

Costs Money to Publish Congressional Record

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The cost of publishing the Congressional Record, the government publication recording daily everything that is said and done in congress, as well as some things outside, was \$537,439 last year, practically the same as for 1918, but about \$300,000 less than the 1917 cost.

These figures were given recently by Russell O. Beene, accountant at the government printing office, in answer to an inquiry of Representative Mace of New York, as to the possible saving that would result from the discontinuance of the Record. Mr. Beene gave the cost for 1917 as \$801,790.88 and for 1918 as \$537,439.

Cornelius Ford, the public printer, was asked for an explanation of the high figure in 1917, but confessed his ignorance unless it happened that congress "did more talking" that year. Mr. Ford said that in 1917, congress was in session 250 days, in 1918, 207 days and in 1919, 279 days.

The printed pages in the Record

PEARL OIL (KEROSENE) HEAT AND LIGHT

INSTANT HEAT
WHEN AND
WHERE NEEDED

STANDARD OIL COMPANY



QUESTIONS ARE GLADLY ANSWERED

SOMETIMES one feels that he or she needs information about some little thing in business or banking, but hesitates to ask about it for fear it will be deemed insignificant to the other party.

Whatever one wants to know we feel is of interest to the patron, and therefore warrants a satisfactory reply at the United States National Bank.

United States National Bank
SALEM OREGON

for these years were 652,511,964 in 1917; 563,672,587 in 1918; and 455,130,450 in 1919. The cost of paper has increased greatly within the past three years, but the cost of a lighter and less expensive quality has helped reduce the aggregate cost of the paper used. For 1919, the paper cost was \$130,000 as compared with \$162,000 in 1918 and \$200,000 in 1917.

We have noticed a diminution in the number of house cats since the summer fur fashion has set in.—Exchange.

Hair Often Ruined By Careless Washing

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is Multisilf coconut oil shampoo (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than anything else you can use.

One or two teaspoons will clean the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get Multisilf coconut oil shampoo at any pharmacy, it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

SKYSCRAPERS VERY COSTLY

Lower Buildings Erected Over
Larger Area Are More
Profitable

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 27.—Low buildings erected on expansive lots are more profitable than skyscrapers towering into the air, in the opinion of various members of the National Association of Building Owners and Managers expressed at their annual convention here. This is contradictory to the generally accepted theory of realty men.

Reading a paper at one of the sessions on "Analysis of the Comparative Investment Value of Office Buildings of Various Heights," Edwin S. Jewell, of Omaha, an advocate of the low building theory, said that since land values are enhanced by the increase in population in a section and not by the size of buildings on it, structures under ten stories in height were more profitable in that a saving would be made on the tremendous cost of foundation and enormous elevator equipment.

"If a builder erects a six to eight-story building in a part of the city that is in the business section," Mr. Jewell said, "and if that business section shifts in a decade or two, the structure can readily be used for a factory, warehouse, or other purposes. It is still a marketable building. The same is not true of the skyscraper."

"When builders begin to erect low buildings in our cities, the tremendous amount of money now being used for building foundations, and sub-basements, can be put into other buildings. The money put into elevators, heavy frame work and other incidentals necessary to the erection of a skyscraper would pay for a good, practical office building four to six stories high covering the same piece of ground."

Mr. Jewell, who is chairman of the operating experience committee of the building owners and managers association, also asserted that the low office building plan would spread the business districts of cities over wider areas and raise land values, enabling cities to raise more revenue for schools and other public improvements.

"The low building plan," he said, "would prevent congestion, promote safety and good health and by forcing the spreading of the business district over a wider area, provide more stores, which would result in greater competition and lower prices to the buying public."

A low building, Mr. Jewell asserted can be built for 14 cents per cubic foot cheaper than a tall building of the same quality because cement can be used instead of steel.

Mr. Jewell asserted he had made a study of revenues from a large number of office buildings in more than 50 cities, adding that the receipts and expenditures from 143 buildings in 1919 showed an average income of about \$1.41 per square foot whereas it would require \$2.64 per square foot to make the investment realize six per cent.

The Turks say they don't know what the word "mandate" means. But they might learn. That is, if a Turk is capable of learning.

ALL COUNTIES RECEIVE FUND

Kozer Makes Distribution of
Money Realized Under
Market Road Act

Sam A. Kozer, secretary of state, under direction of the state highway commission, yesterday made distribution among the counties of the state \$266,099.72, the initial distribution of funds realized under the market road bill which was passed by the people at the special election of June 3, 1919.

Marion county's share is \$20,760.65.

"The amount disbursed represents the proceeds of the one mill tax on the taxable property for the state for market roads for the first six months' taxpaying period in 1920," said Mr. Kozer. "Under the apportionment each county receives an amount at least equal to its contribution to the funds, but no county can receive in excess of 10 per cent of the total amount raised in that county in any one year. In order for any county to participate in the distribution of this fund it is required under the law to provide by uniform levy under all taxable property of the county for the specific purpose of market road construction, such an amount as may equal the apportionment to said county by the state highway commission. Every county elected to come under the provision of the law this year. The law contains the further provision that all market roads erected with the funds disbursed today, shall be constructed under the supervision and control of the county court of the respective counties, upon plans and specifications furnished and under the supervision of the state highway commission, as to surveys and grades."

The fund of \$266,099.72 disbursed today was apportioned among the several counties as follows:

Baker, \$11,735.10; Benton, \$6,059.34; Clackamas, \$16,905.78; Clatsop, \$14,258.77; Columbia, \$7,257.06; Coos, \$11,062.84; Crook, \$3,010.60; Deschutes, \$5,039.60; Douglas, \$13,158.55; Gilliam, \$5,233.42; Grant, \$3,974.05; Harney, \$5,649.55; Hood River, \$4,888.02; Jackson, \$14,601.78; Jefferson, \$2,616.86; Josephine, \$4,023.01; Klamath, \$3,117.80; Lake, \$5,522.52; Lane, \$19,809.32; Lincoln, \$3,563.91; Linn, \$15,149.57; Malheur, \$7,291.92; Marion, \$20,760.65; Morrow, \$5,566.13; Multnomah, \$49,521.77; Polk, \$8,694.84; Sherman, \$6,474.47; Tillamook, \$8,960.76; Umatilla, \$2,184.60; Union, \$10,532.30; Wasco, \$7,094.42; Wagon, \$8,242.14; Washington, \$14,651.24; Wheeler, \$2,594.71; Yamhill, \$11,426.75; total, \$266,099.72.

Water Users Make Requests of Engineering Department

Gilbert C. Lapham of Vistillas, Or., has filed with the state engineer an application covering the proposed construction of two reservoirs for the storage of approximately 200 acre feet of water, and for the appropriation of the water for the irrigation of 193 acres in Klamath county.

Other applications have been filed as follows:

By John J. Hoefler of Cove, Or., covering the appropriation of water from Duncan creek for the irrigation of 20 acres in Union county.

By Benton B. Clement of Ontario, Or., covering the appropriation of waste water for the irrigation of 80 acres, and for domestic use in Malheur county.

By D. W. Price of Trail, Or., covering the appropriation of water from the west branch of Elk creek for the irrigation of 15 acres in Jackson county.

By Henry E. Hagedorn, of Silver Lake, Ore. covering the appropriation of water from a spring for domestic purposes in Lake county.

By the Brightwood company, of Portland, covering the appropriation of water from the Little Sandy for the development of 200 horsepower in Clackamas county.

By J. M. McEwen, of Riverside, covering the appropriation of water from Visser creek for the irrigation of 60 acres in Malheur county.

Americans Found Ten French Scholarships

PARIS, July 27.—Ten scholarships open to the most deserving French artists, sculptors, musicians, novelists, dramatists, architects, decorators, engravers and journalists have just been founded by Mrs. George Blumenthal of New York and Paris.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens
so Naturally Nobody Can
Tell.

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive.

Gale & Co.'s Quality Silks At Lower Prices



36 inch Silk Poplin, per yard.....	\$1.35
40 inch all Silk Crepe De Chine, per yard.....	\$1.98
40 inch all Silk Georgette Crepe, per yard.....	\$1.98
36 inch Chiffon Taffetas, per yard.....	\$2.49
36 inch All Silk Satin Messalines, per yard.....	\$2.49
40 inch Lingerie Satin, per yard.....	\$2.49

These silks come in the following colors, Black, White, Old Rose, Copen, Pigeon, Navy, Coral, Ecru, Cardinal, Taupe, Flesh, Salmon, Brown, etc.

Our Prices Always the Lowest

Gale & Co.

Commercial and Court Streets
Formerly Chicago Store

and who is particularly noted because her gallery of French Gothic art at her New York home.

Associated with Mrs. Blumenthal in founding the scholarships are J. P. Morgan, T. P. Ryan, E. R. Stearns, H. P. Davidson, G. F. Baker, Charles Hayden, W. N. Cohen and H. Walters.

These founders have just been sent the following cablegram from Premier Millerand of France:

"I have already expressed to Madame Blumenthal the profound gratitude of the French government for the fine and useful foundation for the benefit of French thought and art. Our young writers and artists, heroes or victims of war, will find in this delicate and affectionate attention of our friends of America a new proof of the profound and sincere friendship which unites our two republics."

"France had already honored the memory of the intrepid soldiers of your army and will honor soon your heroes of the war of independence. I thank the faithful friends of France who are instituting this permanent monument to the glory of the French thought and art."

The scholarships are for 6000

francs each, the foundation being perpetual and they are to be awarded to the most deserving candidates.

Each scholarship is tenable for two years in succession and any scholar showing special merit at the end of that time has a chance of receiving it for a further period.

The candidates will be elected by juries of 10 men prominent in each profession.

Congress Provides For Washington's Birthplace

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Every year congress grants \$100 for the repair of fences and for cleaning up and maintaining the 13-acre reservation at Wakefield, Va., where George Washington was born.

There is no dwelling on the place, but a monument marks the place of nativity of "the father of his country." Wakefield is 110 miles from Washington, and is not often visited because it is not easily accessible. It is a mile and a half from the Potomac, and pilgrims going by water must also trudge overland to reach it. Excursion steamers no longer

stop, the old government wharf having been partly carried away by ice and floods and never repaired.

Two New Lawyers Are Admitted to Oregon Bar

Edward R. Harvey of Portland and Jesse E. Campbell of Lakeview were yesterday admitted by the supreme court to the practice of law in Oregon. The admissions are on probation and on the strength of certificates held by the two men in Nebraska and Nevada respectively.

Baker Lumber Company Buys Standing Timber

PORTLAND, Ore., July 27.—The Baker White Pine Lumber company of Baker, Ore., today was highest bidder for 12,000,000 feet of timber on the Whitman national forest, Douglas fir, yellow pine and larch, located on Camp creek, is included in the sale. The purchase price was \$3 a thousand feet for yellow pine and fifty cents a thousand feet for other species.

BLIGH THEATRE TWO DAYS STARTING TODAY

Direct from the Universal Studios
HUGH SEBER Presents In Person
MR. SHERMAN BAINBRIDGE

The Noted
Universal
Moving
Picture
Star



Assisted By

BLOSSOM WILSON and CLEORA ORDEN

With His Own

VAUDEVILLE REVUE

NOTE:—You May Ask Mr. Bainbridge Any Question—Leave It At
the Box Office—Pertaining To the Studios and He will Answer It.

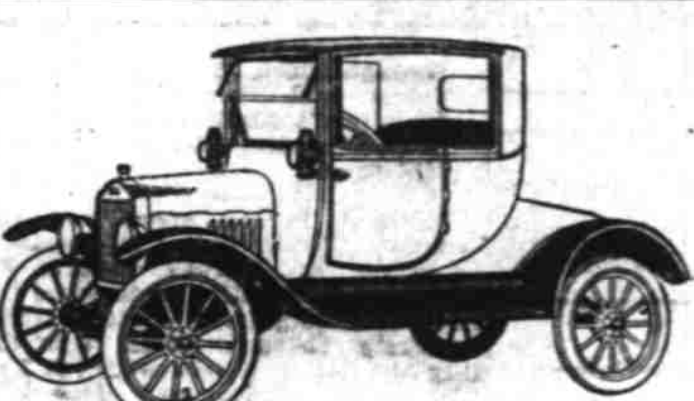
In His
Startling
MOVIE
EXPOSE
Showing
Tricks of the
Movies



Why a Closed Car?

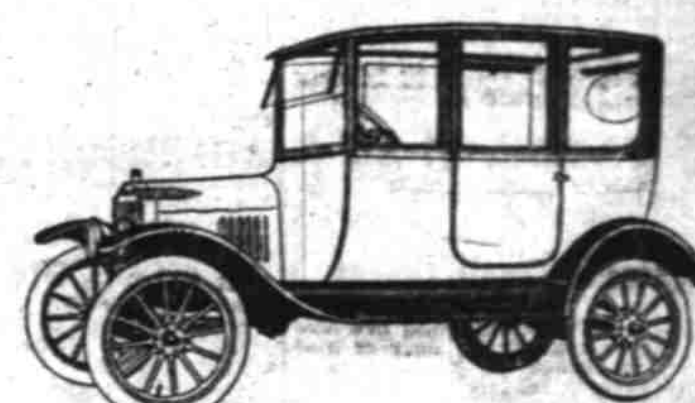
Maximum of
Satisfaction
Minimum
of Expense

Low in
Upkeep
Dependable
In Operation



FORD COUPE

Clean and free from dust in summer, and yet so well ventilated that freely circulating air insures coolness. When strong winds blow the car can be instantly closed, protecting its occupants, and yet give open vision to all.



FORD SEDAN

It is the ideal car for town use, protecting you from the rain and cold in winter, without those bothersome curtains. They will go anywhere an open car will go, and aside from the cleanliness of riding, have a distinction of their own.

We can make immediate delivery

Insist
On
Genuine
Ford
Parts

Valley Motor Co.

Insist
On
Genuine
Ford
Parts