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The Oregon Statesman

THE WEATHER
Fair except probably rain in north-west portion; moderate southwest-erly winds.

SIXTY-NINTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1919

PRICE: FIVE CENTS

MAN IS DEAD WOMAN SHOT, IN TRAGEDY

Jeff J. Hannah Victim of Shooting at Home of Mrs. Josie Stottler Who Is in Jail, Wounded.

PRISONER IS CALM IN SPITE OF SUFFERING

Both Participants Married—Jealousy Is the Apparent Motive

Shot through the right temple by his own hand or by that of Mrs. Josie Stottler, Jeff J. Hannah is dead and Mrs. Stottler is in the city jail with a bullet hole in her head above the right eye, as result of an affray which occurred at the woman's home on Trade street near Winter at 3:40 p. m. yesterday.

Chief of Police Varney was called to the house by Dr. C. H. Robertson who had been summoned by Mrs. Stottler, and upon arriving there accompanied by Officer Lee Morelock, found Hannah unconscious and the woman calm and willing to tell how it occurred. Hannah was at once removed to the Deaconess hospital where he died at 6 o'clock, his wife and daughter, who is grown, being at the bedside.

Woman Tells Story
According to the story told by Mrs. Stottler to Chief Varney, she had come down town and met Hannah near her home and had asked him for her gun. He replied that he would give it to her if she would return to her home with him which she agreed to do after telling him she wanted him to let her alone. She says that she went into her bedroom to remove her hat and wraps and as she stood before the dresser, partially turned away from Hannah who was standing in the door, he fired, the bullet striking her in the forehead slightly above the right eye, inflicting a glancing wound.

She relates that as she fell remembering hearing another shot and hearing her mother screaming before relapsing into unconsciousness and regained consciousness to find Hannah lying near the dresser, with a hole in his temple. Her mother summoned Dr. Robertson who dressed her wounds and called the police.

Mrs. Stottler was taken to the police station in a cab and was able to walk about on arriving there though she was suffering and later became ill from the effects of the wound. She was very calm and when asked if she were badly hurt replied: "Well, if shot in the head ain't hurt, I don't know what is."

Threats to Kill Reported

According to the police Mrs. Stottler has threatened to kill Hannah if he did not quit Mrs. Hannah and in a divorce proceeding in Polk county in which Mrs. Stottler was involved a letter written by her was introduced in which she said that she would kill Hannah. The police say that Mrs. Hannah has been at the police station on certain occasions asking aid against Mrs. Stottler's alleged machinations against Mr. Hannah.

The husband of Mrs. Stottler is thought to have information on the case as he has acted suspiciously. He was not arrested.

The shooting was done with a Hopkins & Adams .38 calibre revolver, the property of Mrs. Stottler.

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Tiny Girl, Surrounded by Clothes and Toys Found Fast Asleep Near Front Porch by B. C. Miles—Deliberate Abandonment Is Evident

Fast asleep in her basket go-cart and surrounded by a quantity of toys, blankets and clothing of good quality, a pretty 18-months-old girl baby was found by B. C. Miles beside his front porch at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. That the child, who is most intelligent and cheerful, was deliberately abandoned is evidenced by the care to provide every comfort, even two bottles of milk each with a nipple being included in the articles left.

Mrs. Miles not being at home and Mr. Miles being unable to care for her, the child was turned over to the police. After making an investigation lasting all day the police gave her over to the juvenile court last night.

The baby which asked about mamma or papa seemed unconcerned and vouchsafed no replies from which the po-

No Welcoming Crowd to Greet Returned Veterans

SPOKANE, Wash., May 7.—Changed schedules by which 330 officers and men of the 347th machine gun battalion and the 216th ammunition train, 91st division troops from Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana, arrived here at 6 a. m. here today instead of 10:30 a. m., as had been announced were responsible for the lack of a welcoming crowd of friends and relatives here.

Red Cross canteen workers served breakfast to the men at the station, however, and the city's welcoming committee was present. Officers were taken to a restaurant for breakfast, after which the men were given their liberty until 10:30.

They resumed their journey to Camp Lewis at 7 p. m.

POLICE CHIEF IS VICTIM OF ROBBER'S GUN

Fatal Shooting Heralds Arrival of Edward Primrose in The Dalles

MAN CONFESSES CRIME

Mob Threatens to Lynch Man Prisoner Who Entered Washougal Bank

THE DALLES, Or., May 7.—In a street battle following his arrival in The Dalles today, Edward Primrose, confessed robber of the Washougal bank, shot and fatally wounded Ralph Gibbons, chief of police, and fired two bullets at Sheriff Levi Crisman, who with the city officer had intercepted Primrose and Dolph Lewis, alias ohnson as they alighted from an O. W. R. & N. train. Two bullets passed through Gibbons' body below the heart and he died an hour later. Neither of the bullets fired at the sheriff took effect.

When Sheriff Crisman later arrested the murderer, following pursuit through the business streets, an angry mob of citizens tried to take the prisoner away from him. The mob threatened to lynch Primrose, but the sheriff held them off at the point of his revolver and lodged the prisoner in jail.

Lewis was discovered by possemen later in the basement of a house near the scene of the shooting. He was unarmed and surrendered without resistance.

When placed in jail, officers said, Lewis corroborated the confession alleged to have been made previously by Primrose to the effect that they robbed the bank at Washougal Monday morning.

DEFENSE GAINS ON TWO POINTS

Expert Testimony Shows Ruth Garrison Was Often Mentally Irresponsible

SEATTLE, Wash., May 7.—Expert testimony submitted by counsel for Ruth Garrison, 18-year-old girl charged with first degree murder for the poisoning of Mrs. Grace G. Storrs, rival for the love of D. M. Storrs, March 18, last, intended to prove the girl mentally irresponsible at the time of her confessed crime, was the outstanding event in the Garrison trial here today. Dr. W. T. Williamson of Portland was on the stand three hours and tomorrow, it was understood, the defense will call two or three more experts.

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WITHDRAWAL OF YANKEES IS PROVIDED

Military Authorities at Washington Read in Treaty Definite Intention to Passing Task On.

FRANCE TO GARRISON OCCUPIED TERRITORY

Future Policy of United States Interwoven in Provisions

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Prompt withdrawal of the American army of occupation from Germany has been provided for in the Paris treaty in the opinion of army officials who scanned the official summary of the document today. In the drastic military and naval terms imposed on Germany, coupled with the pledge of President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George to ask that congress and parliament guarantee the protection of France against assault, they read a definite intention to turn the task of garrisoning occupied Germany to France at an early date.

The treaty terms were studied closely to determine just what they meant for the United States. Officers felt that the whole subject of future American military policy was closely interwoven in the provisions. It is upon obligations incurred under the treaty if it is ratified here that the policy must be framed.

Non-Existence for Germany.
Military and naval experts declared that under the terms of the treaty Germany would cease to exist even a potential military power on land, sea or in the air. The terms are taken here as indicative of what Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey may expect. As military men see it there will be left in central Europe where militarism was reared, hardly a sign it ever existed.

In view of the extraordinary nature of the terms imposed upon Germany, officers regarded the argument of President Wilson to seek from congress formal assurances that American military power will rush to France's aid if that nation is again attacked as arising from other causes than any doubt that Germany would be powerless when those terms had been carried out. This led to the belief that plans to withdraw without delay the American army of occupation in Germany was what prompted the insertion of the agreement clause.

Army Home by August.

Secretary Baker, who was back in his office today from his third trip to Europe, said the American army in France would all be home by August, but that the homeward movement of the army of occupation in Germany would depend upon the agreement reached by the associated powers at Paris. It has been stated officially, however, that the war department's plans as now framed do not contemplate the stay of any American troops in Europe beyond September. About a month would be required for the withdrawal of the 300,000 men in the army of occupation.

If congress agrees to guarantee the protection of France as the president will ask, it was suggested there might be concrete evidence of the intention and means to carry out the pledge in the shape of an organized expeditionary force within easy reach of embarkation ports and the maintenance of transports to be made ready quickly and other necessary measures to insure prompt landing of American troops in France. It was expected such a project would be formulated for presentation to congress with the treaty.

Starving Armenians Resort to Cannibalism

NEW YORK, May 7.—Starving refugees in the southern Caucasus are resorting to cannibalism, a number of cases having been reported of mothers killing and eating their children, according to a message received here tonight by the American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief from Dr. J. H. T. Main, commissioner to the Caucasus for the committee.

Senators Criticize Plan to Recruit More Men

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Senators Borah of Idaho, and Johnson of California, issued statements today criticizing the plan of the war department to recruit 8,000 men to serve as replacement troops for American forces now in Siberia. Senator Borah declared it was "deliberate murder" to send men to Siberia and both he and Senator Johnson said that since the United States was not at war with Russia, it had no right to send armed forces into that country.

Serious Trouble Breaks Out in China as Result of Decision of Council

PARIS, May 7.—(By The Associated Press)—Serious trouble has broken out in China as a result of the decision of the council of three with regard to Shantung and Kiaochow, according to news received in authoritative circles here.

In riots in Peking the house of Tsao Yu-Lin, minister of communications, who is friendly to Japan, was burned.

RACING CARD FOR NEXT FAIR AHEAD OF ALL

Secretary Lea Declares Program as Good as Put Up by Grand Circuit

MANY COUNTIES COME

Livestock Exhibit Increased—Grounds Are Improved for Exposition

As good as any of the needs of the grand circuit is the promise of the racing card at the Oregon state fair this year. Due to better railroad facilities the livestock exhibit will be ahead of that of any previous fair. Counties that have not exhibited for years in the agricultural and horticultural department are already signed up for space, and the general agricultural display will be enhanced by the addition of an entirely new show put on by the Canadian government agency—an organization representing west-coast Canada. A new feature of the racing course will be char-of-races and Secretary A. H. Lea is strongly in the notion of putting on automobile races. The fair opens September 22 and runs for a week.

Swiftness of lack of labor the railroads last year were unable to give the best of service in transporting livestock to the big Oregon exposition, but railroad men say help is plentiful this year, and leading railroad men of the state have promised Secretary Lea their personal attention to the service.

Swiftness men will again cooperate in future. This year, the Poland-China, O. L. C., Duroc and Jurlonics being represented. The horse show, originally sponsored by Governor Withycombe, a big success in 1917, but which could not be staged last year, will again be put on, this time in the new stadium which by fair time will be entirely enclosed and completely finished on one side. Five carloads of stock will come from western Oregon alone, and the big exhibitors will all be here.

Racing schedules in the northwest have worked out to the distinct advantage of the Salem fair for next September, this by reason that the Intermountain circuit has eliminated all harness events, making it possible for the Oregon fair, which is on the Northwest Pacific circuit, to get these events from both circuits without conflicts.

Part of the agricultural show this year will be of more than usual proportions, according to Secretary Lea, expressly intended to prove that Oregon is a corn growing state. Yamhill and Douglas counties already have registered their intentions to come in on this show. Counties that already have signed up for space in the pavilion, notwithstanding the early date, are Yamhill, Lane, Douglas, Linn, Beaton, Multnomah, Washington and Columbia.

The program for the week is yet incomplete, but Patriotic day this year will be of more than usual proportions, according to Secretary Lea, although plans for the day are yet in a tentative state and not yet ready for publication.

Automobile exhibitors have all signed up for space. Crowds at the fair will be better accommodated than heretofore. New concrete walks are being laid on the grounds and new roofs placed where needed. Another improvement at the grounds is the complete enclosure of the state fair area with a woven wire fence.

Regular Army Men May Be Barred from Legion

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 7.—Heated debate whether regular army men should be excluded from membership in the American Legion, which opens a three-day caucus tomorrow, consumed the great part of a preliminary caucus of delegates tonight.

After charges and counter charges had been made that certain delegates were attempting to inject militarism and Bolshevism into the tentative organization, a motion was adopted that regular army men be recommended for admission at the caucus for enrollment.

SPOKANE OVER TOP

SPOKANE, May 7.—The city of Spokane won over the top today in its victory loan subscriptions, an oversubscription of nearly \$200,000 of the allotment of \$5,248,350 being reported tonight. The eastern Washington district, with a quota of \$8,750,700, has subscribed \$7,371,800.

TREATY STRIPS GERMANY OF POWER AND REDUCES RANK TO THAT OF THIRD RATE NATION

LUNCH IS FOR GROUCHES ONLY

Speeches at Monday Meeting of Commercial Club Limited to Complaints

Have you a little growler in your home? If so, says Hal D. Patton, bring it along to the Commercial club luncheon at the Hotel Marion Monday noon. It is to be a growler's convention. Unless you are prepared to knock something or complain about somebody you will be out of luck at the meeting.

Mr. Patton makes the declaration that if anybody boasts anything whatsoever or even infers that he approves of anything that he will be placed on the committee for the next luncheon and will be fined a dollar a boost. The speakers will be selected within the next few days but their topics may not be assigned to them until they assemble for the luncheon. They will be limited to five minutes or less unless somebody complains of this arrangement.

Mr. Patton has decided that the idea of having every luncheon the inspiration for boosting is all wrong and thus inaugurates the growler plan for one meeting. He thinks the present system has a lot of faults and he is getting ready to tell why. He anticipates numerous complaints to arise over his decision. But anyway, he says, "If you've got a grouch, bring it at the lunch."

PLANS LAID FOR COUNTY 'Y' WORK

Committee Named to Work Out Details of New Service for Marion

Plans for the establishment of the boys work of the Young Men's Christian association throughout Marion county will be worked out by a committee appointed at a meeting held in the association rooms yesterday. Those on the committee are County School Superintendent W. M. Smith, Joseph Albert, William Gahlsdorf, Dr. F. E. Brown and Henry Yung of Macleay, and to them will be added representatives from the different communities of the counties.

The association's state budget of approximately \$51,000 was ratified by those present at the meeting. At the afternoon session L. B. Rhodes, state secretary, outlined the county work and explained its working out on a non-equipment basis, and the results he hopes to achieve.

A dinner was served in the auditorium at 6 o'clock and following it Mr. Rhodes gave a short address in which he outlined the general plans of the association. He said that if the work of the organization was important during the war, which was an abnormal condition, it was infinitely more important during peace time, and declared that demands for the services of the "Y" are becoming imperative from many sections of Idaho and Oregon.

W. I. Staley presided at the dinner.

Masons Pick Spokane as Next Meeting Place

ELLENSBURG, Wash., May 7.—Spokane today was selected for the 1920 convocation of the grand chapter, Royal Arch Masons and the grand council of the Royal and Select Masters, to be held the first week in May.

Officers of the grand council, Royal and Select Masters, elected tonight were as follows: Grand Master, J. H. Miller, Wenatchee; deputy grand master, Walter E. Carter, Vancouver; principal conductor, James W. Thomas, Seattle; treasurer, Henry W. Keenan, Spokane; recorder, Horace W. Tyler, Tacoma.

Fifteen Year Old Twins Are Champion Swimmers

CHICAGO, May 7.—The fifteen-year-old Smith twins of Columbus, Ohio, won the annual A. A. U. junior women swimming championships tonight and one of them set a new world's record. Miss Ruth Smith, representing the Columbus A. C., lowered her own record of 1:32 for the 100 yard breast stroke event held at Detroit last year, to 1:29-1.5. Miss Eleanor Smith, Columbus A. C., won the fancy diving event with 77.65 points.

Teutons Deprived of Colonies by Agreement Presented Yesterday at Versailles—Alsace-Lorraine Restored to France and Reparation Provided for Nations Injured During the War—President Wilson Pledges to Propose to Senate Agreement That United States With Great Britain Will Aid France in Case of Unprovoked Attack by Germany.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The treaty of peace, submitted to the German delegates at Versailles today by the representatives of the associated powers, reduces Germany to military impotence, deprives her of her colonies, restores Alsace-Lorraine to France, and provides for reparation to the nations injured by her in the war.

This was made known in an official summary of the treaty, cabled from the American peace commission to the committee on public information in New York. At the same time official announcement was made that President Wilson had pledged himself to propose to the senate an agreement that the United States, in conjunction with Great Britain, would go to the assistance of France in case of an unprovoked attack by Germany. The announcement of this proposed agreement was made in a statement supplementing the official summary of the peace treaty.

The main points in the peace treaty follow: Alsace and Lorraine go to France. All the bridges over the Rhine on their borders are to be in French control.

The port of Danzig is permanently internationalized and most of upper Silesia is ceded to Poland whose independence Germany recognizes. Poland also receives the province of Posen and that portion of the province of west Prussia west of the Vistula.

Coal Basin Internationalized.
The Sarre coal basin is temporarily internationalized. The coal mines go to France.

Germany recognizes the total independence of German-Austria and Czechoslovakia.

Germany's colonies are taken from her by the clause in which she renounces all her territorial and political rights outside Europe. The league of nations will work out the mandatory system for governing these colonies.

Belgium is conditionally given the Malmedy and Euphea districts of Prussia bordering on Belgium, with the opportunity to be given the inhabitants to protest. The league of nations has the final decision.

Luxemburg is set free from the German customs union. All concessions and territory in China must be renounced. Shantung is ceded to Japan. Germany recognizes the French in Morocco and the British protectorate over Egypt.

German troops and authorities must evacuate Schleswig-Holstein north of the Kiel canal within ten days after peace. A commission will be appointed to supervise a vote of self-determination in the territory and the districts wishing to join Denmark will be ceded by Germany.

Helgoland must be demolished and by German labor; the Kiel canal must be opened to all nations.

The German cables in dispute are surrendered.

No Conscription in Germany.
Germany may not have an army of more than 100,000 men and cannot resort to conscription.

She must raze all her forts for 50 kilometers east of the Rhine and is almost entirely prohibited from producing war material. Violation of the 50 kilometer zone restriction will be considered an act of war.

Only six capital ships of not more than 10,000 tons each are allowed Germany for her navy. She is permitted six light cruisers, twelve destroyers and twelve torpedo boats in addition to six battleships, but no submarines.

All civilian damages are to be reimbursed by Germany, her initial payment to be 20,000,000 marks, with subsequent payments to be secured by bonds. She must replace shipping ton for ton, handing over a great part of her mercantile tonnage and turning out new construction for the purpose. She must also devote her economic resources to rebuilding the devastated regions.

Parts of Germany will be occupied on a diminishing scale until reparation is made.

Must Agree to Trial.

Germany must agree to the trial of former Emperor William by an international court and to the trial of others of her subjects for violations of the laws and customs of war.

The allies and Germany accept the league of nations, Germany, however, accepting only in principle and not as a member.

All treaties and agreements with Bolshevik Russia must be abrogated, as well as the treaty of Bucharest with Rumania.

German prisoners of war are to be repatriated, but the allies will hold German officers as hostages for Germans accused of crimes.

NO TIME FOR MINCING MATTERS, CLEMENCEAU TELLS DELEGATES

VERSAILLES, May 7.—Following is the address of M. Clemenceau to the German delegates at the peace congress today:

"Gentlemen, plenipotentiaries of the German empire; it is neither the time nor the place for superfluous words. You have before you the accredited plenipotentiaries of all the small and great powers united to fight together in the war that has been so cruelly imposed upon them. The time has come when we must settle our account.

"You have asked for peace. We are ready to give you peace. We shall present to you now a book which contains our conditions. You will be given every facility to examine these conditions and the time necessary for it. Everything will be done with the courtesy that is the privilege of civilized nations.

"To give you my thought completely, you will find us ready to

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