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The Oregon Statesman

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SIXTY-EIGHTH YEAR—NO. 80

SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

SENATE VOTE ON SUFFRAGE AGAIN BALKED

Efforts to Bring About Balloting on Susan B. Anthony Amendment to Constitution Fail.

MATTER HELD OVER UNTIL COMING WEEK

Resolution Withdrawn After Hours of Debate—Filibustering Charged.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Efforts to bring the house resolution proposing submission of the Susan B. Anthony equal suffrage amendment to the constitution to a vote in the senate today failed.

After three hours of preliminary debate and jockeying the resolution was withdrawn, with a promise that next week the fight would be forced to a conclusion. Some of its supporters, however, expressed the belief that this action might be postponed indefinitely.

Charges that unfair advantage was sought were exchanged by leaders on both sides. Opponents asserted that a vote today was being demanded because Senator James of Kentucky, was unable to be present and could not secure the customary privilege of being paired. Managers of the resolution charged its opponents with filibustering to prevent a vote because, with Senator James absent, they lacked votes to defeat the resolution.

Date Indefinite

The date next week on which the resolution will be called up, Senator Jones said tonight, depends upon clearance of appropriation and other bills in preparation for the recess. Positive of having a majority of the senate, at least, he and other suffrage leaders declared would prevent a recess until the resolution is disposed of and expressed confidence of its final adoption.

Few set speeches on the resolution were made. Without objection the senate debate proceeded until 2 o'clock, when the army appropriation bill automatically was laid before the senate. Senator Jones then moved to set it aside and proceed with the suffrage resolution.

Senator Reed of Missouri, in the debate on the motion, declared refusal of the suffrage leaders to arrange a pair for Senator James demonstrated that "the first fruits of suffrage are to be set aside courtesies and delicacies" of senate procedure and then spoke for nearly an hour and a half, but mostly on the army bill.

Tries to Force Vote

Chairman Jones of the senate woman suffrage committee made an effort to force a vote by moving to hold the resolution before the senate and displace the \$12,000,000 army appropriation bill. The plan was abandoned and the resolution was withdrawn after opponents had

Two Congressmen Come to Blows on Sidewalk

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Representative Blanton and Wilson of Texas, engaged in a fist encounter late today in front of the house office building, but were quickly separated by a passerby. Neither showed signs of the combat when they entered the house a few minutes afterwards.

According to the congressman the fight was the outgrowth of a pair arrangement they had made for the vote last winter on the resolution for submitting a federal constitutional prohibition amendment to the states. Representative Blanton claimed Representative Wilson violated the pair agreement.

Over Half Billion in W. S. S. Already Pledged

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Pledges for the installment purchase of more than a half billion dollars of war savings and thrift stamps have been received in the past two weeks by war savings workers throughout the country and this probably will be doubled tomorrow, designated by President Wilson as "national thrift day," according to reports today to war savings headquarters here.

The success of the war savings movement depend largely on the results of tomorrow's intensive nation-wide canvass, officials declared today. Heretofore sales of thrift and war savings stamps have been less than the government had hoped, amounting to about \$300,000,000 since last December 3.

PERSHING'S MEN SENT TO ITALY

Regiment is Selected to Complete Unity of Front Against Austrians.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—A regiment of troops in General Pershing's expeditionary forces has been ordered to Italy, probably as an advance guard to additional forces to be sent later, to complete the unity on that frontier of Italian, British, French and American troops.

Secretary Baker announced today that General Pershing had been instructed to select a regiment now in training France for immediate movement to Italy.

While there is good reason to believe that the American forces in Italy will be augmented considerably later today, an announcement appears to make it certain that no direct movement from the United States at an early date is planned. It is known the suggestion has been considered that the Italian expedition be made an entirely independent one of General Pershing's although equally under the direction of General Foch as supreme commander.

Silva Tarouca May Be Next Austrian Premier

AMSTERDAM, June 27.—Vienna dispatches say that Count Silva Tarouca at present minister of agriculture and an intimate friend of Emperor Charles, probably will be the next premier of Austria in succession to Baron von Seydler.

A Zurich dispatch, June 26, said that Premier von Seydler had proposed as his successor Baron Banhaus and that the Austrian emperor had invited the baron to begin negotiations with the various political parties with the object of forming a cabinet.

PROHIBITION NOW BEFORE U. S. SENATE

Emergency Agricultural Appropriation Bill Reported Late Yesterday for Consideration.

WILL BE TAKEN UP WITHIN FEW DAYS

Much Opposition Expected—Efforts to Change Word-ing Futile.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Carrying an amendment providing for national prohibition as a war measure, but not fully effective until June 30, 1919, the eleven million dollar emergency agricultural appropriation bill was reported late today to the senate. The present plan is to call it up after the army bill is disposed of and a bitter fight is expected by many senators.

The prohibition amendment offered by Senator Norris of Nebraska, as a substitute for that by Senator Jones of Washington, was adopted today by the senate agriculture committee, 8 to 3. It prohibits the sale of distilled spirits and the manufacture of wine or the removal of liquors now held in bond after June 30, 1919. The manufacture of beer would be stopped three months after passage of the bill.

Three Hour Session

The amendment was proved by the committee at a three-hour session, during which opponents made futile efforts to have it amended so as to permit the manufacture and sale of beer for six and then four months after enactment. Efforts to have the committee recommend passage of prohibition legislation in a separate measure also were unsuccessful.

Chairman Hurley and Bainbridge extensive hearings on the question of prohibition during the war were held by the committee. The proposal was opposed and approved by high government officials and others.

Chairman Hurley and Bainbridge Colby of the shipping board were among the chief opponents, because of the effect they feared the taking of beer from the workmen would have on the shipbuilding industry.

Secretary Daniels disagreed with the view of shipping board officials. Mr. Daniels, who did not appear as an advocate of prohibition, but at the request of the committee, said that the sale of liquor was prohibited around the Mare Island navy yard and the Newport torpedo station, the workmen showed greater efficiency, the output of both plants increasing.

NUMBERS AND NAMES GIVEN

One of New Draft is Honor Student at Salem High School.

of 129 men who have attained their majority in the last year and who registered for the army draft in district No. 1, Marion county, on June 5, 126 are listed below in the order they come as a result of the drawing in Washington yesterday.

Through an error somewhere four numbers, under 129 were dropped out in the wire report. Among those whose names appear is Hermogenes Barba Carbonell, a native of the Philippine islands and who carried highest grades in the class graduating this year from the Salem high school.

The list follows:

- 1—Joseph Peter Flaten, Salem.
- 2—Herbert Hahn, Salem.
- 3—J. Verne Chandler, Turner.
- 4—Robert Rockwell Tracy, Turner.
- 5—Rowell Starr Waltz, Salem.
- 6—John Douglas Stettler, Salem.
- 7—Edwin Clinton Willis, Salem.
- 8—Bert Payne Peayre, Macleay.
- 9—William Plowright Bennett, Salem.
- 10—Cyril Arnold Suing, Salem.
- 11—Lyle Pascoe Bartholomew, Salem.
- 12—Andrew Brown, Aumsville.
- 13—John Frank Fabry, Jr., Salem.
- 14—Raymond Frank Schults, Salem.
- 15—Harold O. White, Salem.
- 16—Irvin Hanson, Oregon City.
- 17—Paul Liphart, Chemawa.
- 18—Lloyd Lindsey Hockett, Salem.
- 19—Earl Marion Cady, Salem.
- 20—Lloyd Lemuel Thomas, Salem.
- 21—Van Francis Baily, Jefferson.
- 22—Oscar E. Schwabauer, Salem.
- 23—Charles Vernon Stout, Salem.
- 24—James Douglas Walker, Salem.
- 25—Frank David Harris, Salem.
- 26—Vester N. Bones, Salem.
- 27—Lon Julius Barrett, Salem.
- 28—Mare Saucy, Salem.
- 29—Antone Hananska, Shaw.
- 30—Edwin Davidson Dickey, Salem.
- 31—Lee Cordell Ball, Turner.
- 32—Henry Selmer Brown, Aumsville.
- 33—Bankston Mauldin, Salem.
- 34—Lawrence Bernard Scharback, Silverton.
- 35—John McKinley Lichty, Silverton.
- 36—James G. Swaggerty, Salem.
- 37—Robert LaRue, Salem.
- 38—Charles Wesley Landon, Salem.
- 39—James Hillman Murphy, Salem.
- 40—Herbert C. Staab, Stayton.
- 41—Barney Leighty, Silverton.
- 42—John Junior Lane, Salem.
- 43—Allen George Hall, Macleay.
- 44—Harry Tanaka, Salem.
- 45—Peter Anton Kufner, Salem.
- 46—Alfred Peterson, Sublimity.
- 47—Stephen Waldo Marsters, Salem.
- 48—Lloyd William Hughes, Salem.
- 49—William Theodore Hatteberg, Salem.
- 50—Don C. Stobelman, Detroit.
- 51—Rufus Fay Cory, Macleay.
- 52—Paul Henry Johnson, Salem.
- 53—Kenneth Victor Keefer, Salem.
- 54—Hallie Franklin Bailey, Salem.
- 55—Joe Andrew Tuleja, Salem.
- 56—John Nick Neitling, Stayton.
- 57—Lester Ray Evans, Salem.
- 58—Jacob Casper Hafner, Stayton.
- 59—Bert K. Tompkins, Salem.
- 60—Harley Melvin Smalley, Salem.
- 61—William Herman Lehman, Salem.
- 62—Tony Joseph Steinkamp, Aumsville.
- 63—Cecil James Kerr, Jefferson.
- 64—Arnold William Van Handel, Sublimity.

ESTABLISHED PENSIONS

- NEW YORK, June 27.—The board of directors of the Associated Press has established a system of employees' pension, disability and death benefits, effective July 1, 1918, and has set aside one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in liberty bonds from its emergency reserve funds for the inauguration of the plan.
- 1—John Joseph Steinkamp, Aumsville.
 - 2—Cecil James Kerr, Jefferson.
 - 3—Arnold William Van Handel, Sublimity.

German Plotter Losing Flesh in Tombs Prison

NEW YORK, June 27.—Franz von Rintelen, convicted German plotter, has been losing weight in the Tombs prison since Secretary Lansing a few weeks ago refused to entertain the offer by Germany for his exchange as a prisoner of war. Warden Hanley so informed United States District Attorney Caffey today, suggesting that for the benefit of Rintelen's health, he be transferred to some other institution.

District Attorney Caffey will forward the warden's suggestion to Attorney General Gregory.

Non-Partisan League Candidate Nominated

FARGO, N. D., June 27.—The nomination of Governor Lynn J. Frazier of Hoopole, Non-Partisan league candidate, over John Steen of Rugby, endorsed by the Independent Voters' association, in the Republican gubernatorial race in the primaries held yesterday, was conceded late today by the supporters of Steen here by a majority of more than 5000 votes.

Six Billions in Bonds May Be Next War Call

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Another bond bill authorizing eight billion dollars of liberty bonds in addition to all heretofore issued, was framed today by the house ways and means committee, in preparation for the next issue expected in October, and to provide for a subsequent issue when necessary. Authorization is outstanding for \$9,000,000,000 in bonds and the next issue probably will be around \$6,000,000,000.

WAR THRILLS BROUGHT BY MISS STUART

Heart Stories of People in Stricken Nations Are Told by Canadian Canteen Worker at Public Library.

Are you doing your part? That question was hammered home over and over again, each time in a different and more appealing way, by Miss Helen Stuart, lately returned from France, when she addressed some 200 people who gathered in the auditorium at the public library last night to hear her talk on the army canteen service.

Miss Stuart passed fifteen months in France, where she was stationed first at a railroad center near Paris, Le Bourget, and later in a hospital in Roubaixville in the Vosges. She is a Canadian girl from Victoria, a slender, wiry little woman, very unassuming in her general bearing, but very forceful and convincing in her speaking. The moment she stepped upon the platform last night and began to tell in her soft British tongue, stories of the boys "over there", of the struggles of France, the repopulating of the devastated lands—all the things she had seen with her own eyes—the audience was hers. Even after she had finished with a sincere appeal to the smallest to do his share the people were hardly willing to go. They wanted to hear more.

War is Commonplace.

The speaker launched into her story at once.

"After I had been over there a short time," she said, "it wasn't war things that seemed most wonderful. Up in that country in the Vosges where one could see that ominous glow on the horizon at night and the air raiders were constantly flying above, one very soon became accustomed to the background of war."

She told of the little villages with not one wall left standing in them, and with every belonging in them that could not be carried off deliberately destroyed by the invaders. "Where the Germans have been pushed back," she went on, "the peasants have returned to their lands and are living there. They haven't had time to build houses but have put in their crops and are somehow getting along. Many of them have been there through it all, living in cellars and creeping out in the dead of night to hoe a bit of land and sprinkle in

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WINNING OVER KAISER MEANS MORE THAN GUNS

Burden of France, with 900,000 Refugees, is Described by Speaker.

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Transportation Rates Passed up to Wilson

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The war labor board at the final session today of the hearing on the request of street railway company employes for an increase of wages withheld decision on the proposal made by employes and the companies that President Wilson be asked to raise local transportation rates if it is shown that this is necessary in order for the companies to increase the pay of their employes.

Briefs were submitted to the board to show that lowest wage on which a family of a street car employe consisting of four persons can live is approximately \$1600.

Eighty-Five Officers Are Given Promotions

CAMP LEWIS, Tacoma, Wash., June 27.—Promotion of eighty-five officers of the 166th depot brigade at Camp Lewis was announced today. The promotions included:

To be first lieutenants—William Samuel Averill, Corvallis, Or.; Walter Howard Blackman, Walla Walla, Wash.; Clarence Harvey Bragg, Baker, Or.; John Cecil Chapman, Sheridan, Or.; John Thomas Dirks, Boise, Idaho; Cecil Alexander Durette, Gervais, Or.; Spencer Gray, Viola, Idaho; Robert George Harding, Montpelier, Idaho; Willard Leroy Hayes, Sheridan, Or.; Samuel Dent Hayes, Boise, Idaho; Ralph Hubert McCurdy, Medford, Or.; Millar E. McGilchrist, Salem, Or.; Fred H. Nichols, Corvallis, Or.; F. Fred Cecil Shepard, Sandale, Wash.; Loron Dartus Sparks, Ellensburg, Wash.; William Watson Woody, Corvallis, Or.

T. F. RHODEN UNDER ARREST

Larceny by Baile is Charge Against Former Local Insurance Man.

Under a charge of larceny by bailee, T. F. Rhoden, who until May 24, was manager in this district for the Metropolitan Life insurance company, has been arrested at Oakland, Calif. He is out on bail of \$1000. The complaint against Rhoden was sworn to by Mrs. Grace Pilkington of Salem, from whom Rhoden is said to have bought an automobile on a retainer note contract and who claims that he violated the contract by selling the car.

Rhoden severed his connection with the Metropolitan company May 24, and representatives of the company say his accounts as an agent of the company were straight. Before leaving Salem he sold a considerable quantity of goods at an auction sale, among them the automobile which went for \$550, the sale of the car alleged to be in violation of the contract. It is said this might have been overlooked, however, if he had settled his account with Mrs. Pilkington, but she claims that he left Salem owing her about \$300 on the automobile.

Constable P. M. Varney has been working on the case and when Rhoden was located at Oakland Varney caused his arrest. Rhoden wired that he desired to be released on bail and this was fixed at \$1000 through arrangement with authorities in Salem.

While in Salem Rhoden was very active in the sale of war savings stamps and some times made speeches on the subject. It is believed he will fight extradition if an attempt is made to bring him back to Oregon.

RUSSIA WILL NOT ADHERE TO HUN PACT

LONDON, June 27.—"I bear witness that the Russian people will never recognize the Brest-Litovsk treaty, which hurled Russia into the abyss of annihilation," said Alexander Kerensky former premier of Russia, in an address at the labor conference today. M. Kerensky said that Russia was bending under German insults and bleeding at every pore, but still opposed the enemy invasion.

The labor conference capitulated to M. Kerensky when he appeared on the platform at the close of a long afternoon session during which considerable anti-Kerensky sentiment had been vociferously in evidence. With his appearance the opposition to him vanished and before he had finished his speech he received a great ovation.

He had to leave the hall by a side door to escape the crowd.

Frequent Interruptions.

The congress had a long program of routine business, which was continuously interrupted by the efforts of the anti-Kerenskyites to heckle the chairman on the decision to invite Kerensky to speak. Chairman Purdy and Arthur Henderson, the labor leader, were patient with the interruptors for some time but finally put them down with an iron hand.

M. Kerensky, in opening his speech said:

"Yesterday one of the members of the conference asked what right had Kerensky to be present. I shall answer the question. I am not here as a matter of right, but as a matter of duty. It is my duty as a man who knows all that is truth, which for a long time did not reach the ears of western Europe and America. In this terrible world war the interests of the allied countries are inextricably interwoven and the fate of the country which bore the burden of a front greater in length than the combined front of all the other allies cannot be a matter of indifference to all the allies.

Would Not Complain.

"I have not come to beg or complain. The Russian people have gone through trials like the present and has always emerged strengthened. Not bending under the merciless onset of Germany, bleeding at every pore, she still opposes the enemy. I bear witness here that Russia will never recognize the treaty of Brest-Litovsk, which is hurling Russia into the abyss of annihilation.

"For three years Russia's soldiers had to fight an enemy perfectly equipped and cruelly merciless under conditions which no one outside of Russia can imagine. It is not to be wondered that, having repeatedly suffered blows of the enemy and having hit him hard, thereby saving the western front, the Russian soldiers were the first among the belligerents to faint in the struggle."

OVER \$100,000 IN STAMPS SOLD

Latest Figures Are Announced by Leaders of Thrift Sales in Salem.

Over \$100,000 worth of war savings stamps have been subscribed in Salem. The canvassers are making careful note of all families who are out of the city with a view to covering the ground more completely at a later date. The difficulty of seeing people, coupled with the fact that most subscriptions are in small amounts, accounts largely for the slow progress of the campaign. No figures from outside districts were sent in last night.

Officials and employes at the state house, the court house and the post office building have subscribed a total of \$12,785 in stamps. Of this amount \$3640 had been subscribed prior to the present drive. E. F. Carlton, assistant state superintendent of public instruction, was captain of the team that collected the three public buildings and his assistants were: R. H. Goodin, J. A. Allison, C. D. Butler, W. C. Dyer, S. A. Kozar, Arthur S. Benson, Justice Lawrence T. Harris, J. O. Bailey, George H. Dunford, Arthur W. Lawrence, Al H. Steiner, Albert Gilie, Thomas B. Kay, Ben W. Olcott, A. H. Wilson and John H. Lewis.

A lively meeting of the canvassing teams was held at the Commercial club yesterday afternoon, presided over by General Hal D. Patton. Comparing of notes revealed a wide range of experience on the part of the workers, many of them finding people who were willing to subscribe and could not, and others who were considered well able to subscribe and declined. A few cases were cited that were so outspoken in their opposition that it was the sentiment of those present that they should be brought to the attention of the authorities.

The point was emphasized that no one is excusable for declining to subscribe to the war stamps except those who are actually in financial straits or have obligated themselves heavily with installments on liberty bonds during the next six months.

The matter of compiling a complete and comprehensive index system, for this and all future campaigns, caused a good deal of discussion. Mr. Patton and a number of other prominent workers favored the compilation of such an index, giving the record of contributions from every person in the city in the past campaigns, these records to be compiled under the supervision of the Commercial club and to be kept in charge by the club so that there would be no publicity as to the amounts subscribed by any citizen. A motion to this effect was carried enthusiastically and unanimously. The matter will be taken up at an early date.

The committee in charge of the speaking campaign in the county this evening finds that there are still four places to be filled in Marion and two in Polk county. Any person who will volunteer services at any one of these points will confer a favor by communicating at once with Ben F. West. Twenty-nine places in the county have now been assigned. A wire from Rocky Point at a late hour last night stated that the district had raised \$2625 on a quota of \$2500.

EX-PREMIER SPEAKS AT LABOR CONGRESS

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Salem Man's Name Among Promotions Announced from Camp Lewis.

Among promotions announced from Camp Lewis is that of Millar McGilchrist of Salem who is advanced from second to first lieutenant. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William McGilchrist, Sr., this city. McGilchrist, upon his graduation from the Salem high school went to the University of Oregon where he was graduated. He then took a year in the law college at Willamette and was admitted to the bar. When Company M. was ordered to the Mexican border Lieutenant McGilchrist was with the company. Upon the return from the border expedition he went to Harvard university and studied a year, then enlisted in the officers' reserve corps and went to the Presidio at San Francisco where he won the rank of second lieutenant. He was transferred to the 166th depot brigade and sent to Camp Lewis where he has been since.

THE WEATHER.

Fair; gentle winds, mostly southerly.

BATHING SUITS LIKE THESE ARE RIGHT IN THE SWIM



Get ready for a plunge—a real good swim. You'll be ready only when equipped with a suit like one of these.

Have you seen them? Do so, by all means. They are red, they are green, they are purple, they are black, they are gold, they are blue—both light and dark—yes, they are vari-colored; colors charmingly combined.

In other words, some are modestly plain, others are of a louder tone and many more have the real "kick" that good water sports like.

Many are all wool, too. Some are mixed. Others are plain cotton. They are all priced accordingly.

Women's... from \$1.00 to \$8.25
Men's... from 50c to \$4.65

BUY W. S. S.

Comfortable Patriots Give as little as they can—help only as much as is convenient. They do not know how to sacrifice. They leave that to the boys in the trenches.

Are you a comfortable or a sacrificing patriot? How many War Saving Stamps have you in your home? Remember, these stamps are better than Tax Receipts.

Bornes Cash Store