

SEVENTY-THIRD YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 1, 1923

PRICE FIVE CENTS

VACATION IN FLORIDA OVER FOR HARDING

President Said Greatly Improved in Health—Spent One Week in Georgia Before Return

MRS. HARDING SAID RECUPERATING FAST

Predictions for Re-Nomination Believed Premature by President

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., March 31.—Resting and improved greatly in health, President and Mrs. Harding tonight brought their Florida vacation to an end, departing by special train for Augusta, Ga., to spend another week before returning to Washington.

The president, through open life of the honeymoon trip and the daily rounds of golf, has been bronzed by the Florida sun, and in the words of a member of the party, "has improved 100 per cent."

Mrs. Harding, who left the White House for the first time since her illness of last fall when she boarded the train for Florida March 5, has been recuperating rapidly and during the week spent here in St. Augustine, where she has appeared in public a number of times, she has surprised old friends by her improved condition.

Politics are banned. Members of the party ascribe the benefits derived by the president and Mrs. Harding during the more than three weeks spent in Florida to the fact that their whole thought has been, as they put it, "to play."

The president realized that he needed rest and recreation and has put his entire self into his vacation.

He has at the same time given some attention to the more urgent official matters, keeping in touch with his various cabinet officials in Washington.

Politics has not intruded upon the vacation as much as had been expected in view of the number of political leaders in Florida.

Re-nomination Not Discussed. The statement of Attorney General Daugherty at Miami brought about some political discussion but the president did not enter into this to any considerable degree of feeling as he thinks that predictions that he will be a candidate for re-nomination are premature and that political considerations should be withheld until later.

However much the president may disagree with his attorney general as to the opportune necessity of the latter's statement, their relations here were most cordial.

The president, today, in addition to visiting the State School for the Blind and Deaf and playing a round of golf, saw for a few minutes, S. C. Huston, former assistant secretary of commerce and obtained some additional information on the sugar price situation which he is watching carefully.

Discharged From Hospital He Is Now After Steiner

A small man of haughty mien, a large Bible tucked under his arm, swaggered into the police station yesterday afternoon and asked for Chief Walter Birchett.

"I wish one of your officers to accompany me to the state house," he announced severely when greeted by the chief. "I have a most important matter to lay before Governor Pierce."

Pressed for details, the little man very elaborately explained. He had received cruel and inhuman treatment he said while confined at a certain institution run by a certain Dr. Steiner. He

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THE WEATHER

OREGON: Sunday rain; moderate winds mostly southerly.

LOCAL WEATHER (Saturday)

Maximum temperature, 62. Minimum temperature, 49. River, 4.7. Sea, 1.5. Atmosphere partly cloudy. Wind, south.

ADDITIONAL HONORS FOR LETTERMEN

Long Suffering Postman Must Now Also Become Traveling First Aid Station

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The gray-coated letter carrier, already collector for mail order houses, a keeper for queen bees, angle worms and fat alligators, a means of transport for a large part of the country's commerce and in some localities, a vendor of stamps, now is asked by the postoffice department to become also a traveling first aid station.

"In case of emergency call a doctor," says a circular issued by the department today. Then it proceeds with a list of instructions to the postman himself beginning thus:

"Be calm. Take command and give orders. Find location of the injury. * * * Apply blankets and wrapped hot water bottles." And so on, through the category of accepted methods for applying bandage compresses, probing for "foreign objects" in a wound and all the other things that first aid experts recommend.

OLD PEOPLES' HOME OPENED

Easter Day Is First Sunday of Occupancy in New Institution

Today will be a glad Easter day for a number of aged people in Salem. It is the first Sunday of occupancy of the new Old People's Home, maintained by the Methodist church but open to the aged of every church or no church at all.

They had hoped to have the building ready for Christmas; but that was impossible, and it is only now that it is really finished for occupancy. It has 38 rooms, besides quarters for the superintendent, a nurse, and other needed help. The build-

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INDIAN YOUTHS ASKING FOR ARMS

National Guard Asked to Assist Chemawa Boys Procure Equipment

Chief George Bent, disciplinarian at the Salem Indian school appeared Saturday before the headquarters of the Oregon national guard for whatever assistance the guard officers can give to the equipping of the Indian boys with serviceable arms for their military department.

Several years ago when the Oregon Electric was built through the Willamette valley, the Indian boys went out and worked on the section to buy Springfield rifles for their military use. It was one of the strangest facts in the history of the United States—these wards of the nation going out this way to buy federal arms for a federal school. They toiled and sweat under the heavy work, but they got the guns and set out to drill.

When the war broke out, many of the older Indian boys who had been trained with these guns that they bought enlisted in the army. The guns were deserted because the boys were gone who had bought them and learned soldiering with them. Not all the boys came back. Those old Springfield needle guns trained up some as sacrificial heroes as ever came out of any school. It is doubtful whether in all the history of America there has been as large a body potential soldiers trained with arms that they bought with their own toil.

The old guns have served long enough and hard enough, that foot of them are practical wrecks. Many are gone.

Chief Bent believes that his boys are worth a good military training. He has drilled them well; so well that they have been said to be the best-disciplined troops in the state. But he wants some honest-to-goodness guns for them. They carried the right to bear arms in the World War, he says, and since they want to live up to the principle of preparedness, he is asking for 200 guns.

CELLULOIDS EXPLODE AND START BLAZE

Army Air Service Photographic Headquarters Destroyed by Explosion

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Fire believed to have started today from the explosion of overheated celluloid films, destroyed the army air service photographic headquarters, a repair hangar and a privately owned airplane at Bolling field here. Sixty liberty motors were badly damaged, or destroyed. The loss will aggregate \$250,000.

Immediately after the first explosion chemicals and other highly inflammable material caught fire, sending great tongues of flames high in the air. Work of the army and city fire departments was hampered by a high wind and their efforts were confined largely to preventing the spread of the flames to immense gasoline tanks and chemical buildings.

N. Y. POLICE RUSH RESERVE

Crime Wave Which Has Been Sweeping City Causes Additions to Force

NEW YORK, March 31.—Precautions against a crime wave in Greater New York were taken today by police officials after an unusual 48-hour record of holdups and robberies had been totaled up.

All patrolmen on special duty in hospitals and routine departmental work were ordered to uniform patrol duty, officers were detailed to patrol in their respective precincts and vacations were suspended. The order, it was said, would place 600 additional patrolmen on duty.

A messenger carrying a \$700 payroll to the Venida Hair Net company plant in Brooklyn was held up today at subway entrance, struck on the head and the money bag snatched from his hands. The thief fired a shot into the air to frighten passers by and escaped.

Three armed bandits held up Louis Scher in his drug store, took \$56 from the cash register and fled.

Five employees on duty in a Columbus avenue restaurant were bound by three men who emptied their pockets and took \$360 in money from the register. Joseph Nogi, the owner of the place, was struck on the head with a revolver and seriously hurt.

Three men accused by police of loitering in front of the Chatham and Phoenix bank on the Bowery during an hour when numerous young women visit the bank for payrolls, were arrested.

Brill Brothers' clothing store at 49th street and Broadway was robbed last night of goods valued at \$15,000.

ATTORNEYS WOULD REVERSE VERDICT

While Grand Jury Investigates Conference Ring Case Move Is Made

DENVER, Colo., March 31.—While the Denver county grand jury investigating alleged attempts to bribe the jury which convicted 30 members of a nation-wide confidence band here last Wednesday remained adjourned today until Monday, attorneys for the convicted men made their first definite move, seeking to obtain reversal of the verdict.

Preparatory to filing motion for a new trial counsel for the prisoners ordered a complete transcript of the case, the trial of which lasted two months. The transcript, covering about 2500 pages of legal arguments and evidence, will be made available to the attorneys at a cost of approximately \$4,000.

The grand jury investigation, to be resumed Monday, is expected in official circles to be followed by a sensation that will surpass even the dramatic story of the confidence ring from the time of the capture of its members last August to their conviction last Wednesday. Names of men prominent in political and society have been linked with the activities of the bandits during the last few days.

HISTORY OF KINGDOM IS COMPLETED

Ancient Ethiopia Over Period of 1100 Years Revealed by Excavations Recently Finished

CULTURE STOOD AS OUTPOST OF ANCIENTS

Scientific Examination of 50 Tombs Undertaken by Expedition

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 31.—(By the Associated Press.)—The history of the ancient kingdom of Ethiopia through the long span of 1100 years—from 750 B. C. to 350 A. D., has been completed in principal outline by excavations in tombs and pyramids in the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan by the Harvard-Boston expedition headed by Prof. George A. Reisner.

The most recent researches of the expedition in the pyramids at Meroe have established that the culture of the Ethiopians stood as an outpost of Egyptian civilization in middle Africa, Dr. Reisner said in the report which he has just made, that in the art of the Ethiopians a Greek influence obtained and that invention of a script of their own was evidence that the Ethiopians were people of genius.

The Ethiopians, Dr. Reisner declared, are not and were not African negroes. He describes them as "dark colored races, in which brown prevails," adding, however, that many individuals show a mixture of black blood.

This latest report from Dr. Reisner has to do principally with discoveries at Meroe, which is not far from Khartoum and some 600 miles south of Luxor and the valley of the kings where the discovery of King Tutankhamun's tomb was recently made. The report picks up the main outlines of the history of Ethiopia from 600 B. C., where Dr. Reisner's earlier report of researches at Napata left off. The capital of Ethiopia was changed from Napata to Meroe at that time. Dr. Reisner, whose report from Napata, made it possible for the first time to write the history of Ethiopia from 750 B. C. to 300 A. D., now runs the story of the kingdom in main outline through the following six and one-half centuries up to conquest by the Abyssinians about 350 years after Christ.

The principal achievement of the expedition during the past three years under the auspices of Harvard university and the Boston Museum of fine arts has probably been scientific examination and analysis of the 50 royal tombs in the cemeteries at Meroe and the resulting determination of the chronological basis for the history of Ethiopia during the Neretic era, the report indicated.

Outpost of Civilization. "The great outstanding feature of the history of Ethiopia was that the Ethiopian cultural unit stood as an outpost of Egyptian civilization in middle Africa," Professor Reisner said. "Ethiopia had become thoroughly Egyptianized while it was under the sway of Egypt and the Egyptian influence, though gradually diminishing, remained dominant for hundreds of years."

"The Ethiopians, however, were not so entirely dependent on Egypt."

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REYNOLDS HEADS THE FAIR BOARD

Election of Secretary Deferred One Month at Meeting Yesterday

J. E. Reynolds of La Grande was elected chairman of the new state fair board at the first meeting of the board held Saturday at the state fair grounds. The board postponed for one month the election of a secretary. It was believed that Fred Curry of Portland, formerly of La Grande, had this place clinched, but the failure to elect Saturday casts doubt upon this.

After a survey of the grounds Saturday the board decided that no improvements would be made for the 1923 fair next September.

CHARGE BOYS SHANGHAIED FROM HOMES

One Found Working Under Guard in Engine Room of Ship in Toledo Harbor

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 31.—Charges that numerous high school and college boys from central states have been shanghaied and lured away from their homes during the last month by men organized crews for certain Great Lakes seafarings are being investigated by Police Prosecutor Skeel of Cleveland and Chief of Police Jennings of Toledo.

The investigation was started after Neal F. Maloney, 15, student at East high school, Cleveland, was found working under guard in the engine room of a ship in the Toledo harbor.

The boy's father, a Cleveland lawyer, effected the rescue, with the assistance of a squad of police.

Prosecutor Skeel says he is in possession of information that another Cleveland high school boy aged 15 was lured from school and that ten or more boys from Detroit, Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee and other lake cities are now aboard ships in Cleveland and Toledo harbors.

IDENTITY OF VETERAN HAZY

Yakima's Lost Soldier Says Harry Gorman Name of Comrade

YAKIMA, Wash., March 31.—No operation to relieve the pressure on his brain and possibly to recall more of his memory will be performed at once on Pat O'Reilly, or Harry Gorman, or whoever the veteran is who has been at a hospital here since his collapse last Sunday. Representatives of the Red Cross, Elks and Knights of Columbus met today to discuss the case with legal advisors and physicians. The latter spoke against an operation at present, saying the youth's condition is not physically serious and that at times he appears to be inclined to make himself out as much worse than he really is.

Gorman Said Missing. Indications that Yakima's unknown veteran who claims to have lost his memory is Harry Gorman are multiplying. Dr. Carl Rand of Los Angeles when wired a description of the "lost" soldier here, at once wired back he was Harry Gorman and been in "considerable legal difficulties."

The father of Harry Gorman, that is of Rand's Harry Gorman, when asked for information about his son replied that he was at Long Beach, Cal., with his brother last Friday. He could not have come from Long Beach to Yakima by Sunday if

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CRIME INCREASES IN MARION COUNTY REPORT INDICATES

Crime in Marion county during the past three months has increased two-fold over any previous period on record in the county clerk's office, according to the quarterly report on circuit court proceedings compiled by Deputy Clerk Merle Ivie yesterday. A total of 25 criminal actions, the greatest on record, was filed in the circuit court during the past three months. The greatest number of criminal actions filed for any other three-month period, according to records, was for the period ending June 30, 1921, and September 30, 1922, when 12 actions were filed.

The number of law actions filed in the circuit court for the past three months' period, the report shows, reached a total of 19, the greatest number since September 30, 1919, when 45 actions were filed. Non-contested divorce suits for the period ending March 30, numbered 16, the largest number of non-contested suits since June 30, 1920, when the number reached 17. Contested equity suits were listed at 12, the greatest number since June 30, 1921, when an equal number were contested. A total of 69 law actions were filed in the circuit court during the past three months' period, the report shows, 24 equity suits, 19

MAYOR AND JUDGE EVADE LIQUOR LAW

U. S. District Court Convicts Fifty-Five Prominent Indiana Citizens

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 31.—One of the most sensational trials held in Indiana since the Volstead act became effective, was brought to a close in United States district court here today with the conviction of 55 persons to a close in charge of conspiracy to violate the liquor law.

The defendants are all residents of Gary and Lake county while a majority of those convicted are of foreign birth. Several of the defendants were men charged with the authority to enforce the laws and those who had taken oath to prosecute offenders.

Topping the list of those found guilty of the conspiracy charge which carries with it a sentence of from one day to two years, or a maximum fine of \$10,000, or both, was Roswell O. Johnson, mayor of Gary. Party of the city and county's legal machinery—City Judge William M. Dunn and Prosecutor Wright M. Kinder—also were found guilty. William H. Olds, sheriff of Lake county, former Sheriff Lewis E. Barnes; former County Prosecutor Clyde Hunter; Blaza Lucas, a prominent Gary attorney and John Bennett, treasurer of the Republican city committee of Gary, also were convicted. Two of those found guilty were women. Those convicted were permitted to remain at liberty on their original bonds.

According to the French version of the affair a lieutenant and eleven soldiers who went to the Krupp works for the purpose of requisitioning automobiles were set upon by a mob variously estimated to number between 2,000 and 3,000 which was called together by the factory siren.

The mob showered stones upon the French soldiers, the French soldiers say, while many workmen armed with revolvers, fired shots. The soldiers returned the fire shooting over the head of the mob at first but when the workmen refused to disperse, finally aiming to kill.

Premeditation Seen

When the skirmish was at its height an automobile containing two French engineers came along and the fury of the workmen was shifted to them; they were attacked badly and severely wounded. The French also assert that the watches, wallets, passports and identification papers of the engineers were stolen.

The French military command in Essen informed of the rioting sent armored cars and tanks to the scene and the appearance of this machine caused the workmen to retreat to behind the walls. The tanks entered and rescued the engineers, then stood by while the lieutenant and his eleven men went on with the work of requisitioning as instructed.

The French announced tonight that they are positive a premeditated and concerted effort was made to bring their soldiers and the German workmen into collision.

Hearlock to be Allowed In Wrestling Matches

CHICAGO, March 31.—The city athletic commission today ruled that the headlock is a legal hold in wrestling matches and will be allowed. The decision removes any doubt regarding the right of Ed Lewis, heavyweight champion to use the hold in his match with Renato Gardini here next Tuesday night.

The information strengthened his belief that Miss Keenan had been slain by conspirators who planned to blackmail Mitchell and also tended to support the police theory that she had been slain by robbers.

"Do you mean that Mitchell's revelations give him a clean bill of health?" he was asked. He declined to answer.

While refusing to disclose what testimony had been given by the two men, Mr. Pecora said that new information "of the greatest importance" had been brought to light.

The information strengthened his belief that Miss Keenan had been slain by conspirators who planned to blackmail Mitchell and also tended to support the police theory that she had been slain by robbers.

CUT STAY SHORT BURNS NOT TO

No Orders to Proceed to Los Angeles Received by Head of Agency

MIAMI, Fla., March 31.—William J. Burns, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, tonight had received no official word to proceed to Los Angeles to investigate the disclosures on the Wall street bomb explosion in 1920.

Mr. Burns will not cut short his stay in Miami, he said tonight, unless he is ordered west.

"The man who says he can solve the case is in jail," Mr. Burns said, "and it would not hasten matters if I started at once. I expect to leave Miami in a day or two on my way to Los Angeles as I had originally planned."

He did not give the exact date of his departure.

BRYAN THEORY IS SCORED BY RESEARCH MAN

If Denial of Evolution Correct Scientist Says Adam Afflicted With Many Diseases

SHOWS GARDEN OF EDEN NEAR CHINA

Dr. Charles W. Stiles Says He Is Bryan's Appointed Attorney on Germs

WASHINGTON, March 31.—If William Jennings Bryan's denial of the theory of evolution be correct, Adam must have survived for 980 years all the germ diseases which afflict man today; Eve must have been created by vivisection; the Garden of Eden must have been in China, and a lot of other startling things must have followed in consequence. In addition to all that Noah must have been not only a capable ship captain but the world's first successful public health officer, because he must have taken all the germs into the ark and taken them out again without losing a single elephant.

So declared Dr. Charles W. Stiles of Wilmington, N. C., noted zoologist and scientific research worker before the Washington biological society here tonight.

Describing himself as "Mr. Bryan's appointed attorney on germs," Dr. Stiles argued to his fellow scientists that if one doesn't wish to believe all these things one can not agree with Mr. Bryan.

Adam Germ-Ridden. "According to Mr. Bryan's premises," said Dr. Stiles, "all germs which cause disease must have been created in the beginning as they exist today. If this is to be conceded that those germs were originally created in some other form than disease germs, then the theory of evolution stands admitted. Obviously since Adam was the last animal created, and since the animals were not created until after the plants, it is unthinkable that any of the numerous germs which cause disease were created after Adam. Since disease germs are dependent for their existence upon animals and plants in which they cause disease, it was clear that these germs would not have been created or existed prior to the creation of their victims. A challenge of this deduction would be an admission that the germs were not created as they are today, but that they later evolved into disease germs but this would be an admission of evolution."

Therefore, said Dr. Stiles, if Mr. Bryan's challenge is to be accepted, "we must conclude that Adam harbored every germ disease which is characteristic of man or dependent on man for its life cycle."

Eden in China. According to that, said Dr. Stiles, Adam must have had among other trouble various species of coodles, typhus fever, hook worm, pneumonia, tape worm, Jacksonian epilepsy, three kinds of malaria, sleeping sickness, tuberculosis, typhoid fever, Asiatic cholera, mumps, whooping cough, yellow fever, scarlet fever, measles, meningitis, infant paralysis, and small pox.

From that deduction, and admitting that Adam survived all these, Dr. Stiles said it must be further deduced that the Garden of Eden was in China because that is the only place where man is known to survive some of these afflictions.

Moreover, Adam, like as not had a boil on his nose, Dr. Stiles further reasoned and an abnormal appetite.

"No wonder he ate the apple," concluded the biologist. "The wonder is he did not eat the snake also."

Severt Rue's Barn Is Destroyed by Flames

SILVERTON, Or., March 31.—(Special to The Statesman.)—Fire from an unknown origin completely destroyed the large barn belonging to Severt Rue on his Evans' valley farm three miles east of Silverton Thursday night. A group of neighbors gathered to assist Mr. Rue and managed to save all the contents with the exception of a great deal of hay. A \$600 insurance was carried. The barn was comparatively new, having been built four years ago.