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ANOTHER FIGHT OF HIS LIFE BY LLOYD GEORGE.

Lloyd George has entered upon one of the stormiest times of his remarkably stormy career.

He has opened his campaign in the forthcoming Parliamentary elections in England, and his first great speech, printed in The Statesman of this morning, outlines world policies that will receive universal attention.

A few days ago, his political opponents were saying that he would have to depend upon the Tories or Conservatives, with whom he has been working of late.

But he boldly proclaims a progressive policy so sweeping as to take the breath away; outlining proposed reforms that would in former times have cost him all of his Conservative support.

He goes in for a continuation of the coalition government, proclaiming that this is as necessary for the reconstruction period as it was for the successful prosecution of Great Britain's share of the war.

And he stands squarely and plainly and boldly for a league of nations after the war to preserve the peace of the world.

It is a fascinating program. It is a bold stand, by the outstanding international political figure. When they reflect, the people of England will get over their surprise.

They will remember that Lloyd George has ever been a bold adventurer in the political arena, and a fearless fighter.

And he will surely win, in the British elections; for the good and glory of his own country, and for the good and glory of the world, which needs the services of such a statesman in the solution of the problems of reconstruction and the firm establishment of permanent peace.

FEATHERED PRODUCERS.

Genial representatives of our gracious government are working overtime in the matter of showing us how to produce—if not one way, then another. The other day a highbrowed gentleman from the Department of Agriculture was showing us how to sort over our poultry and determine which birds were earning their keep.

Perhaps the German clown prince has joined Villa.

France is raising the question of punishing the guilty men who started the war.

Detroit's 27,000 plurality for Mr. Ford shows what would happen if he should run for mayor.

Dr. Solf appeals to President Wilson, saying thousands of the German people will starve unless relieved. The answer is, Hoover knew. And relief was already being sent—before Dr. Solf wrote his appeal.

Foch is the composite Abraham Lincoln and General Grant of France. He wrote a number of clauses into the armistice agreement that will reflect his caution, his wisdom and his mercy. If the war was to be over, it was to be over, Foch wisely and mercifully reasoned.

Even the orders of the great Marshal Foch could not keep the Yanks and Germans in the front lines from doing a little fraternizing. Yank tradition would not permit our boys to fall to extend the friendly hand, when the German fighters had decided they had enough.

Published figures regarding Cambridge university's losses in four years of war are an eloquent proof of the toll the war took of the best educated classes of the British people. Of 14,340 members of the university enrolled for war service 2382 were killed, 3154 wounded, and 2871 reported as missing or prisoners.

The need of making provisions for

FUTURE DATES. November 11 to 13—United war fund campaign. November 15 and 16—Friends Quarterly meeting at South Salem Friends church. November 18 to 22—International Livestock show, Portland. November 20, Wednesday—Annual meeting of Willamette chapter, Red Cross. Nov. 28, Thursday—Thanksgiving day. December, date not set—Fifth annual Marion County Corn Show.

settling soldiers on public lands will probably hasten the day when the provinces of western Canada take over the control of their lands and minerals from the hands of the Dominion government. It is believed that the provinces will be allowed to make arrangements for settling the soldiers, while the Dominion government will assist the men with money grants.

REVIVAL OF MEDIEVALISM.

Springfield Republican). To the Editor of the Republican: Certain sinister interests are now actively propagating medieval economic ideas in this country. Imported lecturers are spreading these ideas, magazines are publishing them, organizations dominated largely by men from backward countries are adopting them as parts of their platform, and, in some cases at least, government officials with their ear to what they suppose to be the ground are espousing them.

For centuries before 1776 medieval governments were trying to fix prices. Much of the economic discussion among the pre-Adamites, the precursors of Adam Smith, was concerned with the question of justum pretium, or just price. What is a just price and how can it be determined? was a great economic problem of those times when governments were bossing everybody in all the affairs of life. The great liberal movement of the latter part of the 18th century and the early 19th century swept all these subtleties away and began to trust the people to arrange these matters for themselves in the free atmosphere of the open market.

This liberating of enterprise and industry from the hampering influ-

ence of gangs of office holders, anxious to enlarge their authority, was followed by the greatest burst of prosperity that the world has ever known. In cases of government-fostered monopoly some kind of price or rate-fixing is still necessary. It may be necessary in war time to extend the authority of office-holders still further. But there is now an illiberal movement in all the liberal countries to make this extension of the authority of the office-holder permanent. —T. N. Carver. Harvard University, Cambridge, November 6, 1918.

The comparative weakness of Bolshevism among the Czechs is no doubt to be explained in great part by the fact that their energies have been fully absorbed in a hopeful nationalistic effort. A nation which is fighting heroically to regain liberties lost for centuries is in too patriotic a mood for internationalism or a class conflict. Moreover, the class conflict among the Czechs is by no means so acute as in some other nationalities because they are essentially a democratic people. Their aristocracy was for the most part destroyed long ago, either put to death or driven into exile, and the Bohemian nobility remaining is more German than Czech. At the present day the Czechs as such as any nationality in Europe are a community of plain people with a spirit of essential equality, being in strong contrast in this respect with the Poles, who have kept through all their tribulations a strong and haughty aristocracy. For the present the Czechs have enough to do in founding their long dreamed of national state without going in for radical socialism.

IN OLD ALEPPO.

It is set forth that in the agreement with Turkey the Arabs will be permitted to form another independent state of their own with the capital at Aleppo.

Let's see: Wasn't it at Aleppo that Othello smote the malignant and Turbaned Turk who traduced the state?

Not only history but romance repeats itself.

TALK UNITED STATES.

The commercial traveler of the immediate future who has to go through the Balkans and the former Austrian empire will want to speak about twenty-seven different tongues. This world federation idea ought to bring about a universal language.

And, says a friend at our elbow: "We don't care much what it is so long as it is United States."

HE'S A BIRD.

Talk about birdmen! Already men are flying with wings no broader than those of the feathered giants of the heaven.

The wings of the great albatross and the condor of the Andes have a spread of eighteen to twenty feet, but in London men are flying with midge airships whose planes have a spread of but fifteen feet. A flock of these would be a mosquito fleet indeed.

Pretty soon they'll be staging an aerial war between one of these birdmen and a bald eagle.

GETTING TOGETHER.

The get-together movement in the churches gains like the rolling snowball and will soon become an avalanche. On November 12 the three general bodies of the English Lutheran church on this continent will blend into one. All differences have been adjusted and the union will be officially accomplished at a great open gathering in the city of New York. The federation includes nearly a million members and takes over some thirty colleges and seminaries, ranging from Canada to the Gulf and from Gettysburg to the Pacific coast. There will be a lot more of church and creed amalgamation after the war.

BITS FOR BREAKFAST

Don't be a piker.

Give to the war drive.

The need is greater than ever.

What happened to the crown prince ranks with who struck Billy Patterson.

Berne, Switzerland, canned her Bolsheviki. Wise proceeding.

Lloyd George shakes up the dry bones of England. If there are any dry bones left there.

How would you have enjoyed the great demonstration of the grand fleet? Such a sight may never again be witnessed in this world.

Germany claims to be getting by with her new people's government: claims that all disorders are being quelled. If this is true, the country will never cease to wonder why, in the name of common sense, they never thought of all this before: the war why, for the love of Mike, they had to be licked into doing the very thing that was best for them and for all the wide world.

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGET.

To the Clerk of School District No. 24, Marion County, Oregon: Following is a statement of the estimated amount of money needed by the district during the fiscal year beginning on June 30, 1918, and ending on June 30, 1919. This budget is made in compliance with Section 217 of the School Laws of 1917, and includes the estimated amounts to be received from the county school fund, state school fund, special district tax and all other moneys of the district:

Table with columns for BUDGET, Estimated Expenditures, and Estimated Receipts. Includes items like Teachers' salaries, Furniture, Apparatus and supplies, etc.

Total estimated amount of money to be expended for all purposes during the year, \$1,177,669.50

From county and state school fund during the coming school year, \$31,109.00

From state school fund during coming school year (see above), \$945.71

Cash now in hands of the district clerk, \$34,496.25

Estimated amount to be received from all other sources during coming school year: tuition, \$13,500; U. S. Gov. subsidy, \$1,900

Total estimated receipts, not including money to be received from the tax which it is proposed to vote, \$1,818.54

Recapitulation. Total estimated expenses for the year, \$1,177,669.50

Total estimated receipts, not including the tax to be voted, \$1,818.54

Balance, amount to be raised by district tax, \$95,818.54

The amount of money to be raised by this special tax is more than the amount raised by special school district tax in the year immediately preceding this, plus per cent. It is necessary to raise this additional amount by special levy for the following reasons:

The increase in taxes is due to four items: (1) Increases in salaries, \$5,971.59; (2) decrease in money coming from the state and county funds because there is a decrease of number of pupils on the census which decrease lowers the incomes from state and county funds by \$5,900.09; (3) a shrinkage of \$873.75 at least in uncollected taxes of last year is certain and (4) the purchase of the Holman property, which is an addition to the high school grounds and buildings costing \$3250. The first three items are directly caused by war conditions: (1) The teachers' salaries had to be raised to maintain our force; (2) parents with large families moved to localities where employment is more profitable and (3) it is not safe to figure all the income from taxes. The Holman property is a good buy at the figure mentioned.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1918.

—H. L. Clark, —R. C. Bishop, —H. O. White, —W. C. Winslow, —E. T. Barnes.

Board of Directors, School District No. 24.

NOTICE OF SCHOOL ELECTION. To Increase Tax More Than Six Per Cent Over That of the Previous Year.

Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of School District No. 24 of Marion county, state of Oregon, that an election will be held in said district at 379 State street on the 30th day of November, 1918, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to vote on the question of increasing the amount of the tax levy in said district for the year 1918, by more than 6 per cent over the amount of such levy for the year immediately preceding.

It is necessary to raise this additional amount by special levy for the following reasons: Increase in salaries, \$5971.57

Purchase of Holman property, \$3250.00

Shrinkage in uncollected taxes, \$873.75

Loss to shrinkage in census \$300.00

Lovely Waists for Christmas. Multitudes of them—Offering ample scope for selection. SILK CREPE DE CHINE, all sizes \$2.95. GEORGETTE CREPE, all sizes \$4.95. Kafowry Bros. THE STORE FOR THE PEOPLE. 416 State Street, Salem, Oregon.

IN A SOCIAL WAY. BY MURIEL GRANT.

The Apollo club is planning to give its opening concert in January, and much preparation is being made to make the concert a success. The future concerts will be supported by association members.

Friends of Mrs. Mark S. Skiff are informed of her recovery from an illness at her home in the Skiff apartments.

Mr. and Mrs. John Withycombe, who live near Labish meadows, are entertaining Mrs. Charles Lee of Corvallis this week. Mrs. Lee will return to Corvallis the latter part of the week.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Sheldon, 370 Bellevue street, was the scene of a merry party Tuesday evening when they entertained a number of friends. Cards were the main diversion of the evening. Three tables were circled by the players. Refreshments were served late in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Laflar will leave today for their home in Portland after having spent the past few weeks in Salem as the guests of Mr. Laflar's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Laflar, at their residence, 1190 South Liberty street. Mr. Laflar is manager of the Columbia theatre in Portland. Mr. and Mrs. Laflar make their home at the Wheeland apartments, 395 Simon street. During their stay in Salem they have been the inspiration of a number of informal social gatherings.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Bevier were hosts at a charming party at their home on North Cottage street Monday evening in celebration of the "New Era." Since the epidemic has been lifted social gatherings have held full sway, which up to this time have been at a standstill.

missed by Salem friends who regret their departure. Mr. and Mrs. E. V. McMechan, who have been spending the past two weeks at the home of Mr. McMechan's parents at Yakima, Wash., will return to their home in Salem the last of the week. They are domiciled at the Electric apartments.

PERFECT WOMANHOOD. Perfect womanhood depends on perfect health. Beauty and a good disposition both vanish before pain and suffering. A great menace to a woman's happiness in life is the suffering that comes from some functional derangement which soon develops headaches, backache, nervousness and "the blues."

SOCIAL EVIL TO BE FOUGHT. Government May Appropriately Money for Special Building in Oregon.

On condition that government appropriate an amount of money for the construction of a building for the care of girls afflicted with social diseases, the state board of control yesterday voted to recommend to the legislature that provision be made for the maintenance of such a building.

Those bidden for the evening were Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Duce, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Roma C. Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph White, Mr. and Mrs. William Keath, Superintendent and Mrs. John W. Todd, Miss Luna Smith, Miss Minnie Goehring and Clarence Newberry.

Celebrating the cent of the anniversary of the birthday of W. D. Darline, a delightful party was given at the Darling country home on Tuesday evening. The event was a complete surprise to Mr. Darline, which made the affair a most enjoyable one. The evening was spent with music and games, after which a hearty refreshment was served. The invited guests were: Miss Harriett Darling, Miss Esther Miller, Miss Lorraine Parson, Miss DeVera Thurston, Miss Eulalia Way, Miss Eveline, Miss Elsie and Miss Ethel Wilson, E. Shaffer, Allen Hutchen, Adlai Esteb, Jay Way, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Darline and family, Mrs. A. Hill and Mrs. C. Knapp and daughters.

Gasoline Dealers Ask Commission for Relief. Several gasoline dealers of Union and Willowa counties have petitioned the public service commission to compel the Standard Oil company to sell gasoline and kindred merchandise to retailers at reasonable rates and without restrictions as to the time when it shall be sold.

SAGE TEA TURNS GRAY HAIR DARK. It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Luster to Hair. That beautiful, even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray or streaked, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundredfold.

"United We Serve" THAT'S the principle of those seven organizations which are this week asking for funds to carry on their respective good work among our boys in the service. Give generously. Some boy in whom YOU have an interest will benefit. You will find the United States National a good bank.

United States National Bank. Salem Oregon.