

CHART IS KEPT FOR EACH MAN

Record at Camp Lewis Will Show Efficiency—Charts Are Complete

CAMP LEWIS, TACOMA, Wash., May 4.—The record of each man at Camp Lewis hereafter will show his efficiency as a soldier. Orders issued today require that a chart shall be kept of each man and these shall be posted in the barracks so that every man may know just how he compares with the others, how his company, battalion and regiment compares with other organizations in every branch of the military work and training.

The charts will show the physical condition, morale and efficiency in carrying, grenades, bombs, automatic rifle, Lewis gun and open and trench warfare. The various trades in the army also will be classified. This is done in the interest of efficiency and that every man may be stimulated into equalling the standard sought for army work.

Ten tons of straw are wasted daily at Camp Lewis, according to a memorandum made public today, and conservation of the straw, in line with the policy to prevent all unnecessary waste, is directed. The big organizations are directed to separate the straw, dry it and use it as bedding.

A considerable saving to the government can be made in saving bottles, the memorandum says. Broken glass is saved and sold for \$7 a ton. But bottles bring from 12 cents to 50 cents a dozen and officers and

men are directed that no bottles be broken.

Y. M. C. A. Hut No. 8, the newest of the Y. M. C. A. buildings, will be formally accepted for Camp Lewis by Colonel M. E. Saville, commander of the 316th trains and military police. The building has been in operation for about two weeks.

The new hut, built at a cost of \$5500, might be called the Los Angeles hut because of the furnishings which have been contributed by the people of Los Angeles. The women of the Hollywood Presbyterian church of Los Angeles embroidered the curtains which adorn all the windows. Rocking chairs and an upholstered bench were given by Los Angeles people. Los Angeles friends are responsible for the phonograph and about 200 records. Los Angeles high school art students drew attractive posters with striking mottoes for the soldiers. E. W. Oliver, building secretary, is assistant principal of the Los Angeles school. He was loaned to the Y. until August.

Colonel Saville will be chairman of the dedicatory exercises. McBaine Milne, secretary at Y. 4 and former harp soloist with the Thomas orchestra in Chicago, will give several musical numbers. Lieutenant C. A. Rexroad, captain of the trains and military police, will deliver the invocation. The building will be presented to camp by W. G. McMorran, general secretary, and the dedicatory speech will be delivered by a person yet to be selected.

Minnesota Track Team Carries Away Honors

BEATRICE, Neb., May 4.—The University of Minnesota track team defeated the University of Nebraska in a dual track meet here today. The Minnesota team scored 60 points to Nebraska's 47.

LIBERTY DRIVE DULLS MARKET

Trading Lacks Special Features—Moderate Activity in Speculative Issues

NEW YORK, May 4.—The culmination of the liberty loan drive was marked by dull and irregular dealings during the two hours of today's stock market. Trading lacked special features, aside from moderate activity in a few speculative issues.

United States Steel varied only half a point and closing at a slight loss.

Rails were utterly neglected until toward the finish when moderate pressure caused normal reactions. St. Paul preferred recorded an extreme loss of 2 3-8 points.

Aside from United States Steel, a large part of the day's operations centered in Marine preferred, Distillers Securities, WYNY-Overland, Sumatra Tobacco and Tobacco products, these issues scoring net gains ranging from fractions to 1 1-2 points. Sales amounted to 155,000 shares.

Liberty issues again contributed overwhelmingly to the trade in bonds, evincing further irregularity. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$2,950,000.

United States bonds, old issues, were unchanged on call during the week.

The bank statement failed to reflect the shifting of loans incident to May disbursements but actual reserves were depleted by almost \$35,000,000, leaving total excess reserve at barely more than \$37,000,000.

For three weeks he had borne all the horrors of the annual cleaning without a murmur. Then his patience gave way.

"And you," sobbed his wife, "you used to tell me I was your queen." "Yes," he said, with a wild glare in his eyes, "but when a man finds his queen has used his best tobacco jar for gale oak varnish and his merschaum pipe for a tack hammer he begins to grasp the advantages of a republic." —Chicago Blade.

MANY AMERICANS IN AIX-LES-BAINS

First Great Leave Center of Pershing's Army Shows Its Activity

AIX LES BAINS, March 7.—(Correspondence of Associated Press.)—Between 300 and 500 American soldiers are arriving or leaving here each day on special trains. Smaller numbers are entering and leaving the towns of Chambery, Challes-les-Eaux and other places in the department of Savoie, which has been selected as the first great leave center of the American army. These soldiers are America's first "permissivees" on general leave. All of the first arrivals have been members of the first expedition to reach France and likewise the first to see active service in the trenches.

The question of taking care of men on leave has been one of the most important recreation problems with which the United States army has had to deal. After consulting with representatives of the Young Men's Christian association and other welfare organizations it was decided to experiment with the plan of selecting in turn various interesting places in France to which the men could be sent. General orders were then issued granting each officer and man in France a leave of seven days, exclusive of travel time, once every four months. Free transportation is provided to men who spend their leave in centers selected by the army. Leave to Paris and other cities in France, outside the leave area, is only provided in exceptional cases.

When the army selected the department of Savoie as the first leave area, the Young Men's Christian association immediately began to make plans for the reception of the men. Arrangements were first made with hotel proprietors whereby they would open their hotels earlier than usual and reserve a certain percentage of their rooms for soldiers. All hotels in the department, which contracted with the Young Men's Christian association, to provide the necessary accommodations, were divided into three classes according to the rates to be charged. These rates were fixed at 11, 14 and 17 francs a day for room and board with the

understanding that no tips were to be given by the men. Each hotel also agreed to furnish the men with a hot bath upon their arrival.

At Aix-les-Bains the Young Men's Christian Association leased the big casino for the exclusive use of the soldiers. This includes a large theatre, assembly hall and dining, writing, and billiard and game rooms. Afternoon and evening concerts and theatricals are given in the theatre with both professional and amateur talent as attractions. The soldiers have made full use of the handsome casino which is in operation from 9 o'clock in the morning until late at night. The Young Men's Christian Association has also leased the casino at Charles-les-Eaux and theatres in that town and Chambery.

The famous thermal baths at Aix-les-Bains have also been thrown open to the soldiers for a nominal fee and they are proving very popular, especially among those men who arrive in Aix fresh from the trenches of northeastern France. A number of playgrounds and fields have also been leased here for baseball diamonds, football grounds and outdoor basketball and tennis courts are being laid out.

A small steam launch on Lake Bourget has been engaged for the season and used to take soldiers on excursions about the lake, including visits to the noted Hautecombe Abbey, where 43 princes of the Italian reigning house of Savoy are buried. Automobile drives have been begun and each morning hiking parties start on trips to the summits of the neighboring mountains. Good use is also being made of the mountain railway which climbs to the summit of Mont Revard from which one gets a splendid view of the famous Mont Blanc.

No attempt has been made to dictate what the men should do on leave. They have been given liberty of action within the necessary limitations of military rules and regulations. French police authorities are cooperating with American army officers to protect the morals of the men. Stringent orders have been issued to hotel and cafe keepers about the sale of spirituous liquors to men on leave. All suspicious resorts have been closed or declared "out of bounds," but there have been very few places of this nature.

A committee of women Young Men's Christian association workers has undertaken the task of having the clothes of the soldiers laundered and mended. Because trenches are hard on clothes and but few of the soldiers are adept with a needle and thread.

The cosmopolitan nature of America's army is indicated by the fact that 20 states and 12 nationalities were represented in the first two contingents of soldiers to arrive on leave.

All of the boys on leave are in good spirits and confident that the Allies can defeat Germany.

PLANT VISITED BY ORIENTALS

Members of Japanese War Mission Shown Through Akron Establishment

Five members of the imperial Japanese war mission to this country visited the B. F. Goodrich Rubber company plant at Akron week before last. The Mikado's men are on a tour of American war industrial centers.

The mission was headed by Lieutenant General Kunaschiro Chikuski and Colonel Toyako Yoshida, both of whom were with General Nogi's staff at Port Arthur in the Russian-Japanese war. The other members of the party were Major S. Futu, Captain S. Uchida, Professor Miki Motogi, and Colonel S. H. Pattison of the United States army, who acted as guide.

Professor Motogi is perhaps the foremost authority in Japan on clothing and leather, and is a principal advisor in government war purchases. He was the only member of the mission not in military uniform. He explained that under Japanese custom only real fighters wear uniforms, and that the men who do civilian work for the army remain in citizen's clothes. The four khaki uniformed officers, wearing puttees, long military capes, and red visored caps attracted marked attention on their trip through the large rubber plant.

That the oriental visitors were greatly impressed by their visit to the rubber city is evinced by the following letter written from an eastern city to a Goodrich official a few days after the visit by Lieutenant General Chikuski: "I feel that I must thank you for the courtesy with which I and my brother officers were received upon our visit to your factory. I need not assure you that it was most intensely interesting in all I saw in connection with your great work and I shall ever carry a happy remembrance of my visit."

Less tire trouble and greater mileage will result if the motorist watches the seemingly unimportant details about his car, advises the B. F. Goodrich Rubber company. One source of trouble that many motorists overlook is the rim, which if allowed to rust can cause a tire to deteriorate about as quickly as any other way. A very good way to avoid this trouble is to keep your rims covered with regular rim paint.

If you use clincher rims it is a good policy to examine them occasionally for irregularities as well as for rust. If one watches these little details they are bound to have better success in getting service from their tires.

Nine centuries ago some soldiers of Modena stole a bucket as a joke from a public well at Bologna. When they refused to restore it, crimaging commenced between the soldiers of the rival States, and a war ensued, which spread until it involved the greater part of Europe.

TRANSPORTING IS BIG FACTOR

Carrying Problem Greatest of All; Supplies Will Be Obtained

ROME, Feb. 20.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Transportation, especially by sea, is at present the dominating factor in the world's food supply. According to the report of the International Institute of Agriculture, which states:

"A superabundance of cereals is in existence but at points far distant from the great consuming centers. The problem is essentially one of transport, and as soon as this problem has been solved the food supplies throughout the current commercial season will be assured for all countries whose overseas trade remains free."

"A careful examination of our tables shows that there is an important deficiency in the principal importing countries, extending to all classes of cereals, and that there is full justification for every measure tending to reduce consumption whether on a voluntary basis or otherwise, while each step towards increased production and employment of the fodder crops for human food is also of a most desirable character."

Regarding efforts to increase production whether in Europe or America, the report continues: "It is true that results depend in great part on the labors of mankind, but the weather has a paramount influence, and this was the most unfavorable factor during the past season. Other factors which will continue to apply this coming season are scarcity of labor, its unskillfulness, fearness of seeds, and the difficulty of obtaining farm animals or of combustibles for arm machinery used as motive power."

In the chapter on food consumption, it is stated that governments reporting to the institute have readily furnished information as to the means involved in reducing consumption. These governments have not so easily been able to furnish exact figures as to requirements, because of the incomplete development of the science of statistics. The majority of the governments have only a relative idea of the people's needs. One of the difficulties has been the population due to the war, the invasion of countries, and the mobilization of troops, have deranged government food budgets.

NO CAUSE FOR WORRY.

The other afternoon a woman rushed excitedly down an alley in a poor quarter of Manchester and, stopping at a house, knocked loudly. Receiving no reply, she knocked a second time. Still no answer.

A third time she knocked, and then a window above was hastily flung open and a woman whose appearance betrayed signs of a sudden awakening, leaned out.

"Well, what is it?" she asked.

The woman below looked up and explained with bated breath: "Mrs. Skinner, yer husband's got 10 days!"

"Dear me, dear me, Mrs. Jones, was the reply, 'is that all? Oh, yer did unnerve me! Ah thought it was that scarecrow after the rent again.' —Tit-Bits.

Monmouth Is Relieved of Advance Warning Signs

Application of the city of Monmouth for relief from the provisions of Chapter 249, Laws of 1917, requiring advance warning signs was allowed by the public service commission in an order issued Saturday. The points to which the order applies are East, Cattron, Broad, Echols and Knox streets at their crossings at grade with the Independence & Monmouth railroad and Main and Clay streets at their crossings with the Airline branch of the Southern Pacific Company.

Application of the Coos Bay Shipbuilding Company to construct a grade crossing over the right of way of the Southern Pacific company at the foot of Mullen street, Bunler Hill addition, Marshfield.

Press Correspondent Is Given Legion of Honor

PARIS, Friday, May 3.—Robert Berry, who for two years has been correspondent of the Associated Press at the French army headquarters, has been decorated on the battlefield with the cross of the Legion of Honor by General Anthoine, acting on behalf of the commander in chief, General Petain, whose urgent duties prevented him from bestowing the decoration in person. Two other American and four British correspondents also were decorated. General Anthoine spoke of the invaluable work of the American and British press and said the decorations were awarded as coming from soldiers for soldiers.

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Is Prepared For Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where this successful remedy is made impresses even the casual looker-on with the reliability, accuracy, skill and cleanliness which attends the making of this great medicine for woman's ills.

Over 250,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually and all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their natural juices and medicinal substances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties from these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is sterilized and as a final precaution in cleanliness the medicine is pasteurized and sealed in sterile bottles.

It is the wonderful combination of roots and herbs, together with the skill and care used in its preparation which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

The letters from women who have been restored to health by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which we are continually publishing attest to its virtue.

GREAT DISSOLUTION SHOE SALE

Our partner wishes to withdraw his interests from our firm and in order to raise the required cash to pay him his money we will make a GIGANTIC SHOE SALE, BEGINNING FRIDAY, MAY 3RD and ENDING SATURDAY, MAY 11TH.

If crowds, enthusiasm, eagerness to buy and manifold expressions of satisfaction prove anything about a sale then our GREAT DISSOLUTION SHOE SALE

Surely is a decided success, as the crowds of Friday and Saturday attest.

It still continues all through the coming week and daily more bargains will be added to take the place of those sold out so you will be sure to be benefitted by the trip to our store.

We are particularly anxious to raise several thousands of dollars at once and to do so will make these EXTRAORDINARY REDUCED PRICES

Littler and Upmeyer will be the sole owners and no one else will be interested hereafter. For the present, to raise this large sum of money at once we are willing to make this

Great Sacrifice of Profits Cut Prices on All Shoes

Ladies' Pumps at Cut Prices

- \$4.00 Grades at \$2.78
- \$4.50 Grades at \$2.93 to \$3.45
- \$5.00 Grades at \$3.95 to \$3.35
- And many others at equally low prices.

Ladies' Fashionable Shoes

- \$7.50 Pearl Grey Kid, cloth top to match \$6.68
- \$7.50 Ivory Kid, Gold Cloth Top \$6.79
- \$6.50 Black Kid, Grey or Sand Tops \$4.95
- \$6.00 Black Patent Black Cloth Tops \$3.83
- \$6 Black Kid Grey Cloth Tops \$3.90
- Military Heels, Small Sizes only.
- White Shoes in Kid, Canvas and Nubuck at \$5.48 down to \$1.79
- All sizes.
- White Canvas Pumps \$2.69 down to 89c
- Misses' Canvas Pumps, \$2.35 down to 89c
- All kinds of Children's Shoes at prices cut badly.

We thank you for your patronage in the past year and solicit your future business. We promise satisfactory wear and service and suggest that you cannot afford to miss this GREAT SHOE SALE. Come before the lines are broken. We will have plenty of help to serve you promptly.



167 North Commercial St. Salem, Oregon

LITTLER & UPMEYER Sole Proprietors

Men's Shoes

- \$7.50 Velour, Button, Welt, New Modified English last, fine and up-to-date \$5.95
- \$7.00 Grades at \$4.95; others \$5.20, \$3.95, \$3.89, down to \$2.95.
- Dark Brown English Neolin Sole, worth \$7.50 at \$6.48
- Heavy Work Shoes \$4.69 down to \$2.95

Boys' Fine and Heavy Shoes

- \$4.00 Calf Button Neolin Soles, sizes 1 to 6 at \$3.20
- \$4.00 Calf Button or Lace Leather, sizes 1 to 6, at \$3.20
- Same in sizes 10 and 13 at \$2.95
- Others in Heavy and Light at \$2.95, \$2.85, \$2.65, \$2.60 on down to \$2.15
- Men's Sox—with a pair of shoes; two pairs at the price of one.

Get A Suit That's Made for You

Come in and pick out your choice of materials—all high grade woolsens. Then let us take your measure and we'll fashion you a suit that has all the earmarks of the merchant tailor—a suit that will be readily recognized as made for you.

The price will compare favorably with any good ready-made suit.

Scotch Woolen Mills Store

426 STATE STREET PHONE 854

Rigdon's Funeral Parlors



The Home of Square Dealing. Beautifully Appointed. Private driveway. Superior service. Lowest in cost.