

The Weekly Enterprise.



Oregon City, Oregon,
D. M. MCKENNEY, Editor.
JOHN MYERS, FINANCIAL AGENT.

Saturday : : June 11, 1870.
Glorious Democratic Victory!

One of the most desperate political contests that has ever been fought in Oregon has resulted in the complete triumph of the Democratic party. We had not only to contend against the influence of pernicious principles against the Republican party as a party, which would have been an easy thing—but also the influence of the almighty dollar, which in the campaign just closed was the most powerful ally of this corrupt organization. The Republican party sinks into insignificance when compared with the Holladay organization—the hundreds of men and the thousands of dollars of Ben. Holladay swallowed up that meager concern. It was this railroad gambler, this unscrupulous adventurer, whose railroad is mortgaged for ten millions of dollars, who struck us the hardest blows—who sought to capture and hold in his control the rights and privileges of the people of Oregon, to legislate for them, to elect a Congressman and a U. S. Senator for them, in short, to do for them as would best subserve the interests of his railroad scheme. The Democrats of this State understand who has been their mortal enemy in this trial of strength—that Ben. Holladay staked his all upon the issue and has lost. Let him suffer the consequences. No quarter was asked on either side. The himself is the captive to-day of the party he sought to strike down. There is no condemnation too strong—no punishment too severe for him to suffer in atonement for the wrongs he has perpetrated. His money and his hired tools have disgraced the people of Multnomah, Clackamas and Yamhill counties; by all means let the punishment of this prisoner of state be commensurate with his acts. The people he has deceived, whose power he has defied in his outrageous assaults upon their dearest and most cherished right, would have him know that his money and his railroad may be glittering and desirable things, but they have no value in the great issue, however old yet ever new, of truth against error, of right against wrong. Ben. Holladay made a sad and serious mistake when he supposed that tools and knaves predominated among our population. The cultivators and refinements of possibly his high order of civilization, thank God, have not yet supported the foundations of the integrity and virtue of our people.

Jacob Bros.—These men done all in their power to prevent these in their employ from voting the Democratic ticket, and when they found that they could not control them, they coaxed them not to vote for Mr. Myers, claiming that he had done them a "great injury." The injury spoken of was this: When they introduced China labor in their factory, there was a meeting held in this city to take steps to protect the laboring white men, at which meeting Mr. M. was chairman, and did what was in his power to prevent the introduction of the rat eaters in the factory. This is the great "injury" Mr. M. did these men, and we are satisfied that every lover of the laboring white men will endorse him for his actions in the matter. We are, however, astonished at the few white men in the factory after Mr. M. had proved himself their friend, that they did not exercise their right of suffrage for fear of displeasing these Chinamen, or getting their discharge. No laboring man can expect to receive the aid of other people unless they stand by them when the hour of trial comes. These men who were thus forced to stay away from the polls will see the day when they will regret that they were not firm enough to walk up boldly and defy their employer. He has conquered them this time, and they will soon be subjugated so he can make slaves of them. As for the parties who have thus interfered with the rights of the men in their employ, they will receive the contempt and scorn of all honest citizens.

Outrages in Portland.
We learn from parties up from Portland that election day in that city was a most disgraceful affair. The polls were taken charge of by Ben. Holladay's bullies and legal voters were intimidated or pulled away from the polls. We learn that in one precinct there were at least two hundred voters prevented from exercising the right of suffrage through fear of being knocked down. In East Portland the same villainism was displayed, and the whole affair was a farce and outrage on the legal voters. Money is said to have been freely used, and voters and strikers openly bought. We believe there is a law abiding citizen of that city will make an example of some of the scoundrels who have been guilty of these outrages, and send them to the penitentiary, where they belong.

POPULAR.—A. C. Gibbs, as will be seen by the returns from this county, beat his opponent five votes, while the remainder of the State ticket received 66 majority. Gibbs is evidently popular in this county.

Result in the County.

The result of the election in this county goes to show that a majority of the real residents are Democrats. About ninety of Holladay's men were brought up to the polls and made to vote the Mongrel ticket. If the illegal votes were thrown out the county is Democratic by a majority of at least fifty. Two years ago the Democratic vote for Representatives was six hundred; it is now six hundred and sixty-five. With all the fraudulent votes the Mongrels have succeeded only by an average majority of fifty on Representative tickets. We have elected our candidate for Treasurer, which is a fortunate matter for the people. Mr. Myers, our candidate for Sheriff, came within twelve votes of beating his opponent. Under all the circumstances, the Democracy have done well. It was Ben. Holladay's hired voters that beat them. We feel sure that it is the wish of the Democrats of the county generally that the matter should be investigated by the Courts. They do not feel that it is right to quietly submit to this outrage. By all means let the Courts determine whether the elective franchise is with the people of this county or Ben. Holladay. It is susceptible of proof that the most flagrant and glaring frauds on the purity of elections was committed by the Holladay men in the interest of the Republican party. Money and coercion and the importation of votes have carried the county against the choice of a clear and fair majority of the bona fide voters, and there is no doubt but that another election fairly conducted will show that we are right in this assertion. The official returns will be found elsewhere.

Consolation.

The Oregonian of last Wednesday says that in two years from this time the Radicals will carry this State. In the face of the past, a paper that has until recently borne the reputation of ordinary truthfulness, holds out such absurd and unfounded expectations to its readers. The Radical party is as dead as dead can be—so far as the voice of Oregon is concerned. We will illustrate: In 1862, out of 9,000 votes cast in this State, the Radicals carried by nearly 3,000; in 1864, by a vote of about 14,000, they carried the State by 1,500; in 1866, out of a vote of near 20,000, they carried the State on our lowest man by 800, and the Democratic Governor, and we believe that if honesty had been practiced by the Radical officials; in the whole Democratic ticket was elected; in 1868, the Democracy made an honest fight, and the Radicals used no money and had no Ben. Holladay to help them, and the Democracy carried the State by near 1,200; in the same fall, the State went only about 200 against Grant. This year the Democracy will carry the State by about 600 against the most high-handed corruption and bribery that has ever been perpetrated by any party. Take off the 400 from the Radical side this year, and add 250 to the Democratic vote in Multnomah county, and you will see where the vote comes from that decreases our majority of 1868, which makes a difference of 650, which added to our present majority, would give us 1,250. In the first year spoken of, the Democracy had one member, Hon. James D. Fay, (who has been elected in Jackson county this election as State Senator) in the lower House; the Judiciary was Radical with one exception, and now we have a clear majority in the Legislature of at least six, and throwing out the illegal votes of this and Yamhill counties we have twelve, and the Supreme Bench will be occupied certainly by three Democrats, and very probably by four. Take for a criterion the past, and the success of the Radical party in this State, when it had the prestige of State and Federal patronage, and where will it be in four years? It will be impossible to find a man, unless he be a Federal office holder, who will acknowledge that he has ever been a Radical. Had there been no U. S. Senator to elect next fall, Oregon would have given two thousand majority at this election. The Oregonian knows the Radical party is dead in Oregon, and hence it assumed to be independent immediately after the late Radical Convention.

Credit to Whom it is Due.
Notwithstanding the apparent result in this county gives the Radicals a majority, the Democracy made a most heroic fight. They had to contend against the same element that our friends did in Portland, and while the Radicals carried the county for Grant by near 200, the State ticket only received an average of 63, and the Radicals polled over 90 railroad votes, showing that the Democracy carried the county by a handsome majority on the legal vote of the county. This glorious result may be attributed to the energy and labor of the Democrats throughout the county, and especially to such men as C. E. Deatie, A. Carmichael, H. Straight, John Myers, and the other candidates on the county ticket. They made an able and thorough canvass, and deserve great credit from the Democracy of this county.

TAKEN IN.—Tuesday's issue of the Oregonian had Clackamas county put down at 200 Radical majority. At 9 o'clock on Monday evening, it was well known in this city that the highest majority for the Radical ticket would not be more than 75. This little blunder caused the Radicals in Portland to bet their money on the State, and of course they lose it for placing reliance in the truthfulness of the Oregonian.

AS WE SUPPOSED.—Ben. Holladay, so we learn, has discharged some of his hands who had the manhood to vote their sentiments. This shows whether he used the laborers on that road to carry the election.

LET OUR CROW!



700 DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY!
The Legislature Democratic!
Democratic Supreme Court.

The Radicals Gloriously Defeated!
Williams a "Dead Duck."

Up to the hour of going to press (Friday noon) we have received but meagre returns. Enough is known, however, that we have achieved a most glorious and complete triumph. We have carried Jackson, Josephine, Douglas, Linn, Polk, Columbia, Wasco, Umatilla, Union, Baker and Grant counties. By fraud and corruption, the Radicals carried Clackamas, Multnomah, Benton and Yamhill. They also carry Marion, Clatsop, Washington, and probably Tillamook. Coos and Curry are not yet heard from, but judging from the result in Douglas, we predict that these counties will give the Democratic ticket a majority. As far as now ascertained, the Legislature will stand: Lower House—Democrats, 26; Radicals, 21; Senate—Democrats, 13; Radicals, 9, giving us a majority in both branches, and on joint ballot, 8. We elect two of the Supreme Judges, and the returns indicate that Doise is defeated, which will give us four against one, who holds over. Yamhill went Radical by 3 to 25, and it is charged that many illegal votes were cast by the Radicals, and on a contest the Democracy will obtain the offices to which the people have elected them. In Benton we elect John Burnett County Judge, and J. S. Palmer Sheriff; the remainder of the ticket is Radical. Judge A. J. Thayer, Democrat, is elected in the Second Judicial District over Kelsay. Polk did nobly, and while the Radicals had every hope of carrying that county, having had large importations and finally commenced exporting and paying men to leave, yet a majority of over 60 was obtained for the Democracy, and Ben. Hayden, who the Radicals desired to defeat above all others is elected to the next Legislature. There is reason for the Democracy to rejoice at this glorious result. It is a complete victory.

Clackamas County Returns—Official.

- For Congress.
Democrats. Rep. Williams.
J. H. Slater, 695 J. G. Wilson, 762
Governor.
L. F. Grover, 698 Joel Palmer, 756
Secretary of State.
S. F. Chadwick, 696 Jas. Elkins, 762
County Treasurer.
L. Fleschner, 692 M. Hirsch, 758
State Printer.
T. Patterson, 695 H. R. Kincaid, 761
Prosecuting Attorney.
R. E. Bybee, 694 A. C. Gibbs, 699
For Representatives.
C. E. Deatie, 665 Staukweather, 717
H. A. Straight, 663 J. T. Apperson, 712
A. Carmichael, 662 P. Paquet, 709
County Judges.
Robt. Canfield, 663 J. K. Wait, 713
Sheriff.
John Myers, 661 Arthur Warner, 692
County Commissioners.
J. T. McCarver, 661 J. M. Frazer, 715
R. N. Worsham, 673 R. Bradley, 715
J. H. Martin, 661 Henry Will, 702
County Clerks.
H. Saffarans, 692 F. Chapman, 702
Surgeon.
R. F. Canfield, 662 S. L. Campbell, 701
Assessor.
S. P. Gilliland, 671 C. C. Garrett, 701
School Superintendent.
J. Hodges, 662 E. Gerry, 709
W. H. Ross, 612 F. Barclay, 660

Election Returns—1870.

Table with columns for Counties, Dem., and Rep. Lists returns for Baker, Clackamas, Clatsop, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Grant, Jackson, Josephine, Lane, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Umatilla, Union, Washington, Wasco, Yamhill, and Democratic majority.

NOT THE MAN.—In our article last week, headed "History repeating," we had no intention to implicate Mr. Warren, Receiver at the Land Office in this city. We are always ready to make corrections when we commit an error, and in this case, we had no reference to the gentleman named but to a person who has access to the office, who also denies having written the threatening letters referred to. We shall probably ascertain who the author is, as "murder will out."

MARION COUNTY.—Nearly every vote that was challenged in this precinct developed the fact that the person came from Marion county. At the commencement of the campaign, this paper charged the Radicals with importing voters from that county, and the poll books will fully sustain the charge.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.—The Radical judges conducted the election in this county on the principles of the fifteenth amendment, and niggers and half-breed Indians were allowed to vote. Among the first votes cast in this precinct, was a buck nigger, who voted the straight Radical ticket. Some mischievous fellow, determined to test the force of the amendment, got a couple of half-breeds to offset the nigger, and they voted the Democratic ticket, much to the astonishment of one of the judges, who remarked to one that he "was a nice fellow to vote against the party which had given him the right of suffrage." But the burlesque was not complete until a full-blooded Clackamas Indian, a taxpayer, was brought up to vote. Carey Johnson, fearing that the Democrats would get more of this class of votes than the Radicals, and contrary and in violation of the amendment, rejected the Indian's vote. We are unable to see by what authority it was refused, as the election was conducted on the fifteenth amendment and regardless of State laws. We wish it distinctly understood that we are opposed to voting the inferior races, and the burlesque perpetrated last Monday shows plainly the degree of infamy to which the Radicals have brought the country, and what a large voting has degenerated. Let voters bear in mind that the Radical party is responsible for this state of affairs, and that the Democracy are in favor of repealing this infamous amendment.

REPUTATION.
By their own words the Radicals have compelled the people of other States to believe that the Democracy had a reputation platform, and the result of the election shows that the people are in favor of just such reputation as the Democratic State Convention adopted at Albany, as indicated by the returns, and that, against more money and corruption than any party had ever to contend against. How far Radical editors, do you now wish to carry this question of reputation? We await your answer. There is one thing that the honest voters of Oregon have repudiated, and that forever and ever, and it is the Radical party. It is to be hoped that it will never be resurrected.

DEFEATED.—We have never known when Democrats allowed themselves to be made cats paws by their opponents but what they met with a deserved defeat. This year, in the counties of Jackson and Union, the Radicals succeeded in getting enough soreheads to put in the field what was termed a "People's ticket," and in both they were defeated. We should think that men of sense would learn from experience that they can accomplish nothing in this way but create dissatisfaction for the benefit of their enemies.

THREATS.—We charged in our issue last week that the Radicals were using threats of a most dishonorable character in order to carry the election. Last Monday, as a man came up to the polls to vote, W. Carey Johnson, who has professions of morality and decency, in our presence, and while he was acting as a judge of the election, remarked, "you didn't take my advice and keep out of the penitentiary." We allow the reader to draw his own conclusions as to whether Mr. Johnson has not been engaged in the dirty and dishonorable occupation of intimidation.

A QUEER DECISION.—Judge Deady, of the U. S. District Court for Oregon, has rendered a queer decision, if not an absurd one. In deciding the case of Holmes et al. vs. Holmes, in equity. Suit to set aside deed and for assignment of dower. This decision, if there be any sense or legality in it would virtually annul the marriages of all those who have left this State and gone out to sea, or the adjoining Territories, and they are living illegitimately, and their children are illegitimate. This may be good law, but we regard it very poor sense.

THE COURT DECIDED THAT a marriage, in order to be lawful, must be contracted or celebrated according to the law of the land, which in this State requires before any person can be joined in marriage they shall produce a license from the County Clerk.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JAMES L. LORING, deceased. W. W. Chapman, Administrator of the said estate has this 7th day of June, 1870, filed his final account, asking final settlement of the same. The settlement thereof, if it is ordered by the Court that Tuesday, the 5th day of July, 1870, be set apart for hearing objections to said final account, and the settlement of the same with said administrator. By order of the Court, J. M. FRAZER, County Judge.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HENRIK H. JOHNSON, deceased. In the County Court of Clackamas county, State of Oregon, the administrator of said estate having filed his final account and the settlement thereof, it was ordered by the Court that Tuesday, the 5th day of July, 1870, be set apart for hearing objections to said final account, and the settlement of the same with said administrator. By order of said Court, J. M. FRAZER, County Clerk.

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ABOUT THE 1st of May last, one small gray mare, rather slim neck, work in harness; also, one dark bay mare, known as the John Wilson mare, heavy mane. Any information of the return of the animals will be liberally rewarded. J. S. BAKER, Oregon City, June 10, 1870.

LETTER FROM JUDGE SHATTUCK.
PORTLAND, June 7th, 1870.
EDITOR OF THE OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE:
Sir—My attention has been called to the following which appeared in your paper of the 3d inst.:

"We are reliably informed that Judge Shattuck, of Portland, has declared that he will not support the Radical ticket. His reason, as we learn, is, that the Radicals are determined to force negro and Chinese children in the public schools, and he declares that he will not send his children to such schools, and that this is creating a tax upon him and other citizens that will not receive any benefits from the school money—making a tax without representation."

Letter from Judge Shattuck.

"It has been my lot to suffer newspaper 'notices' of whatever sort to pass unnoted, and this, in your paper would have been no exception, had not the reason you assign for my reported action been so singular a character. I did declare, that I would not support a part of the Republican ticket in this county and I carried out my declaration by voting the entire Democratic legislative ticket; but my reasons for so doing had nothing whatever to do with negro and Chinese children in the public schools, and no man ever heard me assign any such reason. As to the Chinese, no one has proposed to introduce them into the public schools. As to the negroes their legal status has been irrevocably determined, and I may add determined in accordance with my views of right and expediency. Being made a citizen and invested with the right to vote, the negro must stand on an equal footing before the law with other citizens and voters. Unless you repeal the organic law of the United States and modify the statutes of our own State, the negro children must go to school where other children are educated with the public money. Your information that I declared I would not send my children to schools where negroes are admitted was wholly untrue, I never made any such declaration. Since you have attempted to assign a reason for my action, that I never thought of, I may be allowed to state one which I did think of, a principal reason for voting as I did, and one entirely satisfactory to myself, is based upon considerations of the future policy of our State concerning internal improvements. Here lies a vital issue of the time. The bogheart of reputation has no real existence. The validity of the public debt is an adjudicated question, settled and determined by the XIVth amendment, and I have not the least fear of the party in the country who so recklessly contemplate repudiation. But how best to preserve the financial health of our State; how best to dispose of the resources of public lands and public monies so as to be just to all sections of the State and promote that healthy competition in public enterprises which conduces most to the public welfare; how to invite foreign capital, and not create monopolies are the vital issues of State policy at this time. These questions, which due deference to the majority, I am firmly of the opinion that the Republican party have chosen the wrong side, and that the final success of the dominant faction will result at least, in huriculing rather than in blessing the people. Yours, E. D. SHATTUCK.

RETIRED.—Mr. Eugene Semple, editor of the World, announces in last Thursday's issue that he proposes to take a recess for a time, and Mr. S. Simpson will take the chair editorial. Mr. Simpson has been on the editorial staff of that paper for the past two months, is an able writer, and will make the World a lively paper. The next residents of this city go East on the next steamer. They would not go until after the election. The above is taken from a correspondent to the Salem Statesman from this city. Had he said some of Ben. Holladay's strikers, who have been in his employ for the past two months, and are to receive their pay by a passage, he would have told the whole truth.

BOHN.
At the residence of J. C. Davidson, near Oswego, April 9th, to the Wife of H. Gans, a daughter.

DIED.
In Clackamas county, Oregon, June 7, 1870, Nancy Foster, in her 70th year of age.

NEW TO-DAY.
Notice of Final Settlement.
IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE State of Oregon for the county of Clackamas: In the matter of the estate of James L. Loring, deceased.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.
In the matter of the estate of Henrick H. Johnson, deceased. In the County Court of Clackamas county, State of Oregon, the administrator of said estate having filed his final account and the settlement thereof, it was ordered by the Court that Tuesday, the 5th day of July, 1870, be set apart for hearing objections to said final account, and the settlement of the same with said administrator. By order of said Court, J. M. FRAZER, County Clerk.

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Strayed.
FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ABOUT THE 1st of May last, one small gray mare, rather slim neck, work in harness; also, one dark bay mare, known as the John Wilson mare, heavy mane. Any information of the return of the animals will be liberally rewarded. J. S. BAKER, Oregon City, June 10, 1870.

REDEMINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.
416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco.

Redington's Essence Jamaica Ginger.
Which is confidently recommended as the best preparation now before the public.

Redington's Flavoring Extracts.
ARE THE PERFECTLY PURE AND highly concentrated Extracts from Fresh Fruits, prepared with the greatest care.

Redington's M. & P.
Would you use the FEVER AND AGUE, and preserve health and vigor during the sickly season, make occasional use of the following:

REDEMINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.

Stop that Coughing!
Some of you can't, and we pity you. You have tried every remedy but the ONE that will cure you, and you are still suffering. It is not surprising you should be reluctant to try something else, as the many experiments you have made of trashy compounds listed on the public as a certain cure, but

Newell's Pulmonary Syrup
is really the VERY BEST remedy ever compounded for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Asthma, Whooping Coughs, Bronchitis and Consumption.

Newell's Pulmonary Syrup
and with one accord give it their unqualified approbation. We now address ourselves to all who are unacquainted with this, the greatest panacea of the age, for the healing of all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, assuring you that

Newell's Pulmonary Syrup
has cured thousands, and it will cure YOU, if you try it. This invaluable, pleasant to the taste; soothing, healing and strengthening in its effects; entirely free from all poisonous or deleterious drugs and perfectly harmless under all circumstances.

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If you are ATTACKED with Chills and Bilious Fever, or have been a victim to such disease, and used other so-called remedies without permanent relief, seek at once the safest and surest

Redington's Family Medicine.
Will cure in their infancy, three-fourths of all diseases incidental to a small child, they have no equal.

Redington's The Battle for Life.
Which is continually going on between health and disease, has never received from any medicine such marked and unmistakable assistance, on the side of health, as it has from

Redington's Newell's Pulmonary Syrup.
416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco.

Tax Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT PLACED in my hands for the purpose of collecting delinquent taxes, due to Clackamas county, and to me directed, I will, on the second day of July, A. D. 1870, expose for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for U. S. gold coin to be paid, the following tracts or parcels of land, or so much thereof as is sufficient to pay the taxes due thereon for the year 1869, together with costs, to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day and continue from day to day until sold. Sale to take place in front of the Court House door, in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon:

Table with columns: NAMES, Block, Lot, Section, Township, Range, Value of land, Value of all property, Total. Lists various land parcels and owners.

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Final Settlement.
In the matter of the estate of James McLaughlin, deceased. In the County Court of Clackamas county, State of Oregon, the administrator of the estate of James McLaughlin, deceased, has rendered for settlement, and filed in said Court, his final account of his Administration of the estate of said deceased; and that

Joseph Wickham.
INFORMATION WANTED OF JOSEPH Wickham, supposed to be in Oregon. Any information regarding his whereabouts will be thankfully received by

THE BEST NEW YORK SILK HATS!!
A Large Assortment of COOL SUMMER HATS!

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