

SALEM CLUB IS LABOR RESERVE

Names of Men Fitted to Work at Government Building Program Wanted

The Salem Commercial club has another job. It is now the enrollment office for Marion county of the United States public service reserve of the department of labor. Names will be listed of all men who are able to work at shipbuilding or do other mechanical work necessary in the government's war construction program.

The public service enrolls as members men of all classes who want to serve to win the war. It asks them merely to state their readiness and to put on record a brief description of their training and ability. It imposes absolutely no obligation. When the reserve sets out to get men for the government, it merely notifies those of its members who seem qualified—telling them all about the job, the wages, and the terms of employment. The individual member may take it or leave it, as he likes. All that is required of him is that he look at the question from a patriotic standpoint.

The reserve has no connection with any troubles between labor and capital. It will not undertake to speak either for employees or employers. It will not use its influence to foster the cause of either. It aims simply to have a great reservoir of men ready to go, at the suggestion of the department of labor, when the terms of employment are reasonable and satisfactory, to the posts where the country needs them most. It will, too, endeavor to use every possible means to no distribute the burden that no industry will be crippled or unfairly taxed to meet the needs of war.

Membership in the reserve does not affect the draft. What forms of active labor in war industry will entitle a man to exemption is for the army to determine.

ALBANY AGAIN LOSING TEAM

Washington Juniors Demonstrate Their Superiority Over Visitors

Washington junior high school defeated Albany junior high school in basketball on the local courts last night by a score of 26 to 20. The victory was the second over the Albany team this season. The score was close throughout the game and the playing was sensational. The score: Albany, Washington.

Bayne (2).....C.....Purvine
Barnard (2).....F.....Staley (16)
Sears (7).....B.....Brown (6)
Haller (2).....G.....Ashby
Wolfe (5).....G.....Clark (4)
Townsend

*For Washington, Townsend was substituted for Purvine in the second half.

HIGH SCHOOL TEAM WINNER

Salem Beats Corvallis 21 to 17—O. A. C. Teams Beat State University

By a score of 21 to 17 the Salem high school basketball team defeated the Corvallis high school at Corvallis last night. The victory came in the last three minutes. Up to that time Corvallis was in the lead 17 to 13. When by a phenomenal streak of playing the Salem boys pulled out ahead. The score at the end of the first half was even at 9 points each.

Two other games were played at Corvallis last night. The Oregon Agricultural college team beat the University of Oregon team by a score of 28 to 8, and the O. A. C. freshmen won out over the University of Oregon freshmen by a 22 to 20 score.

Service Flag Unfurled by Dallas High School

DALLAS, Or., Feb. 1.—(Special to The Statesman.)—A big service flag, the handwork of the domestic science class, was unfurled for the first time in the assembly room of the Dallas high school this week with appropriate exercises for the occasion. Miss Nell Southworth, president of the senior class, made the principal dedication address and was followed by Superintendent W. J. Ford in accepting the flag for the school. Mrs. R. G. Baldersee also made a short talk. The nine young men of the school who have stars placed for them on the banner are:

Leutenant O. I. Chenoweth, who was teacher in manual training when he answered the call to arms; Earl Cutler, Elmer Butz, Paul Praast, Bruce Wheeler, Homer Brown, Arnel Wilson, Irving Baldersee and Frank McCann. The flag is made in such a manner that new stars can be added from time to time as other members of the school enlist.

Farmers May Give Money to Support County Agent

If the farmers of any county donate money sufficient for the county's share of the maintenance of an agricultural agent and pay the amount into the county treasury, the county court may legally use the money for that purpose, according to an opinion of Attorney General Brown written for District Attorney Gale S. Hill of Albany.

The opinion says that in such a case the county court may become a party to the arrangement by making certificate to the secretary of state as required by section 3, chapter 110, laws of 1912, securing an appropriation from the state treasurer for a like amount for the same purpose.

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DALLAS YOUTHS ARE PATRIOTIC

Sixteen Have Already Sold Their Quota of Thrift Stamps and Win Pins

At least \$800 worth of thrift stamps have been sold by pupils of the Dallas schools since State Superintendent Churchill announced the proposed organization of the Rain-bow regiment to be composed of the first 1000 school children in Oregon to sell \$50 worth of thrift stamps each. Dallas has already reported sixteen children who have sold their quota and who are entitled to achievement pins.

The following names were reported from Dallas yesterday: Harry Logan, Wendell Sanders, Homer Ellis, Juanita Morrison, Bessie Syron, Hazel Butler, Rena Bennett, Wendolyn Hooker, Madeline Geringer. Those who previously reported were Helen Grant, Ruby Morris, Sena Morrison, Floyd Reed, Eugene Lucas, Alice Patterson, and Alice Crider.

In all twenty-three pupils in the state have sold their \$50 worth each. Others reported yesterday were Edwin Horn, Falls City, Edna Seufert, he Dallas; Ethel Leigh Hodgson, Umapine.

Polk Chapter of D. A. R. Has Annual Election

DALLAS, Or., Feb. 1.—(Special to The Statesman.)—At the annual meeting of Sarah Childress Polk Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Dallas the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: Regent, Mrs. Harriet E. Sibley; vice-regent, Mrs. Ruth Crider; recording secretary, Mrs. Gertrude Sundberg; treasurer, Mrs. Blanche Eakin; registrar, Mrs. Kate Boyd; historian, Mrs. Lulu A. Sibley; president of the C. of the A. R. Mrs. Elana Taylor. Mrs. Harriet Sibley was elected as a delegate to the national conference with Mrs. Ruth Crider as alternate. The following were elected as delegates to the state convention which meets in Portland in March: Mrs. Harriet Sibley, Mrs. Gertrude Sundberg, Mrs. Elana Taylor, Mrs. Dr. Price of Monmouth, Mrs. Eliza Snow of Portland, Mrs. Ruth Crider, Mrs. Lulu Sibley, Mrs. Hester Fisk, Mrs. Mary Bronson and Mrs. Kate P. Boyd as alternates.

"Some of the boys and girls this year, besides raising pigs, are also raising sheep, and are confident that under the new demand of the government for the production of more wool, and the use of spring lambs on the table instead of so much beef and pork, they will be equally successful with the lambs, as with pigs, and the advantage in raising lambs is, they can make pets of them, even they don't take them to school, as Mary did."

Cashier D. W. Eyre, of the United States National bank, said: "We are prepared for a club with 400 members. It is only up to the boys and girls to come in here with endorsements from their teachers and we will do the rest."

Candidates Plentiful for Sargent's Office

While the state banking board is awaiting the return of State Treasurer Kay before electing a state bank superintendent to succeed S. G. Sargent, applications for the office are being received.

Among those who have made known their candidacy are Will Bennett, cashier of the East Side bank, Portland, who was formerly connected with the state banking department; and Frank O. Bramwell, cashier of a bank at Grants Pass. C. E. Hawkins, of Toledo, president of the Lincoln County bank, urges the selection of Assistant Superintendent Stewart, who is the choice of Mr. Sargent, and whom he recommends for the place.

Major League to Give Much to Red Cross

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—More than \$100,000 probably will be turned over to the American Red Cross by the two major leagues this season if plans now under consideration are carried out, President Ban Johnson of the American league announced today. It is planned to increase the cost of all admissions five or ten cents and turn over the difference between the regular fee plus war tax and the increased price to the Red Cross. Club owners in both leagues favor the plan and all that remains is official permission from Washington officials, Mr. Johnson said.

"This plan," said Mr. Johnson, is being considered by the internal revenue department and I understand has met with their approval. The man paying the extra cents would not miss them, but in a season it would mean quite a bit of help for the Red Cross."

WAR WORK HAS COMPLETE SWAY

Purely Civilian Business to Undergo Further Restrictions

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Brad-streets tomorrow may be: Business in an industrial as well as commercial sense is hobbled, either because of scarcity of goods, enforced weekly shutdowns, adverse weather conditions, paucity of fuel, insufficient production or freight congestion, and after seven weeks of cold stormy weather little headway has been made in working out blockades. Besides, what might be termed regular business is subservient to war work and while those thus engaged are optimistic enough, producers of less imperative needed products are somewhat unsettled by the thought that purely civilian business may have to undergo further restriction. Nevertheless, there is a strong disposition to speed up on war work when, and as conditions become propitious and in a general sense there is sufficient buying of domestic staple lines to make up a goodly aggregate. Unfortunately the stream of orders is considerably restricted by the fact that manufacturers, particularly of textiles, find it necessary to cut down the number of orders accepted. In short, the question is not one of getting business but of making even fairly prompt deliveries, and buyers who now through the principal markets with a strong desire to get staple textiles at advancing prices are having the fact forced upon them that the mills are chary about booking business for delivery in accordance with the wishes of purchasers. There is also more or less evidence of the ultimate consumer exercising conservatism and at the same time there is enough actual reduction in civilian demand for men's goods to make for irregularity. But against these manifestations are the conceded shortages of staples, the fear of still

higher prices and the patent prosperity of the working classes and agricultural communities. Consequently while retail trade hardly measures up to normal, many final purveyors, recognizing the difficulty of replacing stock, are not keen about conducting clearance sales. Weekly bank clearings \$5,144,979,000.

Wilson Asked to Abolish Sunday Camp Amusements

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A committee representing the Lord's day alliance of the United States, embracing 16 religious denominations, urged President Wilson today to prevent Sunday amusements at army and navy training camps and posts. The committee also asked the president to support the bill before congress to prohibit unnecessary work in the District of Columbia on Sunday. The president was understood to have favored both proposals.

CORPORATE PLAN HAS ADVANTAGES

McAdoo Believes Measure Would Make War Industries More Secure

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Secretary McAdoo expressed belief in a statement issued tonight that if congress should pass the proposed bill creating a half billion dollar government corporation to finance private enterprises during the war, the existence of the agency itself would go far toward establishing confidence in securities of industries essential to the war against which banks now discriminate in favor of commercial paper.

"It is believed that the mere existence of the machinery which this act would establish," said Mr. McAdoo, "would of itself maintain confidence to such an extent that the business of the corporation would only in relatively few cases be called for and that the banks would be able to take care of the requirements of this class of borrowers and be ready to do it knowing that in case of need loans of this character would be available for re-discount."

"The provisions of the federal reserve law which permit member banks to rediscount and purchase paper secured by the government's obligations and commercial paper have had the effect of driving the banks to discriminate against loans on ineligible paper even where such loans were vitally necessary for war purposes, and in favor of commercial paper even though of companies whose activities are not related to the war and which might well be curtailed during the period of the war. It is believed that the proposed bill was wisely and conservatively conceived as a war measure to give relief from this condition during the period of the war."

SKILLED WORKERS TO BE DRAFTED

Senate Military Committee Approves New Administration Bill

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The administration bill authorizing the president to call skilled experts in industry or classification under the draft was approved today by the senate military committee. Arrangements were also made for final action tomorrow on another bill requiring youths reaching 21 years of age to register for service and changing the quota basis from 21 years populations to the number of men in class one.

Both measures probably will be reported to the senate Monday. Chairman Chamberlain and other committee members said tonight that the amendment of the draft law will not include provisions for exemption of men who reach 21 years without being called into service. This was proposed by Secretary Baker but since development of opposition from Provost Marshal General Crowder, it is understood that Mr. Baker will not press for the amendment.

The bill for drafting of industrial and agricultural experts would give the president power to take registered mechanics, artisans, or other skilled labor from any or all parts of the country, principally to meet any emergency call from General Pershing.

CAVALRY UNITS TO BE FORMED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The war department has approved a recommendation of General Pershing that fifteen cavalry regiments be formed for the national army. This was disclosed today in the announcement of the appointment of commanders for seven of these regiments. The commanders, regiments and locations announced today are: Colonel Sterling P. Adams, 301, Camp Fremont, Cal.

Colonel George B. Pritchard, 302, Camp Fremont.

Colonel Samuel McP. Rutherford, 303, Leon Springs, Texas.

Colonel L. C. Andres, 304, Leon Springs.

Colonel Elbert E. Saxton, 305, Leon Springs.

Colonel George O. Cross, 306, Fort Clark, Texas.

Colonel E. L. Phillips, 307, Del Rio, Texas.

A division of regular cavalry is being formed at El Paso, Texas.

JAZZ ORCHESTRA TODAY

DOUBLE SHOW 9 REELS 9

THE NUTTIEST COMEDY EVER WISHED ON THE PUBLIC

PUT THE CAT OUT AND COME DOWN

FLORENCE REED —IN— "TODAY" IN SEVEN PARTS

ALICE HOWELL —IN— "HER BAREBACK CAREER"

LIBERTY

MATINEE AND EVENING

WILL REST YOUR THINKER. IT WILL NOT LET YOU THINK. 'TWILL EN-TERTAIN YOU —THASALL!

THE KIND OF SILLINESS YOU NEED IN WARTIMES

SMALL BAKERS NOT EXEMPTED BY NEW PLAN

President Wilson Extends Licensing Regulations by Proclamation

LIMIT THREE BARRELS

Bakers Urged to Develop Special Breads for Wheatless Days

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Licensing regulations as applied to bakers were extended by President Wilson in a proclamation tonight to take in hotels, restaurants and clubs which do their own baking, to include thousands of small bakers heretofore exempt, and to cover the manufacture of bread of every kind, including cake, crackers, biscuits, pastry and other bakery products.

At the same time the president put under license all importers and distributors of green coffee to prevent speculative prices in the coffee market.

All licenses must be obtained by February 4, when the new regulations become effective.

Three Barrels Is Limit. Bakers already under license are those who use not less than ten barrels of flour a month. Hereafter the limit will be placed at three barrels.

A new set of baking regulations, issued by the food administration to accompany the proclamation, limits the amount of flour bakers may purchase, makes changes in the quantity of ingredients other than flour used in the manufacture and prescribes other changes in bakers' practices.

Bakers of bread and rolls will be limited in their wheat flour purchases to eighty per cent of their requirements up to July 31 and bakers of other products, including crackers, biscuits, cookies, cakes, pies, fried cakes, pastry and sweet yeast doughs, to 70 per cent for the same period.

After February 3 bakers of bread and rolls must use five per cent of wheat flour substitutes and the amounts must be increased until they are using 20 per cent February 24. Bakers of other products are not required to use substitutes but are urged to do so.

An increase in the amount of sugar permitted in bread manufacture is allowed and the present bread formula is changed to permit the use of milk in any form and quantity, provided that bread containing milk is not sold at a higher price than that containing none. Bakers are urged not to increase their consumption of cane and beet sugars.

Bakers of bread and rolls are permitted to apply the name Victory bread to their product when it contains a 20 per cent substitution for wheat flour and bakers of other products may use the name when one third of their content consists of wheat flour substitutes.

New Substitutions Urged. Victory bread and other Victory products may be sold on the wheatless days but the suggestion is made that bakers find it to their advantage to develop special breads containing higher percentage of substitution for sale on these days.

A statement given out with the new regulations points out that the "food administration will impose no restrictions on the amount of wheat flour substitutes a baker may use, and all bakers are urged to employ as much substitution as possible."

Bakers of products other than bread and rolls, although their purchases of wheat flour will be reduced to 80 per cent of their requirements, will not be required to cut their sales and food administration officials look for them to keep their output up to normal by a use of the substitute flours.

Flour Substitutes Listed. The list of wheat flour substitutes that may be used by bakers, as listed in the new regulations are bran, shorts and middlings, corn flour, corn meal, edible corn starch, hominy, corn grits, barley flour, rolled oats, oat meal, rice, rice flour, buckwheat flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour, milo flours and similar flours and meals, bean meal, peanut meal, casava, taro and banana flours.

Bread made of graham or whole wheat flour will be regarded as bread made with substitute flour.

If potatoes are used as a wheat

flour substitute four pounds must be used where one of some other substitute is required because of the high percentage of water in potatoes.

Bakers are urged to purchase substitutes in their own communities wherever possible.

MEXICAN SLAYS FIVE PERSONS

Hundred Armed Soldiers Search for Murderer; Policeman Is Killed

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 2.—At least five persons are dead as the result of a shooting affray which occurred here shortly before midnight. Invading the home of Mrs. Fisher on Texas street, a Mexican named Felipe Alvarez shot down the woman and her two small children. Alvarez was pursued by a policeman for ten blocks to the Mexican quarter, where he took refuge in a small house. When the policeman, Octaviano Perez, and a civilian knocked at the door of the house both men were shot and killed.

The shots attracted the attention of the military police and within a few minutes the house was surrounded by a hundred armed soldiers and officers. Volley after volley were poured into the house without dislodging the man.

At 1:30 the officers were awaiting a supply of dynamite to blow up the building.

The body of the second man killed by Alvarez lies in front of the house and it is impossible to reach it without coming within range of the Mexican's weapon.

WAR FINANCE STEPS TAKEN

Proposed Government Corporation to Be Discussed by Congress

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Steps toward vast financial operations for the war were planned today at conferences between Secretary McAdoo and leaders in congress.

Next Monday, it was agreed, the administration bill to create a war finance corporation with \$500,000,000 capital and authority to issue \$4,000,000,000 in short term notes to finance private industrial operations will be introduced, simultaneously in the senate and house.

For the government's own finances, Senator Simmons, chairman of the senate finance committee, announced after conferring with Secretary McAdoo that, working probably would begin about March 15 or April 1 on war tax legislation, first to perfect the present law, and second, to provide, both by additional bonds and increased taxes for the government's needs in the fiscal year of 1918.

Secretary McAdoo went to the capitol to discuss many phases of the war financial situation, meeting Democratic Leader Martin of the senate. Senator Simmons and Chairman Owen of the senate banking and currency committee.

The secretary advised Senator Simmons that it would be impossible before March or April to present any reliable data on future federal needs, and it is likely it will not be known before then how much of the war appropriations congress has authorized has been expended.

Young Boy Enlisted; Mother Is After Him

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 1.—Asserted her son was a mere child when he joined the army, deserted and went to Mexico, Mrs. W. L. Whit of Lackey, Tex., has written to Mayor Charles Davis asking his assistance in locating her son in Mexico. According to the letter received today, the 17-year-old boy enlisted Jan. 1 in a cavalry regiment stationed here. He deserted on September 22, she added.

She received a letter from him dated at Colonia Dublan, Mexico, saying he was a prisoner there and that \$100 would obtain his release.

"I would rather trust my boy to any United States courtmartial than to Mexicans," she added.

HAVE TO BE SHOWN. "This world is but a fleeting show," quoted the sage. "And most of us imagine that we are from St. Joe or Joplin," commented the fool.

LANSDOWNE IS NOT FOR EARLY END OF FIGHTING

Peace Aims of Lloyd George and President Wilson Are Approved

VICTORY MUST BE FULL

Determination of People to Fight On To Bitter End Is Spoken

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Marquis of Lansdowne in an address today said that he concurred in fully with the recent speeches of David Lloyd George, the British prime minister, and President Wilson on peace aims.

"I believe all of us are ready to prolong the war, as terrible as it is, until we can get a clean peace," said the leader of the opposition in the house of lords.

Lord Lansdowne, referring to his peace letter, said he thought he could claim that it had led to a discussion which had useful results in the country. Among the reasons which led him to write the letter was the fact that he was convinced that a great many people were perplexed and uneasy because they did not know clearly the objects for which the country was asked to prolong the war. He added:

"They sought, and they desired to be taken into the confidence of the government. They were suspicious. But let me say on the other hand, of those people, that if you can convince them that your cause is a just one, they will work on and fight on to the bitter end."

There has been from time to time different statements of the war aims of this country, he pointed out, but they were in broad outline and could be filled up in different ways, according to the inclination of the reader. He made no complaint against the government, and said that allowances should be made for all the difficulties.

"It is unthinkable, altogether remote from our thoughts," he continued, "that we should in any way be disloyal to our allies, who have fought so gloriously on our side in this war."

Lord Lansdowne then expressed concurrence in the speeches of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson and added:

"It has been stated that there is no half way house between defeat and victory. If that is so, then what we are looking for is victory in the fullest sense of the word."

SAVING IN FUEL OIL IS PLANNED

California Would Have Plant Erected at Big Bend, Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Between six and ten million barrels of fuel oil will be saved yearly in California if projected power plants are constructed, according to testimony offered before the railroad commission here today by John A. Britton, Britton, general manager of the Pacific Gas and Electric company. The charging was to effect the greatest possible saving of oil as a war and economic measure. Britton submitted a report drawn up by executives of the Pacific Gas and Electric company, Great Western, Sierra and San Francisco Power, Northern California Power and California-Oregon Power companies, showing that these companies stand ready to pool their interests in response to the government's demand for fuel oil conservation.

The construction of \$12,500 kilowatt plant by the Great Western Power company at Big Bend, Or., and the transmission of surplus power from the California-Oregon company's territory, a distance of 200 miles, to Colusa, Cal., were suggested as the first moves in the conservation plan.

A plan is in operation at present, Mr. Britton testified, which will produce 12,000,000 kilowatt power a year and effect a saving of 60,000 barrels of oil through utilization of hydro-electric power.

BLIGH TODAY BIG ACTS HIPPODROME VAUDEVILLE

All New Never Seen Here Before