

Figures for the People.

Last week, in reply to the false assertions of Radical journals regarding the expenses of Grant's Administration, we gave the official figures, showing that there was a discrepancy between the statements of Treasurer Spinner and Secretary Boutwell regarding the public debt, amounting to over 109 millions of dollars; that the civil and miscellaneous expenditures under Grant so greatly exceeded that under any previous Administration as to be astounding; that such mere civil and miscellaneous expenditures under Grant exceeded by over eight million of dollars the whole total expenses of the Government under Buchanan, and lastly, that the total expenses of Grant's Administration were more than five times the expenses under Buchanan. And now we will proceed briefly to furnish the official figures which will explode some of their false assertions. The Radical press make quite an ado over the fact that the public debt (according to Boutwell) has been reduced from March 1st, 1869, to April 1st, 1871, to the extent of \$215,765,765.663 74. Now, the only strange thing which occurs about these figures is, that the debt was not reduced to a much greater extent, when we learn from official statistics that between April 1st, 1869, and April 1st, 1871, there has been wrung from the hard earnings of the people of the United States by Grant's Administration, taxes to the enormous amount of \$928,000,977.00, so that Grant's account with the people would stand thus:

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like 'Paid on debt of people in 2 years', 'Paid for other purposes and stolen', and 'Grand total'.

There is nothing in these, their own figures, of which to boast? Again, it is claimed by them that as a consequence of the reduction of the public debt, there has been a saving to the people in annual interest to the amount of \$12,062,977.96. Now let us see about this. Last week we showed that according to Treasurer Spinner, there had been a fraudulent addition to the public debt to the amount of \$109,639,511.24, the annual interest on which would be \$6,577,539.56. Again, since Grant has been President, there has been kept lying idle in the Treasury a sum, the average of which, according to Boutwell's monthly budgets, amounts to \$132,500,000, the annual interest on which would be \$7,550,000.00. Again, by Radical legislation the people have become responsible for the principal and interest of the Pacific Railroad bonds, issued in the interest of a private corporation, the principal of which is \$61,618,822 and the annual interest of which is \$3,877,129.22. So that Grant's account with the people on this interest question would stand about as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes 'Interest paid on fraudulent debt', 'Interest lost by the people', and 'Interest paid on Pacific R. R. bonds'.

Again, a great ado is made by them in regard to the reduction of taxation. Congress just prior to the elections in 1868 and 1870, passed acts reducing somewhat in some particulars the onerous taxation inflicted upon our people, but this was done only for the purpose of influencing the elections which were to follow, and was done solely in the interest of certain sections and interests. For instance, according to the statistics of the Internal Revenue Bureau, the internal tax in the six New England States, in 1870, was less by \$16,322,892.41 than it was in 1866, while in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Wisconsin, California and Oregon, all combined, the reduction of internal taxation in 1870 over 1866 was only \$4,125,443.67, and while in the States of Florida, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, North Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia, the internal revenue tax was greater in 1870 than in 1866 by the sum of \$6,815,441.80; so that the actual reduction of internal revenue taxation in the States above mentioned, in 1870, over the year 1866, has only been \$13,632,591.28. Thus:

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes 'Total reduction East & West States', 'Increase in seven Southern States', and 'Total reduction in twenty-four States'.

This amount, \$13,632,591.28, if about equally reduced among the twenty-four States mentioned, would make a reduction to each State of \$568,028, and to the six New England States of \$3,408,168. REMARKABLE.—The telegraph has been very busy for the last three months in giving us daily accounts of the New York City funds, yet this loyal messenger of news keeps very silent regarding the stupendous frauds perpetrated by the Radicals at Washington and throughout the Union. When public opinion forces a mention of any Radical stealings, it is made as short as possible and one mention of the fact generally is all that is given. We don't see any necessity of being so partial in this matter. Let all the thieves be treated alike.

UNDERSTAND EACH OTHER.—The Springfield Republican replies to Butler's vituperation in an article in the same strain. He says, "It is a 'rawling demagogue and a branded liar.' These Radicals know where to touch each other on the raw."

1871, by the Radicals, over that of 1870, is as follows: Increased amount paid to Treasury, \$11,732,029; increased amount paid to monopolists, \$9,283,194. Total increased taxation paid in 1871, \$21,015,223. These figures (except the last supposed amount paid to monopolists) are from official statistics, and are well worthy of the calm consideration of the American people. The Radical party, so boastful of its economy and of its reduced expenditures and diminished rate of taxation, is demonstrated, by the figures of its own Departments, to be prodigal in its expenditures and to have really increased the burden of taxation imposed upon the people only that official rascals may fleech fortunes from their hard earnings.

The Sum of all the Financial Villainies.

The Springfield Register gives three columns of defalcations and thefts by the National Administration, and finally sums up a portion of them in the following record of thefts, defalcations, corruptions, robberies, public plunderers, etc. At this time it remains to foot up the aggregate amount of money stolen from the people during Grant's administration by dishonest officials. And here it is: 162,000,000 acres of public land stolen from the people and donated to corporations at its minimum price, \$1.25 per acre, \$205,000,000. Fraudulent sales of war materials, 250,000,000. One-quarter of four hundred million dollars stolen by tax gatherers and collectors, 100,000,000. Delinquencies of government collectors, 20,000,000. Loss by compromise with the thief, Speer, of Kansas, 147,000. Excess in the paymaster's account, 300,000. Estimated defalcations of pension agents, 1,000,000. Expenses of the White House over those of pure times and household affairs, 132,000. Robbery of the Golden Rule safe and money, 1,000,000. Olmstead's example and McCarty's illustration of it, 85,000. Expense of a useless syndicate, 1,200,000. Loss by Boutwell's little stamp and paper contract, 5,000,000. Defalcation of 34 Internal Revenue Bureau clerks, 3,103,000. Unaccounted for, 3,103,000. Defalcations of Illinois collectors, 50,577. Grand total, \$586,029,634.

A CHINAMAN SHOT.—On Tuesday evening last, U. S. Marshal Thos. G. Young, accompanied by a deputy, went into the office of the Wa Kee Company, Portland, for the purpose of taking a woman, for whom he had a warrant from the U. S. District Court. He had arrested the party, who was searching for, when she was torn from him by one of the Company, while at the same time a stalwart Celestial caught the deputy and plied his arms. Marshal Young, after warning the party interfering to desist, fired a pistol in the air. Finding this did not suffice, he leveled his pistol again and shot the Chinaman dead. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the Marshal only discharged his duty. This class of the population of Portland is becoming rather unruly and law defying of late, and a few such wholesome lessons will probably teach these sons of the Flowery Kingdom that we have laws in this country that even they must obey.

AT OREGON.—Most of the "Independent" papers of California, all of which supported the Radical ticket at the late election, are now exposing the corruption and rascality practiced by the Radicals to carry that State. They will not support the Radical candidates on account of this barefaced corruption, and hence, the Democracy will carry the State next month. Take the story as given by the "Independent" papers, such as the Sacramento Union and San Francisco Bulletin, which papers did more to secure the success of the Radical ticket than all the others combined, and it was the most corrupt election ever held on this coast, and a most humiliating disgrace to the Radicals instead of the victory, if anything can disgrace a scoundrel.

HOW IS IT DONE?—An exchange imperceptibly asks how it is that a man who goes into office poor, and receives only a salary of \$25,000, in a little over two years, purchases and pays for a "farm of eight hundred and sixty-nine acres of land, valued at \$300,000, including the blooded stock upon it?" Mr. Grant is the gentleman who has enjoyed the salary of \$25,000 for a little over two years, and Mr. Grant is the man who has purchased the farm and stock valued at \$300,000. Can he honestly have come by the money paid for the farm and stock? Here is a question for the Radical press to solve to the satisfaction of the tax-payers of the country.

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URGENT.—The Oregonian, which is generally very prompt in its attempts to apologize for Radical extravagance and stealings, found our figures last week too much for its digestion, and has failed to give its usual explanation of the causes. Official records are too much for it to get around. We give it another dose this week. Democrats will do well to keep these documents on hand. They are facts that cannot be contradicted.

UNDERSTAND EACH OTHER.—The Springfield Republican replies to Butler's vituperation in an article in the same strain. He says, "It is a 'rawling demagogue and a branded liar.' These Radicals know where to touch each other on the raw."

The Presidential Prospect.

The next electoral college will be composed of 316 votes—necessary for a choice, 158. The following from present appearances, would indicate the probable result:

Table with 2 columns: DEMOCRATIC and REPUBLICAN. Lists states and their electoral votes.

Eighteen States 155 Ten States 64. The following States may be placed as doubtful, as they have been vibrating between the two parties or are so closely contested that it is a matter of doubt as to which side they may be counted in the Presidential election, and are therefore put down as doubtful:

Table with 2 columns: State and Electoral Votes. Lists doubtful states like Arkansas, New Jersey, Ohio, etc.

It will be seen from the above tables, which we believe to be based on good authority, that the Democracy lack only three votes of the requisite majority. If there is no Federal interference, Arkansas and New Jersey, and probably Mississippi, will give their electoral vote to the Democracy, making 21, which gives the Democracy a clear majority of 18. Besides, we regard the prospects for the Democracy to carry California, Pennsylvania and Ohio by no means beyond their reach, and with proper candidates and platform, these States will give a Democratic majority, making 52 more votes, which, with those above mentioned, would give the Democracy a majority of 70. Now, suppose the Democracy lose Louisiana, 7; North Carolina, 9; Texas, 6—22; and they still have a majority of 58. Let every Democrat in the country take courage, and do his duty; let honest men be placed in nomination, on a sound platform, and the victory will be ours.

SPEECHIFYING.—Secretary Boutwell, the financial figure-head for the great stealing institution run by Grant and his relatives, at Washington, termed the National Government, has left Washington on a tour to make campaign speeches in Ohio, and we suppose to distribute a few thousands of dollars here and his crowd have stolen from the people to buy votes. It is a rather bad state of affairs, when our Federal officials are so low down as to travel over the country, making campaign speeches. The better days of the Republic are matters of history.

During the apostasy of Johnson, Democrats were temporarily in power. They used the power of the Government, then mainly in their hands, to defeat the election of Grant to the Presidency. If there was anything needed to prove the fact that the editor of the Statesman has become demoralized, the above extracted gives that evidence. The idea of the Democrats having received any assistance through Johnson's fight with his Radical friends, is so ridiculous an assertion that we are astonished to see it emanate even from Sam Clarke.

PUBLISHING COMPANY.—A Publishing Company, with Messrs. J. H. Lapps, B. Taylor, editor of the Herald, and Eugene Semple, one of the proprietors of the Herald, has been organized in Portland. The capital stock of the Company is \$20,000, divided into 400 shares of \$50 each. The stock, we understand, is nearly all taken, and the Company proposes to enter into a newspaper and general publishing business as soon as the organization is permanently effected.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.—We devote much of our space this week to a sermon, recently delivered in this city, by Rev. E. Gerry, on the subject of Woman's Rights, etc. It will be found on the first page of this issue, and is well worth careful perusal. He takes his standpoint of opposition to the Woman's Rights movement from the teachings of St. Paul, and uses many sound and logical arguments in defence of his position.

HOW IS IT DONE?—A San Francisco paper says that \$200,000 were sent by the Radicals thieves at Washington to San Francisco to aid in buying up Radical votes. The people of the United States have paid dearly for the Radical victory in California. It is estimated to have cost over one million dollars and all from the tax-payers. How long will the honest men in our country submit to these outrages?

STATE NEWS.

The Pickley Troupe is in Portland. The wells in Jacksonville are all going dry. Senator Corbett started East last Monday.

The Westside Railroad is rapidly progressing. Gold has been found in the streets of Albany. Salem is annoyed by a camp of riotous Indians. Susan B. Anthony went to Albany last Wednesday. More rich silver ore has been found on the Santiam. The insane Asylum at present contains 145 patients. A new wharf boat is being constructed at the Dalles. A pet porcupine is to be exhibited at the State Fair. Gen. J. H. Holman is again seriously ill in Portland.

There are three thousand Good Templars in Oregon. The total taxation assessment in Coos county is \$317,493. Yale Plummer is again tickling the risibles of Portlanders. There are twenty-six prisoners in the Multnomah county jail. A new office is to be built for the Oregon Bulletin in Portland. An infant son of E. A. Thatcher, of Salem, died last Sunday. Frederick Smith, a coal miner at Coos Bay, died a few days ago. A new Post Office is to be established at Mansfield, Coos county. Boats on the Upper Columbia now make four trips per week. Much valuable timber in Polk county is being destroyed by fire. Hon. E. N. Cooke and wife have returned from Yakima Bay.

Track is now laid on the Westside Railroad a distance of four miles. The exterior of the Masonic Temple, at Portland, is nearly completed. Salem postoffice has been made an International money order office. Wheat in Grand Ronde Valley is selling at 35 to 40 cents per bushel. Horace Stratton is to have charge of the railroad depot at Eugene City. Fifteen thousand bushels of wheat were received in Albany each day of last week. Many parties from the Sound country are seeking cattle and sheep in Oregon. A weekly United States mail is now in operation between Baker City and Koonser.

The Rogue River Mining Company have 100 Chinaman employed, taking out amalgam. Dr. A. M. Loryea of East Portland has been appointed Swiss Consul for Oregon. Lon McCarty and Miss Carrie Chapman are to play a brief engagement at Portland. Col. Taylor, of the Herald, has been drinking some "Ben Holladay" champagne. Every arrangement is being made to make the State Fair pleasant and agreeable to our district.

The manufacture of Gorham's Broad-cast Sowers is to be commenced in Salem. The Salem Statesman advertises to print original Oregon poetry at fifteen cents a line. Gold bearing quartz has been found in large quantities on Lewis River, near St. Helens. Work has been commenced on Ankeny's mammoth market and theatre building, Portland.

W. P. Owen has sold out at Salem and to the Dalles to engage in the nursery business. Hon. J. N. T. Miller has selected 60,000 acres of swamp lands in the Klamath Lake country. The new steamer A. Hayward, recently built by the O. S. N. Co., made a trial trip yesterday.

The Democrat says there were 160 wagons unloading wheat in Albany, one day last week. The Neptune Crew, of Portland, challenges any crew in the Eastern States for a rowing match. In many districts in Eastern Oregon mining operations have been suspended for want of water. The Red Men of Portland have presented Aleck Campbell with a Past Sachem regalia, worth \$75. The funeral of Lieut. Patrick Quinn, of the Emmer Guard, of Portland, took place last Monday.

The roads in Douglas county are complained of as being sadly out of repair, and absolutely dangerous. It is said Barney Traylor will soon establish a free ferry (by skiffs) from Portland to East Portland. Rich beach mines have been discovered twenty miles south of the famous Randolph mines, in Curry county. The Bookstore of Bancroft & Morse, Portland is lighted by gas manufactured in the building, from gasoline. The Eugene City office is authorized to draw money orders on Great Britain, under the recent Postal Treaty. Improvements on the Umpqua river are still progressing rapidly. They will be completed in a few weeks.

The East Portland Era complains of irregularities and delays in the running of Knott's Ferry, at that place. Fourteen thousand dollars' worth of musical instruments were sold in Portland within the past two months. Messrs. Holladay and Halsey are about to erect a large four-story hotel, in North Portland, near the railroad depot. The farmers of John Day Valley offer a subsidy of \$3,000 to any respectable party who will build a flouring mill there. A company has been formed at Columbia City to build a steamboat for the trade on the Columbia and Willamette rivers. The Oregon Iron Works have completed the boiler and fog whistle, ordered by the Government to be placed on Cape Flattery. Capt. Flinders, of Portland, has been appointed Inspector of Hulls, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Capt. Dierdorff. Portland is said to be full of "frauds" and "sharps," ready to fleece any unlucky wight whom chance may throw in their way.

A ball is to be given at Fort Klamath, on October 13th, "Complimentary to the ladies of Oregon," by the "Busy Bs." and "O. Ks." The East Portland Era complains of funeral corteges racing over the bridges of that town. The Oregonian thinks this a grave charge. Mr. Cutting, late of the Chemeketa Hotel, Salem, was quite severely injured by the upsetting of the stage, recently, near Boise City.

H. H. Gilfrey, Private Secretary of Governor Grover has gone to Roseburg, to resist and make out maps of the independent school lands. The Statesman says a man named Lerwell, of French Prairie, was fined forty dollars for beating his two sisters! Go after that jury, Sister Dunwavy. A considerable sum of money has been raised at Baker City to aid F. R. Twigg, the unfortunate contractor on the Baker Academy, which was destroyed by fire.

An association has been formed in Portland for the purpose of purchasing lots and erecting buildings for the use of the several Lodges of Good Templars in that city. Gen. John Eaton, Jr., U. S. Commissioner of Education, is visiting this State for the purpose of gathering educational statistics, to be furnished to the Bureau of Education. A son of Mr. Barr, of Camas Valley, says the Phindoley, was recently arrested for breaking into a gunshop, in Roseburg, and destroying property. He gave bail in the sum of \$250. The John L. Stephens, on her last trip to Portland, brought up 960 tons of freight—a very heavy cargo. She had no difficulty in distributing Portland, though the river is extremely low.

The Territories. Small-pox has disappeared from Walla Walla. Cattle are killing the sheep near Olympia. A Good Templar Lodge has been started at Tacoma. The official Republican majority for Congressman in Montana is 414. Mart V. Brown, of the Albany Democrat is "doing" Walla Walla Valley. George Coggin has disposed of his interest in the Olympia and Monticello mail route.

A great water ditch covering the extensive placer fields around Helena (Montana) is nearly completed. J. G. Swan, Esq., was admitted to the bar at the recent term of the U. S. District Court at Port Townsend. Certain citizens of Seattle have found a ledge of peculiar looking stone which contains a mineral supposed to be tin. On the 6th and 7th procs. a Fair will be held at Olympia. The opening address will be delivered by Hon. O. B. McFadden.

The Washington Territory Council has five Republicans and four Democrats; the House is twenty-two Republicans and fourteen Democrats. Lieut. George H. Belden, of the regular army, was killed on the 24 instant near Grand River, Dakota Territory, by a Sioux Indian. The other day a stick of timber eighty feet long and twenty-five inches square, free from knot, spot or blemish of any kind, was sawed at Seattle. Mr. Robert G. Stuart has filed his bond as receiver of public moneys for the Puget Sound district, and will take charge of his office on the first of next month. Dr. Eggers of Thurston county has been exhibiting some fine samples of tobacco grown in his garden at Olympia. The Doctor raises and chews his own tobacco.

The Salt Lake Tribune says that Brigham Young has arranged that his son, Brigham Young, Jr., shall succeed him in his office of prophet, priest and king of the Mormons. Some of the old Mormon leaders are said to be retiring under this arrangement. The amount of taxable property in Polk county is \$1,899,972; number of polls, 854. The Police Judge of Portland is now sending "boy rangers" to jail for twenty-four hours. Over twenty converts have been made to Methodism, at Portland, during the past week. I. R. Moores has gone to Roseburg to select the remainder of railroad lands for that district.

Suits have been commenced in Portland, against the O. S. N. Co., by certain stockholders. W. P. Owen has sold out at Salem and to the Dalles to engage in the nursery business. Hon. J. N. T. Miller has selected 60,000 acres of swamp lands in the Klamath Lake country. The new steamer A. Hayward, recently built by the O. S. N. Co., made a trial trip yesterday.

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Stealings—Still they Come.

The Iowa State Register in a three column article on Radical stealings, has the following among his long list:

PRUDENT SAGES OF WAR MATERIAL. The details of the secret sales of public property, furnish a page of our financial annals that has not yet been ventilated. It is difficult to reach the truth, but sufficient has transpired to fix upon these transactions a stigma of corruption, practices amounting almost to certainty. Immense stores of public property have been sold by the war and navy department for about \$1,000,000,000; a cost, in war bonds, over \$1,000,000,000; have been purchased by members of a ring and re-sold to the government at an enormous profit. It is not presumptuous to assume that the general corruption, parties in the ring acquired sudden and immense wealth by thus prey upon the public property.

THEFT FROM THE TAX PAYERS. The enormous amounts paid by the people unnecessarily, in the shape of taxes, may be ranged in the list of public robberies. Four hundred million dollars are extorted from the people annually, nearly one-half of which disappears from public view in the pockets of collectors and officials. In 1850, the custom house collectors, who received \$39,000,000, in 1860, only \$35,000,000; in 1870, \$194,000,000. This portion of the national finances is wrong mainly from the farmer, mechanic and laboring classes, for the protection of the excessive manufacturers and mercantile classes. In the last fiscal year over \$200,000,000 was added, to enable the Radical Administration to show a considerable reduction of the national debt. The policy of such enormous plunders is to impoverish the people by giving aid to Grant's administration and securing his re-nomination, is denounced by the ablest statisticians, and results in the bankruptcy of the men and the interests which need the services of a government, or, at least, a reduction, rather than increase, of the popular taxation.

A RIFE COLLECTOR THIEF. As a sample of the whole batch, one Spar, of Kansas, a collector, was short in his accounts \$158,000. He called to his counsils, a prominent Senator, who has advised \$300,000, in Congress. On the solicitation of the latter an investigation, already begun, was postponed, and after backing and filling, a compromise was effected for eleven thousand dollars, which has the people were robbed of \$147,000, which was doubtless divided amongst the Senator, Congressman and the Collector. This is only an average case. Justly of being on the ground of other conditions, it is believed, aggregate one hundred million.

When dishonesty has become an official fashion, there should be no surprise that lesser thieves are brought to the surface. THE LATEST THIEF. This newly fellow now holds nearly two hundred thousand dollars of the public money. On the pretense that, as war agent of the State, he is entitled to a commission on some ten thousand dollars additional, using it for four years, and refusing to account to his principal, the State of Pennsylvania. Such barefaced villainy has excited general astonishment and indignation. If the State authorities were not so corrupt as Evans, there might be hope that he would be compelled to disgorge. At present the chances are prodigiously against the people, and the nation, and the defalcation has been dispensed amongst State officials. Governor Geary has had his share. A brother of the Forney who edits two papers, "both dailies," has produced a statement of the charges against the defalcation has been dispensed amongst State officials. Governor Geary has had his share. A brother of the Forney who edits two papers, "both dailies," has produced a statement of the charges against him \$500,000, as Mr. Geary supposed, aiding Murphy in thwarting prosecution.

A large number of Post Office employees were discharged yesterday, as is alleged, for political reasons. Some of those discharged being Greenback Republicans. SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 24.—In the approaching Republican State Convention there will be a contest between Deans Grover, and possibly of 250 against 75. Mr. Moran, Sept. 24.—Judge Bremer has sentenced William Carroll and John R. Richmond, aged 14 and 15 years, respectively, to the State Prison for a term of 10 years and 20 months, and to carry out of the Philadelphia Penitentiary for two years and a half. The Judge delivered the sentence with great feeling, and the scene was very impressive. The boys received their sentence with apathy and coolness.

St. Louis, Sept. 24.—Ex-Gov. Robert M. Stewart, of the State, who resides at his residence in St. Joseph, on last Tuesday morning. NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The United States Commissioner of the Treasury, appointed to investigate the city debt and accounts, reported a statement of all stocks and bonds of the city, from which it appears that the city is indebted to the State for \$1,000,000, and to the hands of Chamberlain, \$19,422,333, leaving the net debt \$20,422,333. Mary Conway, (servant) and Haggarty, (Cook) of the County Court House, with his wife and Assistant Bales, were arrested to-day on the charge of stealing vouchers from the Controller's office. The witness (Mary Conway) testified that the Controller issued, in positive the Haggarty, of the Sunday of the robbery, brought a lot of papers out of the Controller's office and put them in the kitchen range, where they were burned. She also stated that a man, whom she did not know, carried away a case full of what appeared to be papers similar those burned by Haggarty; that she has disappeared and cannot be found.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 25.—The schooner Chas. H. Hurd foundered on Friday night. The crew, six in number, and the Captain's wife, were lost. The Captain drifted ashore Saturday afternoon, in an exhausted condition. NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The Tammany general convention met to-day evening. There was a full attendance. Tweed made a speech predicting vindication by the courts of all officials, and the election of Tammany candidates in November. Officials of last year were re-elected unanimously.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Eugene L. Jackson and James A. Polhemus, of 66 Exchange Street, were indicted to-day on a charge of conspiracy with defaulting Paymaster Hodge to defraud the United States. Bail was accepted. The accused declare that they are innocent. They were Hodge's legal agents. CALIFORNIA NEWS. Flour.—The market is quiet at the following rates for local brands: Superior, \$6 62 @ 6 87; extra, \$7 50 @ 7 75. Wheat.—The market is firm at \$2 60 @ 2 75 for good to strictly choice; the latter is an extreme figure paid only in small desirable lots. Oats.—The range of the market is \$1 85 @ 1 95.

The best way to get out of a difficulty is not to get into it. Keep well, and thus avoid the necessity of getting well. If you are troubled with dyspepsia, pain in the stomach, nervous prostration, or any other painful system, the trouble probably lies in the vitiated condition of the blood. Do not wait to confirm the disease, but break it up at once by using that infallible remedy, Dr. Walker's California Vegetable Compound. It has never yet failed in a single instance, unless where vitality has been too far gone. Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Restorer cures gray hair by causing it to return to its youthful color and vigor.