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| MEMEER OP THE ASSOCIITED PRESS |
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THE MUDDLE OVER OUR CAPITAL PUNISHMENT LAW
Some years ago, the people of Oregon voted to repeal the capital punishment law-
Then, on account of $t$
murders, there was a demand for the re-enactment of a capital punishment law, and the Legislature compromised
upon the submission to the people of the fundamental law that is now being attacked in the courts; and this law re ceived a majority vote at the polls.
A great many affirmative votes were cast on the as-
sumption that juries in finding accused persons guilty of
murder in the first degree would have to recommend capmurder in the first degree would have to recommend cap-
ital punishment, else the conviction would automatically carry the penalty of life imprisonment-
But that is not the way the law reads. Conviction by the
jury of murder in the first degree carries the death penalty, jury of murder in the first degree carries the death penalty,
without recommendation, unless the jury recommends life
imprisonment.
Now, the attorneys who are contesting the law find that the Legislature did in one day what they should have taken
three days to accomplish in referring the proposed amendthree days to accomplish in referring the proposed amend
ment; also that it was not an amendment that was proposed but a new law, attempting to repeal part of the old law; als tratictory, when read alongside of the law that was at tradictory, when read alongside of the law the
tempted to be repealed by the vote of the people. to refer a new provision of the fundamental law, but only an
amendment to such a provision-
And there are a lot of other objections brought up, taking the matter clear back to the granting of the Magna Charta and on up to the Bint of Rights of the United States Consti-
tution and the Constitution of Oregon; which latter is too abstruse for the ordinary lay mind-
And the whole matter may be carried up to the Supreme
Court of the United States. Will almost certainly be. Court of the United States. Will almost certainly be
Now, what is there to do?
Kansas has a capital punishment law that requires the
Governor to sign the execution papers. Some twenty years ago, when the first papers were presented to the Governor,
he refused to sign-and no Kansas Governor since has signed he refused to sign-and no Kansas Governor since has signed
such papers. So the Kansas penitentiary has on hand all the time a lot of men convicted of murder in the first degree,
sent there to be executed; but not one has yet suffered the
death penalty.
Oregon will be in the same position, till this case is fought
up to the United States Supreme Court, and longer, in case the contention of the attacking lawyers is decided to be Unless some action is taken by the Legislature or the
There have been more murders in Oregon since the presThere have been more murders in Oregon since the pres-
ent law was enacted by the people than there were while this
state had no capital punishment law. state had no capital punishment law.
session to refer a new amendment or law; one that would provide that the Governor have no power to pardon a person convicted of first degree murder for twenty years; and that such a case should remain without any recourse for that long,
excepting when new facts had come to light; and is such a excepting when new facts had come to light; and is such a
case only the pardon board could take action, and then only by referring the matter to the Supreme Court.

That would seem a good solution-
And no doubt many voters would fa
majority.
But, since the attack made in the courts, there is a ques-
But, since the attack made in the courts, there is a ques-
tion whether the Legislature has authority to submit to the vote of the people such an amendment, or new fundamental
law.
The only sure way of getting out of the muddle appears
to be through an initiated measure. This idea is respectfully commended to the good people of Oregon.

THE FOUR HORSEMEN OF THE APOCALYPSE
I "And I saw when the Lamb opened one of the seals; and
Baying, Come and see.
And I saw, and behold a white horse; and he that
"And I saw, and behold a white horse; and he that sat
on him had a bow; and a crown was given unto him; and he
went forth conquering, and to conquer.
"And when he had opened the second seal, I heard the
second beast say, Come and see.
"And there went out another horse that was red; and
power was given to him that sat thereon to take peace from power was given to him that sat thereon to take peace from
the earth, and that they should kill one another; and there
was given unto him a great sword. was given unto him a great sword.
"And when he had opened the third seal, I heard the third
beast say, Come and see. And I beheld, and, lo, a black horse and he that sat on him. had a pair of balances in his hand. A "And I heard a voice in the midst of the four beasts say A measure of wheat for a penny, and three measures of
barley for a penny; and see thou hurt not the oil and the wine. "And when he had opened the fourth seal, I heard the voice of the fourth beast say. Come and see.
"And I looked, and behold a pale horse
that sat on him was Death, and Hell followed with him. And power was given unto them over the fourth part of the and with the beasts of the earth."-Revelation, $6: 1-8$.

## BITS FOR BREAKFAST,

 tive association. Some apples. Itis to bo hoped that they may give
the Engilip peole te taste the
lingers, and palls tor more.





## EDITORIALS

OF THE
PEOPLE
$\underset{\substack{\text { Gary Plan Endorsed } \\ \text { Editor Statesman } \\ \text { The }}}{ }$

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