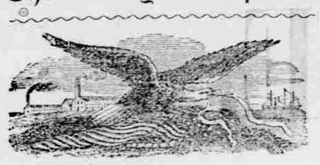
The Weekly Enterprise.



Oregon City, Oregon,

Friday : : : : Dec. 2, 1870.

The Next Presidential Candidate.

We notice some of our exchanges are discussing the probable chances of this or that man for the nomination at the hands of the Democracy in 1872. This may be proper enough, but our idea of the matter is, that papers have but little to do with it, and that it should be their aim to present the views held by all prominent men of the *party*, and leave the selection to the wisdom of the delegates who are to place in nomination the candidates for our support. We feel assured that the next National Convention will profit by the experience of the past, and select men as standard bearers of the Democracy in whom the people have confidence. The compromise dodge of giving one section the platform and another the man entirely adverse to the principles enunciated in the platform, will not be again resorted to. If the Convention should so far forget its duty to the country as to nominate a man not in complete unison and harmony with the principles of the party, another defeat awaits us. But if the party representatives will be true to the trust that is confided to them, a glorious victory will be achieved. No such men as Chase have any right to be even mentioned in connection with our standard bearers, and no matter what the platform might be with such a nominee, he would be defeated. The recent elections have given positive evidence that our defeat two years hence will be our own work. The people want men who can rally the strength of the party in every section of the Union, and not men who are calculated to catch a Radical vote in the New England States and lose thousands in others. It has been the practice for the past two Presidential elections to nominate candidates to please Radicals, and thus discourage and drive from the support of the party the active men in our ranks. It is a matter of humiliation to every Democrat in Oregon to remember that they were forced to support a man in 1864, who was placed in nomination contrary to the wishes of nine-tenths of the party throughout the Union, on a platform of principles, and no sooner had the nomination been made and the platform adopted, than this individual repudiated the doctrines set forth by the Convention. In 1868 the party was again obliged to support two men who had not the first element of popularity among the masses. They were not Democrats at heart, and one was the representative of the money element of the country, while the other was a live-long Abolitionist. With such men as our standard-bearers we can never be successful. It it is necessary to place Democrats in the field for Democrats to support, and when we can get a united support from our own party, and show that we are true to ourselves and principles, then we shall gain strength from the opposition, and a glorious victory will be gained. Had we gained the elections for the past six years, we should have had an empty and worthless triumph. The men nor their views were in harmony with the people, and they did not receive the cheerful support of the Democracy much less could they expect any strength from the opposition. We want representative men placed on our National ticket in 1872, whether they be from East or West, men who have been true to their party and principles, men who can rally every vote of the party, and with such, our victory will be easy and when gained, will be worth having. We want true and honest men selected to go the National Convention untrammeled and uncontrolled by factions or cliques, and with men who have the sympathy and principles of the masses at heart, we can be successful. With no others can or should success attend us. Men who have been in common fellowship with the Radical party until its corruption has insured its destruction, who have forsaken the rotten hulk for the purpose of position from their former enemies, can never receive the hearty support of the Democracy. Give us Democrats to support in the future and we can go into the campaign with every assurance of success. True and good men are in the party to select from, and we hope, that the choice may be a statesman of which the Democracy may feel proud. No man's man who has not been all the time in fellowship with the party should even be mentioned favorably by the Democratic press. One Republican is as good as another, and if the two tickets are composed of Abolitionists, it will make but little difference which will be successful.

CONCEDED.—The New York *Herald* which is generally posted in such matters, concedes that the Democracy will elect the next President. It figures from the late elections, and giving the Radicals Pennsylvania which will surely be carried by the Democrats, it still gives the Democracy a majority of the Electoral votes.

SMALL-POX.—From the Herald, we learn that Hon. A. H. Brown, State Senator from Baker county, has been taken down with the small-pox, at his home in Baker City. Prof. Grubbs and Mr. Rutledge have also been attacked with the disease.

The Result.

From late eastern exchanges we learn that Democratic victory at the late elections was most complete and much better than was reported by the loyal telegraph. We have carefully examined our exchanges, and from them we make the following as the complexion of the next House of Representatives, while we gain not less than five Senators, and probably seven.

	Dem.	Rad.
New York	15	16
Alabama	4	2
Arkansas	1	2
Delaware	1	..
Illinois	6	7
Kansas	..	1
Kentucky	9	..
Louisiana	..	5
Massachusetts	..	10
Michigan	1	5
Maryland	5	..
Missouri	5	4
Minnessota	..	2
Nevada	1	..
New Jersey	3	2
Rhode Island	..	2
Tennessee	8	..
Virginia	6	2
Wisconsin	2	4
South Carolina	..	4
North Carolina	5	2
Indiana	5	6
Iowa	..	6
Maine	..	5
Mississippi	..	5
Nebraska	..	1
Ohio	7	12
Oregon	1	..
Pennsylvania	11	13
Vermont	..	3
West Virginia	2	1
	98	122

There are yet to be elected 22 members, in the States of New Hampshire, 3; Connecticut, 4; Georgia, 7; Florida, 1; Texas, 4; California, 3. Of these the Radicals will probably get eight votes making their strength in the next Congress 130 and the Democrats 112, giving them a majority of 18. In these figures there is included on the Radical side all the "Independent" candidates or Revenue Reformers, who number about 12 or 15, giving a majority, if these act with the Democracy in electing the next Speaker, in opposition to the Administration. It is pretty evident that the next Congress will stand opposed to the President and his policy.

The Court House.

We have not quite finished this little job of the County Commissioners, and it will not be until we convince even that august body that they have perpetrated an outrage on the people of the county by their action. We have a little piece of information here which is furnished by Dr. Thessing, which the card of "explanation" from the Commissioners failed to mention. It is to the point, and gives another chain of evidence against them. If the Commissioners were aware, (and it is insinuated by parties that they were not, the County Clerk, Mr. J. M. Friser, probably never presented the letter mention to the board), they are more guilty of squandering the county's money than we at first charged, or had any idea. We were told in the commencement of this controversy that we had misrepresented the *facts* in the case, and we find that we were very unfortunately deceived in the matter, as the *facts* go to make up a more complete case than we had anticipated We were aware that the county could have procured a Court House for $400 per annum, but did not know that they could have had it at *their own price*. The facts we have already presented to our readers, show that the "clique" are squandering $200 per annum on the rent, and if a fair and just competition had been opened, we believe the county could have procured a Court House for even less than that sum. The following card will convince every one of this fact. It is very easy for men to deny facts, but to bring the evidence is another matter. We have made the charge of corruption in this matter, and so far, notwithstanding the able denial of the facts by the Commisioners, we have proved our former charges, and now only add the following to show how much more guilty they are than we had ever charged them with, and as the card is from a good Republican, it may be regarded as good evidence against the Court. Here is the card:

OREGON CITY, Nov. 26, 1870.

MR. EDITOR—SIR:—I wrote to J. M. Fraser, County Clerk, before they rented the present building, and gave him a proposition to rent my building for a Court room, but not getting any reply, I then wrote to him, J. M. Fraser, again, stating that I did not wish to be made a tool of, but did not want them to leave the building, and for them to take it at *their own price*. Yours truly.

J. H. THESSING.

DISORGANIZED.—The Eastern Radical papers, since the election, show positive signs of the disorganization of the Radical party. There is no limit of their abuse of each other, and from what the indications at present are, we can see no way for that party to hang together for the next two years. Corruption has done its work and the creature which procured its existence through fraud, deception and bloodshed, has finally become a stench in the nostrils of every honest man. A most ignoble death awaits it in 1872. Having had no principles in its commencement but plunder, the very first defeat disorganizes and disbands the hungry thieves who have only been adhering to the party for gain.

ARIZONA.—The following dispatch has been received relative to the Arizona election:

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 28.—The latest returns from Arizona give Bradley, Democratic candidate for Delegate to Congress, a majority over McCormick on the legal vote of the Territory. Over 800 fraudulent votes for McCormick have been discovered. Governor Safford, the Secretary of the Territory, the Surveyor General, and other officials, are implicated in the fraud.

The "Prevailing Disease."

We hear frequent complaints against the citizens of Salem in connection with the small-pox. It appears that the disease had been in that place for a number of months, and a steady effort was maintained by the people and physicians of that place to cover up the actual existence of the disease, and not until after it was pronounced such by physicians from other parts of the State, was the precaution taken which ought to have been, and by which a number of deaths and much sickness might have been averted. The fact of the matter is, that the people throughout the State justly feel indignant at the manner which this matter was covered up, and now, by this very secrecy and deception, the dreadful malady has become scattered through the entire State. In all parts of the State we hear of parties having been taken down with the disease who had been at Salem. Had the fact been known in time, precaution might have been taken, and the disease prevented from spreading through the various parts of the State. It is charged by many that this matter was kept private for the purpose of pecuniary gain to the people of Salem. If it had been known that such a disease existed in that place, many persons would not have visited either the State Fair or been about the Legislature, and that body might have taken the precaution and adjourned until such a time as it would have been prudent to come together. Whether these charges or just or not, we are not prepared to say. It looks, however, as though there is some ground for them. We do not believe that any person would so far forget his duty to his fellow-man as to wilfully expose him to this dreadful disease for the consideration of money, and are not inclined to censure the people of Salem, believing that they were innocently deceived in the matter by the physicians of that place, who ought to have known better. But the most ridiculous part of the matter is, the further denial of the existence of the malady in that place. The *Statesman* continues to term it the "unknown disease." Whether the people of Salem know by this time what the disease is or not, we cannot say, but the innocent sufferers, for the lack of knowledge of the physicians of that place, are satisfied what their afflictions are and have been, and that it is, nothing, more or less than the small-pox. While we are not desirous to censure the people of Salem, we cannot help sympatizing with those who have been taken down with disease from which they might have been spared had the truth been told in the start. Further deception in this matter becomes criminal, and we hope the truth may be told in all cases hereafter, and let the precaution be taken to check the disease and not to smother its existence.

Letter from Governor Haight.

We publish the following pointed and forcible letter of Governor Haight, of California, to Governor Grover, upon his late veto of the Portland subsidy bill:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXECUTIVE OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, Nov. 14, 1870.

His Excellency, Gov. L. F. Grover—DEAR SIR:—Yours of the 31st ult. came to hand a few days since, with the printed slip containing your veto message, for which please accept my thanks. I was much gratified to see your vindication of Constitutional limitation, and of sound principles of government.

In accordance with your request I enclose herewith a message of my own, and also two letters on the same subject. They indicate briefly the views which seem to me correct, as to the scope and nature of the taxing power, and as to the validity of such measures as the one from which you hold your assent.

The provisions in the Oregon Constitution, prohibiting in terms bonds of credit and donations of bonds by counties or cities to corporations, does not exist in the Constitution of this State. The objection here, as you will notice, rests upon the broad ground that money only can be raised by taxation for public purposes, and that donations to private railway corporations are not such a purpose.

The great struggle, at present seems to be, to determine whether our general and State governments shall be administered in the interest and for the benefit of a priviledged few, or whether they shall be administered, as they were designed to be, for the benefit of the whole people.

It is strange that any one, and still stranger that any Democrat, should advocate systems which, like protective tariffs and railway subsidies, interfere with national liberty, deny to citizens the unrestricted right to dispose of the fruits of their own industry, and levy contributions upon the tax paying and laboring community for the aggrandizement of incorporated capital. The mission of the Democratic party certainly is to rebuke and defeat this policy, and it seems to me our success has been much retarded by the tergiversation of those in our ranks, who are recreant to the doctrines and traditions of the party, and fail to comprehend its spirit.

I sincerely trust that in our National and State platforms this issue may be presented in its simplest and most intelligable form, stripped of side issues and dead issues.

The right of the individual citizen to dispose of the proceeds of his labor with the least possible interference by government, subject only to taxation for legitimate public expenditures; to buy wherever he can buy most favorably, and to regulate his subscriptions and donations to corporations according to his own judgment of what interests require, is the essence of our political creed. No compromise in reference to it is possible.

This assertion of individual liberty, by a natural and logical sequence, involves the advocacy of a local self-government, and opposition to centralized irresponsible power.

Your stand against this species of legalized extortion will encourage the friends of political reforms in other States, and entitles you to their thanks.

Very respectfully and truly, yours,
H. H. HAIGHT.

DEFEAT OF THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE.—Latest advices from the seat of war state that the Army of Loire was defeated on the 29th ult., with a loss of 17,000 prisoners and 4 guns.

STATE NEWS.

We learn from the Oregon *Republican* that a meeting had been held at Dallas, to take the necessary steps to prevent the spread of small pox. Dr. Sites, of that place, stated before the meeting that there were four cases of the disease in that town.

At our last term of the County Court, in the trial of a certain cause then pending, one Mr. Earnest, of Spring Valley, was a witness. He returned home and was taken down immediately with small-pox, and died in four days.

The same paper says that every house in that town is occupied.

The *Catholic Sentinel* says that we learn that an atrocious murder was committed at Astoria upon an old man by the name of Harrington. The murderers are two men belonging to Battery C of the Third Artillery, U. S. A., stationed at Fort Stevens. The men, it appears, were drunk when they committed this horrible deed. They were captured soon after and lodged in jail to await their trial

A young man named Geo. Bowman was drowned last Thursday below Portland. He was well known and much esteemed.

The *Bulletin* says that a horse was stolen from William G. Scroggin, on the Tualatin Plains. The following is a description of the animal: A bright sorrel, about fifteen hands three inches high, and weighs a trifle over a thousand pounds.

We were yesterday shown a specimen of coal from the newly discovered vein on the Santiam river. It has been tested by Burrows & Co. of the Salem Gas Works, and pronounced by them far superior to to that brought from Nanaimo.

We take the following from the Herald:

Mr John Blanchard brought to our office yesterday a cabbage stalk bearing seventeen heads, and weighing twenty-four pounds. This cabbage was raised from a last year's stalk by Mr. John Hays, of Stungtown, sixteen miles from this city. While plowing the ground this spring, he noticed that this stalk was alive, and so he replanted it, when it braught forth seventeen fold, something unusual in the cabbage line. The main head is quite a large one, full above the ordinary size, while the sixteen smaller ones are underneath, and vary in size from that of an early York cabbage downward. These heads are all perfect, sound and well formed, with the exception of two, which are squeezed out of shape by their more plethoric brothers. We believe that we are warranted in the assertion that this cabbage "beats the Dutch," and that Oregon outrivals the world in the cabbage line.

The notorious Wilson, who is so well known to the people of this city through his highway exploits last June, and for which he was sentenced to the penitentiary, was subpœnaed from his Salem mansion to appear as a witness against Hackney and Foster, who were his confederates in the robberies in which he was engaged during the summer months. He was up before Judge Upton yesterday, and directly charged the defendants with being, not only abettors, but also principals in his crimes.

A young lady, a Miss Brown, of East Portland, has been attacked with a malignant form of the smallpox, in East Portland. She attended the late Mr Elma in his illness, and it was supposed that she was invulnerable to any new efforts of the scourge, as she had had it before. This is the most violent form in which it has yet displayed itself.

We take the following items from the *Statesman*:

Mr. Jacob Comegys, an old resident of Yamhill county, has recently died in California. He came to Oregon in 1847.

There are nine cases of small-pox in two families on the Yamhill, fifteen miles below the Grand Ronde Agency.

Gov. Grover has appointed O. P. Mason, of Portland, J. C. Averill, of Brownsville, and J. J. Daly, Buena Vista, as Notaries Public.

In the Circuit Court for Marion, Judge Boise heard the arguments in the case of E. M. Wait vs. the State Treasurer, and adjourned to January 2nd, 1871, in consequence of small-pox.

A bear weighing 400 pounds was killed nine miles above Salem a few days ago.

The Eugene *Guard* says that it is rumored that the owners of the O. & C. stage line will restock the road from Salem to Portland, rather than pay Ben Holladay the exhorbitant rate demanded for carrying the mail between those points

Sanitary precautions against the small-pox have been adopted in Eugene City.

In the Circuit Court for Lane county, L. Marseille was found guilty of murder in the second degree. Sentence was to have been pronounced on Saturday. The injunction suit of Mary J. Heatherly against H. G. Hadley and H. C. Owen was continued. Mary F. Brown was granted a divorce from J. R. Brown. Divorces were also granted in the cases of Driscilla from A. Rader, and E. C. Goodwin from Nancy A. Goodwin.

The *Oregonian* says that it is stated that on Monday a man arrived down from Idaho in pursuit of Ohlsen, who attempted suicide Saturday night at the Washington Hotel. It seems that Ohlsen (if he be the right man) was not long since charged with the killing of his partner in Idaho and upon examination held to answer but admitted to bail. Pending the time of trial he decamped, and came down the Columbia. During Saturday evening it seems there was some talk among the other guests at the hotel, and in the hearing of Ohlsen, about a vigilance committee. It is probable that he became alarmed, believing himself to be in danger, and that he attempted suicide as the most certain means of escape from vigilantes. The man who came down in pursuit went over to the Asylum to see if Ohlsen was the right man. The result of this visit we have not learned. It was reported yesterday that Ohlsen was recovering, and that he was able to speak to Dr. Hawthorne, who has given him medical attention.

From the Scio *News*: We were informed this week, by Mr. W. F. Powell that Mr. Samuel Farmer, of Sweet Home Valley, being out on a hunt with one of his neighbors, accidently shot himself on last Friday morning, and lived but a few minutes after the accident. This neighbor leaving his dead companion, and dog, started to inform the neighbors, and was so excited on returning as not to recognize the route he had traveled to the settlement, and that up to noon the next day had not found the place where the dead man was left.

From the *Plaindealer*: The weather during the past week has been delightful, resembling more the beauty of spring than the cold and dreary November.

The health of the county is excellent, and we do not know of a single case of sickness within the limits of Roseburg.

We learn that the breadth of grain sown by the farmers this year will exceed that of any previous year. Everywhere preperations for putting in large crops are being made.

OFFICIAL ORGANS.—The *Statesman* gives the following as the list of official organs: We learn, at the State Department, that the following appointments have been made under the "Litigant Act" of papers to publish legal notices in the counties named: The Plaindealer for Douglas, Josephine, Coos and Curry counties; the ENTERPRISE for Clackamas county; the Guard for Lane county; the Herald for the counties of Multonomah, Washington, Clatsop and Columbia; the Mountain Democrat for Union and Umatilla counties; the Bed Rock Democrat for Baker county; The Mountaineer for Wasco county.

SOUND.—Hon. Henry O. Foster, who was recently elected to Congrss by the Democracy of Pennsylvania, in a speech at a serenade given him, made the following truthful remarks:

"This is a white man's victory alone. All the colored vote was cast against us. No negro ought to be asked for his vote. The Democratic party was opposed to the extension of the elective franchise to the negro, and it had no right to ask support from the negro. There was no necessity for it, and intelligent, reliable white men enough would rally to the aid of the Democratic party, and the country would be saved."

CONGRESS.—The short session of the Forty-first Congress commences next Monday. It is a matter of congratulation to the county that their time expires on the 4th of March.

MARRIED.

In this city, Nov. 24, 1870, by Rev. Mr. Geary, Mr James Fuller and Miss Laura Burns, both of this city. [No cards.]

The compliments of the happy couple were received. We congratulate them, and hope that their pathway through life's journey may ever be bright and pleasant.

HAVE YOU A COUGH, Cold, Pain in the Chest, or Bronchitis? In fact, have you the premonitory symptoms of the "insatiate archer," Consumption? Know that relief is at hand in *Wistar' Balsam of Wild Cherry*.

$1,000 reward is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all those diseases for which which it is recommended; among which are severe, acute or lingering Coughs, Consumption in its early stages Bronchitis, "Liver Complaint," or "Biliousness Constipation of the Bowels, Loss of Appetite, Scrofulous diseases, and Skin diseases, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Boils. It is sold by druggists.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,
Office, No. 64 Front Street,
PORTLAND, - - - OREGON.
REAL ESTATE DEALER.
Special Collector of Claims.

A large amount of CITY and EAST PORTLAND Property for Sale.
Also, IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in all parts of the State
Investments in REAL ESTATE and other PROPERTY made for correspondents.
CLAIMS of all descriptions promptly collected.
HOUSES and STORES leased.
All kinds of Financial and General Agency business transacted.
Parties having FARM PROPERTY for sale will please furnish descriptions of the same to the AGENTS OF THIS OFFICE, in each of the principal CITIES and TOWNS of this STATE.
July 23tf

The Great Pictoral Annual.

Hostetter's California Almanac for 1871, for distribution, *gratis*, throughout California, Oregon, and other States and Territories of the Pacific slope, will be published about the first of January, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter and the professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive CALANDER.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effects of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictoral illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the Annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful and *may be had for asking*. Send for copies to the nearest dealer in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. The BITTERS are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the entire civilized world.

SELECT SCHOOL.

MRS. L. MARTIN will open a Select School on Main street, opposite the residence of Dr. Barclay, on Monday, Nov. 28th, 1870, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the residents of Oregon City and vicinity.
Terms—$5 00 per quarter of thirteen weeks.
Oregon City, Nov. 17, 1870.

Oregon Lodge No. 3, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellow's Hall, Main street.
Members of the Order are invited to attend
By order. N. G.

Rebecca Degree Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F
Meet on the Second and Fourth *TUESDAY EVENINGS*, of each month, at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

The Five Dollar Sewing Machine purchased by me, January, 1866, from the Family Sewing Machine Company, 86 Nassau street, N. Y., has been in almost constant use ever since. It has not been out of order once. Has cost nothing for repairs, and I find it simple and reliable in operation, and always ready to sew. Those friends of mine who use them with the new improvements are very much pleased. The one I have I would not part with.
MRS. ANN W. CUTHBURT,
428 West 36th Street, New York.

The $12 Lever Watch, No. 13,580, purchased from Chas. P. Norton & Co, 86 Nassau street, N. Y., January 5th, has been carried by me over six months, with a total variation in time of only 26 seconds, without the slightest regulating, and presents the same brilliancy of color as when purchased.
JAMES R. WILON,
Sec. American S. M. Co., N. Y.
New York, July 30, 1870.

Willamette Lodge No. 15—I. O. O. F. Meets every Saturday evening, at the rooms S.E. corner of Main and Fifth streets, at 7 1-2 o'clock. Visiting members are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T.

New To-Day.

NEW GOODS
AT THE
Third Street Store,
For Fall Trade.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Ladies', Childrens' and Misses' double-sole, Kid, Calf and cloth Kid-foxed Balmorals. Boys' Kip and Calf Boots, Women and Children's pegged wear, Men's Boots, children and infant's shoes and slippers—all new and fresh.

DRY-GOODS, of every description: Flannels, Yarn, Berlin Wool, Zephyr, Cloth, Cloakings, Blankets, Water-proof cloth, Dress goods, Staple cotton, Buttons and Trimmings, all kinds of Machine and skein Sewing Silk, etc., etc.

UMBRELLAS—A large assortment of Gent's and Ladies' Silk, Alpacca and Gingham Umbrellas, and a good article of children's gingham school-umbrella.

CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS for Men and Boys' undershirts and drawers, in silk, merino and all wool; cot on and woolen socks, cassimere and flannel overshirts; the "STAR" Linen B Shirts—a full line for men and boys; paper collars, etc., etc.

Farmers will find our stock of GROCERIES, etc, suited to their wants, and having reduced our expenses materially, we are prepared to sell for very light profits.

JOHN WILSON,
Third Street, between Morrison and Yamhill, Portland.
Portland, Dec. 1, 1870:w4

The Aid Society of the
M. E. CHURCH
WILL HOLD A FAIR,
AT MYERS' HALL, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 20, 1870.

A genuine
NEW ENGLAND KITCHEN
Will be in full operation, where we can see how our "Pilgrim Fathers and Mothers" lived and loved and can enjoy their homely but appetizing fares of mush and milk, pumpkin pies, dough-nuts, etc, etc.

The original and justly celebrated "SIMPKINS FAMILY," will be in attandance and add much to the pleasure of the occasion by the irresistible wit and humor of their well-known performances. Mrs. Simpkins will be found especially amusing.

A grand octagon pavilion of the highest style of architecture will be graced by the most attractive attendants, who will serve ice cream and other delicacies.

Rebekah will draw for thirsty travelers from a well just discovered, whose waters have strangely turned to iced lemonade.

Excellent music, vocal and instrumental, furnished free during the evening.

A fine stereoscope with a large variety of beautiful views will be exhibited.

The sale tables will deserve especial attention. Ladies will find a large assortment of plain and fancy clothing for their own and children's wear, guaranteed *good and cheap*. Fancy articles, worsted work, etc., in abundance.

Gentlemen will find an elegant assortment of articles suited for Holiday Gifts, especially PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, entirely new and very rich.

The children will be delighted with the handsomest lot of toys and picture books ever seen in Oregon City, and just imported from the East.

A grab peep will be allowed at the fairies, a number of whom we have succeeded in capturing for the occasion.

Last, but not least,
"Christmas is Coming,"
And Santa Claus has promised us several beautiful Christmas Trees in full bloom.
COME AND SEE.
Admission, 25 cents.
By order of THE PRESIDENT.
Dec. 2:td

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISsued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Clackamas, and to me directed, in favor of E D. Kelly, plaintiff, and against B. Jennings, defendant, for the sum of two hundred and eighty seven and 93-100 dollars, now due, and with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 23d day of March, A. D. 1867, and the further sum of thirteen 62-100 dollars costs. And for want of personal property out of which to make the same, I have this 10th day of November, A. D. 1870, levied on the following described tract of land, in Notification No. 1,004, now on file in the Land Office in Oregon City, Oregon, and more particular described as follows, to-wit: Claim No. 38, being parts of sections 13 and 24, in T. 2, S R., 1 E, and claim number 40, being parts of sections 18 and 19, in T. 2, S. R., 2 E of the Willamette meridian, Oregon, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point 22 chains north of the south-east corner of said section 13; running thence N. 64° 15', E. 47 14-100 chains; thence S 43° 45', E 37 60-100 chains; thence S. 26° 4-100 chains; thence S. 65° W. 83 50-100 chains to the Willamette river; thence N.3° 15', W. 10 75-100 chains; thence N 20° 45', W. 14 50-100; thence N. 29°, W. 15 chains, and thence N. 64° 15', E. 20 8-100, to the place of beginning, containing 293 6-100 acres, according to the plat on file in the Land Office at Oregon City, and on Monday, the 26th day of December, A. D. 1870, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of said day, in front of the Court House door, in Oregon City, in said county, I will proceed to sell the same to the highest bidder, for U. S. gold coin, to satisfy said execution, costs and accruing costs.
ARTHUR WARNER,
Sheriff of Clackamas County.
Dated Nov. 10th, A. D., 1870.:w4

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISsued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas, in favor of Patrick Daly, plaintiff, and against Saul Wixon, defendant, for the sum of four hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($498-00), in U. S. gold coin, now due, and with interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from the 25th day of October, 1870, and the further sum of sixty-two 90-100 dollars ($62 90) costs. I have levied upon and on Monday, the 26th day of December, 1870, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the Court House door, in Oregon City, in said county, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for U. S. gold coin, to satisfy said execution, costs and accruing costs, all of the right title and interest of said Saul Wixon in and to the following described real property, situated in said Clackamas county, to-wit: The south-east quarter of section twenty-nine (29), east half of south-west quarter of section twenty-nine (29); east half of north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres, all in township five, south range, one east of the Willamette meridian.
ARTHUR WARNER.
Sheriff of Clacamas county.
Oregon City, November 25, 1870.w4

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN the Postoffice Dec. 1st, 1870.

Adams, Amelia,	Bell, M A,
Conner, D,	Forrester, Lydia A,
George, M C,	Goodwin, Wm,
Hildreth, Rec,	Jordon, J,
Mason, J T, 3	Nelson, Robert,
Pearson, D L,	Quill, Thomas,
Rowley, S,	Sumer, Al,
Still, I A,	Turnbull, Mr,
Turnbull, Thomas, 2,	Waggoner, John W,
Whimple, Geo,	Walker, Peter,
Whittelsey, E A,	McGill, Jeremiah,
McPerkins, Stanley.	

Registered letter for Thos. N. Fitzgerrald.
When called for, please say advertised.
J. M. BACON, P. M.

LAW OFFICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has opened an office at 93 Front street, in the city of Portland, Oregon. Chas. E. Warren, Esq., will be found in my office, at Oregon City, who will forward any communication to me, or give information in regard to business now in my hands.
S. HUELAT.
Oregon City, November 25, 1870:w2*

NOTICE.

THE PEOPLE'S
Transportation Company

WILL DISPATCH THEIR STEAMERS
FROM OREGON CITY
AS FOLLOWS:
FOR PORTLAND:
At 7 A. M., every day, except Sunday,
And 1 P. M. " "

Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday,
FOR
Salem, Albany and Corvallis,
AND ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY,
FOR
EDAWVILLE.
A. A. McCULLY, President.
Nov. 16, 1870.[40:tf

AGENTS WANTED
In all parts of the United States, to sell
L. V. DEFOREST & CO.'S
Aluminum Gold Jewelry!

AGENTS ARE MAKING $200 TO $300 per week selling the Aluminum Jewelry. The best imitation of gold ever introduced. It has the exact color, which it always retains, and stands the test of the strongest acids. No one can tell it from gold only by weight—the Aluminum Gold being about 1-10 lighter. L. V. DEFOREST & Co. are selling their goods for 1-10 the price gold jewelry is sold for, and on most liberal terms to agents—1-4 cash, balance in 30, 60 and 90 days. We send persons wishing to act as agents, a full and complete assortment of goods, consisting of Seals, Bracelets, Lockets, Ladies' and Gents' Chains, Pins, Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., for $100—$25 to be paid when the goods are received, the other $75 in 30, 60 and 90 days. Parties wishing to order goods and act as agents will address L. V. DEFOREST & CO., 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

$3 Watch! $3 Watch!
THE GREAT EUROPEAN
Eureka Aluminum Gold Watch Co
HAVE APPOINTED
L. V. DEFOREST & CO., Jewelers
40 and 42 Broadway, New York, Sole Agents for the U. S.

And have authorized them to sell their great EUREKA ALUMINUM GOLD WATCHES for three dollars, and to warrant each and every one to keep correct time for one year. This Watch we guarantee to be the best and cheapest time keeper that is now in use in any part of the globe. The works are in double cases, Ladies' and Gents' size, and are beautifully chased. The cases are made of the metal now so widely known in Europe as Aluminum Gold. It has the exact color of Gold, which *it always retains*; it will stand the test of the strongest acids; no one can tell it from Gold only by weight, the Aluminum Gold being 1-10 lighter. The works are made by machinery, same as the well-known American Watch. The Aluminum is a cheap metal, hence we can afford to sell the Watch for $3 and make a small profit. We pack the Watch safely in a small box and send it by mail to any part of the U. S. on receipt of $3.50; fifty cents for packing and postage. Address all orders to
L. V. DEFOREST & CO.,
Nov18:3m 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION AND order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, dated the 3d day of November, A. D. 1870, and to me directed, pursuant to a decree in favor of Charles Lewis and against Jacob Boehm and Mary Boehm, his wife, for the sum of fifteen hundred and eighty 70-100 dollars with interest in U. S. gold coin, and costs and disbursements, taxed at sixty-one 15-100 dollars, by virtue of a decree of foreclosure of mortgage on real estate, I have this 7th day of November, A. D. 1870, levied on the following described parcels of land, specified in said decree and order of sale as follows, to wit: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block twenty seven (27) in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon, as designated upon the official maps thereof, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, as the property of the said Jacob Boehm and Mary Boehm, his wife, defendants, and on Monday, the 12th day of December, A. D. 1870, at the hour of one o'clock, p. m., of said day, in front of the Court House door in Oregon City, in said county, I will proceed to sell the same to the highest bidder for U. S. gold coin, to satisfy said execution, costs and accruing costs.
ARTHUR WARNER,
Sheriff of Clackamas County.
Nov. 7th, A. D. 1870.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.
EVERY ONE HIS OWN DOCTOR.

A private instructor for married persons or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any address on receipt of fifty cents. Address DR. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce street above Fourth, Philadelphia. Nov4:6m.

COURTESY OF BANCROFT LIBRARY,
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA,