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The Oregon Statesman

SIXTY-NINTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY, MORNING, MAY 2, 1919

THE WEATHER
OREGON: Fair Friday; moderate westerly winds.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

STREETS RUN WITH BLOOD ON MAY DAY

Mobs Stage Demonstrations in Principal Parts of Paris; "Long Live Poilu," Is Frequent Cry.

ATTITUDE OF POLICE RESENTED BY CROWD

Speakers Give Vent to Oratory from Tops of Poles Along Boulevards

PARIS, May 1.—At 8.30 o'clock tonight calm had been re-established everywhere in the city after the disorders of the day.

According to police summary made at 5 o'clock five persons had been dangerously wounded, 15 more or less injured and 50 arrested as a result of the demonstrations.

PARIS, May 1.—(By The Associated Press)—Serious disorders occurred today in Paris on the occasion of the celebration of "May Day." French blood flowed in the streets and weapons that so lately had been used against the foe were turned against countrymen.

Particular efforts were made by (Continued on page 2)

Chinese Murderers Give Liberally to Loan Drive

PORTLAND, Or., May 1.—Three Chinese, convicted of murder during Portland's tong wars and serving terms in the county jail, responded instantly today to a plea for subscriptions for victory bonds during a tour of the county jail by a solicitor. Yee Guck subscribed \$300, Wong Wen Teung came to the fore with \$100 and She Fong followed suit with \$50. Other inmates of the jail who subscribed to the loan are: T. G. Patterson \$150 and Lloyd Hallam \$50.

HANSON WOULD END RED FLAG

Seattle Mayor Favors Closing I. W. W. Halls and Imprisoning Leaders

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 1.—Mayor Ole Hanson, of Seattle, opponent of the I. W. W. and bolshevism, tonight addressed an appeal to mayors of all cities in the United States, urging the closing of all I. W. W. halls, imprisonment of the leaders and suppression of the red flag. The appeal was contained in a statement given out tonight.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The national convention of the I. W. W. was to be held here on May 5. Several days ago there was a semi-official announcement that the convention might be postponed, in order that federal prisoners whose release was expected about this time might be present at the national assemblage. No official announcement to this effect was made public however, and according to information tonight the convention will be held on the original date.

BULLETS IN MOB CAUSE ONE DEATH

Thirty Persons Seriously Injured in Cleveland When Police Club and Trample on Rioters.

SOCIALISTS' QUARTERS ENTIRELY WRECKED

Disturbances Over Entire Nation Cause May Day to Be Eventful

CLEVELAND, May 1.—An unidentified man was killed by a detective's bullet, seven policemen were shot or badly beaten, about 100 persons wounded, many seriously, in general rioting which brought a dramatic finale this afternoon to a socialist May Day demonstration here. About thirty persons, seriously injured, are in hospitals tonight while scores of others, including women, were trampled by rioters and clubbed by police.

Socialist headquarters were totally wrecked by angry civilians bent on putting an end to the demonstration.

Socialists and sympathizers were ridden down by mounted policemen and by soldiers in army tanks and trucks.

The one fatality occurred when a mob said to have been composed of socialists and sympathizers rushed Detective Woodring and other officers. Woodring declared he drew his revolver to save his own life and fired, wounding the leader of the mob, passing through the man's neck, killing him instantly. First reports said the man was an onlooker.

Sixty of the rioters were arrested. A score were found to have weapons on them, police say.

A mob of several hundred of the rioters threatened police headquarters when C. Ruthenberg, socialist leader and former socialist candidate for mayor was arrested and for more than an hour the entire downtown section of the city was a seething mass of socialists, police, civilians and soldiers, the latter riding down the rioters in army trucks and tanks.

The trouble in the public square started when Lieutenant H. H. Bergen, who served with the 80th division overseas, demanded that several soldiers among the socialists on the platform, remove their uniforms or the red flags they wore on their breasts.

The soldiers refused and C. E. Ruthenberg, scheduled as the principal socialist speaker, interceded for the socialists.

Lieutenant Bergen, followed by Lieutenant John Hardy, of Detroit, mounted the platform and tore the red insignia from the khaki uniforms. The act was the signal for a grand rush by socialist sympathizers.

Mounted police, who had rushed away to other riot calls, dashed back to the public square and rode down the fighting mob, using their clubs right and left. Several shots were fired by socialist sympathizers. The mounted police and several soldiers manning an army tank and two big trucks, charged pell mell, dispersing the mob.

Fresh rioting broke out tonight during May Day celebrations adding eight more to today's list of wounded. Police Lieutenant Meek was shot in the shoulder and a patrolman severely cut when they charged a crowd alleged radicals. Other officers then dispersed the mob. Six persons were injured, one seriously, when police, soldiers and civilians charged another crowd.

PORTLAND, Or., May 1.—An advertised "International Labor Day" demonstration held today in a city plaza, was attended by several hundred people and some fifty police officers, but failed to develop any noteworthy incident. Mayor George L. Baker went to the meeting and listened to some of the speeches made, but said that while it was apparent that radicals were holding it, none of them violated the letter of the law by voice or act.

SCORE ARRESTED IN CHICAGO
CHICAGO, May 1.—A score of arrests were made in the May Day demonstrations of radicals in Chicago today. An all day rain and police activity had the effect of quenching any revolutionary fires that may have been struggling for expression. The day's developments were as follows:

Mounted policemen charged and dispersed a crowd of socialists who attempted to march to a hall. They were allowed to hold a meeting. Two policemen were attacked by members of a crowd outside a hall where radicals were holding a meeting and a near riot resulted. Sixteen men and one woman were arrested. Red flags appeared on two elevators.

Fortune Staggers Ancient Newsboy; He Gets Guardian

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—Peter Barth, 54, sold newspapers in the financial district for almost 40 years but in all that time he never received a mark until he was advised six weeks ago to "get in" on a certain mining stock.

Barth purchased 30,000 shares at one cent a share. The next morning the stock was selling for 83 cents a share. Barth collapsed and was taken to a hospital.

Today a superior court judge declared Barth incompetent and a guardian was appointed for him. Doctors were quoted as saying there was no hope for his recovery.

COUNTY COURT SHOWS POLICY

Letter Addressed to Mr. Kay Prior to Meeting to Be Held Today

That each section of the county must share equally the money to be expended for Marion county market roads is the import of a letter which the county court has addressed to T. B. Kay, chairman of the official roads committee. Figures just prepared show, according to the communication, that schedules A and B recently submitted give certain districts four times the amount that others would have. It is pointed out that unless districts stay within their quotas the amount needed for the roads would be six percent of the county's valuation.

The statement from the court is to be submitted this morning at a meeting of the Marion County Market Roads committee. It is as follows:

"Your letter of April 30th requesting this court to state its position more fully in regard to the apparent inequities of the plan proposed by your committee is at hand.

"Schedules A and B sent you with our former letter, while not intended to be arbitrary, or absolutely accurate, indicate very clearly the idea and position of this court, to the effect that as near as possible, the burdens and benefits ought to be distributed proportionately.

"The road program as outlined by your committee and which you have requested us to adopt will require an expenditure by Marion county, Oregon, of about two and a half million dollars. This is about six per cent of the county's assessed valuation. Two per cent of this you propose to be raised by bond issue and the other four per cent is to be raised by direct taxation. If every taxpayer would share the benefits of the program equally, it would not be so bad, but there are many taxpayers who will not only fail to participate in the benefits in any appreciable degree, but are also practically deprived from hoping for anything in the way of direct benefits for a period of seven years in the future.

"For these reasons, it occurs to us that your program should not only be more equitable, but should be capable of execution in a period considerably shorter than seven years, and at a total expense of considerably less than two and a half million dollars.

"In addition to the Pacific Highway, which is being paved by the state, this county has approximately one hundred miles of main traveled roads, that it is practically impossible to maintain in any other manner than by hard surfacing. For these one hundred miles of road, hard surfacing is the only thing to be considered. These hundred miles, estimated at fifteen thousand dollars a mile, to include the road bed, would cost approximately a million and a half dollars. The other fifty miles you have recommended for paving are in many instances located in country that is steep and hilly and would require the expenditure of an exorbitant amount for reducing the same to a five per cent grade, if the same were hard surfaced. In other instances, your committee has recommended roads that have comparatively little travel. If these other fifty miles were thoroughly graded up so that they are well drained and if the grades thereon are reduced to a reasonable percentage and if they are surfaced and graveled, they could be placed in an excellent condition for many years to come at an estimated expenditure of approximately four thousand dollars a mile, including the grading. This would in most instances furnish a grade on which paving might be laid in the future. These fifty miles at that rate would cost approximately two hundred thousand dollars, making a total expenditure of approximately one million, seven hundred thousand dollars, which is twice the amount of the proposed bond issue. Of this amount, two per cent of the valuation of all the property would be raised by the proposed bond issue and two per cent by direct taxation, instead of four per cent, as in the program as outlined by your committee.

"We understand that in Linn

I. W. W. HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR OUTRAGE

U. S. District Attorney Cline Says Bomb Addressed to Him Must Have Come from Wobblies.

THREE MORE INFERNAL MACHINES INTERCEPTED

Officers Think They Have Stopped All That Were Sent in Mails

CHICAGO, May 1.—Although the national headquarters of several radical organizations are in Chicago, United States District Attorney Cline said tonight he believed that the bomb plot directed against many of the nation's high officials and prominent civilians was originated in New York where all of the missiles thus far were found mailed.

Frank K. Nebeker, Salt Lake city attorney, who was chief of the government prosecution against nearly 100 I. W. W. leaders convicted here last fall blamed the I. W. W. today when told a bomb had been sent him. "If I was selected to receive one of the bombs then the I. W. W. organization is behind it," he said.

ALL BELIEVED STOPPED

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Belief was expressed by post office officials tonight, that most, if not all of the bombs mailed from New York as part of an anarchist's May Day plot against the lives of the public men had been found.

Checking of reports showed infernal machines addressed to Senator Lee S. Overman, of North Carolina, Senator William H. King, of Utah, and Frank K. Nebeker, an attorney, at Salt Lake City, Utah, got through during the past 24 hours.

The alertness of a postal clerk at Salisbury, N. C., Senator Overman's home town, prevented the delivery of the machine to the senator. The motive was thought to be the fact that as chairman of the senate committee on disloyal propaganda, Senator Overman had won the enmity of radical elements.

Precautions were taken in Washington today to protect cabinet members and court officials from bomb attacks. There were similar precautions in other cities and meanwhile the entire postal service was working and watching to pick up stray infernal machines, lying about like so many floating mines, but apparently dangerous only to those persons with curiosity enough to break the seals.

Officials here were greatly relieved upon learning late today that there was no foundation for reports of the seizure of 14 bombs in post-offices along the Pacific coast.

TWO CAUGHT AT SALT LAKE

SALT LAKE CITY, May 1.—Two packages bearing the labels of "Gimbel Brothers, 32nd street and Broadway, New York City" said to contain infernal machines, were intercepted by postoffice officials here today before they could be placed in the hands of those to whom they were addressed: United States Senator William H. King and Frank K. Nebeker, who as an assistant United States attorney general, prosecuted 100 I. W. W. in Chicago last year.

The package addressed to Mr. Nebeker had been delivered to his office late this afternoon by a clerk. A few minutes later G. S. Chambers, superintendent of mails in the local postoffice, found a similar package addressed to Senator King.

According to New York advices two of the infernal machines are in the mails enroute to Utah. One is said to be addressed to Senator Smoot and there is considerable speculation for whom the other is intended.

Senator King has been particularly bitter in several different speeches against the I. W. W. and other radicals.

Just what particular vengeance anarchist plotters desire to wreak upon Senator Smoot is unknown. During his public life, however, he has taken a definite stand against all elements of lawlessness and organizations that threatened the peace and governmental structure of the country.

Gompers' Condition Is Said to Be Satisfactory

NEW YORK, May 1.—Tonight's bulletin from the bedside of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who was seriously injured Sunday when a surface car collided with a taxicab in which he was riding, announced his condition was satisfactory.

Translations of Finnish Form Part of Evidence

PORTLAND, Or., May 1.—Translations of articles that appeared in the two Finnish publications, Toveri and Toveritaar, published in Astoria, whose publishers are on trial in federal court on a charge of violating the espionage act, were submitted as evidence today by Assistant United States Attorney Barnett Goldstein in an attempt to show a studied program on the part of the defendants to obstruct the draft. Numerous files of the two papers dating as far back as June 26, 1917, copies of "War, what for?" and other books of socialistic character were produced.

DEBS HONORED BY SHOP STRIKE

Thousands of Workmen Take Day Off to Express Radical Sentiments

DENVER, Colo., May 1.—Nearly 6,000 workmen of the Federate Railroad Shoppers of Denver declared a one-day strike today as a protest against the "failure of the government to keep its faithful promises that ample employment would be furnished," and as demonstration in behalf of Eugene V. Debs and other radicals now serving prison sentences. Only enough men were left in the shops to assure that trains could be kept running.

At a mass meeting of the men this afternoon resolutions were adopted urging recognition of the Russian soviet government, demanding the release of Eugene V. Debs and other radicals, declaring for a nation-wide strike of all railroad employees in case of return of the railroads to private management and demanding the re-employment of all employees of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad who were recently laid off under a retrenchment policy.

FOUR STRIKES ARE PROPOSED IN NEW YORK

Mass Meeting in Madison Square Garden Climax to May Day Celebration

ARMY OF POLICE OUT

Soldiers Mix With Crowds—Bolshevist Literature Torn from Buildings

NEW YORK, May 1.—The climax of the May Day celebration in New York came tonight with a mass meeting at Madison Square Garden which adopted resolutions advocating four general strikes, three of five days duration and a fourth of indefinite length, unless Thomas J. Mooney and Warren K. Billings are released from prison or granted new trials before July 4.

The meeting tonight was the only one of a dozen planned for today which was not broken up by soldiers and sailors who demanded that the American flag be displayed and "The Star Spangled Banner" sung. It was not the fault of the service men that they did not "clean up" the Garden tonight. They tried hard enough, but were overwhelmed by the police.

An army of 1,318 police, under command of Chief Inspector Daly, guarded all approaches to the Garden and held at bay more than 1000 men in uniform recently returned from France.

Led by a Scotch-Canadian soldier and a bugler who repeatedly sounded the assembly, the soldiers and sailors charged the police lines again and again, but only to be beaten back. Back of the officers on foot with night sticks held ready were outposts of mounted men. They were reinforced by a strong provost guard.

Soldiers Injured
An American soldier wounded in France and on sick leave from a hospital in this city was knocked down and trampled on by a contingent of mounted police who charged the crowd as he was walking off. He was unconscious when carried away in an ambulance.

While the police and service men were battling in the rain outside the Mooney meeting was proceeding. The soldiers and sailors began their "anti-May Day" activities early in the afternoon and organized a parade with more than 500 men in line. In their march they spied what they termed "Bolshevist" posters pasted on the front of the building occupied by the New York Call, a socialist labor newspaper.

Responding to orders of their leaders, the soldiers charged the building. They destroyed a large quantity of socialist literature, stopping long enough to eject from doors and windows a dozen employees of the paper who were forced to run the gauntlet between two lines of men in uniform who rained blows on them as they fled.

GERMANY AT LAST JOINS CONFERENCE

Eventful Day for Which the World Has Waited Since November 11 Arrives—Forecast Probation Period.

SECRET SESSION IS EXPECTED TOMORROW

Handing Over of Treaty Probably Due to Take Place on Monday

PARIS, May 1.—(By The Associated Press)—Information coming from French sources tonight is that a secret plenary session of the peace conference probably will be held Saturday and the meeting with the Germans for handing over of the peace treaty will be held Monday afternoon.

CECIL MAY BE APPOINTED

LONDON, May 1.—The Reuter correspondent at Paris says it is expected that Lord Robert Cecil will be appointed British member of the organizing committee of the league of nations and that Germany will be admitted to the league after a period of probation probably one year.

FIFTEEN DAYS ALLOWED

PARIS, May 1.—The German delegates to the peace congress will have 15 days in which to consider the treaty and make any counter proposals they desire it was learned today. They may begin offering their suggestions at any time but no day of grace will be given them. Representatives of the allies, it was stated, reserve the right to reply to any of the German objections or proposals at any time but the belief is expressed that no more than five days or a week would be required for closing the exchange of ideas.

Eventful Day Arrives.
The peace congress at Versailles has formally begun its sessions. The eventful day which the world had awaited since the signing of the armistice on November 11 last year, has at last arrived.

The German peace delegates have met the representatives of the allied and associated powers and across the green baize table have carried out the first preliminary which probably will mean a return to actual peace in the not far distant future.

This preliminary was handing to the representatives of the allied and associated powers, by the Germans of their credentials, certifying their right to act for Germany in accepting the peace treaty which later is to be given them, outlining the terms which the peace conference in Paris has decreed Germany shall meet in order to secure that peace and a return of normal conditions which Germany has professed she desires so ardently.

Similar credentials of the allied and associated representatives then were handed to the Germans. Scarcely five minutes were taken up with the procedure. The formality of address was entirely dispensed with. Then when the brief ceremony ended the Germans immediately left the Trianon hotel for their place of residence.

Big Three Absent.

President Wilson did not attend the function. Neither did Mr. Clemenceau, French premier, nor David Lloyd George, the British prime minister, who were represented respectively by Jules Cambon and Lord Harding. Henry White represented the United States and Americans were unrepresented.

Baking Pan Looks Good to Portland Woman This Week

PORTLAND, May 1.—Portland housewives were called upon by the local Grocers' and Merchants' Association today to roll up their sleeves, don kitchen aprons and do their own baking, rather than pay an increased cost of the staff of life decreed by Portland bakers.

Following the announcement of wholesale bakers in raising the price of bread one cent a loaf, which raise was passed along to the consumer by the retailers, the grocers and merchants voiced their protest in resolutions, declaring the raise unjustifiable and unnecessary.

Wholesale bakers' dealers today that the increase was due to action of their state organization or of an agreement among themselves. They pointed out that the wages of bakers have just been increased 25 per cent and claim that fats cost 35 per cent more than two months ago and flour 15 per cent higher.

Every returning soldier and sailor should have a job. We unite with the U. S. Employment Service of the Department of Labor and the Churches of the country in the Nation-wide movement to observe May 4th as "Employment Sunday," and ask employers to list their openings with the U. S. Employment Service and its Bureaus for Returning Soldiers and Sailors.

Barnes Cash Store
17 E. BARNES PROMOTION

Just unpacked a large shipment of

WORKMEN'S CLOTHES

Overalls, Jumpers, etc., full cut, easy fitting, of dependable quality.

OVERALLS

The famous Crown Specials—you know what they are, superior garments in every way. All sizes up to 50 waist, in heavy blue denim, regular sizes in grays, stiff stripes and Express stripes, all at lower prices.

COMBINATION SUITS

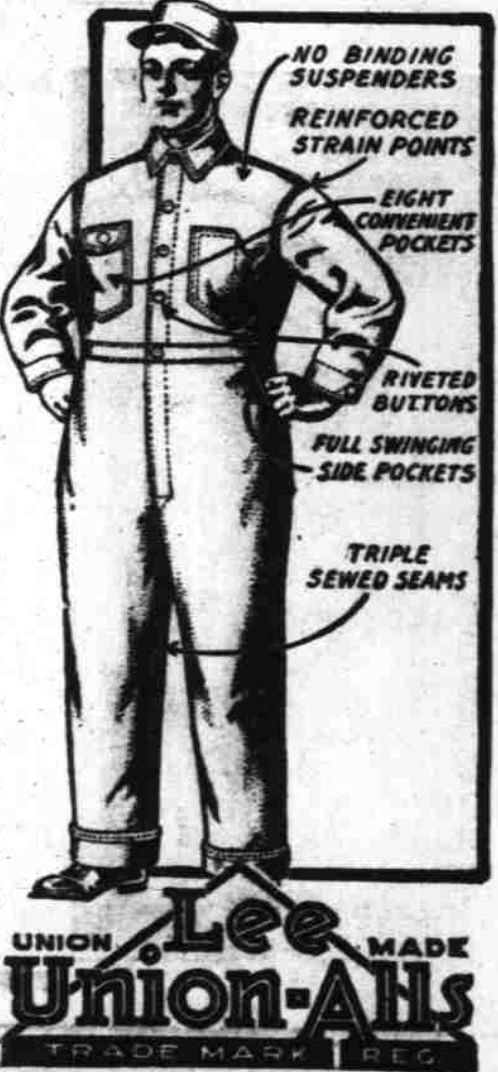
Men's Khaki and Blue, all sizes\$2.95 and \$3.75

Stiff Stripes\$3.35

Lee's Union-Alls—the best, easiest fitting garment of its kind, regular \$4.50 grade, with slight imperfections\$3.95

Boys' Khaki combination Suits priced according to size\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.35

We now have all sizes in Boys' Crown Overalls in blue at lower prices.



"Liberty Belle" Play Suits

for children were designed by a mother who fully appreciated the vexations of making clothes for growing children which would combine suitable materials with good sense and refined taste. These garments are made of Inevincible Suitings, are unique, sensible and dainty.

Boys' One-Piece Suit

Made with high, rounded neck, set-in kimono sleeves, belt and patch pocket of contrasting material. Buttons in the back. Trimmed with pearl buttons. Convenient drop seat. Ages 2, 4, 6\$1.75

One Piece Creeper

Made with Dutch neck, elbow sleeves with turned back cuffs and belt of contrasting material. Convenient drop seat. Body buttons in the back, panties on the sides. Pearl button trim. Ages 1, 2, 3, 4\$1.75

We have in stock the same material in plain blue or pink, also white and blue or white and pink stripes, for those who wish to do their own sewing. It's a superior cloth at low price.

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