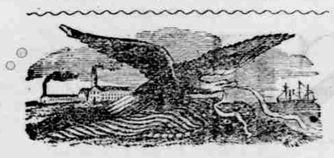
The Weekly Enterprise.



Oregon City, Oregon,

Friday : : : : Nov. 18, 1870.

Consolation in Adversity.

The *Oregonian* claims that the recent defeats and losses by the Republican party are due to the light vote cast. We have not seen the totals of any State, but in New York, where the Federal authorities interfered to prevent "illegal voting" or "repeating," as has been charged was heretofore done, it appears that the vote is fully as large as at the previous election, and that is after, as the *Oregonian* says: "It will be seen that by the enforcement of the Congressional election law the crowd of repeaters failed to get in twenty or thirty thousand ballots that were counted on." This shows that a very full vote must have been polled in New York, and we believe that every State was warmly contested. The Radicals knew that their party was on trial, and everything was done that could to gain an endorsement. The *Oregonian* might as well tell the people of Oregon that there was no effort made by the Radicals to carry this State last June, and that a very small vote was cast. It would be equally as true. There are twenty-six U. S. Senators to elect by the Legislatures which were and are to be elected this fall, and an assertion that the Radicals do not use every means in their power to retain this power in the Senate, is simply showing a man's propensities for misrepresenting facts. From what we can learn from our Eastern exchanges, there never was more interest felt in an election than there was in those which have taken place this year. The The Radicals were compelled to make a desperate fight to hold the lower House of Congress, and also to save themselves in the Senate. It was life and death with them, and in every State they used the same corrupt and dishonest means to gain the election as was done in Oregon. The *Oregonian* may console itself in the false idea that the vote was not full; but we predict that if the vote was not full in any State, it was from the Democratic side, where the members had but little hope of accomplishing anything, and consequently remained away from the polls; and two years hence the full strength of the men opposed to the ruinous and humiliating course of the administration will be rolled up against it, and the defeat at Waterloo will be insignificant to that which awaits the Radical party in 1872. The tottering and rotten hulk of Radicalism is sinking, and no amount of misrepresentation and falsehood will save the worn out structure. It has become a stench in the nostrils of all decent men, and in 1872 there will be none left to uphold it save those who, like the *Oregonian* editor, expect to receive an appointment or other consideration. It will only be composed of a faction of Federal office holders and thieves who hang to the spoils of office. The days of Radicalism are numbered, and no one sees the handwriting on the wall plainer than does the editor of the *Oregonian*. He tries to keep up an appearance to deceive his deluded followers.

WHAT WE EXPECTED.—The Radical press of this State, while it acknowledges a signal defeat in the late elections, consoles itself with, "that it was not as complete as the Democracy expected." We feel assured that no one could have expected any more. The triumph is most complete, and before another election takes place it will be so overwhelming that there will not be a Radical State in the Union outside of New England. The negro vote in Ohio and Pennsylvania is all that carried those States this time, and before the Presidential election comes off, a sufficient number of white men will be disgusted with the negro party to vote against the administration. The present gains are a good indication, and while we wished more, we have received all that we could have anticipated when all things are taken into consideration. An honest and fair nomination at the next National Democratic Convention is equal to an election.

LET IT BE REMEMBERED.—In the correspondence published last week from the County Commissioners, it will be remembered that they say that the present Court House (which costs the county $200 per annum more than the old one was offered for) was rented at the *October term*. Let it be remembered that Messrs. Myers and Ralston proposed to the Commissioners, at the *October term, before* any business was transacted, on Monday morning, in writing, to reduce the rent to $400 per annum. These are the statements of both parties, and we ask the tax-payers who are required to pay this $200 extra to remember this fact.

FOR GRANT.—The *Statesman* and Corvallis *Gazette* have proclaimed themselves in favor of the re-nomination of U. S. Grant for the next Presidency. For the benefit of an easy triumph of the Democracy, we hope he may be nominated. The recent elections, however, will have a tendency to shelve the failure. The Radicals will hardly dare to place him before the people. They will profit by the lesson taught them in the verdict of condemnation which the people have so universally rendered.

GONE TO WASHINGTON.—Hon. J. S. Smith left Portland for Washington last Monday, to be present at the assembling of Congress.

Election Returns.

It is somewhat remarkable that after the expiration of ten days we have been unable to learn anything definite in relation to the late elections. It is evident that the Democracy have made grand and important gains in all the States, and that the loyal telegraph has refused to give us the result. As far as we can learn, the Democracy have gained at least four Senators and about twenty eight Congressmen in the November elections, making an actual difference between the two parties of fifty-six votes in the next House. We are not disposed to claim too much, and are satisfied with what the following returns indicate, yet we would not be surprised if the final count will be more gratifying than this. The Democracy have reason to rejoice at this result, and there is nothing surer than an overwhelming victory in 1872. We shall probably have further returns by next week; in the meantime, the following is good enough to make every Democrat happy. Never was there such a complete revolution in politics, and the Radicals must see the handwriting of defeat on the wall. Let Democrats take courage and be of good cheer. The victory will surely be achieved in 1872 which shall drive from power the fanatical crew which has nearly destroyed our whole country.

Nevada has enrolled herself with the Democratic States of the Pacific—the first time since her admission into the Union.

These dispatches are to the Associated Press, and our readers can make due allowance:

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov 9.—Indications are that the Democrats have swept the State, involving a Republican loss of two Congressmen and a Senator, vice McDonald, whose term expires next spring. There was trouble in this city and in some other places on election day. Logan H. Roots, Republican, is beaten for Congress, in the First District, by J. M. Hanks. John Edwards, Democat, beats Boles, so far as heard from, in the Third District. In the Second District, where the contest was close, the Democrats claim the re-election of A. A. C. Rogers.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY (Ala)., Nov 9.—The Democrats are jubilant. They have made heavy gains in the negro belt, and they confidently claim the State, four Congressmen and a large majority of the lower House. The Senators all hold over. It is impossible to give figures. Dox, Dem., is elected to Congress.

ILLINOIS

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—General John Farnsworth is probably defeated in the Second District by a small majority. His majority at the last election was 14,000, the largest majority ever given any Congressman in the United States. His opponent now is Rev. J. E. Stoughton, editor of the *Temperance Advocate* in this city, though living in Aurora. He called the Convention that nominated him himself; the delegates were not more than a dozen, and self-appointed, and the result was wholly unexpected. The State will give not far from 30,000 Republican majority. It is reported that Ingersoll, Farnsworth and Merriman, in the Second, Fifth and Eight Districts, are defeated. Farwell's majority in this district is over 5,000.

KANSAS.

LEANENWORTH, Nov. 9.—Returns come in slowly, but the *Evening Times* claims the election of the entire Republican ticket by a somewhat reduced majority.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 9.—No returns. It is stated that 300 persons, who are supposed to be counting the votes of the city, receive $8 per day. The *Times* of to-day says the reason why the returns are not in is simply $7 a day and an interest in the issue, and adds that the official returns will be in about Christmas. As the ballot boxes are principally in charge of Republican officials, there is no fear of the delay reducing the majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The majority of the State Legislature are liberal Republicans. The prohibitionists will not be able to repeal the ale or lager beer order next term.

Three hundred and seven towns give Claflin, Rep., for Governor, 73,558; Adams, Dem., 46,148; Wendell Phillips, Labor Reform, 20,423; leaving only 28 towns yet to be heard from.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9.—Returns come in slowly, and Brown's majority is now estimated at 40,000.

The Constitutional Amendments abolishing the ironclad oath and oath of loyalty, and all restrictions upon voting and holding office, have been carried overwhelmingly.

NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK, Nov. 9.—Latest returns show the election of Forker, Dem., Congressman from Second District, by 370 majority. The Republicans elect three Congressmen in the State—a Republican gain of one. The Republicans have a majority of 11 in the Legislature on joint ballot thus insuring a Republican United States Senator, in place of the one they now have.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Complete returns from the city give Hall, for Mayor, 23,810 majority; Brennan, for Sheriff, 42,292; and Low, for County Clerk, 41,356.

The *Express* (Dem.) claims the election of fifteen Congressmen out of thirty-one voted for. Democratic gain, three.

New York and Brooklyn elect nine Democratic Congressmen. Horace Greeley is defeated by Cox, in the Sixth District, by over 1,000. Brooks' majority in the Eighth District is 5,577.

Kings county gives Hoffman over 10,000 majority, and elects the entire Democratic county ticket.

Later.—The Assembly is Democratic. Hoffman's majority in the city is 52,089.

Noon.—The Democrats now claim 17 Congressmen, a gain of five, their claims being based on having carried the 11th and 12th Districts, which are close and doubtful.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 9.—Returns come in slowly. Winchester, Dem., for Congress in the Fifth District, will have a majority of 4,000. His majority in 1868 was 13,000. The Democrats have elected their Congressman in the Seventh District. Thomas, Rep., Ninth District, is probably elected by a small majority. Finley, Rep., Eighth District, from present indications is elected by a few hundred majority. The Republicans have gained in every district except the Seventh, where the Democrats have gained several hundred votes.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 9.—John C. Brown, Dem., is elected by a very large majority, and the Legislature is Democratic. The Democrats elect five, possibly six, of the eight Representatives in Congress, all of whom are now Republicans. The returns are: First District, Roderick R. Butler, Rep., re-elected by a small majority; Second District, Horace Maynard, Rep., 1,000 majority; Third District, close between Stokes and Garrett; Fourth District John M. Bright, Dem.; Fifth District, Edward J. Gollady, Dem.; Sixth District, W. C. Whitthorne, Dem.; Seventh District, Robert P. Caldwell, Dem.; Eighth District, W. W. Vaughn, Dem., 5,000 majority.

The vote in Tennessee is very light—not two-thirds. Brown's (Dem.) majority for Govenor will be about 35,000.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 8.—The election passed off quietly. Total vote cast in the city, 39,043. Democratic majority, 8,961.

Second District—Archer, Dem., 4,926 majority.

Third District—Swan, Dem., 4,665 majority.

WISCONSIN.

First District (Milwaukee, six wards)—4,215 majority for Mitchell, Dem.

Sixth District (La Crosse)—201 majority for Rusk, Rep.

VIRGINIA.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 8.—Second Congressional District—J. H. Platt's (Rad.) majority over Bolling (Con.) in the city is 511. Everything passed off quietly. From all reports we can gather, Platt's majority will be upward of 2,000 in the District.

The following additional news is from the Sacramento *Union* of the 10th:

Tenessee elects a Governor, Legislature and five Democratic Congressmen. It is thought Butler, of the First District [Republican] is elected. He is now under indictment for forgery.

Missouri elects Brown as Govenor. The Democrats carry several Congressional Districts.

Kentucky is likely to elect one and possibly two Republican Congressmen.

Our late reports state that Alabama has gone Democratic, and elects three members out of six. The report needs confirmation.

In Nevada the probability is that the entire State Democratic ticket is elected. There is some doubt in regard to the Clerk of the Supreme Court; Helm, the Republican candidate, may be elected. Between Fitch and Kendall for Congress the vote is close. The probability is that Kendall is elected by a small majority.

Go Slow.

The Radical papers in this State seem to be terribly exercised in regard to the increase of the salary of certain officers by the last Legislature. We do not exactly know what the amount is that these salaries all sum up to, but it is not to exceed $5,000 per annum. As we have stated before, the Legislature appropriated for the expenses of the last two and the ensuing two years, about $392,000. The amount received in the Treasury for the past two years nearly equals the amount appropriated for four years' expenses. It will be observed by this, that the increase of these salaries will not affect anything, and if the affairs are honestly administered, after the debt which was left by the Republican party is paid off, and taking out $50,000 for building the Penitentiary, it will be ascertained two years hence that there is a balance in the State Treasury. The howl at present is before any one is hurt, and we would advise our Radical friends to "go slow," and wait until they have something to growl about. Paying legitimate salaries will never cause the expenses of the State to materially increase. The trouble has been in paying too small compensation for the labor required, and thus offer inducements to parties to pay themselves without regard to law. We predict that within the present administration of State affairs there will be a very noticeable change for the better, and that there will either be some money on hand to commence erecting public buildings, or the State taxes will be materially reduced. We are sure that the State will not be found in debt at the end of the next four years, and that is more than the Radicals can say it was when they turned it over to the Democracy. They took the State Government with over $40,000 cash in the Treasury, and left it fully that amount in debt, and have nothing to show for all the money they have received.

The *Oregonian*, in counseling Radical candidates defeated to contest for their seats, says:

We never were very clear as to how these things should be done till the Democratic majority in the Oregon Legislature showed us the way. Taking their rule for it, there is no question but Judge Wilson of this State ought to have the seat to which one Slater claims to be elected. He should go to Washington next winter and get it.

We always supposed the editor of the *Oregonian* to be obtuse and dull, but never supposed that he was so slow in learning. The idea of a Radical not knowing how members are ousted from their seats is indeed very refreshing, after he has had the example of the present Congress before him. No matter by what majorities the Democrats were elected to the present Congress, whenever a Radical appeared to contest the seat of the successful member, he was ousted and the Radical given the seat. It is amusing to hear a Radical editor say he didn't know how these things were done. Does not this astute Radical remember the action of his party in the Grant county contest four years ago? The idea of a Radical waiting to take a bad example from the Democracy is really a happy as well as an amusing thought.

SICK.—Hon. John Ostrander, from Linn county, has been taken down with the small-pox since his return home from the Legislature. The city authorities of Scio quarantined the town immediately to prevent the spreading of the epidemic. We are pleased to learn that Mr. O. was not considered in a dangerous condition at last accounts. This disease appears to have gone all over the valley.

Telegraphic Clippings.

Eastern News--Election Returns.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 11.—The reported vote from 54 counties in this State gives Brown a majority of 39,911, which indicates his majority in the whole State to be about 40,000. The Republicans claim returns from 95 counties, as follows: For the Legislature—House, Democrats, 67; Liberals, 16; Fusion, 15; Republicans, 20. Senate—Democrats, 7; Fusion, 7; Liberals, 1; Republicans, 2.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 11.—A special from Little Rock says Hanks' (Dem.) majority in the 1st district is 7,000. Snyder (Rep.) is doubtless elected in the 2d, and Edwards (Dem.) in the 3d district. The Democrats are confident of carrying the Legislature.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 11.—Returns from the State indicate Brown's majority to be 35,000, and it may reach 40,000.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 11.—The Republican majority in this State seems to be not less than 18,000. In the Senate there will probably be only one Democrat.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 11.—About five counties heard from give the Democrats 1,500 majority; the remaining fourteen counties will give 500 more Democratic majority. The Democrats elect 60 members of the Legislature, and will probably gain five more.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The latest figures make the Assembly 64 Republicans and 64 Democrats.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Election returns are still incomplete. It is believed the Republicans have the Legislature.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Senator Rice, of Arkansas, has sent the following to the Republican Congressional Committee:

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 12.—State Republican—both branches of the Legislature Republican—two members of Congress Republican, perhaps three.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7th.—Information has been received that Chief Justice Chase continues to improve in health and expects soon to resume his seat on the Bench.

There is a strange rumor here that Chief Justice Chase has determined to resign, and that Judge Cortter, of this District, will be offered the position. The reason for the resignation of Chase is not certainly known, but it is believed to be his continued ill health.

It is also said that Senator Drake, of Missouri, will be appointed Chief Justice of the Court of Claims, vice Judge Casey.

Col. Fisher, Commissioner of Patents, has resigned, and will retire from office on Thursday next. The position has been offered to Wm. Bethwine, and he has indicated his willingness to accept.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 8th.—Alex. Mitchell, Democrat, President of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, has been elected to Congress by a handsome majority.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 8.—Winchester, Democratic candidate for Congress, is elected by 1,500 majority.

Returns from twenty towns in the State show Republican gains, owing to the negro vote. The Democrats have carried seven Congressmen from the first seven districts. In the 8th and 9th the result is doubtful.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 8th.—Returns from the State show a general gain over the vote of 1868, but not sufficient to change the result. Porter, Democrat, for Governor, has probably 500 majority, and Biggs, for Congress, has nearly the same. The Republicans carry Newcastle county for the Legislature and on the State ticket.

In Michigan the Republican majority on the State ticket is as large as usual, but that party loses the 6th District, which is carried by Judge Sutherland, Democrat. The remaining districts give large Republican majorities.

Detroit City goes Democratic.

In the New Jersey election the Republicans carry both branches of the Legislature.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15th.—On Friday last the President directed Secretary Fish to send a cable dispatch to London peremptorily recalling Motley as Minister to England. Moran, Secretary of Legation, is to act as Charge d'Affaires until a new Minister is appointed. The President gives as a reason for immediate action the necessity for an instant decision on the fishery controversy with Canada, and other differences with the British Government, which he does not feel inclined to trust to the management of Motley.

EUROPEAN WAR NEWS.

TOURS, Nov. 12.—Over 1,700 Prussian prisoners, captured at Orleans, passed through the city to-day, on their way to the south of France. Great excitement prevailed, and it was with difficulty that riots were prevented. The prisoners were hooted at and insulted, but by the efforts of the greater part of the crowd violent excesses were prevented.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A special dispatch from Tours has the following details of the victory of D'Aureltis over Von Der Tann, not yet published: The engagement commenced both east and west of Orleans, on the 5th, and was continued until the evening of Thursday. During Thursday the French drove the Prussian from Orleans, inflicting a severe loss on them, and are now in occupation of the city. Gen. Von Der Tann, with the remnant of his army, is now retreating on the road leading from Orleans to Pitheviers, after vainly endeavoring to force his way through Chateau Neuf and Montargis, where he hoped to join the army of Prince Fredrick Charles. Gen. D' Aureltis has a force of 59,000 men on the north bank of the Loire, and 70,000 on the south bank. The destruction of the roads and bridges between Commercy and Orleans prevented the advance of the army under Prince Fredrick Charles. He had about 72,000 men, a great part of whom are probably north of Marlire. After having disposed of the remnant of Von Der Tann's army, D'Aureltis will march directly on Paris and assail the German lines between Versailles and St. German, while Trochu makes a sortie with 150,000 men to cut his way out and raise the siege. Communication between D'Aureltis and Trochu and the Goverment at Tours is constantly maintained by carrier pigeons.

A dispatch from Rouen yesterday says, a force of 50,000 Prussians, well supplied with cannon, entered Bonners that day but were driven out, with loss, by the Garde Mobile Franco Tireurs.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A special to the *World* from Tours to-day says the whole loss of Bavarians in the battle of the 9th and 10th was 3,140 men killed, wounded and prisoners. Von Der Tann's effective force on the morning of the 11th was estimated at 20,000. He was then at Toury, twenty-five miles north of Orleans, where he was joined by Gen. Whittich and Prince Fredrick Charles, who, with one division of infantry and one of cavalry, 12,000 men strong, marched from Chartres to his aid. On the evening of the 11th he was further reinforced by the Duke of Mecklenburg's corps, composed of 23,000 men. This gives the Germans at Toury a force of 50,000. Gen. D'Aureltis employed in all engagements up to the 9th and 10th a force of 74,000 men. To-day he has not brought the same force into action, but will bring up 100,000 strong, holding 50,000 in reserve. He intends to attack the Germans at Toury to-day or Sunday. The French army is elated at its victory, and anxious for an attack. The Goverment at Tours believes Prince Frederick Charles is advancing from Commercy, and will not be able to effect his junction with Von Der Tann before the 15th. The French have concentrated a large force at Bauvais and Gisors, their line extending as far as Les andelis, Lyons and La Forel. They are well provided with artillery. A battle will probably occur on the banks of the Epte, near Gournay, in Bray or Grisors.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The whole tide of popular feeling now in England is running strongly in favor of the French. The *Times*, feeling this influence, has changed its tone and urged Germany to make peace and withdraw from France, while she may do so with safety.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—*La Situation* to-day says Gambetta is engaged in an intrigue for the restoration of the Orleans dynasty. The scheme is for the Corps Legislatif to assemble at Tours, and compel by intimidation and pressure of circumstances, the ratification of all that has been done since the 4th of September, and show the inducement there is to do away with the Republic and accept the services of the Orleans Princes. A German princess is interested in the intrigue, although Bismark remains faithful to the idea of restoration of the empire. The presence of Theirs at Tours, and the continued conference between him and Gambetta, give additional color to this report.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Russian Minister here read to lord Granville a letter from Prince Gortschakoff, stating that Russia now demands a modification of the provisions signed in Paris on the 30th of March, 1865, of articles 11th and 13th in the treaty of Paris on the 27th of April, 1856. These provisions forbid the Russian fleet entering the Dardenells from the Black Sea, and limit the Russian fleet in the Black Sea to ten small steamers. They also prohibit Russia and Turkey from maintaining on the Black Sea coast any military or marine arsenal, and generally neutralize the Black Sea by interdiction from its waters of any vessels of war belonging to powers possessing its coast or any other. This declaration on the part of Russia being simultaneously made in London by the cabinets at Constantinople, Vienna and Berlin, is believed here to indicate Russia's redness to insist on the recognition of her claims by force.

Official journals at Constantinople say the Sublime Porte is now able to resist any attack; that it has 600,000 armed men and twelve armed frigates.

Advices from Versailles to day state that Moltke has ordered an additional force to be sent to Toury, to prevent another disaster.

An attack by the army of the Loire is expected.

Excitement in London to-night runs high in political circles respecting the designs of Russia. It is believed she has a secrete understanding with Prussia.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Among the subjects discussed at the last cabinet meeting was the Alabama question. The Government decided to instruct Thornton to ascertain, as far as possible, the disposition of the American Government as to reopening the question, and intimate the readiness of England to go over the whole discussion again.

Information from Spain intimate the growth of a formidable opposition to the election of Duke Aosta.

On Saturday a special courier arrived from St. Petersburg with dispatches to Earl Granville, said to be of a serious character. Dispatches were sent from the Foreign Office, last night, by special messengers, Vienna, Florence, Copenhagen and Constantinople Ministers left town yesterday, but will reassemble early in the week. The Russian fleet will be at the Dardenelles next week. Extraordinary activity exists in the army and navy departments. General European complications seem imminent.

TOURS, Nov. 14.—Advices from Lyons show that the Prussians are advancing in the east steadily. They are now at Dole. Garabaldi is now at Chagney; also a French General, with an effective force. It is supposed that the two armies will join and resist the further advance of the enemy.

The work of fortifying Lyons continues. The heights above the city are greatly strengthened. The National Guards are mainly employed on the work.

Dispatches from Lille announce that the Prussians are near Lafer. An engagement occurred on Saturday between the Gardes Mobile and the enemy near Evereux. The French were successful, driving the enemy with loss.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 14.—Gen. Von Der Tann, in his official report to headquarters here, announces that in the battle before Orleans, on the 9th, he lost 52 officers and 847 men killed and wounded. The French admit that their loss was 2,000.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 14.—The Belgian Government is negotiating with the authorities at Tours and Paris to prevent the inundation of marsh lands around Dunquerkes. The French military authorities had anticipated this step, as a means of defense against the Prussians; but Dunquerkes is so near the Belgian frontier that Belgium herself would be the greatest sufferer. It is thought that the negotiations will be successful.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A *Times* corrspondent, writing from Tours, says the moral effect of the victory near Orleans is incalculable. Reinforcements have gone forward to Generals d'Aureltis and De Palladines, who now have a large and effective army.

TOURS, Nov. 15.—It is rumored that a large body of Bavarians surrrendered near Artenay yesterday.

Prince Frederick Charles is now within five days' march of the army of the Loire.

Dispatches from Lyons announce that mutinous soldiers of the Garde Mobile have been tried and three of them executed.

The town of Auxonne, in the Department of Cote d'Or, has been nearly invested by the Prussians.

DOLE, Nov. 14th (via Tours, November 15th.—The Prussian force at Chevigney, about 4,800 strong, has been recalled to Gray, in the Department of Haute-Saone, owing to the recapture of the city of Dijon by the French. One hundred Prussians attacked the place yesterday, but were handsomely repulsed by the National Guards.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 14. (via Tours, Nov. 15).—Returns from the municipal elections give the Republicans 29,000 and the Communists 8,000. The city has been and is perfectly quiet.

A note from the French Government thanks the neutrals for their late intervention in behalf of peace, and says that "an acceptance of the harsh Prussian terms would have been virtually subscribing to our subjugation."

The London *Telegraph* says it is certain that Russia has 60 iron clad gunboats in the Black sea, ready for use.

TOURS, Nov. 15.—The resolve of the Russian Government to withdraw from the treaty of Paris creates a profound sensation here. It is said that the English Envoy has gone to Versailles to demand of King William his views in the matter.

The French camp between Artenay and Orleans is now strongly fortified and armed with cannon of long range. This will serve as a base for the army of the Loire.

LONDON, Nov 15th.—The *Times* has a special telegram this morning from Vienna, confirming the accounts already received of excitement in that city, growing out of the attitude of Russia. Prince Gortschakoff's tone causes much excitement. The question of an alliance between England, Austria, Italy and Turkey is discussed on all sides. The *Times*, in its editorial remarks on the subject, expresses disgust and indignation at the Russian circular.

In the best informed circles it is regarded that on the present pretensions of Russia a general European war is inevitable.

A rupture between England and Russia is looked upon as imminent. It is also believed that Prussia is in close alliance with Russia against the rest of Europe.

RECOVERED.—The friends of Hons. J. T. Hunter and J. Thompson, who were taken down with the small-pox while attending the Legislature, will be pleased to learn that both these gentlemen have recovered from this terrible disease. The former gentleman has gone home, but Mr. Thompson yet remains in Salem.

APPOINTED.—Mr. T. B. Odeneal, of Corvallis, has been appointed Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue for the counties of Benton, Polk, Linn and Yamhill. Ben. gets a chance at the public teat occasionally for his recreancy.

EUROPEAN NEWS.—We give much of our space this week to important European war news. The latest news indicates that a general war of all the European powers is certain.

REVENUE DIVISIONS.—Mr. Thos. Frazar, U. S. Revenue Assessor for the District of Oregon, furnishes us the following as the re-division of this Internal Revenue District, with the names of the Assistant Assessors, number of the divisions, address of the Assistant Assessors, etc.:

1. F. W. Folsom, Eugene City, Divisoin—Lane, Douglas, Josephine, Jackson, Coos and Curry counties.

2. T. B. Odeneal, Corvallis—Linn, Benton, Marion, Polk and Yamhill.

3. A. H. Morgan, Portland—Multonomah, Washington, Clatsop, Tillamook and Columbia.

4. B. P. Cardwell, Dalles—Wasco, Grant, Umatilla, Baker and Union.—*Oregonian*.

EASTERN OREGON ITEMS.—We learn that the emmigration into Eastern Oregon has been for the last few months quite large, and is still continuing. The great natural facilities for stock raising on an extensive scale has a tendency to bring hither large stock owners both from the Willamette valley and from the States beyond the Mountains. It is estimated that there has been sold from Wasco county and the county across the river from it in Washington Territory this season not less than 1,500 head of cattle for the different markets. The prices have been, and still are, quite favorable to stock growers, two-year olds buying from $30 to $37 per head.—*Herald*.

The *Red Rock Democrat* says that Beatty Fawcett, accused of killing a man in Baker county, has been set at liberty.

The Corvallis *Gazette* says that Dr. Graham, who has been attending the colored family afflicted with the small-pox, pronounces them out of danger.

Correspondence.

OREGON CITY, Nov. 15, 1870.

ED. ENTERPRISE:—I notice a short squib in the *Advocate* of the 12th inst., over the signature of James Dickson, M. D., of Portland, seemingly questioning the ability of other physicians to judge correctly of an epidemic, varioloid, now prevalent in Portland and other localities in this State. Though not disposed to pay much attention to such articles, as they are designed for other purposes than that of imparting instruction, I feel constrained to inquire of the Doctor if his patient may not be afflicted with itch, instead of small-pox, as he makes use of the terms Achine, Roseace and Lichen. Perhaps the Doctor may not be aware that these terms are usually applied to different forms of itch, as observed by intelligent physicians.

H. W. ROSS.

SELECT SCHOOL.

MRS. L. MARTIN will open a Select School on Main street, opposite the residence of Dr. Barclay, on Monday, Nov. 28th, 1870, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the residents of Oregon City and vicinity.

Terms—$5 00 per quarter of thirteen weeks.

Oregon City, Nov. 17, 1870.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—This medicine is "a combination and a form indeed" for healing and curing all the ills which afflict us in the shape of coughs, colds, and inflammation of the throat, lungs and chest.

BAD PRACTICE.—You might as well expect to relieve and cure an inflamed eye by dusting irritating powders into it, as to expect to subdue and cure Catarrh (which is an inflammation of the mucous membrane of the air passages in the head) by the use of irritating snuffs or strong, caustic solutions. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures Catarrh by its mild, soothing action, which subdues the inflammation and restores the natural secretion of the mucous follicles. The proprietor offers $500 for a case of Catarrh that he cannot cure. Sent by mail on receipt of sixty cents. Sold by druggists. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., 133 Seneca street, Buffalo, N. Y.

The $12 Lever Watch, No. 13,580, purchased from Chas. P. Norton & Co, 86 Nassau street, N. Y., January 5th, has been carried by me over six months, with a total variation in time of only 26 seconds, without the slightest regulating, and presents the same brilliancy of color as when purchased.

JAMES R. WILON,
Sec. American S. M. Co., N. Y.
New York, July 30, 1870.

Oregon Lodge No. 3, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellow's Hall, Main street.

Members of the Order are invited to attend
By order. N. G.

Rebecca Degree Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F

Meet on the Second and Fourth
TUESDAY EVENINGS,
of each month, at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Willamette Lodge No. 15—I. O. O. F

Meets every Saturday evening, at the rooms S.E. corner of Main and Fifth streets, at 7 1-2 o'clock. Visiting members are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T.

A Body and Mind disease.

Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are too intimately allied for the one to suffer without the other, so that dyspepsia and despondency are inseparable. It may be added, too, that irritation of the stomach is almost invariably accompanied by irritation of the temper.

The invigorating and tranquilizing operation of Hostter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild glow pervades the system, the chronic uneasiness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes the disease is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is not succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with superadded force, as is always the case when immodicated stimulants are given for the complaint. Each dose seems to impart a permanent accession of healthful invigoration. But this is not all. The aperient and anti-bilious properties of the preperation are scarcely secondary in importance to its tonic virtues. If there is an overflow of bile the secretion is soon brought within proper limits, and if the bileary organ is inert and torpid it is toned and regulated. The effect upon the discharging organs is equally salutary, and in cases of constipation the cathartic action is just sufficient to produce the desired result gradually and without pain. The Bitters also promote healthy evaporation from the surface which is particularly desirable at this season when sudden spells of raw, unpleasant weather are apt to check the natural perspiration and produce congestion of the liver, coughs, and colds. *The best safeguard against all diseases is bodily vigor*, and this is the great Vegetable Restorative essentially promotes.

The Five Dollar Sewing Machine purchased by me, January, 1866, from the Family Sewing Machine Company, 86 Nassau street, N. Y., has been in almost constant use ever since. It has not been out of order once. Has cost nothing for repairs, and I find it simple and reliable in operation, and always ready to sew. Those friends of mine who use them with the new improvements are very much pleased. The one I have I would not part with.

MRS. ANN W. CUTHBURT,
428 West 36th Street, New York.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.

EVERY ONE HIS OWN DOCTOR.

A private instructor for married persons or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any address on receipt of fifty cents. Address DR. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce street above Fourth, Philadelphia. Nov4:6m.

New To-Day.

NOTICE.

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At 7 A. M., every day, except Sunday.
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Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday,

FOR

Salem, Albany and Corvallis.

AND ON

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY,

FOR

BRAYTON.

—o—

A. A. McCULLY, President.
Nov. 16, 1870.[40.tf

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AGENTS ARE MAKING $200 TO $500 per week selling the Aluminum Jewelry. The best imitation of gold ever introduced. It has the exact color, which it always retains, and stands the test of the strongest acids. No one can tell it from gold only by weight—the Aluminum Gold being about 1-10 lighter. L. V. DEFOREST & Co. are selling their goods for 1-10 the price gold jewelry is sold for, and on most liberal terms to agents—1-4 cash, balance in 30, 60 and 90 days. We send persons wishing to act as agents, a full and complete assortment of goods, consisting of Seals, Bracelets, Lockets, Ladies' and Gents' Chains, Pins, Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., for $100—$25 to be paid when the goods are received, the other $75 in 30, 60 and 90 days. Parties wishing to order goods and act as agents will address L. V. DEFOREST & CO., 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

$3 Watch! $3 Watch!

THE GREAT EUROPEAN

Eureka Aluminum Gold Watch Co.

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L. V. DEFOREST & CO., Jewelers,

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And have authorized them to sell their great EUREKA ALUMINUM GOLD WATCHES for three dollars, and to warrant each and every one to keep correct time for one year. This Watch we guarantee to be the best and cheapest time keeper that is now in use in any part of the globe. The works are in double cases, Ladies' and Gents' size, and are beautifully chased. The cases are made of the metal now so widely known in Europe as Aluminum Gold. It has the exact color of Gold, which *it always retains*; it will stand the test of the strongest acids; no one can tell it from Gold only by weight, the Aluminum Gold being 1-10 lighter. The works are made by machinery, same as the well-known American Watch. The Aluminum is a cheap metal, hence we can afford to sell the Watch for $3 and make a small profit. We pack the Watch safely in a small box and send it by mail to any part of the U. S. on receipt of $3.50; fifty cents for packing and postage. Address all orders to

L. V. DEFOREST & CO.,
Nov18:3m 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

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