of the fleet.

Washington Convention Addressed By Member of State Federation

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—Urging cooperation between organized labor and the American Legion, William Short, president of the Washington state federation of labor, in an address to delegates to the state legion convention today, declared that labor at no time would ask the legion to take sides in an industrial dispute.

Reports of the military affairs and naval affairs committees were made to the convention today but decision on important questions was left until tomorrow, including the constitutional amendment to make the office of adjutant appointive.

A standing army of 15,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men and opposition to any further reductions in the armed forces of the United States were the chief points in the military affairs convention committee's report which was adopted. A report from the standing military affairs committee in regard to the status of officers and former officers of the national guard was submitted but a minority report favoring a change in the law to include federal service in the seniority rights of guard officers was substituted after a warm discussion.

The naval affairs report, which was adopted, pointed out that reduced appropriations had hampered operation of the fleet.

Washington Convention Addressed By Member of State Federation

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—Urging cooperation between organized labor and the American Legion, William Short, president of the Washington state federation of labor, in an address to delegates to the state legion convention today, declared that labor at no time would ask the legion to take sides in an industrial dispute.

Reports of the military affairs and naval affairs committees were made to the convention today but decision on important questions was left until tomorrow, including the constitutional amendment to make the office of adjutant appointive.

A standing army of 15,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men and opposition to any further reductions in the armed forces of the United States were the chief points in the military affairs convention committee's report which was adopted. A report from the standing military affairs committee in regard to the status of officers and former officers of the national guard was submitted but a minority report favoring a change in the law to include federal service in the seniority rights of guard officers was substituted after a warm discussion.

The naval affairs report, which was adopted, pointed out that reduced appropriations had hampered operation of the fleet.

### THE WEATHER

OREGON—Fair Saturday, moderate northwesterly winds.

### LOCAL WEATHER

(Friday)  
Maximum temperature 77.  
Minimum temperature 53.  
Rainfall, none.  
River, 1.5.  
Atmosphere, clear.  
Wind, west.