

GERMAN TROOPS SAID MOVING

BOND ISSUE OF \$500,000 TO BE ASKED FOR

People of School District No. 24 to Be Seen by Chamber Concerning Needed New Buildings.

WILL CALL ELECTION DURING NEXT MONTH

Figures Show Steady Increase in School Attendance—Need is Great

A committee of the Chamber of Commerce met last night with the Salem school board and reached an agreement to go before the people of school district No. 24 and ask the bond issue of \$500,000 to erect school buildings to meet the increase of school population.

The committee that gathered the statistics of the growth of the city and the two areas showed that the increase of school population would have to be provided for by 1930, and convincing the board of education a program of permanent building should be entered upon at once.

To Call Election
New units for housing growing attendance in all the schools of the city will have to be built this year and the bond issue will take care of that, and will also take care of any district of the city which is sinking fast, and will give the period for which the district is now looking forward to construction.

An election is to be called in about a month, and the needs of the district will be presented in a detailed manner in the meantime by the committee of the Chamber of Commerce that has been appointed for that purpose, composed of Messrs. White, Wilson and Hofer.

Schools Overcrowded
Following this plan, Salem is to have the finest and the best equipped public school system in any city in the west, and will build new and build permanently in a way that will be a credit and a pride for all the people of the Capital City. Overcrowded school rooms, children playing in the mud and rain, and having to swim streams to get to school in a part of the city are a thing of the past this year.

At the meeting of the school board and the committee are to hold another joint meeting next Tuesday night to work out some of the details of the forward plan.

It was stated by the Chamber of Commerce committee and also by members of the school board that only by taking immediate action toward bonding for a building program would it be possible to have new buildings this year. The figures showing the increase in school attendance in the various Salem schools for the past five years indicated that the school board was right in its plan.

The figures give increase as follows:
High school, 812, enrolled, 66.7 per cent; Washington Junior high 676, gain 34 per cent; Grant Junior high 273, gain 72 per cent; McKinney Junior high 196, gain 21.7 per cent; Bagwood 275, gain 42.5 per cent; Garfield 275, gain 25 per cent; Highland 257, gain 20 per cent.

(Continued on page 8)

LINE OF FRENCH ADVANCE INTO OCCUPIED ZONE SHOWN



FIRST STEP OF FRENCH OCCUPATION
SECOND STEP OF THE OCCUPATION
The extension of the French lines almost to Dortmund and the inclusion of Bochum, Hugo Stinnes' headquarters, in the occupied zone are graphically shown on the map.

NEW MARRIAGE LAW PROPOSED

Woman's Federated Clubs Would Make Divorce More Difficult

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—A bill designed to "prevent any hasty and foolish marriages and to make divorce more difficult," sponsored by the General Federation of Woman's Clubs, was introduced today by Senator Capper, Republican, Kansas, together with a resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to legalize federal marriage and divorce laws.

Marriage Licenses would have to be applied for and listed in courts two weeks ahead of the ceremony under the bill and applicants would have to present certificates of health and normal mentality. Girls under 16 and boys under 14 would be prohibited from marrying without parental consent, and the marriage of feeble minded persons or of those closely related or of different races would be barred.

Divorce under the bill would be obtained only for "abandonment, physical or mental cruelty, abandonment or non-support for one year, incurable insanity or commission of felony." No divorce would be effective for a year.

Submission to states of a constitutional amendment which would give congress the right to enact a marriage-divorce law was proposed in the house also, Representative Fairfield, Republican, Indiana, offering a resolution which was sent to the Judiciary committee.

BAD CHECK ARTIST IS ARRESTED HERE

Gilbert Lyons, Truck Driver, Charged With Forging Name for \$28.25

Gilbert Lyons, a truck driver of this city was arrested yesterday on a charge of forging a check for \$28.25. He was arraigned in the justice court, but waived a hearing and was bound over to the grand jury on \$750 bail which he failed to furnish. Last night he was taken to the county jail to await action of the next Marion county grand jury.

The check which was forged on January 23th was made out to George Stillman and signed by "B. S. Ferguson." It was drawn on the United States National bank.

COMMITTEE MEET STORMY

Joint Ways and Means Session Grows Turbulent—LaFollett Warms up

Representatives of the Pacific Northwest Tourist association and its adjuncts, the Oregon Tourist information bureau and the Oregon state exhibit, occupied most of the time and drew most of the fire of the meeting of the joint ways and means committee last night. Night speakers appeared for the association.

Phil Metschan of Portland, in the midst of a fiery speech, averred that the work of the bureau had brought new residents to Oregon, including many farmers. "You'll find them right down your section," he said to Senator LaFollett of Marion.

Senator Zimmerman of Yamhill county, in challenging some statements made by M. E. Brewer of the State Chamber of Commerce, declared it would be a favor to some new comers to keep them out of the state if they intended to become farmers.

"That would be better," he said, "than for them to sell their farms in a few years for less than they paid for them and then go away and ease the state."

AMERICA DROPS AS BUILDER OF SHIPS

Nation Goes from Second to Fifth Place Among Powers During Year

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The United States last year dropped from second place to fifth in the ranks of shipbuilding nations, according to Lloyd's registered shipping which, in its annual report issued today, declared 1922 the poorest shipbuilding year since 1912, with 2,800,000 tons less production than in 1921.

Ship building in every nation except Germany decreased in 1922 but the American falling off was most considerable, the report showed. The lineup of great merchant marines last year was: Great Britain, Germany, France, Holland, United States, Italy and Japan; instead of as in 1921, Great Britain, United States, Germany, Holland, Japan, France, Italy.

HEAD OF KKK IS ACCUSED OF SUPPRESSION

Operator Says Skipworth Requested No Calls Be Handed Between Bastrop and Mer Rouge.

DEATH THREAT MADE BY DISCOVERED KLUXER

Night Policeman Tells of Seeing Auto Arrive at Three in Morning

BASTROP, La., Jan. 23.—The name of Captain J. K. Skipworth, exalted cyclops of the Morehouse Parish Ku Klux Klan, again figured prominently in testimony given today at the state's open hearing into operations of masked men in the Parish, which culminated August 24 in the kidnappings of Watt Daniel and T. P. Richard, Mer Rouge, whose bodies were found December 22 in Lake LaFollette.

Would Suppress Calls
Miss Lillian Wellman, a telephone operator in the Bastrop exchange, testified that Captain Skipworth had requested her not to handle any calls between Bastrop and Mer Rouge, but she could not remember the date of the request, she said.

Miss Wellman apparently was very nervous as she testified on the stand.

Captain Skipworth also was mentioned by Paucot Mason and Roy Broadnax, of Gallion, both of whom attended the celebration here on August 24.

Mason said he was with Daniel, Richard and W. C. Andrews, another man, before they were kidnaped that day. He said Captain Skipworth "was walking around talking to various men who were strangers to me."

The witness said that Skipworth "would walk up to a man and say something, then look at us." Captain Skipworth did this several times, he testified, and he said to Richard, "I guess the Ku Klux Klan are up to something."

INDIAN SCHOOL REPORT IS MADE

Commissioners Recommend Changes—Advise Some to Attend Schools

The 52nd annual report of the Board of Indian Commissioners, made to the secretary of the interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, has this vitally important item regarding the Salem Indian school at Chewawa:

(Continued on page 2)

SILVERTON GOES BACK GENERATION

Telephone Company Moves into New Quarters—Much Hiking Done by Citizens

SILVERTON, Or., Jan. 23.—(Special to The Statesman.)—Silvertown has gone back a generation or two to the good old days when the housewives went down town and gave their shopping orders in person instead of merely phoning them in. The business man, instead of stopping to the phone to talk to the man around the corner, must make the trip himself.

The farmers are—well, simply out of luck. Sometimes one can get a call through but that is more of an event than a common occurrence. Now-a-days one can't get central, but more often central can't get you!

In other words the Silvertown telephone company is moving into its new home on West Main street and the moving process is badly upsetting the telephone system for the present. Several of the numbers have been changed which also makes for confusion. It is thought everything will be adjusted within a short time.

MANY COUNTY PUPILS FAIL

Almost Fifty Percent of Applicants for High School Held Ineligible

Of 71 eighth grade students who took the Marion county final examinations for admission into high school, 25, almost 35 per cent failed or were conditioned, according to information released from the county school superintendent's office yesterday. A total of 206 students took the sixth, seventh and eighth grade examinations. Sixteen students were exempt from examinations due to the fact that they had maintained an average of 85 per cent in deportment and had attended school at least 150 days during the past three years.

Of the students who were passed to high school 15 were from Woodburn, 10 from Silvertown, 9 from Salem and two from Chewawa. Following are the students who successfully passed the examinations:

- Woodburn
Sarah Stewart,
Argyle L. Coe,
John Mochel,
Kenneth Yoder,
Harry E. Wageman,
Edna L. Chapelle,
Helen F. Allen,
Edith Maxine Rofinot,
Norman Mosherberg,
Claire Cornell,
Norman Richards,
Rose Richards,
Lorna Chapelle,
Louise Shorby,
Joyce Branam.

- Silvertown
Charles Alton Hastley, Jr.,
Alma W. Rutherford,
Nana La France Cramer,
Louise Ione Olliphant,
Alice Anita Gilkeson,
William E. Welch,
George Hugh Lovett,
Lawrence Carpenter,
Norman E. Eastman,
Lillian Gertrude Stargir.
- Chewawa
Anna Lee Thomas,
Robert Praratovich,
Salem
Christiana May Loganhill,
route 5, box 144,
Edward Bantick, route 8,
box 185,
Chester Martin Sundborg, route 6, box 33,
Clarence Weese, route 8, box 110,
Henry J. Decker, route 5,
Albert J. Davis, route 5,
Clara Hoffman, route 5, box 92,
Hermann Feddera, route 7, box 126,
Robin E. Moser, route 7, box 165.

(Continued on page 2)

WAR CLOUDS CLOSE ABOUT EAST PARLEY

Situation Takes Menacing Turn When Turks Refuse to Accept Proposal on Mosul Dispute.

POSITION OF UNITED STATES OUTLINED

Lord Curzon to Ask That League of Nations Take Situation Up

LAUSANNE, Jan. 23.—(By The Associated Press.)—Unsettled as is the general European situation at the present moment, it suddenly took a more menacing turn this evening owing to critical developments in the Near Eastern conference. Turkey refused to accept the British proposal to refer the Mosul dispute to the league of nations for settlement and Great Britain declined to accede to the Turkish counter suggestions that the question be settled by a plebiscite in the contested district.

U. S. Position Outlined
Lord Curzon then declared that as foreign secretary of the British empire, he would take the responsibility of addressing a letter to the council of the league of nations, setting forth that a situation had arisen which was liable to disturb international peace, and asking that the matter be dealt with under the covenant which provides that the league can act when there is war or any threat of war in the world and take steps to restore or to insure the maintenance of peace.

An important American feature of tonight's dramatic meeting was a statement read by Ambassador Child outlining the position of the United States. Mr. Child said that Lord Curzon had clearly indicated that the British government would hold aloof as far as possible from making concessions in Mesopotamia, otherwise called Iraq, the subject of diplomatic interest and he had declared his belief in the principle that large factors in the world's resources should not become the subject of monopolistic development.

Back to England
The American representatives were glad to associate themselves with the intent of Lord Curzon's remarks of this subject; they had expressed their government's policy, but neither the statement nor adherence had reference to any particular resource or field of economic activity. Only those who willfully perverted these declarations had read into them meanings which suited their own political ends.

Ambassador Child continued: "The American representatives feel it their duty to refer to Lord Curzon's specific mention of the validity of the claim of the Turkish petroleum company and to remind the conference that, without seeking special privilege or favor, the government of the United States has not assented to the principle that it may be dissociated in the fights of peace from the usual consequences in war, nor where any principle is involved, will it abandon its policy of the open door."

INDIAN SCHOOL REPORT IS MADE

Commissioners Recommend Changes—Advise Some to Attend Schools

The 52nd annual report of the Board of Indian Commissioners, made to the secretary of the interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, has this vitally important item regarding the Salem Indian school at Chewawa:

(Continued on page 2)

MANY THOUSANDS OF STEEL WORKERS GIVE UP LABORS TO STRIKE

ESSEN, Jan. 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—A French official statement issued this evening declares that a considerable movement of German troops has taken place in German unoccupied territory. No details are given.

ALIEN BILL IS DISCUSSED

Believe Favorable Report on Measure Will Be Filed By Committee

The passage of the proposed anti-alien land bill, sponsored by the American Legion and directed at the Japanese land-holding residents of Oregon, is a measure of national defense, Phillip Tyndall of Seattle told members of the house judiciary committee last night.

Tyndall, who is a member of the city council of Seattle and a member of the national Oriental committee of the American Legion was invited by the Oregon Legion to present arguments in favor of the bill.

Legion Man Speaks
Arguments against the bill were presented by W. D. H. Dodson of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, Joseph Gano of the Portland Flouring mills, C. S. Holbrook of the Portland Association of Building Owners and Managers, and Fred Jobstman, representing the Chinese Benevolent association, and certain Japanese interests.

The committee also heard arguments in favor of the bill presented by Ben F. Dorris of Eugene, chairman of the legislative committee of the state legion, and Representative Blowers of Hood River.

No decision was announced by the committee but it is predicted that a favorable report will be filed and that little concerted opposition to the bill will be found in the house.

WOULD REGULATE SALE OF PISTOLS

Bill Provides Prison Sentence for Unauthorized Carrying of Gun

A stringent bill to regulate the sale, use and possession of pistols and revolvers has been introduced in the house by Representative Blowers of Hood River. The bill would add two to five years punishment to a criminal convicted of a crime committed while carrying a pistol or revolver without a license; a second conviction for violation of the act would carry a 10 to 15 year sentence, while first offense would carry a flat sentence of one year in the county jail; any person, firm or corporation who shall provide a minor with a revolver or pistol shall be fined \$100 or imprisoned not more than three months, unless the purchaser and persons convicted of a felony cannot purchase revolvers or pistols under the act, and responsible citizens, upon proof of their necessity for purchasing such pistols or revolvers shall be required to sign a description of the firearm purchased, giving of false information for the purpose of securing a firearm carries a one to five year penalty as does obligation of the manufacturer's number or distinguishing marks. The measure carries an emergency clause.

Utter Disregard Claimed
The note protesting against the expulsion from occupied territory of German officials who, complying with legitimate instructions from their government, refuse to render assistance in the execution of ordinances issued contrary to treaties and to international law, declares such steps "obviously aim at intimidating the other officials."

(Continued on page 2)

THE WEATHER

OREGON: Wednesday, rain or snow.

LOCAL WEATHER

(Tuesday)

Maximum temperature 46.
Minimum temperature 27.
Wind 7, falling.
Rainfall 17 inch.
New track.
Aurora, steady.
Wind, calm.