

COX ACCEPTS

(Continued from page 1)
...to the irreconcilable hostility of Senator Johnson of California. The Republican congress, the governor asserted, failed to pass a constructive law or to reduce war taxes.

The Morris & Keene Optical Company wishes to make an explanation relative to an advertisement which appeared in this paper recently, which was misconstrued. The firm of Drs. Findley & Steeves is interested in the Morris-Keene Optical Company, but the Morris-Keene Optical Company is not a part of the firm of Drs. Findley & Steeves

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A
Harley-Davidson Bicycle

Get him one now.
We have a model to suit your needs and pocket book.
Harry W. Scott
Distributors for Harley-Davidson Bicycles and Motorcycles

backed by unlimited prodigal expenditures. To confuse and lure, Governor Cox said he took up the Democratic standard "a free man, unfettered by promises."
"We want a change," he said, "from the old world of yesterday where international intrigue made people mere pawns on the chess-board of war. We want a change from the old industrial world where the man who toiled was assured of a 'full inner pall' as his only lot and portion. We stand at the forks of the road. One leads to higher citizenship, a freer expression of the individual and a fuller life for all. The other leads to reaction, the rule of a few over the many and the restriction of the average man's chances to get upward. But I have abiding faith that the pitfalls will be avoided and the right road chosen."
"The leaders opposed to democracy promised to put the country back to normal. This can only mean the so-called normal of former reactionary administrations."
"Ours is toward the sunrise of tomorrow. The opposition stands in the shade of the setting sun, looking backward, at the old days of reaction."
A grateful tribute to President Wilson was paid by Governor Cox, when, during the Republican platform in absence of "a line that breathes emotion of pride" in the nation's war achievements, he said that the soldiers fell in the trenches Mr. Wilson "was broken in the enormous labor of his office."
The Republican proposal for a separate peace, Governor Cox declared, was "the most disheartening act in civilization since the Russian made their separate peace with Germany." Citing difficulties in the war, Governor Cox said that if accomplished, "no nation in good standing could have anything to do with it."
"This nation would not only be a piece of bungling diplomacy, but plain, adulterated dishonesty, as well," he said, "invading against any man without associated powers."
"That would either be regarded as mad madness or attempted international bossism," he added.
Discussing domestic questions, the governor denounced profiteering at length, promising that profiteers should suffer the penalty of the criminal law.
"Fair terms for both capital and labor," he advocated, the nominee also opposing development of both "into the units—without injury to the public interest." Collective bargaining of labor through its own

Have you start that tour, have THIS STATION test your battery and recharge it (if necessary) for this will mean freedom from battery trouble during your trip.
Among yourself of our service means giving your battery a square deal. Let's proceed to you.
L. D. BARTON
171 South Commercial St.
Phone 1107

representatives was approved by the governor, who added: "We should not by law abridge a man's right either to labor or quit his employment. However, neither labor nor capital should take action that would put in jeopardy the public welfare."
"We need a definite and precise statement of policy as to what businessmen and workmen may do by way of combination and collective action. The law is now so nebulous that it almost turns upon the predictions of the judge or jury. The rules of business should be made more certain so that an a stable basis men may move in confidence."
Disputes between capital and labor are inevitable, Governor Cox said, and public opinion settles prolonged strikes. Declaring that "public opinion should determine in America," he said, the government should occupy an impartial position to protect lives and property and, possibly at times, inquire into facts of a tie-up.
"But facts and not conclusions," he said, "should be submitted."
Agricultural subjects formed another extensive feature of the candidate's speech, many expedients for agricultural development being advocated, including reduction of tenancy, increased production, cooperative selling as well as purchasing by farmers, establishment of municipal markets and "modern state rural school codes," and increased acreage by irrigation development. He also declared for government regulation of cold storage and a time limit on storage products.
"Advocating more home owners," Governor Cox said that under Democratic rule the prosperity of the country had been widely diffused.
Praising American youth for its war service, Governor Cox declared that the nation owes a debt to those who died and their dependents and to the wounded, who should be trained and rehabilitated. Also, he said, "we must realize that considerable compensation is due those who lost much by the break in their material hopes and aspirations."
The Mexican situation, the governor stated, has been "trying our patience for years" but now begins to show signs of improvement.
"Not the least of things that have contributed to it," he continued, "is a realization by the people of that country that we have neither lust for their domain, nor disposition to disturb their sovereign rights."
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A pledge for "heavy" and immediate reduction of federal taxation was made by the nominee, who said that, with economy, \$2,000,000,000 could be lopped off. He advocated repeal of "annoying consumption taxes" and said incomes of wage earners, agricultural producers, and salaried, professional and small business men should be "sharply modified." He suggested, in lieu of excess profits taxes, "a small tax, probably 1 or 1-2 per cent of the total business of every going concern." He also urged "mixing the holders of hidden wealth pay their share (of taxes) with those whose property is in sight."
Advocating reform of federal agencies and activities, including establishment of a budget system, the governor said the government could be run on \$4,000,000,000 annually including the sinking fund and national debt interest. Disarmament provisions of the league of nations, he added, constitute "an appealing, fundamental" and its loss a surety of armament burdens.
The federal reserve act was commended at length as the greatest factor in America's war efforts next to personal sacrifices of the people. The law is a Democratic achievement, he said, enacted "against the protests of the bitter Republican stand-patters." In its development he recommended establishing foreign banks in trade centers and urged Americans to guard the law, declar-

ing it should be kept from the hands of those who have never been its friends."
Repeal of war laws restricting freedom of speech and assembly and liberty of the press was advocated, together with Americanization of alien residents and extension of education work "without encroachment by the federal government on local control."
Conservation of children by prevention of child labor, adequate pay for government employees, short shrift for anarchistic agitators and development of waterway transportation were other affirmative policies the governor enunciated.
"I accept the nomination of our party," he said in conclusion, "obedient to the Divine Sovereign of all peoples, and hopeful that by trust in Him the war will be shown for helpful service."
SCOTTS MILLS PERSONALS
SCOTTS MILLS, Aug. 7.—W. O. Roysse was a Silverton visitor Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Newberry and son Salem were visitors at Abiqua heights Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Lewis and son of Salem and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Lewis and baby of Lyons visited friends at Noble and Crooked Finger Sunday.
Elvin Shepherd and Ernest Waibel were Salem visitors Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Lawrence and son Dean, were Silverton visitors Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Taylor and daughter visited relatives and friends in Portland over Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Byron Maine of Oregon City visited relatives on the Abiqua Sunday.
Allan Bellinger visited friends in Salem Sunday.
W. T. Hogg was a Salem visitor Saturday.
Mrs. George Haynes was in Portland Tuesday on business.
Dr. G. C. Bellinger of Salem visited Allan Bellinger the first of the week.
Mrs. Oscar Davidson and children of Malibu who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Lawrence for a couple of weeks, returned to her home Sunday.
I. H. Van Winkle and daughter Rosalind of Salem are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hogg and family.
Mrs. Lola Bellinger of Corvallis is visiting relatives at Noble.
E. Plas and son John, and daughter Henrietta, were in Salem Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer and two sons of Butternut, Wis., are visiting Mrs. Elmer's mother, Mrs. Kate Landring, for several weeks.
Leo Hettner was in Salem Wednesday.

Industrial-Labor Party Has State Recognition
The new industrial-labor party yesterday filed its petitions for party recognition with the secretary of state. This has been accorded and the party is at liberty to call a convention and make nominations. A number of names required on the petitions is 795, or 5 per cent of the total vote cast for congressional electors in the last previous general election. F. T. Johns, chairman of the state central committee of the new party, claims the petitions contain 8688 names.
This is the party which desired to be known as the Socialist-Labor party, a name the attorney general held could not be used because it would be an infringement on the name of the present Socialist party.

Loss in July Is Heavier Than Usual
Fire loss in Oregon outside of Portland during July was unusually heavy with the aggregate placed at \$578,395, according to the regular

monthly report of A. C. Barber, state insurance commissioner and fire marshal.
The number of fires was 57, and of these 30 were residences. Chimneys and flues caused 10 fires and the causes of 18 were unknown.
The most disastrous fires of the month were: Lumber plant at Al-

bany, \$50,000; business property at Bend, \$20,000; lumber plant at Dallas, \$200,000; business property at Eugene, \$10,000; warehouse and adjacent buildings at Medford, \$100,000; elevator and warehouse at Shurf, \$40,000.
The total loss in July of last year was \$421,230.

Your Appearance Counts In Every Walk Of life-

No matter what your occupation may be—whether as professional man, business man or manual laborer—your appearance counts, and your appearance depends very largely on the kind of clothes you wear.

Good quality clothes mark you as a success no matter whether the material be good broadcloth or good jeans. What is more, good quality clothes are always the cheapest in the long run. They wear longer, hold their shape and color better, and give better satisfaction in every respect.

Scotch Woolen Mills clothes are good clothes. They're made of best quality wools. They're made by expert tailors. They're made to your exact measure, according to the style you prefer.

They're low priced, too; and we give an

Extra Pair of Pants Free With Each Suit.

Come in and look over our line of absolutely new Fall materials. They're beauties.

SCOTCH WOOLEN MILLS STORE

426 State Street SALEM, OREGON

American Legion Post Organized in Shanghai
SHANGHAI, Aug. 4.—The Shanghai-post of American legion has been given its official name by the national organization in America and is to be called the General Frederick Ward post after the noted American soldier who organized in China the "Ever Victorious army" in the Taiping rebellion, afterward turning the command over to the British general, "Chinese" Gordon. The Shanghai post has 160 members and has been authorized to form other posts in China.

Monty's Tire Shop

We Sell Fisk Tires and Tubes

Service With a Smile

154 South Commercial Street Phone 428

In New Location

We have leased the property formerly occupied by the Center Street Red Shed, at 225 Center Street, and will hereafter be open for business at that place. We have

Three Plates of Business

225 Center Street
271 Cheneketa Street
326 No. Commercial Street

We will continue to conduct a general junk business. Our Store on Center Street will, however, also have a merchandising business in machinery, hardware, etc.

Capital Junk Co.

225 Center St., 271 Cheneketa St., 326 North Commercial St.

THE FISK RUBBER CO.
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There is no mystery in the tremendous success of Fisk Cords. Dealers and users know. Ask Them! Yours for mileage Fisk Tires