

BUSINESS MEN OF WOODBURN GUESTS HERE

Visitors Disport Themselves
by Walloping Salem Y. M. C. A. Athletes

BANQUET IS FEATURE
Gilbert and Entress Elected
Volleyball and Biffball Cap-
tains

Business men of Woodburn enjoyed themselves last night as the guests of the Salem Y. M. C. A. The meeting was one of a number that will be held the county "Y" secretary, W. C. Walters, and James Elvin, secretary of Salem, cooperating. Twelve members from Woodburn arrived in Salem at 6 o'clock and were taken at once to the gymnasium at the Y. M. C. A. where they saw some fast volleyball and biffball work by Captain Elwell's and Captain Knickerbocker's teams, Elwell's team winning the month's series by two points.

After the games all sat down to one of the famous "home made" dinners served by the "Y." After getting acquainted Prof. W. I. Staley, president of the Salem association, served as toastmaster and Manager T. E. McCroskey of the Commercial club was called upon to welcome the guests. Professor H. T. Butterfield and H. M. Austin responded for the visitors and expressed their appreciation of the fine work in Woodburn carried on by the county Y. M. C. A. R. A. Harris, recently returned from France, was introduced and entertained the company with some of his experiences on the other side.

Mr. Staley introduced Roy Weiss, manager of the Cherry City bakery, and C. M. Roberts who testified in an appreciation of the fine work the Y. M. C. A. is conducting in city and county.

Captains for the teams for the next month were elected and the honors went to Tynkam Gilbert and E. C. Entress. The new series of games will begin Friday night.

After a social time the real fun of the evening began when Salem was defeated in two out of three games of volleyball, the last game going to Woodburn by the close score of 21 to 20. The basketball game was won by a score of 16 to 14.

Mrs. James Elvin was in charge of the dining room, assisted by Misses Eva Roberts, Violet and Edith Welborn, and Lucile McClean, young women from the Baptist church.

The visitors from Woodburn were: H. M. Austin, B. M. Eord, J. H. Hontrager, A. H. Nehl, G. A. Lamsden, A. E. Austin, W. J. Mischler, superintendent of Woodburn schools, George Dorr, Clanton T. Geer, Prof. Howard T. Butterfield, R. L. Guin and H. J. Joslyn.

FARMERS SEND OUT QUESTIONNAIRE TO ALL

(Continued from page 1)

the people, will you then favor reopening the railroad question?

Let Rich Pay War Bill.
"Will you use your best efforts to secure the payment of the war debt, chiefly through a highly graduated income tax, or otherwise, by those best able to pay?"

"Will you earnestly strive to uphold and enforce the national conservation policy and especially to stop forest devastation which has already more than doubled the price of lumber and paper to the consumer?"

"Will you do your best to secure and enforce effective national control over the packers and other great interstate combinations of capital engaged in the manufacture, transportation or distribution of food and other farm products and farmers' supplies?"

"Will you respect and earnestly strive to maintain the right of free speech, free press and free assembly?"

KAPP FLEES FROM BERLIN AS RULE ENDS

(Continued from page 1)

this government a mortal blow, the decisive fact is that Kapp and his supporters had no political prestige, their government being built only on machine guns.

The statements made at these conferences gave a strong impression and caused a speculation that the cry of alarm about the bolsheviks was preliminary to the enactment of retreat. The chief of the press bureau warned the correspondents against showing themselves in the streets as a communist revolt was expected hourly.

Fear Red Rising.
That any kind of compromise is out of the question now is doubted.

Have Curly, Wavy Hair Like "Nature's Own"

Women who have trouble keeping their hair in the style of securing the desired wavy effect—and especially those who realize the harm that the hot iron does to the hair—will do well to try the new silmerine method. In no other way can they acquire such pretty waves and curls, having all the appearance of "Nature's own." And the hair instead of being singed, ragged or dead looking, has such a lively lustre and wholesome beauty. The curli-ness is more quickly acquired than when a waving iron is used, and it lasts considerably longer. When the hair is combed out it is nice and fluffy. The hair will be quite manageable, no matter in what fashion it is done up.

If one will get a bottle of plain liquid silmerine at any drug store and follow the accompanying directions, she will be simply delighted with the result. This product is of course perfectly harmless and is pleasant to use. It is also prized as a splendid dressing for the hair. As so small a quantity is required at a time a few ounces will last for months.



FATHERGRAMMER

The noted divine healer from Colorado, is drawing great crowds, and healing hundreds of people of all manner of diseases by the power of God and nature. He not only heals the people, but teaches them absolute immunity from disease, sorrow, and all negative conditions.

He is making a world's tour under the auspices of the School of Life. Many are healed instantly while hearing him speak.

"Father" Grammer will heal and bless the people daily each afternoon while in this city. He wishes it strictly understood that he is non-sectarian and non-Catholic, but loves and heals and blesses all alike. He has hundreds of testimonials of miraculous cures to his credit.

Grand Opera house, Salem, March 18 to 21 at 8 o'clock each evening. Admission free.

President Ebert of the old government is strongly entrenched at Stuttgart, where, according to semi-official dispatches, the council of the empire met today and unanimously approved the old government and strongly condemned the military coup at Berlin.

Frightened Berliners last night were asking: "The white or red terror? Which?" This was in consequence of an official announcement that the reds were planning an uprising, calling upon the people to save the country from bolshevism.

All Travel Tied Up.
The reichsrat met secretly yesterday and disposed of a measure providing for a wage increase for public employees. Herr Schiffer presided. One of Chancellor Kapp's acts yesterday was the issuance of a decree empowering General von Luetwitz to take possession of all publishing houses and printing works and operate them for the government as he might think fit.

There was no resumption of the tramway, underground and other railway services today and the government appealed to the men to "continue work against the bolsheviks, who threaten the welfare of the state and individual with destruction."

Berlin university and all other colleges in the city have been closed. By order of von Luetwitz, extraordinary court martials have been re-established. Police President Ernst has been granted leave at his own request.

The government has seized a supply of meat reserved for the Jews for the feast of the passover by the old government and distributed it to the workers.

Kapp Wanted Compromise.
When asked today if the report that the Kapp government was negotiating with the entente was true, the Kapp spokesman intimated that there had been informal discussions but said there were no "binding negotiations."

He reiterated that General Merker came to Berlin with the knowledge of the old government and the approval of Frederick Ebert and Gustav Noske.

One effect of the revolution has been the interruption of negotiations with the Russian prisoners, of whom there are more than 200,000 scattered throughout Germany. The Associated Press is informed that the negotiations were almost concluded when the government was overthrown.

Soviets Threaten Kapp.
COPENHAGEN, March 10.—A special dispatch from Berlin dated Wednesday quotes the Kapp government as making the following announcement:

"According to reliable news, a congress occurred yesterday in Berlin, convoked by independents, communists and Right socialists, at which an agreement was reached, according to which the Right socialists do not accept the general strike as a reply to the coup d'etat, but declare they are neutral to it. On all other points a complete agreement was reached."

"A ministerial list was drawn up which includes the following: Imperial chancellor, Dr. Daumig; minister of the interior, Kurt Beyer; Neumann or Herr Levy; minister of economy, Herr Raech; minister of labor, Otto Grao; minister of food, Herr Gellsmann; minister of justice, Dr. Cohn; minister of finance, Herr Adel; minister of press, Herr Goldschmidt; minister of railways, Julius Meor."

"The list only includes independents and communists. It is assumed that an accord exists between the two extreme parties."

According to the Frankfurter Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, the independent leaders, Cohn and Daumig, called on the chancellor on behalf of a soviet republic, which had been proclaimed in working class quarters in Berlin and presented an ultimatum saying that if the troops were not withdrawn by 9 o'clock Tuesday evening they would attack them with armed workmen.

Ebert Assembly Meets.
STUTTGART, March 17.—Nearly 200 members of the national assembly were already here today and

most of them participated in group reunions in preparation for the opening session of the assembly, set for 4 o'clock this afternoon. President Ebert, Minister of Defense Noske, Foreign Secretary Muller and other members of the cabinet arrived from Dresden Monday.

One and two-day protest strikes, in sympathy with the old government, threatened to reduce the attendance of the assembly, but seven special trains from various districts managed to get through. The sympathetic strike in this region ended last night and traffic now is restored.

REPORTS FROM VARIOUS POINTS
LONDON, March 18.—The Prussian premier, Paul Hirsch, has issued a statement that the Kappist dictatorship has collapsed, says a Central News Berlin dispatch. General von Seeckt has assumed command of troops loyal to Ebert. The Baltic troops have been removed; the orders of Kapp cancelled and the ban on newspapers and telephones lifted. The railway workers' union has decided to abandon the strike.

LONDON, March 17.—Forty-four persons have been killed in Essen, according to an official British telegram.

COBLENZ, March 17.—(By The Associated Press)—A telephone message received today from an American at Leipzig said conditions there were very bad. Fighting with machine guns is proceeding. Food was short and water had been cut off.

COPENHAGEN, March 17.—A telegram from Stuttgart says that, according to absolutely reliable news from Berlin, very heavy fighting is impending there.

THE HAGUE, March 17.—Reports received here from Heerlen, Holland, on the frontier of the allied occupied territory, says that the Spartacists hoisted the red flag and deposed the mayors at Halle, Westphalia, and Ohligs, Rhinish Prussia, but that British troops restored order and reinstated the mayors.

THE HAGUE, March 17.—An international strike as a protest against the destruction of the German republic is probable unless the new regime in Germany is overthrown very soon, according to William Oudegest, secretary of the international federation of labor.

Such a strike probably would not be necessary, however. Oudegest is quoted as saying in an interview in the Dutch press, "as Kapp cannot last long."

BERLIN, March 17.—Dispatches from upper Silesia, the semi-official Wolff bureau says, report an uprising of bolshevik character at Warsaw and other parts of Poland.

AMERONGEN, March 17.—The nervousness of former Emperor William continues as he follows the news of the waning fortunes of the Kapp adventure. He sits most of the time in an odd posture on chairs in his apartment, straddling each chair, grasping its back and rocking to and fro.

WILHELM NERVOUS
LONDON, March 17.—The Dutch premier has informed the president of the upper and lower houses of parliament by letter that former Emperor William has assured the Dutch government that he will refrain from all political activities and do nothing which would involve Holland in any international difficulty, says a Central News dispatch from The Hague.

THE HAGUE, March 17.—A royal decree dated March 16 says the place to be allotted to former Emperor William of Germany as his residence will form part of the province of Utrecht, and that it will be fixed later by the government. The decree was in connection with an announcement to the allied premiers regarding their recent note concerning the one time monarch.

The premier stated today that the government is considering an official allotment of land at Wiesbaden as a place of residence for the former crown prince. He said that up to the present the government had no indication that the former emperor or his son had taken any part in any political activities.

The Associated Press was informed from an official source that the real effect of the decree concerning William Hohenzollern will be absolutely to restrict him to Doorn and Amerongen and their surroundings, and that one of the main purposes of the decree was to exclude him from any large town.

Good Samaritan Finds
Huge Profit in Deed

FLAGSTAFF, Ariz., March 17.—Hank Hadey, a lumberjack here, has had \$175 that he cast as "bread upon the waters" about five years ago, return to him increased almost a thousand fold.

A man and his wife came here for the latter's health. As she did not improve, her husband decided to take her to their old home in Nebraska. The man offered to give Hadey a deed to 120 acres of land in Louisiana for \$175 with which to pay

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HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days, you must keep your body free from poisonous wastes. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets (a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil) act on the liver and bowels like a camel—yet have no dangerous after effect. Take one nightly and note results. They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually. 10c and 25c.

their railroad fare. Hadley drew from the bank what money he had on deposit, borrowed the rest and "staked" the man with the sick wife. Hadley, although he never saw the land, sold it a few days ago for \$120,000. It is located in the center of what has recently proved to be one of the biggest of fields in Louisiana.

Vancouver Enjoys Cheap Gas During Rate War

VANCOUVER, Wash., March 17.—While other cities and towns of the northwest today were struggling under an advance of two cents a gallon in the price of gasoline, Vancouver was buying its gasoline at 21 cents a gallon, the lowest price in several years. A rate war between filling stations and garages was the cause. Surrounding towns began paying 27 cents for gasoline today.

THE WEATHER
Fair; gentle southwesterly winds.

Kansas Kids Enjoy Free Fan Privileges

WICHITA, Kas., March 16.—While there is considerable discussion among baseball managers the country over as to the advisability of letting small boys into the game either free or at reduced admissions, Frank Isbell, owner of the Wichita Western league team announced that he intended to continue the plan he has maintained for several years of letting boys up to 12 years old in free.

"The kids of today are the fans of tomorrow," he explained. "I'm strong for the kids. They are the real fans."

Stanford Wins First Game From Oregon Aggies

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, March 17.—Stanford won the first game in the Pacific conference baseball series here today, defeating Oregon Agricultural college 4 to 3. An error by Seibert, O. A. C. second baseman, in the last half of the ninth inning allowed Stanford to score the winning run. The score: R H E
O. A. C. 3 7 5
Stanford 4 3 5
Batteries: Keene and Gill; Draper and Bunday.

Exchange of Information Held to Be Evidence of Trust

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Trade organizations exchanging trade information were placed in the category of trusts by the department of justice, which following the recent court decision in the hardwood lumber case at Memphis, announced tonight its intention to proceed against all commercial groups conducting operations similar to those of the hardwood lumber men.

While the case was of a civil character, Attorney General General Ames, who directed the prosecution, declared it had clearly established the law's application. It was on this basis, he said, that the government would direct the prosecution of corresponding trade bodies believed to have operated in combination to restrain trade.

It was understood that the department had under consideration data concerning more than 30 such groups.

I. W. W. VAGARIES ARE EXPLAINED

"Russian Bolshevism and American I. W. Wism are identical in their aims," said William H. Golvani in his lecture at the public library last night.

Mr. Golvani is a native of Russia, but has lived in the United States for more than 30 years.

In his talk on the I. W. W. organization, he made it clear that the organization is not an element of danger to the nation as it constitutes only a very small minority of the American public.

In their efforts at reforming social and industrial conditions, Mr. Golvani said that the I. W. W., like the Bolsheviks, intended to destroy all rights now enjoyed by those existing above the ranks of the wage earners. The system of government which they would establish would nullify private rights in land, and all interest bearing securities. They would take over all factories and every primary source of wealth and operate them in the interest of all of the people.

The speaker said that the fundamental mistake the I. W. W. makes is that they start with man as they think he ought to be, instead of taking human nature as it really is. Since the system is based on false premises, he said, it cannot be made to work.

Mr. Golvani thinks that the enactment of laws restricting freedom of speech as well as the election of unworthy men to offices who administer the laws partial to self-interest or certain dominant forces in politics are some of the principal causes of the existence of the I. W. W. organization.

A number of questions were asked which Mr. Golvani answered very

HOUSTON SEES NO HOPE FOR TAX REDUCTION

Complains of Loss by Recent
Decision of Supreme
Court

OTHERS WANT NO CHANGE

Say Wilson Approves Pres-
ent Taxes and They Are
All Right

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Income and excess profits taxes cannot be reduced until after 1922, secretary Houston today wrote the house ways and means committee, urging simplification of these taxes and substituting a flat tax on gross profits instead of the graduated rates of 20 and 40 per cent.

Only very moderate reductions may be made in the calendar year of 1922, collected in 1923, the secretary wrote. Under the plan of a flat tax, the latter stated, "it would be possible to adopt a declining rate, say of 25 per cent for the first year in which the change is in operation, 20 per cent for the second year and 15 per cent thereafter."

Unless action is taken at the present session of congress, Mr. Houston said, existing taxes "must continue to be collected on the basis of the present law until the close of the calendar year, 1922." Such a condition, he wrote, "is contemplated with the gravest apprehension."

Huge Loss on Recent Decision
Immediate losses to the government under the supreme court decision that stock dividends are not taxable will approximate \$105,000,000, the latter stated. Mr. Houston added, however, that the ultimate loss would be only \$25,000,000 as much of the original loss would be regained through the sale of stocks and subsequent taxes on them. The secretary estimated that \$35,000,000 collected in 1918 would have to be refunded and \$70,000,000 would be lost on 1919 taxes.

Aggregate losses for 1918 and 1919 under exemption to personal service corporations will approximate \$12,000,000 involving 2,500 corporations, the secretary wrote, adding that the need for immediate legislation to meet this situation arose "not so much from possible loss of revenue as from the obvious desirability of permitting 2,500 corporations and their stockholders to escape the taxes upon the corporations and individuals."

Objections to Change
Chairman Fordney, of the house ways and means committee commenting on Secretary Houston's suggestion for a flat tax to supplant the present graduated system said the repeal of the \$2000 exemption granted under present income laws and the creation of a flat tax on all profits and incomes would result in lowering the average tax from 22 per cent to approximately 17 per cent.

"Present taxes are based on the disposition of profits," he said, "while under the proposed flat tax there would be a straight assessment regardless of the disposition of the taxable amounts." Representative Kitchin, Democrat, North Carolina, however, said the proposed change in the income and excess profits taxes would "switch the burdens of the war and peace profiteers to the little fellows, least capable of bearing the burden."

Present tax laws have the approval of President Wilson, former Secretary McAdoo and congress, he stated, adding "they are working satisfactorily."

Woman's Body Found in Trunk, Husband Seeks Death

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., March 17.—The body of Mrs. George Evans, aged 20, was found by her sister, Mrs. Albert W. Powell, in a trunk in her room today. She had been strangled apparently by reins from a toy horse belonging to her four-year-old son. Mr. and Mrs. Evans boarded with Mr. and Mrs. Powell. Evans was discharged from a hospital yesterday and disappeared. He is 26 years old.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A man taken to Bellevue hospital late today after having attempted suicide at the Park avenue hotel is alleged by the police to have confessed that he is George Evans and that he strangled his wife at their lodgings in New Britain, Conn. The man had cut his throat with a piece of bottle glass and taken poison. Two detectives heard his story.

California Protests Gasoline Price Rise

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., March 17.—The state railroad commission today branded as "inadequate" the reasons assigned by the Standard Oil company of California for sharp increase in the prices of gasoline and fuel oil, and in a strongly worded letter to K. R. Kingsbury, president of the company demanded that he make full explanation to the public regarding necessity for the advances.

Be Slender

The true way to become slender, agile, healthy is to give your body a daily dose of Cascara Quinine. No need of starving yourself or taking medicine. No danger with salts, etc. No trouble, no loss of time. Just follow the simple, easy plan: Take 10 to 20 tablets daily.

Whether you need to lose weight, or to get your system into better health, Cascara Quinine is the answer. It is a natural, safe, and effective way to get your body into better health. It is a natural, safe, and effective way to get your body into better health. It is a natural, safe, and effective way to get your body into better health.

At All Drug Stores

At All Drug Stores

At All Drug Stores

Smallest Plane in America Which Can Be Bought at Price of Small Auto



This photograph was taken while the smallest airplane in America, if not in the world, was undergoing its final try-outs at College Point, Long Island, before being shown to the public at the Aero Show in New York City. This baby of the flying family, or aerial flivver, will sell for the same price as a small car of good make. Driven by a 70 H. P. motor, its speed, with pilot and passenger, is seventy-five miles an hour. Miss Peggy Eleanor an ardent aviatrice, is seen here starting the motor. When Captain Jack Foote was testing the machine she was his passenger.

FINAL VOTE ON TREATY FRIDAY

Republicans Killed Last Move
to Alter Intent of Article
Ten

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The Republican irreconcilables, combining with the Democrats, overturned the plan of the senate floor today the plan of Republican leaders to attach to the peace treaty a general declaration of American policy toward future European wars.

The declaratory reservation which would pledge the United States to regard "with grave concern," any threat to Europe's peace or freedom was voted down 25 to 39 after the irreconcilables had tried in vain to amend it. Intended as an offset to the reservation denying the obligations of article ten, the proposed amendment was expected by the Republican leaders to attract many Democratic votes, but on the roll call only two senators on the Democratic side supported it.

Final Vote by Friday.
Disposition of the reservation was regarded as clearing up the last doubtful issue of the treaty fight and the leaders made plans to bring a vote on ratification by Friday. By unanimous consent it was agreed to limit speeches on all other pending resolutions to 15 minutes. About a dozen reservations remain to be voted on, but it generally is conceded that none of them will be adopted.

As the ratification controversy neared a conclusion, William J. Bryan began a series of conferences with Democratic senators, throwing the weight of his influence against the advice of President Wilson that administration senate forces vote against ratification with the Republican reservations.

Bryan Aids Reservations
Mr. Bryan disclosed his plans to some extent tonight, speaking before the local Bryan Democratic club, when he said he would urge the party convention at San Francisco to adopt a platform plank favoring amendment to the constitution so that a majority of the senate instead of two-thirds could ratify treaties. A majority in each house of congress could declare war, he said, and the treaty ratifying power was no more important than the war power.

Action on declaratory reservation, which was introduced by Senator Lenroot, Republican, Wisconsin, was reported after the senate had adjourned with some difficulty from the debate started yesterday on the Irish question. Two propositions intended to add Irish independence were laid aside by votes of more than two to one, discussion on each of them being ended summarily by a motion to lay on the table, not debatable under senate rules.

In addition to the declaratory reservations and the two relating to Ireland, the senate acted during the day on only two reservations. One by Senator Norris, Republican, Nebraska, withholding assent to the British protectorate over Egypt was rejected 51 to 15 and one by Senator Owen, Democrat, Oklahoma, declaring the armistice terms still binding, was beaten 55 to 12.

Hoover's Note Read.
Herbert Hoover's memorandum to President Wilson opposing American representation on all of the commissions under the peace treaty was read into the congressional record by Senator Borah, who declared it is "infinitely a stronger indictment against this program than it has been able for an irreconcilable to make." At the request of Senator Hitchcock, administration leader, a statement given out today by Mr. Hoover relative to the memorandum also was inserted into the record. In that statement Mr. Hoover said

he had modified his views as to American representation on the reparations committee.

Senator Borah, in reading the memorandum added that in view of the events which have transpired since the signing of the peace treaty Mr. Hoover's communication "amounts almost to a prophecy."

GRANGE IS NOT BEHIND LEAGUE

No Affiliation With Land and
Labor Move, Asserts Reso-
lution

A rumor that has gained currency among the people to the effect that the Grange has become affiliated with the Land and Labor party is corrected by a resolution that was adopted at the latest meeting of Ankeny Grange of Jefferson. The resolution points out that it is against the constitution of the grange, as a body to affiliate with any political or religious organization.

The resolution follows:
"Whereas, there is a general impression before the public that the Grange has become affiliated with the Land and Labor league, and
"Whereas, there may be some members of the Grange who are members of the Land and Labor league, acting on their own volition, but not as authorized representatives of the Grange, and
"Whereas, it is against the declaration of principles and the constitution of our order to affiliate with any political or religious organization, but to guarantee to each member the right to use his or her own judgment in political or religious matters,
"Therefore, be it resolved, that we, the officers and members of Ankeny Grange No. 546, in session assembled, do assert that we are offering strict adherence to the rules governing our order."

Dusky Train Bandit Draws Another Sentence

TACOMA, Wash., March 16.—Hannibal Spencer, colored, charged with robbing the Seattle bound Northern Pacific train between Vancouver and Tacoma on February 2, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to serve one to 15 years in Walla Walla penitentiary.

Always Room For Able Helpers

It matters little what the state of business is or how many are out of work, graduates of this school manage to keep employed.

When help is scarce, as it is now, our graduates hold the best places and command the highest wages.

Young men and women trained here readily qualify for better places and work their way up.

Ability and industry, backed by knowledge, always command recognition, especially for graduates of the

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