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HERBERT HOOVER, PHILOSOPHER AND PATRIOT

Herbert Hoover, talking on the political affairs of this world, said once: "The reason why the Western democracies have succeeded is that individuals have learned by experience to yield to the will of the majority. If you are a prohibitionist and the district goes wet, you don't take a gun and go out to enforce prohibition on your own account. You accept the will of the majority and try to change it by persuasion. That's the reason for the constant revolutions, the political instability, in Central America—they haven't yet learned that principle. The spirit of yielding to the will of the majority, plus free discussion for the minority—it is all a democracy needs."

The above is taken from an article in the Saturday Evening Post by Will Irwin, writing from Germany.

Mr. Hoover is just now taking a large dose of his own philosophy. The following statement was issued from Washington, D. C., on June 18th by Mr. Hoover:

"I breakfasted with Senator Harding this morning at the Senator's invitation. I presented the views which I believed were held by a considerable group of independent and progressive Republicans upon various questions. The Senator stated that it was his most sincere desire to be the instrumentality for bringing the divergent elements of the party together; that the views of both the conservative and progressive wings of the party would be fully represented in the administration; that he represented no particular group but that he considered it was his first duty as leader of the party to consolidate all elements into a united front. He will, of course, issue no statement until after the Democratic convention, and then after consultation with all sides.

"My own position on various issues is well enough known, and as to the party situation I cannot make it more clear than the following letter which I sent to friends in different parts of the country two days ago and before I had any communication with Senator Harding:

"I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter. I have received many hundred other communications from friends advising various courses with respect to the situation that eventuated in Chicago, for undoubtedly many of the independent and progressive Republicans like myself are greatly disappointed over some tendencies that were apparent at Chicago. The Chicago platform is not radical; the greater part of it is constructive and progressive; nothing prevents the compromise planks on labor, the League, etc., from being given a forward looking interpretation; some things, including a reorganization of our election expenditures and the primaries, are not adequately dealt with.

"In these times when the great problems and issues created by the war are new and are so complex, we must expect a wide divergence of view among the members of the party as to the methods by which they are to be met. It follows, therefore, that if there was to have been unity in the convention, there had to be a large measure of compromise. The compromises on the platform and the candidate are proof that we have not arrived at an era of new political and social tendencies—and for this same reason the same divergent groups and the same attitude of compromise will be found in the Democratic convention.

"Nothing could be more disastrous than the development of several party organizations representing the complexion of every group in the country. With the legislative and executive functions more widely separated than in any other democracy, the whole process of constructive government will come to an end if we have more than two dominant parties. If we should come to this position, there will be no possibility of the American people securing an expression of the will of the majority and we shall be entirely ruled by log rolling minorities or sterile political coalitions.

"I am convinced that those of us—and I believe they are the majority of the party—who hold more definite views, could not, even were we so inclined, successfully effect the consummation of such views outside the party, and that our duty is to endeavor to bring them to realization within the party organization itself as the issues on which they bear arise. The tendencies of the party will gain their meaning only from actual administration.

"I am convinced that unity of action among the liberal thinkers of the party, especially if they exert themselves in the current of congressional elections, will insure the country against legislative reaction.

"If the Republican party is to be irrevocably split I cannot conceive that Senator Harding will for one moment submit the administrative side of the government to the domination of any group or coterie. Furthermore, we have the possibility of having administrative measures and policies determined by full cabinet responsibility, and of having co-operation restored with the legislative side of the government. I need not reiterate my conviction that the constructive ability so critically needed for the vigorous business reorganization of the Federal government and to meet the many economic issues before us lies in the Republican party.

"For all these reasons, I believe that those of us who look upon party organization not from the point of view of partisanship but solely from the point of view of its usefulness as an agency of maximum service to the country, should support the Republican party at the polls.

"Yours faithfully,
(Signed) HERBERT HOOVER."

The above letter will explain and make clear a lot of things to the men and women of the United States who hoped to see Herbert Hoover made President of the United States.

He says: "I need not reiterate my conviction that the constructive ability so critically needed for the vigorous business reorganization of the Federal government and to meet the many economic issues before us lies in the Republican party."

That is the reason why Mr. Hoover refused to listen to the bland-

ishments of the Democratic leaders. He regards the tendencies of the Democratic party as negative, the opposite of constructive. "The whole process of constructive government will come to an end if we have more than two dominant parties," says Mr. Hoover. That explains why Mr. Hoover would not think of throwing in his lot with a third party—no matter if it promised him the Presidency.

Mr. Hoover is not a politician in the point of view of partisanship; he is a politician from the point of view of the usefulness of a great party as an agency of maximum service to the country and the world.

He is primarily an engineer; the world's greatest mining engineer. He believes the right way is the best way to get a thing done.

There is a great task before the American people. The thing is to get it done.

And the way to get it done is by putting men in charge at Washington who have organizing and constructive ability and forward looking ideals, backed by a party of performance with a record of accomplishment.

Harding and hargony look good.

Herbert Hoover is a genuine thoroughbred.

The Mississippi Democrats have endorsed the administration of President Wilson, but the Democrats can get away with almost anything in that part of the country.

A Chicago physician says there is no reason why man should not live to be 1000 years old. If the Democrats are to remain in power we don't just now think of any excuse for living so long.—Exchange.

A servant girl and \$10,000 disappeared from the same house the same day; the report does not state, but it probably was her pay day.—Philadelphia North American.

JIG SAW PUZZLE.

Those who would bring a new party into the presidential campaign are having trouble in rounding up and cementing the discordant elements from which it is to be built. It will take something

FUTURE DATES

June 24, 25 and 26—Portland Rose festival.
June 26, Saturday—Letter Carriers' convention in Salem.
June 27, Sunday—Golf, Eugene vs. Salem, at Eugene.
June 27, Sunday—Baseball, Salem vs. Vancouver, Oxford Park.
June 28, Monday—First band concert of season, Willson park.
June 28, Monday—Commercial club luncheon at auto camp grounds.
July 2, Saturday—Independence day celebration at Stayton.
July 5, Monday—Salem business houses close in observance of Independence day.
July 5 to 24—Summer school for rural pastors at Willamette university.
July 6 to 28—Annual encampment of Oregon National Guard, infantry and engineers at Camp Lewis, artillery at Fort Stevens.
July 19, Saturday—Bargain Day.
July 15, Thursday—County court to open bids on road bonds.
July 18 to 24—Salem Chautauqua.
July 22, 23 and 24—State Elks convention in Salem.
September 27 to October 2—Oregon state fair.

more than an architect to draw the plans and prepare the working specifications for the new structure. It will need more than a chemist to blend the foam and drops into a plausible stimulant for the human frame. Those jiz saw puzzles, over which people were wont to spend some hours of time, furnish an idea of the problem before the promoters. Here are 57 quaint and odd-shaped pieces of wood and they must be put together so as to form one harmonious picture.

But the trouble is they have jumbled four or five different puzzles. They have taken the hind legs of an elephant, the ears of a donkey, the horns of a moose, the hump of a camel, the stripes of a zebra, the tail of a tiger and the head of a hyena and they are trying to put them together so as to make some animal that is fit for a domestic pet.

It can't be done. No more can you patch up a dachshund and a duck to make an American eagle.

When the puzzle fiends have assembled the incongruous parts they will have something that would be even unrecognizable by the scientist who had assembled the bones of the dinosaur and the ichthyosaurus. It would be like nothing in the heaven above or the earth beneath.

It couldn't even grow!

Here is a section of the Socialist party, a slide of the "public-ownership" Democrats, a lot of the single taxers, most of the Nonpartisan league, a wing of the labor organization, all of the pro-Germans, all of the parlor Bolshevists, a collection of anarchists, Communists, syndicalists and holy terrors, a few Plumb Plan Republicans, a lot of wets, a taste of dries, most of the I. W. W. members, the anti-preparedness crowd, the unconscious objectors, the peace-at-any-price

longhairs, the war-at-any-cost short-hairs, the militant suffragettes and the antieverythingths.

It is the grand army of discord.

When politicians seek to bring together all the forces of disorder and destruction; to combine all the elements of passion and protest, for no other purpose than to gain place and power for themselves, they become dangerous to their country and their fellows.

There is no warrant or reason for an Extreme Left party in America. The best way to rid the country of anarchy is to break it up into small pieces and not to permit it to gain the cohesive forces of an avalanche.

CELTIC TOUCHINESS.

Premier Lloyd George of Britain, a Welshman, in an interview with the press on the San Remo conference, diplomatically explained numerous little misunderstandings with the remark that "we Celts are so much more suspicious than the Anglo-Saxons."

No wonder a good many people suspected Hiram Johnson of being a Sinn Feiner.

BITS FOR BREAKFAST

Salem's turn next.

The Elks will come in July.

The letter carriers will be in Salem tomorrow.

The first American soldiers arrived in France three years ago today. A lot of water has run under Willamette bridge since that day.

Nearly every one wants sunshine—especially the hay harvesters.

The men in charge say work is to begin on the Salem hospital right soon. The sooner the better.

At least a hundred men are now cutting wood for the Salem paper mill—for wood pulp, mostly white fir. The wood is already being received and stored on the grounds of the Falls City Lumber company near Fourteenth street, east of the jam factory, which have been secured for the purpose. Work is going forward on the big boilers of the mill, at the foot of Trade street, and on every other part of the mill construction, as fast as possible. As soon as the boiler is ready, the sulphide part of the mill will be started up, and it will not be long then till the finished product begins to go out. The boilers ought to be ready early in August.

FOR THE BLUES
TRY
PARIS GREEN

Interesting Letter Is Received from Lockhart

From Warsaw, Poland, under date of May 20, E. B. Lockhart wrote the following to a member of The Statesman force:

"Wish you were here to attend this Russian church with me this morning and go to grand opera 'Carmen,' tomorrow.

"Beautiful city with tree-lined streets and nice looking women—some plucky soldiers, too.

"Meet quite a number even here who remembered me in Paris work last year for Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., R. C. and commissions—total quite a lot.

"Weather beautiful.

"Spent few days in Berlin visit-

ing galleries, also in Coblenz and Cologne.

"No word from home." On the back of the card is a picture of the church referred to, the "Kosciol na Placu Saskim," at least that is the title on the card, and the city is spelled "Warsawa."

"Russian church; new Catholic," writes Mr. Lockhart, in identifying the church picture, which represents a magnificent structure, probably requiring 100 years or more to build.

Mr. Lockhart is in Y. M. C. A. work in Warsaw. He was in Y. M. C. A. work in Paris, but spent some time in America before being called to Poland. He was formerly managing editor of The Statesman, and was pastor of a number of Methodist churches in Oregon and Washington. Mrs. Lockhart and the children are in Salem.

BRAINS, BRAWN and HOLSUM BREAD

"In every grain of wheat there is almost a complete ration of raw food to meet the needs of the human body."

The U. S. Department of Agriculture in Farmers' Bulletin No. 807 Says: "BREAD comes so near to being complete food, i. e., to providing sufficient body building and body regulating material, that it would be an advantage, from the standpoint of economy (considering the nourishment it supplies in comparison with its cost), to use it more largely in diet.

The American family spends approximately one-tenth of its food money for BREAD and derives more than one-fourth of its energy therefrom.

HOLSUM BREAD

is your
Best BREAD
Buy more
of it.

is your
Best food
Eat more
of it.

PARENTS ATTENTION!

Particular Attention of Parents of Boys is Directed to One Item

Featured Herewith as It Is Positively the

Greatest Bargain We Have Ever Offered

In Boys' Clothing, Parents Will Find It to Their Advantage to

Buy Clothing for Boys at This Sale

MEN'S SUITS

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

of Hart, Schaffner & Marx, Michael Sterns and David Adler's High Grade Clothing at 20 Per Ct. Off

MEN'S HATS

Take your choice from our immense stock of Stetson and Mallory hats.

20 Per Ct. Off

MEN'S SHOES

"Just Wright" Shoes for men who want the best in footwear priced from \$10 to \$16 Less 20 Per Ct.

50 BOY'S OREGON SUITS

Bishop's Tailored Suits, Made of Materials Manufactured by Kay and Eugene Mills, of Oregon Wool, to Sell in Regular Stock

For \$18 and \$20

Assorted Patterns

Latest Models, Ages 6 to 15 Years. See Them in Our Window. On Sale

Friday and Saturday for

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EXTRA SPECIAL

ONE LOT MEN'S SUITS Staple and young men's models, regular \$25 to \$60, Special 33½ Per Ct. Off

SHOE SPECIAL

One lot men's high grade tan and mahogany shoes, lace, regular \$12 and \$15 at At \$7.95

ARMY SHOES

Men's Munson last, brown and black army shoes, regular \$8, \$8.50 and \$9 \$5.95

Bishop's Protection Sale SALEM WOOLEN MILLS