

The Oregon Statesman

THE WEATHER:
Friday, fair except probably rain near the coast; moderate easterly winds.

The Statesman receives the leased wire report of the Associated Press, the greatest and most reliable press association in the world.

SIXTY-NINTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1920.

PRICE: FIVE CENTS

DEMOCRATS WIN WAR SAYS H. S. CUMMINS

Republicans Now Waste Public Cash in Fruitless Smelling Expeditions on War

NOT ONE CROOKED DEMOCRATS IN ALL U. S.

Bourbons Conducted the "Cleanest War in All History"

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 18.—Wasteful expenditure of \$2,000,000 for "smelling" committees was charged against the Republican majority in the congress by Homer S. Cummins, chairman of the Democratic national committee, in an address here tonight at a dinner attended by Democratic leaders of Kentucky. The committee, Chairman Cummins said, were appointed to ascertain whether there had been any graft in the conduct of the world war but instead "demonstrated that this was the cleanest war ever fought in the history of civilization."

"The finger of scorn does not point to one single Democratic official in all of broad America," added Mr. Cummins. "I want to remind you that it does not lie in the mouths of those who conducted the Spanish-American war to indulge in the luxury of criticism. What is there in this war to compare with the typhoid infested camps of the war of 1898; what is there in this war to compare with the paper-soled shoes controversy of 1898, and what is there in this war to compare to the embalmed beef scandal of the Spanish-American war."

"Democrat Won the War."

"We have fought a great war for a great cause and we have had a leadership which has carried America to greater heights of glory and power and splendor and honor than she has ever known before in her entire history."

"The Republicans have been in control of the senate and the house for eight months," the chairman continued. "They went in under false pretenses. They outlined an elaborate program of reconstruction that looked very well in the newspapers. They have not only delayed and indefinitely postponed the peace"

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SENTENCED, FINED AND THEN PAROLED

JUDGE KELLY CONSIDERS FIRST OFFENSE OF TWO BOYS

Alice Smith Pleads Not Guilty, Is Out on \$500 Bail and Date of Trial Is Fixed

Romeo Lais, 20 years old, and Joseph Lichty, 21, indicted by the grand jury for contributing to the delinquency of a minor, were each sentenced to serve one year in the county jail and pay a fine of \$100, by Judge Percy R. Kelly yesterday.

Alice Smith, 20, a member of the party, was arranged and pleaded not guilty to a charge of inducing a minor to travel with her for immoral purposes. She is out on \$500 bail. Miss Smith will be given trial June 8.

The two young men pleaded guilty to indictments returned against them by the grand jury Wednesday afternoon, for contributing to the delinquency of a 15-year-old girl. The pair are farmer lads living near Mt. Angel. Judge Kelly, after being assured that this was the first time either of the boys had been arrested, paroled them on condition that they pay their fines and comply with the parole rules.

HOUSE TAKES UP TAX EXEMPTION

Consider Problems Raised by Recent Decision of Supreme Court

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The house ways and means committee locked horns today with tax problems arising out of the decision of the supreme court exempting stock dividends from taxation.

Wayne Johnson, solicitor of the treasury department, while not endorsing any plan to the committee, estimated that the total net loss to the government as a result of the decision would be no more than \$35,000,000 pointing out that immediate losses would be much larger but would be offset, materially over a period of years through the re-sale and subsequent higher taxation of the stocks.

Committee members said a loss of \$35,000,000 was not sufficient to necessitate legislation to recover, but added that some measure to prevent stockholders "going free in the future" and to prevent excessive declarations of stock dividends should be enacted.

CAN'T BE TOO GOOD TO IRISH SAYS SENATE

Reservation to Treaty in Favor of Home Rule in Ireland Is Adopted and Reaffirmed

SENATOR WISELY STATES COUNTRY TIRES OF TALK

Lodge Regrets Wilson Does Not Write to Republican Senators Also

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Proceeding under forced draft to reach a final ratification of the peace treaty tomorrow, the senate broke from control of the Republican leaders today and unexpectedly swept in to the Republican reservation program a declaration of sympathy for self-government in Ireland.

The proposal won out in committee of the whole by a vote of 38 to 36 after an all-day debate. On a necessary second vote this action was confirmed, 45 to 38.

During the debate Democratic leaders supported the reservation and the managers of the Republican side opposed it because it included a declaration that this nation adhered to the principle of self-determination of peoples. On the first roll call 21 Democrats and 17 Republicans, in cluding the irreconcilable foes of the treaty, voted for adoption while Republicans and 16 Democrats were recorded in the negative.

Final Vote Today

Revival of the Irish question prolonged into the night the senate's task of putting into final form the resolution of ratifications upon which it is planned to bring a vote tomorrow. One after another, a long list of miscellaneous reservations were voted down with the leaders bent on completing their task before adjournment.

The outcome of the ratification vote was not generally regarded as having been influenced by the day's developments, though a number of Republicans counted on to vote to ratify, including Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, party leader, expressed bitter disapproval of the Irish reservation in final form. On all sides the prediction was made that the treaty would fail to receive the necessary two-thirds, though some senators thought that on a second roll call, which probably will be taken before the attempt to ratify is given up, enough Democrats to put it through would join the majority.

Home Rule for Ireland

The text of the Irish reservation as introduced by Senator Gerry of Rhode Island, and adopted by the senate follows:

In a new reservation to the peace treaty adopted late today by a vote of 38 to 36, the senate reaffirmed its sympathy for the aspirations of the Irish people and expressed hope that the time was "at hand" when Ireland would have a government of its own choosing.

Twenty-one Democrats and 17 Republicans supported the reservation and 16 Democrats and 20 Republicans voted against it.

The roll call on the Gerry resolution on the Irish question follows:

For adoption:
Republicans: Borah, Brandegee, Capper, Colt, Curtis, France, Frelinghuysen, Gronna, Johnson, McCormack, Jones (Washington); La Follette, McLean, McNary, Moses, Norris, Sutherland and Watson, total 17.

Democrats: Ashurst, Gerry, Gore, Harris, Harrison, Henderson, Hitchcock, Kendrick, Kirby, McKellar, Nugent, Phelan, Pittman, Ransdell, Reed, Sheppard, Shields, Smith (South Carolina), Walsh (Massachusetts) and Walsh (Montana), total 21.

Total for adoption, 38.

Against adoption:
Republicans: Ball, Calder, Cummins, Dillingham, Edge, Elkins, Hale, Harding, Kellogg, Kenyon, Keys, Lenroot, Lodge, New, Papp, Phipps, Spencer, Sterling, Townsend and Wadsworth, total 20.

Democrats: Beckham, Dial, Fletcher, Gay, Jones (New Mexico), King, Myers, Pomerene, Robinson-Smith, (Georgia), Swanson, Thomas, Trammell, Underwood, Williams and Wolcott, total 16.

Total against 36.

Of senators absent and paired it was announced that Senators Culberson, Texas, and Johnson, South Dakota, Overman, North Carolina; Owen, Oklahoma; Stanley, Kentucky Democrats favored the resolution and that Senator Fernald, Republican, Maine, opposed it. The position of other senators not voting was not stated.

The senate later reaffirmed its action on the Gerry reservation 45 to 38 when a second vote became necessary under senate rules.

Additional votes for the measure on the second vote were recorded by Senators Fernald, Maine; McCormack, Illinois, and Smoot, Utah, Republican.

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POLAND BECOMES OCEAN'S BRIDE

RING IS THROWN INTO SEA IN UNIQUE CEREMONY

All Nation Filled With Joy That Country Once Again Has Seaport; Plans for Navy Under Way

WARSAW, March 18.—Tossing of a wedding ring into the ocean marked ceremonies recently held at Puck, or Putzig, to celebrate the reuniting of Poland to the sea, an event of which all of Poland had dreamed for many years. Polish troops in their northward march on their own soil as provided under the treaty of Versailles, had reached the coast line of the Baltic and begun to make themselves at home in the stretch of land, northwest of Danzig. This brought Poland to salt water again, after an absence of 113 years.

While Polish ships are to have use of wharves at Danzig, which is to be a free port under the league of nations, the new republic is desirous of a port which it may call its very own, and it is with this end in view that the Polish government has settled upon Puck as it is spelled in Polish, as a site of the port where in the future Poland may have absolutely free commercial access to the sea under jurisdiction of its own officials.

It was at the seaside near Puck where formal exercises marking Poland's reunion to the sea were celebrated the other day and it was a great event. Thousands from all over Poland assembled in holiday attire to commemorate the historical occurrence, and also the recovery of Polish land which went to Prussia after Poland's first dismemberment by the three conquerors—Prussia, Russia and Austria—in 1772.

SIMS ASKS FULL INVESTIGATION

Direct Testimony Ends Today; Cross-Quiz to be Monday

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Responsibility for conditions which prompted Rear Admiral Sims to indict the navy department's conduct of the war can be determined only on full investigation of his charges, the office declared today before the senate investigating committee concluding direct testimony.

For that reason, Admiral Sims said, he had no "well founded" recommendations to make as to remedies. Until further investigation disclosed whether the errors and mistakes he has charged were due to faulty organization or inefficient personnel, he added, he would not attempt to formulate remedial proposals.

Cross examination of Admiral Sims was postponed until Monday, because of point out violations of well known and generally accepted principles of warfare, such as have been shown by my testimony is in itself to suggest a remedy which is obviously to avoid such violations in the future," said Admiral Sims in closing. Previously he had summarized in 13 specific counts the charges he made against the navy department and emphasized strongly his reiterated assertion that he did not desire that any of his testimony be understood as charging responsibility for the conditions he criticizes to any individual. His own knowledge of conditions in the department during the war was too limited to warrant any such accusation, he declared.

UNITED STATES "BABE IN WOODS"

Being "Played for Sucker" by Foreign News Agencies

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Charges that four or five great nations had "subsidized news agencies in order to play their political game throughout the world," were made before the house merchant marine committee today by Walter S. Rogers of Washington, in charge of government transmission of news to foreign countries during the war.

Enactment of a bill which would permit the navy department to use its radio service for transmission of press matter and commercial messages, Mr. Rogers declared that on the whole question of communications the United States was a "babe in the woods and was being played for a sucker every day."

Representative White, republican, Maine, said he believed the committee was unanimous in the view that congress ought to permit naval stations on the Pacific to transmit American news to the Orient at prices to be fixed by the navy department. Mr. Rogers told the committee that in cabling to Shanghai it was cheaper to send via London than across the Pacific.

"If you make the rate across the Pacific cheaper it will bring down the London-Shanghai price," he said. "France has direct wires to China and is sending French news. All American news passes over foreign lines, which are under certain censorship restrictions. Also in spreading the trade gospel to South America, it is well to remember that news"

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SOVIET FEAR IS RESULT OF KAPP REVOLT

Many German Towns Now Held by Radicals and Communists and Disorder Continues General

HINDENBURG MAY COME INTO POWER AS RESULT

Fear Expressed That Kaiser May Yet Take Part in Disturbance

BERLIN, March 18.—Serious news is coming to Berlin from the provinces today. Bitterfeld, Saxony, is reported to be in the possession of workmen's councils, and the whole of the Rhenish Westphalia industrial district is said to have turned communist. A red army is reported to be marching from the south of Munster, severe fighting is said to have taken place at Mulheim, and seven persons are reported killed and 15 wounded at Plauen.

Falkenstein is in the hands of communists and Meiningen and Langensalka in control of the workmen.

There were conflicts between troops and a mob yesterday in the Neukoeln quarter.

PARIS, March 18.—The latest news from Berlin has given rise in Paris to the conviction that the political movement toward the right party is likely to result, if it is successful, in the election of Field Marshal von Hindenburg as the next president of Germany and that the power then would have to be shifted from the socialists toward the conservative elements.

COPENHAGEN, March 18.—A telephonic message from Hamburg today said there was violent fighting between troops and students on the one side and workmen on the other proceeding at Kiel. The message said the workmen were attacking with bombs, hand grenades, machine guns and trench mortars and that many persons had been killed or wounded.

LONDON, March 18.—Events which brought the downfall of the government of Chancellor Kapp and General von Luetwitz are recounted by the Berlin correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph.

Members of the imperial council and the under secretaries of state of the old government Tuesday night demanded a conference with von Luetwitz, at which he was asked to resign, the correspondent says.

"The general made a lengthy speech, indicating he had been mistaken on many points—for instance in his belief that the workers would cease resistance as soon as they felt hunger."

"Finally, he admitted, however, that Dr. Kapp had been unable to find political support from any political party and the only ministers he"

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ESTELLE V. COLLIER

Woman Who Is Appointed by President Wilson as Collector of Customs at Salt Lake City over field of male candidates.



President Wilson appointed Mrs. Estelle V. Collier, Collector of Customs for Salt Lake City over a field of male candidates. She is the first American woman to hold such an office. Mrs. Collier, who is chairman of the Democratic Women's State Committee, is the mother of four children. Her husband is a mining engineer.

Baker Boy Freezes From Exposure to Cold

BAKER, Ore., March 18.—Daniel Fehan, aged 13, disappeared from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Fehan, near Unity, Ore., last Friday. Today his body, frozen stiff, was brought here. It had been found in the snow 17 miles from his home by searchers who followed his tracks. Exposure to the cold had caused the boy's death.

Representative Sinnott Comes to Brother's Funeral

THE DALLES, Ore., March 18.—Representative N. J. Sinnott has telegraphed from Washington, D. C., that he will come to The Dalles for the funeral of his brother, Roger Sinnott, who died in Portland Tuesday. The Oregon representative said he was starting from the national capital tonight. It is expected that the funeral will be held either Monday or Tuesday of next week.

Spring Wheat Growers Want Change in Standard

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Existing federal grain standards for the three years in which they have been force "have cost the spring wheat growers sixty million dollars," according to H. N. Owen, of Minneapolis, who is here with a delegation from the northwest to urge modification of the rules. Secretary Meredith will receive the party tomorrow. Mr. Owen said, adding that "if the recommendations are granted they will be satisfactory to the spring wheat growers."

NEW ANGLE IN SALEM HOSPITAL SITUATION

A new angle on the hospital situation in Salem was turned yesterday.

"Have the people in this town ever figured out how their available hospital beds compare to their present population?"

This question led to further discussion on the part of the speaker. Being assured that no such information had been made public the questioner proceeded to explain:

"Official investigations recently made in the east," he said, "brought to light the fact that each city should have at least one hospital bed for each 300 of its population."

"Now what is the situation in Salem? Here we have about 18,000 residents. Our hospitals, I am told, have a total of about 100 beds. That makes an average of one bed for each 1800 of our people. Such a situation is to be deplored. The need of a new hospital is self evident. The question for each of our people to answer is 'Am I willing to help build it?'"

Salem hospitals are crowded now. Their capacity has been overtaxed for sometime. Applicants are being turned away. Some of those, who cannot be admitted either go to Portland or are treated in their own homes.

One of the managers of one of the Salem hospitals confirmed the statement yesterday that his rooms are occupied constantly and some applicants must be refused admittance.

Local laboring men are fully realizing the desperate need of a new hospital. A good many of the wage earners are employed in hazardous occupations where they are liable to meet with accidents at any moment.

One of the electrical workers said yesterday:

"We may not need hospital help. But, then no one of our men knows when he may need emergency help. We know when he does need it, he will need it quick."

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MARTIAL LAW IS IN FORCE IN BERLIN

Ebert Agents Seek to Restore Status Quo Ante Belum by Exercise of Adequate Force

CHANGES IN PERSONNEL WILL PROBABLY OCCUR

Striking Workers Still Make Demands for Recognition

BERLIN, March 18.—The Ebert government is again in eternal in Berlin. Vice Chancellor Schiffer, in whose hands the sudden retirement of Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, temporarily placed the administrative power, and Gustav Noske, minister of defense, are engaged in bringing about order and restoring activities to their normal basis. The full ministry is expected back in Berlin tomorrow.

Regular troops, loyal to the Ebert regime, are guarding the streets, and detachments of them spend part of the day in tearing down wild barricades and the revolutionary soldiers which the revolutionary soldiers had erected. There was an unfortunate accident, the firing of a mine to destroy a barricade at Kottbusser in southeastern Berlin, killing 12 persons and injuring 28.

Departing Troops Open Fire.

The battle troops, leaders of the insurgent bands that marched into Berlin Saturday, took vengeance on the people who hoisted and terrified them in Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden. They were lined up for departure from the city, and after withstanding the jeers for a time, more or less impatiently, they opened fire, wounding several.

After the troops had passed Brandenburg gate they fired a parting volley with machine guns, wounding a score or more and the terrified mobs rushed to the Adlon hotel, the gates of which were torn down in the ensuing panic.

Dr. Kapp's descent upon Berlin and his subsequent retreat has precipitated parliamentary chaos.

Reorganization Planned.

The coalition parties must construct a new cabinet, which is expected to reveal at least a half dozen new faces.

The assembly will not be dissolved immediately because it must first approve the budget, dispose of further taxation measures and the law decreasing the nationalization of the railways and pass a new election law.

There are conflicting reports concerning amnesty for the rebels and this matter promises stormy scenes in the assembly, as the popular feeling in Berlin favors severe punishment for Kapp and his adherents.

The French charge d'affaires has called on Vice Chancellor Schiffer and Under Secretary von Haniel today and complimented them and their government upon the happy and rapid solution of the crisis.

The Baltic troops assembled in Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden in marching order and with flags flying. Great crowds watched the troops making ready for their departure, and what were at first merely somewhat unfriendly demonstrations eventually developed into jeering and hooting.

Strike Not Over.

No great improvement in the economic situation is observed yet. The railway men have resumed work but organized workers generally are continuing the strike. They demand the disarmament of the troops and the inclusion in the government of more radical elements.

One outcome of Dr. Kapp's brief reign is a greater tendency toward the left among the workers, and it is generally believed that the coming elections will return independents in greater force. Kapp's coup was the greatest service he could have rendered to the conservatives who are now discredited and distrusted.

The censorship has been lifted and the newspapers are allowed to publish. Lord Kilmarlock, the British charge, has taken the first opportunity to publish an emphatic denial that the allies gave any support or sympathy whatever to the new government.

Junkers Still Threaten.

The independent's committee has issued a manifesto saying in effect: The counter revolution has been suppressed, but the Bauer-Noske government is trying to re-establish the old regime by cowardly compromise. Another junker, von Seebach, replaces the junker von Luetwitz.

A state of siege is maintained and the Prussian government has entrusted the protection of Berlin to the Reichwehr and the security guard, which means that a military dictatorship persists.

There has been no change in the system, but only a change of persons. The independents will not accept this situation.

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Women's Easter Neckwear

Dainty Bits of Loveliness
Provide the Springtime Touch

As the tresses to the brow, so a pretty neckpiece adds charm to woman's attire. Here is a stupendous collection of the newest novelties for your Easter selection in

Lace Net	Round Pointed Square
Organdie	Unique
Georgette	

Collars, Collar and Cuff Sets, Vests—aluring creations. Some are quite simple and small in price, others more elaborate which cost more but lots and lots between.

50c to \$5.65
Less 10 per cent

A Beautiful line of plain and novelty Ribbons of high quality—all Less 10 per cent.

Barnes Cash Store
127 BARNES BUILDING

Everything in the store reduced at least 10 per cent.