

GUILTY IS VERDICT IN STEIGER CASE

The attorney, seeming to fear the effect his reply might have, barely nodded an affirmative. She sat down again by her sister, Hope had gone from the face in gray, and eagerness was there no more. In her eyes had come a vast questioning.

Mrs. Steiger's ball will stand and she was not placed in custody. Mullinix, with whom Mrs. Steiger has been found guilty of conspiring against the life of her husband, pleaded guilty several months ago and is serving a sentence of seven years in the state prison.

In tears, Mrs. Steiger, confessed on the witness stand yesterday that she had done wrong. Forgiveness Asked. A dramatic juncture in the trial came when Mrs. Steiger was under direct examination.

"Did you ever stay at a hotel with Mullinix?" asked Walter E. Keyes, one of her attorneys. "Yes, sir," she replied, "and I am very much ashamed of it."

"Why did you do it?" "Because Mr. Mullinix was good company. He told me of his travels and was very entertaining. But I am sorry, very sorry, that I ever met the man. I have disgraced my daughter, my grandchild and all of my friends. I never thought Mr. Mullinix was a man with murder in his heart, who would steal up to a barn door like a thief in the night and try to kill a man. I have prayed the Lord to forgive me."

Turning to the jurors, she continued: "And I plead with you gentlemen to find a way to forgive me."

Another Woman Mentioned. Prior to this testimony, Mrs. Steiger had told how Mrs. Martha Peterson came into the life of her husband about three years ago, and how the years of married happiness in the Steiger home came to an end; how her husband came cold toward her, choked her and called her vile names when she remonstrated with him for staying at the Peterson home as late as 2 o'clock in the morning. He had ordered her to leave their

home, she said, and refused to speak to her. Mrs. Steiger's testimony implied that it was because of her husband's unkindness that she became intimate with Mullinix. But she stoutly denied that she had talked with Mullinix about killing her husband, or that she had ever told Mullinix that she would commit suicide if he did not kill Steiger.

Love For Husband Claimed. "Mr. Steiger will never know how much I thought of him," she said. "I thought an awful sight of him and never wanted Jess Mullinix to kill him."

The woman acknowledged on the stand that she had written the letter to Mullinix from Leaburg, Or., which she denied writing when first examined by the sheriff after her arrest. She had denied it, she said, because she was ashamed of it. The defense made no attempt to cover up the intimacy that existed between Mrs. Steiger and Mullinix, but rather attempted to show that she was driven to Mullinix's companionship because of the mistreatment received from her husband.

A new angle came into the trial when the defense introduced testimony to show that the Steiger home was burglarized the night of the shooting after all the occupants had gone to Salem with the wounded man, and that the money which Mullinix claimed Mrs. Steiger had given him was stolen at that time. Aside from the defendant, herself, two witnesses, Clyde Boyce of Salem and L. Bahlor, testified that the doors of the house were open the next morning although they had been secured the previous night.

Doors Found Open. Bahlor testified that the front door had been fastened by a chair being placed under the knob on the inside and that the rear door was locked by Mrs. Steiger before she left for Salem. Boyce, a Salem blacksmith who drove with Mrs. Steiger to the farm the morning after the shooting, said the doors were open when they arrived.

F. M. Dice, of Leaburg, a brother of Mrs. Steiger, was asked on direct examination by the defense attorneys regarding two visits of the latter to his home last summer, and under what circumstances those calls were made. Mr. Dice replied that he had recently completed a new house, and that he sent for Mrs. Steiger to come there and arrange his curtains and otherwise assist about the place. Mr. Dice said she had visited with him on two occasions, and that he sent her money to make the trip each time.

Mr. Dice also told of visiting Mrs. Steiger's home the morning after Steiger was shot. On that occasion he said Mrs. Steiger appeared calm and collected, and that there was nothing in her manner to indicate that she was excited or under an unusual strain. Edward Lamport, who was called in rebuttal by the state, testified relative to leasing a building to a man by the name of Addington, which was used as a Republican headquarters. Lamport said that this building was leased to Addington on June 7, 1919, and that the latter paid him \$27.50 covering the rent on the structure until September 1, 1919. This testimony was introduced to prove the time that Addington conducted the second hand store, and to disprove the statements of Mrs. Steiger that she had sold a revolver to him at some date previous to the date on which he took possession of the building.

The sheriff also denied statements alleged to have been made by Mrs. Steiger that he once told her that the officers had about concluded that she had nothing to do with the shooting of her husband. The sheriff also denied that Mrs. Steiger was refused food. Referring to this statement on the part of Mrs. Steiger the sheriff said he offered her food on the night she was arrested but that she refused to accept it. "Instead of asking for food," said the sheriff, "she repeatedly asked for whiskey."

On cross examination by the defense attorneys the sheriff testified that he might have informed Mrs. Steiger on some occasion that she was supposed to be innocent in the eyes of the law until she had been proven guilty. L. Bahlor, upon being recalled by the state after he had previously testified on behalf of the defense, said he had visited Mrs. Steiger's home on the day after the shooting and was informed by her at that time that her home had been entered and ransacked. Mr. Bahlor said, however, that Mrs. Steiger had made no mention of losing \$100, as she had previously testified on the witness stand. Immediately after Mr. Bahlor had been excused from the witness stand the state rested, and the arguments of attorneys started.

The case went to the jury about 5 o'clock.

SOME UNDERTAKING



GOVERNOR COX'S TRAIN IS WRECKED

(Continued from page 1) crash came. Most of those bruised or injured were in the forward coach. Rails Bent and Broken. The railroad track was torn up for a distance of from 300 to 400 feet with bent rails, broken ties and glass strewn about, even in an adjacent cotton field. Railroad officials were unanimous in declaring that a spreading rail under the two heavy locomotives and unusually heavy steel equipment caused the wreck. The line is not a main artery but a branch of the Santa Fe system and the rails, it was said, were not of the heaviest type. A rumor was current among the farm people and others who gathered soon after the wreck that a man had been seen running along the road beside the track just before the train left the track but the rumor was entirely without confirmation, and was not credited by Governor Cox, members of his party or railroad operatives.

TWO DENIALS FIGURE IN TESTIMONY

(Continued from page 1) utors he presented were several with sums of \$5000, and one from Edward L. Doherty, reaching a total of \$6500. The \$6000 group included B. M. Barnea, C. B. Alexander, J. E. Willard and August Belmont. Charges Are All Bunk. The sharpest clash came during testimony of Colonel William Boyce Thompson, chairman of the ways and means committee of the Republican national committee, whose assertions that charges \$2 a Republican "slush" fund were "all bunk," aroused Senator Reed. During the interchange Thompson asserted that "big business," as represented by Wall Street financial interests were more behind Governor Cox than Senator Harding, and declared Cox himself was "not a stranger to Wall Street."

PROPERTY IS SAVED BY IRISH POLICE

(Continued from page 1) about Dublin, more than 20 miles distant. Groups stood in the streets today gazing at the smoking ruins of houses wrecked by bombs or burned after having been soaked with petroleum Monday night. The correspondent saw motor tenders, each containing a half dozen "black and tan" recruits

GOVERNOR COX'S TRAIN IS WRECKED

(Continued from page 1) his statements were founded on "common report, rumors and talk." "I have nothing against Mr. Cox, whatever," Thompson said. "I would say he is a clean, fine man."

"Thank you for that," replied Senator Reed. "Nobody is throwing any rocks at Mr. Harding here and I want to say he is a very splendid, fine American citizen. Both of them are."

Project Is Commercial.

Mr. Barnes explained that publication of the book, "Republicanism in 1920," developed out of a contract made by the Journal company with a Mr. Young of New York, whose business was soliciting "special editions" for newspapers and similar enterprises. The witness said he was not in control of the journal at the time and declared the project was purely a commercial one, no dollar of the money coming from it going to the Republican national committee. He produced two forms of contracts furnished him, he said, by Mr. Young, and denied that there was any agreement to "underwrite" the book for political purposes by the subscribers. No attempt to "conceal" campaign contributions was involved in the publication, he declared.

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(Continued from page 1) Senator Reed asked if there was not a third contract form under which men had subscribed as high as \$2500 "for circulation of this book," as a campaign document. Barnes said he would not produce the subscription lists until ordered to do so by the committee, declaring that it was beyond the power of the committee, in his opinion, to go into details of private business transactions. An argument followed as to whether exhibits showing such subscriptions had not already been presented, and the committee adjourned without acting on the point.

PROPERTY IS SAVED BY IRISH POLICE

(Continued from page 1) Senator Reed demanded if the witness knew of a "crooked dollar" Governor Cox had made, and Thompson answered "no." The senator demanded to know if the witness intended to infer that Cox had been "in any way entangled with Wall Street interests," and Thompson finally said

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



Is Your Child Under Weight?

The table below will show you what your child should weigh to be in proper proportion to his height. If the child is below the "danger point" it is time to act.

Heights and weights are given separately for boys and girls. Averages are given for births, for 3 months, for every month from 6 to 48, and thereafter for every year up to 16. The heights and weights of the children examined are to be compared with these average heights and weights. No heights and weights are given for the separate months after 48 months. With a child over 4 years of age, use the age at his last birthday.

Table with columns for Age, Height, Boys Weight, Girls Weight, and Girls Height. It provides weight and height data for children from birth to 21 months and 2 to 16 years.

principal factory and also to have saved other property. One child had a remarkable escape from a stray bullet, which carried an apple from his mouth, without injuring his fingers or lips.

The body of royal Irish Constabulary inspector Burke, killed in the early fighting, was removed today from the police station, but the bodies of Gibbons and Larries still lay in a nearby outhouse today awaiting an inquest.

The manager of a British-owned hosiery factory, the inside of

which was ruined, was preparing to return to England. He said it would be impossible to rebuild. He suggested that the burning of this factory marked a new phase in alleged attempts to suppress the Sinn Fein.

He said although many creameries which had been community property had been destroyed, he believed the burning of the factory the first instance of a deliberate attack on an industrial works. About 400 employes, including many women, have been thrown out of work. Skilled mechanics and other employes say

they will be unable to find jobs elsewhere in their particular line in Ireland. One of the men, father of eight children, told the correspondent that his only chance for work was in England.

The "black and tan" are encamped at Gormantown, three miles distant. Their threats to return and complete the destruction are keeping the people at a high pitch.

Another industry is languishing in Europe—that of turning swords into plowshares.

Large advertisement for LUCKY STRIKE cigarettes. Features a large circular logo with 'LUCKY STRIKE' and 'IT'S TOASTED'. Includes text: 'LUCKY STRIKE cigarette—it's toasted. Lucky Strike tobacco—it's toasted. Both are toasted. You cannot get the remarkable and unusual flavor of toasted Burley tobacco in any other brand.' Also includes a testimonial about the product's durability and flavor.

Too Fat?



Do you try to become slender by drastic doses of thyroid or salts. Reduce weight and waistline also hips, double chin, etc. by the use of the new Korean system. The shadow on this picture gives you an idea how she looked before. By taking Korean and following easy directions of Korean system she reduced from clumsy features to graceful proportions. Now she is agile, attractive, mentally alert and in better health. Why not you? Write for the diet plan.

Auction

FURNITURE, PIANO, LINOLEUM, NEW RANGE, RUGS, KITCHEN UTENSILS, ETC. Saturday, September 25, 1:30 p. m. 2770 Brooks Avenue. Take street car to Fairgrounds, then enquire. See full ad. Thursday. F. N. WOODRY, the Auctioneer

TIRES & TUBES

\$25,000 Factory Sale. All Firsts, no Seconds. All Tires and Tubes absolutely guaranteed. They're going fast—Lowest Prices ever heard of. Better come early—Cash Talks. American Auto Co. 197 South Commercial St.

Advertisement for 'RIDERS OF THE DAWN' by Zane Grey. Text: 'COMING SUNDAY—YE LIBERTY A Benjamin B. Hampton Production RIDERS OF THE DAWN A photoplay of the novel "THE DESERT OF WHEAT" by ZANE GREY Directed by Hugh Ryan Conway'.