

SALEM OVER TOP TONIGHT NEW ORDER

People of Ordinary Means Have Shown Patriotism, Now It's Up to Wealthier Class, Says Steiner

GERMAN COMMUNITIES ARE SHOWING LOYALTY

Centers of Teutonic Population in County Among Best Buyers

Salem and adjacent rural territory, the district assigned to General Steiner and his cohorts of liberty bond salesmen, still lacks \$121,250 of the quota assigned by the state committee, and state headquarters is urging that all towns in the state attain their quotas by tonight.

Never has there been a time, said General Steiner, "when the people generally have responded to well to the government's call to help win the war. Ninety per cent of the people interviewed who could reasonably be expected to buy bonds have done so. The present drive has increased the number of bond holders in the community easily 400 per cent."

(Continued on page 6.)

LEADERS OF MOB HANGINGPRAEGER TO BE INDICTED

Five Men Charged With Murder by Coroner's Verdict Are Arrested

JURY'S ACTION AWAITED

Accused Men in County Jail at Edwardsville, Ill., Awaiting Trial

COLLINSVILLE, Ill., April 11.—Joseph Riegel, Wesley Beaver, Richard Dukes, Jr., Enid Elmore and William Brockmeier, charged in a coroner's jury verdict tonight with the murder by hanging of Robert P. Praeger, an enemy alien, were arrested tonight and were taken to the county jail at Edwardsville, Ill., where they will be held without bail for action by the grand jury.

W. E. Trautmann, first assistant attorney general, who has been present at the inquiry, which started last Monday, is quoted as saying tonight that when the grand jury convenes next Wednesday he will present a transcript of all the evidence adduced at the inquiry this week and will request indictments for the five men.

Riegel yesterday is alleged to have appeared at the inquest and to have confessed that he was the leader of the mob which hanged Praeger. He is a Collinsville miner and was formerly in the United States army, from which he received an honorable discharge.

Beaver, a saloon porter here, also testified at the inquest but is said to have denied that he took any part in the lynchings except to carry the flag two blocks as Praeger was being marched to his death. Dukes, Elmore and Brockmeier are also miners who live here.

Testimony which has been made public has made but slight mention of Dukes, Elmore and Brockmeier. According to the statement by Mayor J. H. Siegel, Dukes was in the crowd that gathered at the city hall where Praeger was confined.

He is said to have asserted that he had a brother who died in army service in France. Brockmeier is asserted to have told the coroner's jury that he was in the crowd at the city hall, but because of lameness did not follow the mob when it escorted Praeger outside the city limits.

FULL POWER FOR WILSON IS FEARED

Iowa Senator Declares "Deputy" President Could Be Created Under Proposed Overman Measure

MANY VIEWS OF BILL HELD BY SENATORS

Arizona Democrat Scorns Idea Chief Executive Cannot Be Trusted

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Restriction of the president's power in reorganizing government agencies to the military establishment and other war-making branches was advocated and opposed today when the senate resumed debate on the Overman reorganization bill, laid aside a week for passage of sedition legislation.

Senator Smith of Georgia, Democrat, led the attack on the administration measure, declaring that while there is no lack of confidence in President Wilson he should not be given authority to disturb the interstate commerce commission, federal reserve board, federal trade commission or other agencies of the civil establishments. He said he favored giving the president more power over the military establishment than the bill provides, but by specific designation by congress.

In a long speech championing the bill, Senator Lewis of Illinois, Democratic whip, declared congress should give the president any powers he deems necessary to prosecute the war successfully.

"Any who are against any measure that the president demands as necessary to win the war," he said, "are against the president."

In running debate with opponents of the bill, as it is now drafted, Senator Lewis said he believed the president now has authority to make changes in government departments without legislation, but that the president has often been criticized for exercising alleged dictatorial or illegal powers during the war and that such criticism should be avoided by giving him a specific statutory authority he desires.

"Deputy" President Feared. Senator Cummins of Iowa, Republican, who has vigorously opposed the measure, interrupted to suggest that under its terms the president could appoint a "deputy" president, transfer all his authority and virtually retire. Senator Lewis said this was not a fact, but suggested that the interstate commerce commission, federal trade commission and federal reserve board could be abolished and their functions consolidated in a board of business, finance and transportation.

Senator Reed of Missouri, Democrat, again spoke in opposition. Senator Ashurst of Arizona, Democrat, pleaded that no aid or comfort be given to the enemy by shackling the American commander in chief.

He declared President Wilson the most potent official in "all Christendom" and the spokesman for the allies.

"Yet," he continued, "this man who has demonstrated his great capacity for public affairs and has moved with unerring precision in matters of world-wide import, is not to be trusted—so say some senators—with the power of transferring certain bureau officials and chief clerks in Washington."

Leader to Review All Western Home Guards

EUGENE, Or., April 11.—A review of all the home guards in western Oregon, either in Eugene or Salem, will be held within a month or six weeks, according to plans announced by Colonel John Leader, commandant of the University of Oregon battalion and of the Eugene battalions, at the drill of the latter tonight. It is planned to assemble all of the companies recently organized in the valley at a central point and to pass in review before Governor Withycombe.

Grocers Soon to Be Without White Flour

YAKIMA, Wash., April 11.—Appeals by a number of grocers of Yakima county, to O. A. Fechter, county food administrator, show that a considerable proportion of the grocers of the county are now, or soon will be, entirely without white flour. They will not be able to obtain a fresh supply until May 1, under the ruling of the food administration. Trouble is attributed to the fact that many grocers have exceeded the limitation put on flour sales by the government.

HAYS IS GIVEN GREAT OVATION AT PORTLAND

War to Victorious End Is Plea of Republican National Chairman

KAISER'S THRONE SHAKY

Five Million Men and Hundred Billion Dollars May Be Needed, Belief

PORTLAND, Or., April 11.—"We will continue to fight and to give and die until victorious American arms have ended forever the intolerable arrogance of solemnly trained brutality," said Will H. Hays of Indiana, chairman of the national Republican committee, in an address at a liberty loan mass meeting here today. Hays, who is on a tour of the west, arrived early today from Seattle and was to leave late today for San Francisco. He was given a great ovation here.

"On the question of the war there is but one side," he went on. "On that side supporting the country's cause shall stand every political party and every member of every political party entitled to any consideration whatsoever. We will fight until we have a conclusive peace of victory, and not by compromise bargaining and until the world has been made safe as a home for our children's children."

The mission of America is about to be accomplished. All of freedom's holy truths which brought together the Continental congress are about to function. Dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal America has continued firm in the midst of a revolution and has withstood the shocks of civil war until our shores have become the stepping stones to freedom, our laws the very offspring of justice, our flag an inspiration to the men of all climes, and our country the most wonderful governmental achievement of all history, the mightiest miracle of all time.

"We are living in an epoch in the eons of God's time. The old world is in unprecedented conflict. Thrones are tottering and autocracy may be doomed. The moment is here when in the scheme of things a universal democracy of men governing themselves, can rule the world. The conflict has progressed to a point where the issue hangs in the balance, so that only by interference by this country with its unselfish purpose and a government built solely on the idea of equality and full freedom can the tide be turned and the world be one for democracy. If this nation can do this—the mission of America will have been accomplished."

"There are still some individuals in this country who believe they shall awaken some morning and find the war over. Pitifully wrong. This war will not be over until every last resource of this country is taxed to the utmost and the blood of millions of our best citizens shed. It may mean five years, five million men and a hundred billion dollars. The same Prussia that fights today fought for thirty years and every preparation must be made for just that kind of a conflict."

THOMAS B. KAY WINS DECISION

Court Holds Disbursements Honestly Made, Accounting Unnecessary

Judge Percy R. Kelly of the circuit court yesterday handed down a decision dismissing the action of Fannie Kay Bishop against her brother, Thomas B. Kay, state treasurer, in which Mrs. Bishop demanded an accounting of funds handled by Mr. Kay as agent for their mother after the death of their father.

Dismissal of the case amounts to a decision in favor of the defendant, the decree of the court holding that Mr. Kay had already made a strict accounting of the estate of Thomas Kay and Ann Kay, the parents, and that "the evidence discloses that disbursements have been honestly made so far as the defendant, T. B. Kay, is concerned." It is held further that with the exception of real estate, the funds and property have been fully disbursed in part to Ann Kay to defray her living expenses, to maintain property and partly for certain beneficiaries and distribution among heirs.

No Money Involved. The case was one in which Mrs. Bishop demanded an accounting to be made by the defendant on his administration of the estate of their mother, Mrs. Ann Kay. A peculiarity of the case was that Mr. Kay was not charged with retaining any funds and no money was involved in the action. The case resolved itself into (Continued on page 2)

M'ADOO HAS MESSAGE FOR FARMERS

Director F. G. Deekebach of the Marion county liberty loan committee late last night received from Edward Cookingham, executive chairman of the Oregon central liberty loan committee a statement from Secretary McAdoo which is to be read at farmers' schoolhouse meetings all over the state tonight. Because of the late arrival of the statement the newspapers are depended upon to reach the rural communities with the message, and the newspapers will be distributed about the county through the effort of Mr. Deekebach as early today as possible.

"To the rural residents of America it is a matter of supreme national importance that the treasury of the United States shall be supplied at all times with the amount of money needed to furnish the food, the clothing, the guns, the ammunition required by our soldiers to fight successfully for the safety and liberty of America, to pay the allowances made by the government to the dependent wives and children of these soldiers and to pay the life insurance which the government permits every soldier to buy from it. The treasury must also have the necessary money to extend credit to the valiant Britons, French, Belgians and Italians who are fighting alongside American soldiers on the bloody battlefields of France, Belgium and Italy. If the American people fail to lend their money to their government for these noble purposes how can we gain a victory in this glorious cause. Everyone can help by lending their money to the government."

"They do not make a gift of their money. They merely lend it on impregnable security and are paid interest on the loan. At the same time the farmers of the nation can render genuinely patriotic service by lending all the money they can to their government and encourage everybody else to do the same. It makes no difference how small the loan, it will be helpful. Those who can only buy thrift stamps should buy thrift stamps. Those who can buy only war savings stamps should buy war savings stamps. Those who can buy liberty bonds, should buy liberty bonds. Always they should buy as many stamps and as many bonds as they can instead of as few. The government has now put these loans in such convenient form that there is no citizen in the land who cannot help to some extent if he is patriotic enough to do so. "I rely upon the farmers, than whom there are not more vitally interested in protecting America's future and the liberty of the world to do their utmost to help in this great liberty loan work. The farmers are already performing patriotic service of the highest value in raising the foodstuffs needed by our own military forces and citizens at home, by and by the soldiers and civilian population of the great nations associated with us. But they have a further duty to perform. They should invest all of their available money, the obligations of their government. In doing so they will not only benefit themselves in having money but will be helping to defend their liberties, their rights and their farms against the threatened aggressions of the most powerful autocracy and military government ever created."

"The farmers of the nation traditionally are freedom loving people. One hundred and forty-three years ago on the nineteenth of this month the farmers at Lexington and Concord fired the first shot for liberty and it was heard round the world. I know that the American farmers of today are just as liberty loving as their heroic ancestors. I know that they will join with other Americans of every business and profession in providing the money which will enable their government to fight to a victorious conclusion this great war for liberty, justice and American sacred rights."

MARINES OF U. S. LAND AT VLADIVOSTOK

American Fighters Join British and Japanese to Protect Vast Stores of War Materials in Siberia

RUSSIA MAY BE FREE OF FEAR OF INVASION

Bolsheviki Attempt to Disarm Japanese Troops at Harbin Fails

(By The Associated Press) HARBIN, Friday, April 5.—American marines have been landed at Vladivostok, as well as British and Japanese forces, according to advices from that place. The Americans are in control of the docks, while the Japanese are guarding the railway and ammunition depots.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Landing of American marines at Vladivostok is expected to have a re-assuring effect in Russia. With Americans joining the British and Japanese naval forces in protecting life and the vast stores of war material belonging to the allies at the Siberian port, the enterprise is given a distinctly international character, which it is believed here, should quiet fears of the Russians aroused by German suggestions that a Japanese invasion has been begun.

Since the attitude of the United States is credited with having stayed the proposal for real Japanese intervention in Siberia to check German influence, participation by Americans is counted upon to emphasize the purely local character of an operation undertaken to protect life and property where there is no competent Russian authority to enforce order.

No details are available as to the number of marines landed. In fact the navy department tonight had not been officially informed of the landing, though American warships are (Continued on page 2)

GERMANS DRIVE IN SIX MILES

British Defenses Penetrated Over Front of 30 Miles; Von Hindenburg Is Driving Attack After Attack Between Arras and Ypres

HAIG HOLDING FIRMLY AT IMPORTANT POINTS

South Ypres Fighting Develops Into Major Operation; Mass System Used; Huns Suffer Heavy Losses

(By The Associated Press) Swinging his heaviest legions and mightiest guns for to the north of the Picardy battlefield, Field Marshal von Hindenburg now is driving attack after attack against the British lines between Arras and Ypres. Charging across level country behind a tempest of high explosives and gas shells, the Germans have succeeded by terrific fighting in penetrating the British defenses a points over a front of nearly thirty miles to a depth of almost six miles just to the south of Ypres.

The loss of Armentieres is admitted by the British but this was expected from the trend of events in that sector during the last few days. The enemy had driven in on both sides of the town and holding out longer by the British would have imperiled the whole line. So far as known the withdrawal of the British forces from Armentieres was orderly and was only for the purpose of straightening out the line in the region where the German pressure is the heaviest.

British Firm at Vital Points. The British have stood firm at vital points along the line. Wytschaete is still held by Field Marshal Haig's men, who also maintain their grip on Messines ridge, Lestrain, Florensteeuw and Hollebeke, against which furious assaults have been launched only to break down or be nullified by British counter-attacks. A terrific attack made against Hollebeke and Wytschaete was completely repulsed with great loss to the Germans.

This particular part of the battle line in the west has been the scene of terrific fighting for nearly four years.

The drive south of Ypres has developed into a major operation, it would appear, and the Germans, using their massed attack system, are not counting the losses inflicted upon them in their advance. So far they have gained little of great tactical value.

The high ground along the front is still held by the British forces and the retirements here and there have not as yet endangered the integrity of the line from Arras to the North sea.

While this battle is going on there is a lull in the struggle before Amiens.

Since the announcement that the American troops had made their appearance in the sectors occupied by the British, there has been nothing to show that they have actually entered into the battle.

Americans Stop Attack. In the Toul sector, however, the American troops have again been fighting. The Germans have absolutely failed in an attack on Perleth's men, the excellent artillery work of the Americans breaking up an assault by special shock troops before they could reach the American wire entanglements.

In the Italian theater there has been only scattering artillery engagements. The British have once more advanced north of Jericho. They have swept the Turks back for a mile and a half over a front of five miles.

The Germans are slowly advancing in Finland, the land army forces working in conjunction having reached Lovisa, midway between Viborg and Helsingfors.

It is reported from Tokio that the situation in Vladivostok is much relieved and that the Japanese forces will be withdrawn as soon as an order is restored in the city.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 11.—Telegraphing from British headquarters in France this evening, Reuter's correspondent says: "The situation in Flanders is regarded today as fairly well in hand but the fighting continues on a heavy scale and is likely to continue. What the Germans achieved developed out of an advance in the center of the (Continued on page 2)

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