

CABINET FORM OF GOVERNMENT NOW SUGGESTED

Commission on Consolidation Has Tentative Scheme for Consideration

MAY CUT APPOINTMENTS

Von Borstel Takes Stand for Publicity and Is Opposed by Chairman

A gubernatorial cabinet for state government, with nine departments, and giving the governor power to appoint heads of all departments except those in which the constitution of the state provides for election, is under the consideration of the commission on consolidations. Without taking definite action the commission was in open session in Salem yesterday until the middle of the afternoon when it went into executive session. For further conference on the proposed system a meeting was called for April 10 at 1 o'clock at the Portland Chamber of Commerce.

By the scheme now tentatively arranged, appointments by the governor would be cut from about 81 to 10 and most of the departments would be under directors instead of commissioners. Each director, however, would have the appointment of his subordinates, some of whom would be known as commissioners.

Leigh suggests deviation Acting as a sub-committee employed by the consolidation commission, Professors J. A. Bexell and U. G. DuBach of Oregon Agricultural College and Professor Leigh of Reed college drew up the report. A possible deviation will be a suggestion of Mr. Leigh that the secretary of state, since he is also auditor according to the constitution, be a separate department and listed as the tenth department under the proposed scheme. Personally, he believes the auditor would be separate from the secretary of state. He also suggested that the public service commission and the industrial warfare commission, since they are quasi-legislative, be continued as commissions.

A strong probability exists that other schemes will be drawn up and presented to the commission for consideration. T. G. Scroggin of La Grande advocated that each member formulate a plan and announce his intention of presenting a plan of his own origination at a subsequent meeting. It was on this basis that Herman von Borstel and Charles

Rudeen defended their action in submitting a plan for publication recently.

Von Borstel for Publicity. Mr. von Borstel took a consistent stand throughout the day in favor of taking the public into the confidence of the commission through newspaper publicity covering all the deliberations and actions of the commission. On this point he and Chairman Johnson came sharply into opposition near the conclusion of the forenoon session and clashed once during the afternoon.

"We must get the facts squarely before us before we can hope to arrive anywhere with a consolidation program," Johnson said.

"That's why I am in favor of newspaper publicity and discussion," said von Borstel.

"O. hell," retorted Johnson, "how can the press know anything about it?"

It developed at the afternoon session that the commission's intention in passing a resolution against publication about the sub-committee's report was merely to prevent any information that the report had been acted upon definitely by the members.

Cabinet Has Advantages. Commenting on the plan, Chairman Johnson said it would remove what he termed the present hit and miss methods, and he believed it would prevent duplication in departments. One member favored a governor's council or cabinet, giving as his reason that at present the governor is a nominal head only, without real power to control.

J. C. Fullerton, the new member of the commission, strongly favored a plan of the department of forestry and von Borstel agreed with him.

Relative to the employment of some person to deliver into the several departments to divide a practicable scheme of putting into execution any plan that may be adopted, Chairman Johnson said that the plan must first be settled upon and adopted by the commission before work of this nature is undertaken and the other members were in accord.

Concerning salaries the commission does not consider the question of compensation for state officials a part of its function, but Chairman Johnson said recommendations might be made in the report to the legislature.

Plan Is Outlined. The plan that has been drawn up tentatively and which is now under consideration follows:

I.—Governor.

II.—Department of Law.

III.—Civil service commission.

IV.—General administration and finance. Under this department would be placed the secretary of state, the state treasurer, the tax commissioner, the emergency board and the state land board. The auditor would be under the secretary of state. The sub-committee's intention was to include an auditor under the department, but found it impossible to separate that function from the secretary of state because of constitutional provision.

V.—Department of education.

IV.—Department of public welfare. This department would be in

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People still take Hood's Sarsaparilla because it is an old family friend, has proved its merit to three generations in purifying and enriching the blood, expelling humors, restoring appetite, relieving rheumatism, and banishing that tired feeling so common at this time of year.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard Spring medicine, blood purifier and general tonic. It originated in a well-known physician's successful prescription, and combines medicinal roots, barks, herbs and berries such as are often prescribed for ailments of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys. Buy it in the same style package as that in which your mother bought it—same good formula, same fine appearance, same pleasant taste, same certainty of good results.

Your druggist knows how much satisfaction this good medicine has given.

charge of a director under whom would come charitable and penal institutions under superintendents, the parole board, the bureau of health, state board of eugenics and the state bacteriologists. Under the sub-division of bureau of health would be a commissioner for dairy and food, tuberculosis hospitals, boards to license the professions of medicine, chiropractic, dentistry, graduate nurse, optometry, pharmacy and the licensing of sailors boarding houses.

VII.—Department of labor. Under a director in charge over a bureau of industrial accidents having a commissioner, and a bureau of labor commissioners whose province would extend over the minimum wage question, women and child labor, factory inspection etc.

VIII.—Department of industry and commerce. Under a director under whom would come commissioners of a bureau of corporations, bureau of insurance, bureau of banks, a weights and measures commission, a board of pilot commissioners, a public service commission board, appointed by the director, and a state board of accountancy.

IX.—Department of Agriculture and Public Domain. Under a director. Under this director would be the following bureaus: Livestock commissioner covering sanitary inspection, registration, licensing veterinarians; Bureau of plants with a commissioner for horticulture, seeds and lime. Publicity bureau for state fair etc., with commissioner. With a commissioner for each, a bureau of forests, bureau of water, bureau of game and fish, bureau of highways bureau of mines and a conservation commissioner. Also an Oregon geographic board would come under this head.

WAR ECONOMIES.

Servant—Please, mum, the coal ration has come. There are 31 little lumps—that's ten for the drawing-room and ten for the dining-room and ten for the kitchen. If you please, mum, what shall I do with the lump over?—London Opinion.

VICE-PRESIDENT URGES ELECTION OF J. E. DAVIES

Thomas R. Marshall Asks Republicans to Save Wisconsin to Union

SEDITION CHARGE MADE

Election of Republican Who Will Not Serve Democrats Feared

MADISON, Wis., March 26.—Vice-President Thomas R. Marshall opened his speaking campaign in behalf of Joseph E. Davies, Democratic candidate for United States senator in Wisconsin, here tonight by appealing to Republicans to cast their votes for Davies.

"I came to Wisconsin to find if 100,000 Republicans will not count the loss of partisanship cheap if thereby Wisconsin may be saved to the Union," said Vice-President Marshall. "No Republican can come to the senate from the state of Wisconsin without a feeling on the part of the imperial German government that that senator, having changed his mind once, may, by the shifting of a few hundred votes in Wisconsin be induced to change it again. The Republican party cannot tear down Democratic work and erect in its place Republican work without detriment to the plans of the commander-in-chief, now being carried out."

Your state of Wisconsin is under suspicion. You Republicans have made the issue here in Wisconsin. If the vote at the primary is based upon the charges and counter-charges which you have made each against the other you are about half for America, half for the Kaiser and all against Wilson. Your self-appointed leaders are now trying to convince the loyal half that the national ally imprudent thing is not loyalty or disloyalty, but party success.

"It makes no difference how pure an patriotic the purposes of the Republican candidate may be, to be elected he is now bidding for the vote of the German sympathizers, for the vote of the traitor, for the vote of the seditionist, for the vote of the pacifist, for the vote of the man so hidebound in politics that he rejoices at every mistake by the president or his advisers, for the vote of the man who is willing to make an inglorious peace, for the vote of the disappointed profiteer and the voter of the man who wanted our citizens and our ships to stay off the high seas and who wanted an embargo placed upon the sale of munitions of war in the markets of the world. By these votes and these votes alone can the Republican candidate hope to be elected for Mr. Davies does not seek them and would, I believe, scorn to receive them."

Wisconsin is not only on trial before America; the Republicans of Wisconsin are on trial before the world. No Republican as disclosed by the primaries can be elected to the senate of the United States without receiving votes which in this primary were characterized as 'disloyal votes.'

OBITUARY

Samuel French White was born January 24, 1835, in Missisquoi county, Ohio, and died March 21, 1918, in Salem, reaching the age of 83 years, 1 month and 27 days.

He was married to Margaret Ann Mahan, October 3, 1863, in Jancerville, Ohio. To this union were born seven children, as follows: Anna M. Pugh, Salem, Or.; Alva A. White, Mountain Home, Idaho; William W. White, Nyssa, Or.; Bertha H. White, Salem, Or.; George W. Kennebec, South Dakota; and Minerva Working, Gough, Or.

In the spring of 1864 Mr. White and wife moved from Ohio to Madison county, Iowa, and from there to Lenora, Kansas, in 1883, and to Salem in 1908. Thus the greatest part of his life was spent as pioneer on the frontiers. He leaves seven children, eighteen grandchildren, and three great grandchildren.

Father White exhibited in his character the fine qualities of the early pioneer. At the age of 23 he was converted in the Methodist church and from that time until his death he was always active in Christian work. He was a conspicuous figure at Salem revival meetings, his patriarchal appearance, coupled with a powerful pioneer preacher's voice, commanding the respect of all who heard him speak.

Dr. Bertha H. White, one of the sons of the old pioneer, is a physician of this city, his residence being at 355 North Capital street. Mrs. Pugh, who also lives at North Seventeenth street, in Salem, is a former school teacher, having practiced her profession for over twenty years. Alva W. White is postmaster at Mountain Home, Idaho, and the rest of the family are all respected farmers.

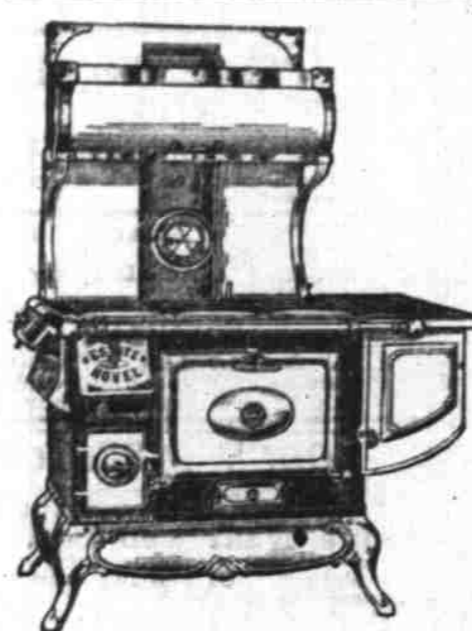
Thus the old pioneer reared a family that is a credit to any community. The funeral services were in charge of Rev. Jacob Stocker, and took place at the local Evangelical association church, Seventeenth and Cheimoketa street, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Lee Mission cemetery.

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75c Ingrain 86 in.....59c
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The Greatest Showing of Wall Paper in the City. Latest style, newest designs. Price for this sale for the double rolls

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Wood and Coal Heaters

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Ingrain Art Squares, Wood Fibre, Scotch Heather, Brussels and Axminsters.

\$7.75 Art Squares 9x12 \$5.95

\$10.00 Wool Fibre 9x12 \$7.95

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\$25 Seamless Brussels \$18.00

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Solid Oak Golden Wax finish 42 to 48 inch, priced from.....\$12.00 to \$30.00

\$12 Royal Oak Table \$8.75

\$15 Solid Oak Table \$11.75

\$17.50 Large Oak Table.....\$13.75

\$25 45 in. Top Table \$19.75

BEDS

Take advantage of our sale prices which are less than factory prices.

\$6.00 Iron Beds.....\$4.75

\$9.00 Enamel Beds.....\$6.95

\$12.50 Steel Enamel \$9.75

\$20 Solid Oak Beds \$13.85

GET A NUMBER

They Cost You Nothing

\$35.00

FIRESIDE CHAIR

Will Be Given to Some

One Absolutely

FREE

Ask for a Number

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See Our Window Display and note our Sale Prices.

95c 8-4 Linoleum.....1.78c

\$1.25 16-4 Linoleum.....95c

\$1.25 Inlaid Linoleum \$1.09

\$1.75 Inlaid Linoleum \$1.45



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An Elegant Line of Dressing Tables in White Enamel, Oak, Walnut, Bird's Eye Maple and Mahogany from

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\$12.50 Oak Dressing Table.....\$8.75

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CAMP LEWIS NOTES

CAMP LEWIS, Tacoma, Wash., March 26.—Intensive training of the members of the 91st division under conditions closely approximating those of the European battlefield, including the use of the gas mask, field operations and trench activities was ordered today in the first of a series of training bulletins to be issued at division headquarters. Forced marches, working out of field problems and an adequate physical training system are part of the program outlined for fitting the men here for service with the expeditionary forces when they are called to go over.

Every regiment or separate organization is ordered to so arrange its schedules so that one day a week may be given over to a march from the cantonment to the designated maneuver area where field exercises and drills to cover the entire day must be carried out.

The order provides that all marches shall be conducted under an assumed tactical situation and all field exercises should be followed immediately by a critique. Sufficient information must be given the men in working out tactical problems so that they will know the reason for what they are ordered to do and will not go through the exercises in a profane manner.

Instruction in target designation, fire control and fire discipline has been ordered preparatory to a series of combat problems which are to be inaugurated shortly. The problems will range from squad exercises up to regimental and eventually brigade and division exercises.

Concerning the recent order requiring the men of the division to take an hour's physical exercise daily, the bulletin says a recent inspection has disclosed a lack of a uniform method of conducting the drill and not enough stress is laid upon this work. More varied exercises under competent instructors and with larger bodies of troops engaged are urged.

"It should be remembered that the object of the physical drill is not solely to develop the individual physique," the bulletin goes on to say, "but the develop in the mass that spontaneous enthusiasm and suppressed energy and power which is necessary to attain results with large bodies of men. In other words, the physical drill of men in large masses has a psychological effect as well as a physical one."

Jumping in and out of trenches, first without equipment and later with full equipment is to be given stress. This is not so easy as it would sound to the uninitiated and it takes constant practice to be able to perform the feat with any degree of speed.

Frequent and continuous practice in the adjustment and use of the gas mask is ordered for both officers and men. Schedules are to be kept and the records of each man will show just how proficient he has become in this work. It is of interest that no soldier is allowed to enter the gas house for mask drill without having had at least three hours' previous training in the use and adjustment of the masks.

Lieutenant Colonel Herbert J. Brees, chief of staff of the 91st division, is a colonel now. He appeared today for the first time since insignia on his shoulders.

Colonel Brees was graduated from

the University of Wyoming in 1911 and began his army service as lieutenant in the Second cavalry volunteers, May 23, 1898. He was graduated from the infantry and cavalry school in 1908, from the staff college in 1909 and from the army war college in 1907.

After serving three months as first lieutenant, volunteers, Colonel Brees received an honorable discharge and became a second lieutenant in the regular army, Fourth artillery, July 29, 1898. The following year he was transferred to the Ninth cavalry and in 1901 was made first lieutenant and assigned to the Twelfth cavalry. He was commissioned captain in the First cavalry November 30, 1904, and remained in this service until he came to Camp Lewis. He has risen to the rank of colonel since the beginning of the war and was one of those who accompanied Major General H. H. Greene, commander, to France on observation tour.

Colonel Brees was born July 11, 1877.

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SHINOLA is the quick dressy shine for all kinds of leathers. Softens and preserves.

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SHINOLA Home Set Makes Shining Easy



"BLUE BONNETS"—A New Fabric with New Features. "Blue Bonnets" were the needs of the woman who wants a beautiful, durable fabric that wears without wrinkling, needs dust and laundry perfectly. Admirably adapted for under-made dresses, sport coats and skirts, children's garments, petticoats, etc. Also for coats, lounge coverings, etc. Guaranteed dye fast and durable. Wide variety of colors to choose from. If your dealer doesn't carry "Blue Bonnets" send us this ad with name of dealer and we will send him samples and notify him of your request. LESHNER WHITMAN & CO. Inc., 881 Broadway, New York

General Gibson Says Every Soldier Should Take Nuxated Iron

WHO GOES TO THE FRONT

General John L. Clem, Who Was Sergeant in the U. S. Army at 12 Years of Age, General David Stuart Gordon, Hero of the Battle of Gettysburg, Judge Samuel S. Yoder, for 18 Years a Practicing Physician and Formerly Surgeon Major in the Army, Also Tell How They Were Benefited by a Short Course of This Remarkable Product.

Dr. James Francis Sullivan and other physicians explain why Nuxated Iron has been so successful in increasing strength and endurance, and builds up weak, nervous, run-down folks.

What every soldier needs is tremendous "stay there" strength, power and endurance. With nerves of steel and blood of iron. To help produce this result there is nothing in my experience which I have found so valuable as organic iron—Nuxated Iron, says Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly physician of Bellevue Hospital (Outdoor Dept.) New York, and the Westchester County Hospital. He has personally found it of such great value as a tonic, strength and blood builder that I believe if General Gibson's advice were followed many of our fighting men would find it of great benefit. In my opinion, it is nothing better than organic iron—Nuxated Iron—for enriching the blood and helping increase strength, energy and endurance.

General Horatio Gates Gibson says Nuxated Iron has brought back to him in good measure that buoyancy and energy that fled his veins in 1847 when he made his triumphant entry with General Scott into the City of Mexico.

Another remarkable case is that of General David Stuart Gordon, noted Indian fighter and hero of the battle of Gettysburg. General Gordon says: "When I became badly run-down this year, I found myself totally without the physical power to 'come back' as I had done in my younger days. I tried different so-called 'tonics' without feeling any better, but finally I heard of how physicians were widely recommending organic iron to renew red blood and rebuild strength in worn-out bodies. As a result I started taking Nuxated Iron and within a month it had restored my weakened vital forces and made me feel strong again. Giving me endurance such as I never hoped to again possess."

Another interesting case is that of General John Lincoln Clem, who at the early age of



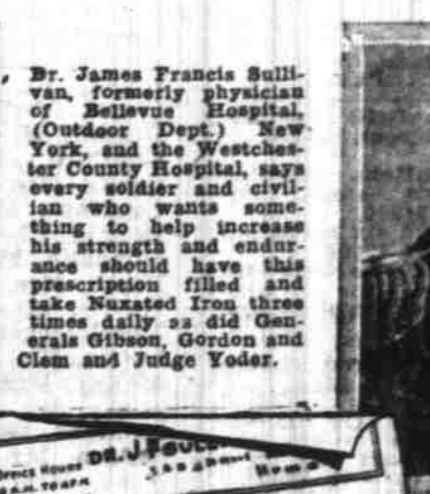
General John L. Clem, U. S. A. (Retired), the drummer boy of the Civil War who entered the U. S. Army as a drummer boy at the age of eleven years. He was promoted to Sergeant for gallantry at the battle of Chancellorsville when only 12 years old. He says that Nuxated Iron is the one reliable tonic—that he obtained most surprising results from its use in 17 weeks' time.



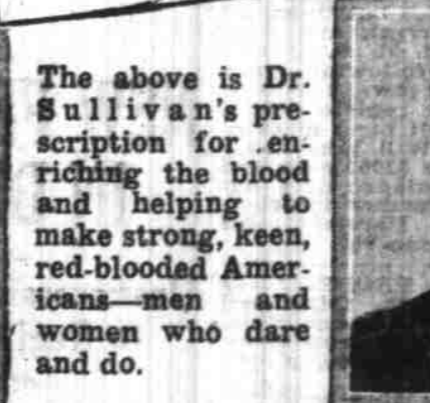
Judge Samuel S. Yoder, Statesman, Jurist and for 18 years a practicing physician formerly Surgeon Major in the Army and now Commander in Chief of the Union Veterans Union, says: "Nuxated Iron restores vitality and rehabilitates the system. To the man of 70 as I am it is just as certain, just as efficacious as to the youth in his teens."

that are almost continually around us. It is surprising how many people suffer from iron deficiency and do not know it. If you are not strong or well you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two five-grain tablets of Nuxated Iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see how much you have gained."

Dr. Schuyler C. Jacques, Visiting Surgeon of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, New York City, says: "I have never before given out any medical information or advice for publication, as I ordinarily do not believe in it. But in the case of Nuxated Iron I feel I would be remiss in my duty not to mention it. I have taken it myself and given it to



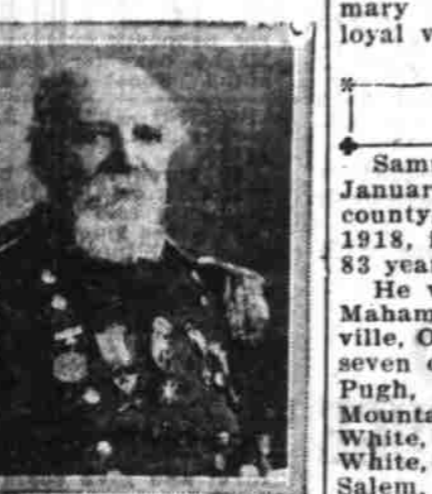
General Horatio Gates Gibson, U. S. A. (Retired), who entered the City of Mexico in 1847 with General Winfield Scott. General Gibson says: "Despite my old age, Nuxated Iron has made me fit and ready for another campaign, and if my country needs me, I stand ready to go."



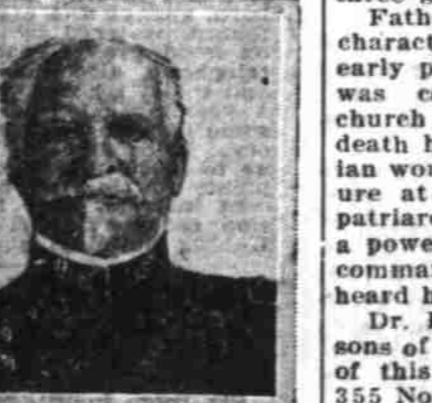
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my patients with most surprising and satisfactory results. And those who wish quickly to increase their strength, power and endurance will find it a most remarkable and wonderfully effective remedy."

Nuxated Iron which is prescribed by Dr. Sullivan, and which has been used by Generals Gibson, Gordon, Clem, Judge Yoder and others with such surprising results is not a secret remedy but one which is well-known to druggists everywhere. Unlike the older inorganic iron products it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach. The manufacturers guarantee successful and entirely satisfactory results to every purchaser or they will refund your money. It is dispensed in this city by Daniel J. Fry and other



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