

The Oregon Statesman

SALEM, OREGON, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17, 1919

The Statesman receives the leased wire report of the Associated Press, the greatest and most reliable press association in the world.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE WEATHER

Tuesday fair and warmer. Moderate westerly winds.

SIXTY-NINTH YEAR

OTTO WILSON IS MAYOR BY SINGLE VOTE

Is Elected to Succeed C. E. Albin—Defeats Alderman W. A. Weist by Vote of Six to Five.

RECALL OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE BODY SOUGHT

Vandervort and Weist Declare State Commission Is Guilty of Gross Injustice

Denunciation of the Oregon public service commission as an inefficient set of officials who should be recalled ran the mayoralty contest a close race for feature honors at last night's meeting of the city council. After all storm clouds had cleared away a recapitulation of things accomplished showed that Otto J. Wilson had been elected mayor over W. A. Weist by an aldermanic vote of six to five, while the city attorney, by unanimous vote, was instructed to file an appeal from the decision of the Public Service Commission's recent ruling in the matter of a suitable walking signal where the Southern Pacific tracks cross North Capitol street.

Verbal pyrotechnics were first started during the election of a mayor when Aldermen Weist, arising to a point of personal privilege, launched a bitter attack against the persons responsible for the circulation of the petition on behalf of Otto J. Wilson's candidacy.

"A number of persons were induced to sign this through absolute falsehood as well as misrepresentation," he challenged. "They have spread their propaganda that Weist is a socialist; that Weist is an anarchist of the worst type; that Weist is a Bolsheviki and probably has bombs hidden away in the dark corners of his basement. They have told around that Weist is almost anything and everything."

Mr. Weist then asserted that he knew the cards were stacked against him and that he could not be elected. Even before the vote was counted he announced himself as being ready to support the new mayor during his incumbency, and after a poll of the council showed that Alderman Wilson had been elected by the narrow margin of one vote, Mr. Weist moved that the election of his opponent be made unanimous.

How They Voted. Although the mayoralty vote was secret it was said unofficially that the Wilson supporters were Aldermen Simeral, Moore, Johnson, Schuake, McClelland and Wilson. The five voting for Alderman Weist were Aldermen Utter, Vandervort, Austin, Scott and Weist. Aldermen Smith and Roberts were absent. Mr. Wilson was placed in nomination by

(Continued on page 2)

BINGHAM DENIES PHEZ INJUNCTION

Court However Grants Leave to Amend and File New Application

In the case of The Phez company against the Salem Fruit Union, Judge Bingham, late yesterday afternoon, handed down and opinion in which he declined to grant a temporary restraining order, under the present state of the record.

The opinion was based upon the fact that the complaint, in its present condition, does not disclose the exact nature of the modification of the original contract between the Phez company and the Fruit Union, made at the time of the increase in price from three to three and a half cents per pound.

Leave to amend the complaint, setting out the nature of this modification, was granted by the court, with permission to renew the application for a restraining order when such amendment is made.

From statements made by the court in passing on the case, it would appear to be the court's view that the plaintiff would be entitled to a restraining order, as against the Fruit Union, in case the modification of the contract was not of such a nature as to abrogate it.

He holds, however, that there is no privity of contract between the Phez company and the individual members of the Salem Fruit Union pool; so that in case a restraining order is granted against the Salem Fruit Union, and it is compelled to deliver the fruit, it will be necessary for the Fruit Union to take such steps as shall be necessary to compel the delivery by the growers to it, under its growers' contracts.

'Red' Rupert Turns Soldier With Villa Bandits in Mexico

That Clyde J. "Red" Rupert, who escaped from the penitentiary three months ago, is an officer in Villa's army which is seeking to overthrow the present Mexican government, was indicated yesterday when it was learned that paroled convicts from the prison have learned in some roundabout manner that Rupert has joined Villa's rebel forces and has been given a commission.

It is said that Parole Officer Joe Keller overheard two paroled men discussing Rupert several days ago; when one of the former convicts said he learned that Rupert had turned soldier with Villa on the swarthy side of the Rio Grande.

Rupert, who was well known through Oregon as a football player and semi-pro baseball player, was convicted in Portland a year ago for the theft of \$19,000 in liberty bonds from the United States National bank, where he was employed as a lobby guard. He was also under sentence in the federal court.

HALVORSEN IS NEW DIRECTOR

H. L. Clark Defeated by Vote of 288 to 101—Change at Next Meeting

George E. Halvorsen was chosen director of school district No. 24 defeating H. L. Clark by a vote of 288 to 101 at the annual election yesterday. Because there was not a quorum at the meeting of the board last night Mr. Halvorsen's election was not ratified but this will be done at the next regular meeting Tuesday night and he will be sworn in at that time.

Succeeding Mr. Clark as chairman of the board of directors will be Walter C. Winslow. E. T. Barnes is the senior director but has informed the board that inasmuch as he is to be absent from Salem much of the time during the coming year he waives the chairmanship in favor of Mr. Winslow who is next in length of service.

The annual meeting of the taxpayers was held in conjunction with the meeting there being one taxpayer present. He was A. A. Lee and he moved the approval of the report of the board on financial standing and condition of schools.

The report shows disbursements of \$204,586.02 since the last annual report on June 17, 1918 and cash on hand of \$1026.96. Total indebtedness of the district is \$157,075 all in 10 and 20 year bonds on the various school buildings.

Band Concert Will Be Held in Park Tonight

The first band concert of the season will be held in Willson park tonight at 8 o'clock under direction of Oscar Steelhammer.

Effort will be made to curb the undue noise of children in the crowd and of adults talking, to the annoyance of the remainder of the audience. Following is the program: March, Etreote of the Gladiators. Laurendeau Selection 'Amorita'. Laurendeau Waltz, Brides and Butterflies, Moret. The Glad Girl. Lampe Selection, Faust. Gounod La Rosa de Castello. Reiter Intermezzo, Amina. Lincke Selection, The Newly Weds. Kuffer Star Spangled Banner.

Strike Badly Cripples Winnipeg Freight Yards

WINNIPEG, Man., June 16.—Freight yards here were badly crippled when a considerable number of firemen, switchmen and engine men joined the general strike today. Brotherhood and railroad officials said their places were rapidly being filled. Strike leaders threatened extension of the railway walk-out to western points at midnight tonight.

Old Oregon Cavalry Is Routed Through Portland

PORTLAND, Or., June 16.—A telegram was received here today from Senator Charles McNary to the effect that members of the 148th field artillery formerly the old Oregon cavalry, would be routed through Portland for parade and reception. Mrs. George L. Williams, president of the United War Auxiliaries reception committee, had telegraphed the Oregon senator last Friday and he had lost no time in starting the ball rolling with the ward apartment. As this military group includes about 500 Oregon men, a welcome is being planned that will equal and probably outdo any previous demonstration.

WILSON WILL TOUR NATION FOR LEAGUE

President Will Carry Fight for Ratification of Pact to People in Campaign Covering Entire Country.

EXPECTED TO RETURN TO U. S. BY JULY 1

Again Declines to Produce Official Text Before Treaty Is Signed

PARIS, June 16.—President Wilson will leave Paris for his visit to Belgium at 10 o'clock Tuesday night.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—President Wilson, facing a divided senate, has decided to carry his fight for ratification of the league of nations covenant directly to the people in a country-wide speaking tour. He expects to begin the trip as soon as he returns from Paris.

The president's decision was revealed here today coincident with receipt of a message in which he declined to give the senate, in advance of signing, the official text of the peace treaty, requested in a resolution adopted over vigorous opposition of the league supporters.

Neither developments caused great surprise here, but each served to emphasize the president's position and to provide further subject matter for the debate which begins tomorrow on Senator Knox's resolution to put the senate on record against accepting the league covenant along with the peace treaty.

A tentative itinerary for the speaking trip has been completed by Secretary Tumulty but it will not be made public until Mr. Wilson finally has approved it. It is expected, however,

(Continued on page 2)

1000 TELEPHONE OPERATORS QUIT

"Hello Girls" in Los Angeles and Other California Towns on Strike

SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—Representatives of approximately 2,700 girl telephone operators in San Francisco, Alameda and Contra Costa counties voted tonight to go on strike tomorrow morning. Telephone operators union officials announced this night.

LOS ANGELES, June 16.—Laughter and tears were the accompaniment to a strike of telephone girls which began here promptly at 8 o'clock this morning and appeared to gain in strength throughout the day. The girls left their posts at that hour and streamed from all sections of the city to the labor temple, where they held a meeting to hearten the doubtful, who wept copiously, while their more stout-hearted comrades seemed to view the affair as a foregone strike, and with chatter and smiles cheered up the pessimists.

More than 1000 of the 1500 operators employed here left their boards according to the strike committee. On the other hand, C. F. Mason, district superintendent of the Southern California Telephone company asserted throughout the day that only about 5 per cent of the girls were out. The service, however, was slow and grew slower as the day progressed, while the crowds of girls about labor headquarters indicated that at least a substantial number had quit work.

Operators at San Bernardino, Long Beach and various other points in southern California left work in varying numbers. It was reported from San Bernardino about noon that business was entirely suspended there but later long distance calls were completed with delay. At the other towns the defections were less serious.

Electrical workers whose leaders said they were 98 per cent organized, left their posts at the various offices in southern California practically as a unit, according to the claims of their leaders and the admissions of telephone company officials. The latter, however, said they were in shape to keep the lines up and working and anticipated no trouble on that score.

All the strikers will disregard the action of the national officials in calling off the strike, according to local strike leaders. They said a wage question was involved locally that they were going to see through. The strike of members of the Commercial Telegraphers union continued with little apparent change today.

TROOPS BACK AFTER BRUSH WITH REBELS

Seven Ragged, High-hatted Mexican Prisoners and Many Souvenirs Brought Back by American Force.

BELIEVE VILLA LOST 50 KILLED IN FIGHT

Bandits Easily Routed With Only One American Seriously Wounded

EL PASO, June 16.—American troops that participated in the punitive expedition against the Villa rebels in and near Jaures last night and today were billeted barracks and camps on the American side tonight and most were asleep before dark after their 24 hour of campaigning.

As a rear guard to the cavalry, artillery and engineers columns which wound over the mesa from the river late today, seven ragged, high-hatted Mexican prisoners were herded into the Fort Bliss stockade by a detachment of the fifth cavalry, while another cavalry detachment drove a herd of 100 Mexican horses and ponies captured from the Villa forces to the remount station.

While no official report of the cavalry operations has yet been prepared for Brigadier General James B. Erwin and Major General Cabell, it was unofficially stated tonight at Fort Bliss that approximately 50 Villa followers were killed and prisoners, horses and mules captured.

One American Shot. One American of the seventh cavalry, Corporal Chigas, was shot through the lung by a Mexican rebel.

After crossing during the night

(Continued on page 2)

WIRE STRIKE IS UP TO BURLESON

Operators Ready to Work If Unions Are Recognized by Companies

CHICAGO, June 16.—Termination of the nation-wide strike of Commercial telegraphers, union officials declared tonight, now rests wholly in the hands of Postmaster General Burleson. They stated a definite statement from Mr. Burleson concerning the scope of the order to electrical workers would be awaited before any move is made.

Officers of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America said if the postmaster general's order granting the right of collective bargaining to electrical workers actually covered the striking telegraphers, steps probably would be taken to end the walkout after assurances of no unfair discrimination against them had been obtained.

"In the meantime we shall continue plans for a fresh fight, a fight for the same rights that have been extended electrical workers," S. J. Kamenkamp, international president of the telegraphers' union, told a meeting of strikers tonight.

He reiterated that the strike is spreading and now includes nearly 25,000 persons, and declared the order for railroad telegraphers to refuse to handle commercial business had closed channels to scores of smaller towns throughout the country.

The Western Union Telegraph company, on the other hand denied that commercial business was greatly delayed.

An officer of the Association of Western Union employees went to St. Louis to confer with officers of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers in an effort to have the order against handling commercial business on railroad wires rescinded.

In a number of cities electrical workers and a few telephone operators walked out today in accordance with a strike order recently sent out by the International Brotherhood of Electrical workers. J. G. Luhrs, president of the American Train Dispatchers Association announced definitely tonight that the 5,000 members of that organization will not handle commercial business while the strike is in progress.

ROTARIANS IN SALT LAKE CITY. SALT LAKE CITY, June 16.—Rotarians took possession of Salt Lake today, more than 3,000 strong and until tomorrow morning will continue to arrive in special trains until the total has swelled to approximately 6,000 persons for their national convention.

Olcott Goes With Planes All Way to California Capital

MATHER FIELD, Sacramento, Cal., June 16.—Governor B. W. Olcott of Oregon arrived here early tonight from Portland in an army airplane. He was a passenger in the airplane piloted by Lieutenant Colonel Henry L. Watson, commander of the squadron of four that left Ashland, Or., shortly before noon today.

Two other airplanes reached the field, but a fourth was unable to complete the flight because of mechanical difficulty. Governor Olcott brought a basket of trout from Grants Pass, Or., for Governor Stephens. He said he had a "delightful trip." He was welcomed at the field by Warren Bovard, executive secretary of Governor Stephens in behalf of the executive of California, who is in San Francisco.

Lieutenants James Krull and Charles S. Schwartz were the pilots of the other two airplanes. Milton R. Klepper, president of the Oregon Aero club, was a passenger with Schwartz.

ORDER DIVISION OF U. S. FLEET

Ships to Be Equally Divided Between Atlantic and Pacific Coasts

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Orders making effective the proposed division of the United States naval forces into two fleets of equal strength, one to be called the Atlantic and the other the Pacific fleet, were issued tonight by the navy department. Admiral Henry B. Wilson will command the Atlantic and Admiral Hugh Rodman the Pacific fleet.

Each of the two fleets will be composed of four divisions of battle ships and four divisions of battle cruisers, 18 divisions of destroyers, three divisions of submarines and two divisions of mine layers. Supply, repair, fuel and hospital ships, tugs and other auxiliaries will be equally divided between the two fleets.

As the Pacific fleet heretofore has consisted only a few battleships and some armored and light cruisers and destroyers, docking facilities and naval bases on the Pacific probably will have to be greatly enlarged.

There probably will be no change in the Asiatic fleet, the third component force of the navy, except that Vice Admiral Albert C. Gleaves, commander of the cruiser and transport force since the United States began sending men overseas, will become commander of that fleet with the rank of admiral.

Vice admirals for the Atlantic and Pacific fleets will be announced next week. Vice Admiral W. L. Rogers, now commandant of the Asiatic fleet but will remain in command until Admiral Gleaves completes the work of returning the American soldiers from France. Higher ranks for the three fleet commanders have been approved by President Wilson.

Admiral Henry T. Mayo will become chairman of the navy selection board, charged with selecting officers for promotion and at the expiration of that service will become a member of the navy general board until his retirement. He has commanded the Atlantic fleet since before the United States entered the war.

The date on which the division of the main fleet into the two units for the Atlantic and Pacific has not yet been fixed. Secretary Dan-ly will take up division plans with Admiral William S. Benson, chief of operations, when the admiral returns from Paris this week and will then give the final approval of assignment of ships.

Two of Four Bandits Are Caught After Bold Hold-up

ROSEBURG, Or., June 16.—Four men visited Scottsburg, Ore., today in a big touring car, held up and robbed an Austrian and secured approximately \$2000. Two hours later the robbers encountered a posse under Sheriff Quine and in a running fight one of the bandits was shot through the hips and badly wounded. The others escaped but two of them were caught at Drain, Or. None of the stolen money has been recovered as the men assert the fourth man, who is free, carried the cash.

Three Ships on Way from Vladivostok With Yanks

SAN DIEGO, Cal., June 16.—Word was received here today by local offices of the Red Cross that three ships from Vladivostok sailing direct to San Diego, will bring to this camp several thousand wounded Czechoslovak soldiers. The first ship is the Nanking, formerly the Congress of the Pacific Steamship company.

FINAL WORD OF ALLIES IN HANDS OF COUNT RANTZAU; GERMANS SEVERELY SCORED

Germans Intimate Few Changes Are Contained in Revised Treaty Which Is Accompanied by Note of Severe Castigation.

TWO ADDITIONAL DAYS GIVEN FOR ANSWER

Huns Must Accept by Monday or Allies Will Order Armies Forward

BERLIN, Saturday, June 14.—A canvass of official quarters this evening aduaced the positive statement that unless the revised proposals of the entente nations contain most radical modifications, Germany would not sign the peace treaty.

The government, however, so far as it still is represented in Berlin, is not indulging in the luxury of undue illusions as to what the next 48 hours will bring forth.

Alleged modifications in the draft of the treaty as reported to Berlin, are rejected as wholly insufficient to warrant the prediction that the government will be inclined to subject them to closer scrutiny.

Emphasis was also placed on the statement that the cabinet was absolutely united in its attitude and that there was no prospect of any division which might break up the present government.

Ohio Assembly Ratifies Woman Suffrage Measure

COLUMBUS, O., June 16.—The Ohio general assembly today ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment and passed a bill that will give the women the right to vote for presidential electors in 1920 should the federal amendment not be in effect at that time.

NEW YORK RATIFIES

ALBANY, N. Y., June 16.—The New York legislature without a dissenting vote tonight ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment. New York is the sixth state to ratify.

Huge Terminal Docks to Be Built at St. Helens

PORTLAND, Or., June 16.—Announcement was made today by H. F. McCormick, manager of the Charles R. McCormick interests at St. Helens, Or., that a system of terminal docks are in the course of construction there by the company at a cost of \$200,000. The McCormick mills have large mills at St. Helens and operate several steamers from there to California ports.

FEAR FOR MISSING PIONEER

ILWACO, Wash., June 16.—J. W. Seoborg, a pioneer resident has been missing since last Saturday when he started for a walk along the beach to a place near North Head. Searching parties were out today trying to find him. It was feared he had been drowned.

33 JERSEY COWS BRING \$36,000

World's Record for Average Price Set at Ed Cary Sale at Carlton

At an average of \$1100 each, the world's record for average price at a herd sale of one man's breeding, 33 head of Jersey cattle were sold at auction by Ed Cary at his farm near Carlton yesterday. The total received was over \$36,000.

The highest price paid for any one animal was \$1500 for which Frank Doerfler of Silverton bought St. Mary's House Rosbury, a four-year-old with a record of 568 pounds of butterfat as a two-year-old. She is now being tested again and is in a fair way to a world's record. The sale represents the largest price paid for a cow west of the Rocky mountains. The highest previous price was \$2500 for a cow sold by Mr. Cary at private sale to a Bangor, Me., breeder.

Next in importance in sales made was the purchase by Frank Lauchery of Monmouth of a two weeks' old bull calf for \$2100. The calf is of the same line of breeding as the other animals sold and will be raised by Mr. Lauchery for the head of his herd.

The Hood farms of Lowell, Mass., bought a yearling heifer for \$2500 and G. D. Hewell of Monmouth paid \$1550 for a two-year-old cow. Most of the breeders making purchases were from Washington, California and Oregon though there were several from the Atlantic and New England states.

J. W. Hughes of Forest Grove was auctioneer and E. A. Rhoten of Salem was sales manager. The sale did not include all of Mr. Cary's herd he having retained some of his finest animals.

VERSAILLES, June 16.—The reply of the allied and associated governments to Germany's counter proposals and a revised copy of the peace treaty tonight are in the hands of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, who is on his way to Weimar, there to present to the German national assembly the final word of the victors in the war.

Few changes have been made in the revised treaty. Five days was the allotted period originally fixed for the Germans to answer yes or no to the demands of the allies. But two days additional have been granted because of the insistence of the German delegation that not sufficient time had been allowed for proper consideration of the revised terms. This will extend the time limitation to Monday, June 23, if Germany's reply is "yes" the treaty will be immediately signed; if Germany declines to accede to the demands the armistice will be automatically terminated and the allied armed forces will take whatever steps they deem requisite to the occasion.

Changes in Red Ink. The revised treaty contained interlineations in red ink, where changes had been made in it. It had been impossible to re-print the treaty in time for its presentation today.

The covering note of Premier Clemenceau severely castigates Germany for protesting against the treaty on the ground that the treaty conflicts with the terms of the armistice. M. Clemenceau says Germany fails to understand the position she occupies today in the estimation of the world for being responsible for a war which was "the greatest crime against humanity and the freedom of the people that any nation, has ever consciously committed."

Without ostentation, Paul Dutasta, general secretary of the peace conference, at 6:45 o'clock this evening placed the revised draft of the treaty and the note in the hands of German Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loersner. Herr Simon protested against the short time given Germany to make known her intentions.

Ceremony Is Brief. M. Dutasta arrived in Versailles at 6:20 o'clock carrying the momentous documents in two parcels wrapped in prossic brown paper, and was conducted to the reading room of the Hotel Reservoir.

Here the party was grouped along one side of the room. In front of M. Dutasta was a large marble topped table, upon which the documents were placed in two piles. The Germans took their place at the other side of the table.

At 6:49 o'clock Herr Simon informally reached across the table and took the documents and handed them to Baron von Loersner, this actually constituting the formal receipt of the treaty and the ultimatum. A receipt from the Germans for the documents was required.

The Germans then returned to their apartment in the hotel, von Loersner carrying the documents under his arm in a green portfolio. Later Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau boarded a train for Weimar, taking the papers with him.

Principles Upheld. The principles of the original conditions have been vigorously upheld, as establishing a peace of justice, but certain modifications in detail and many explanations of the effect of execution are made. The reply is in two parts—a general covering letter and several discussions of the general counter proposals. The changes include:

A plebiscite of upper Silesia, with guarantees of coal from that territory.

Frontier rectifications in West Prussia.

Omission of the third zone in the Schleswig plebiscite.

Temporary increase of the German army from 100,000 to 200,000 men.

Declaration of the intention to submit within a month of signature a list of those accused of violation of the laws and customs of war.

Place in League Assured. Offer to cooperate with a German commission on reparations, and to receive suggestions for discharging the obligation.

Certain detailed modifications in

(Continued on page 2)