

The Dalles Chronicle.



VOL. VIII

THE DALLES, OREGON, MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1895

NO 53

"Where can I buy Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes to my best advantage?"

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SOCIETIES.

WASCO LODGE, NO. 15, A. F. & A. M.—Meets first and third Monday of each month at 7 P. M.

DALLES ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER NO. 6.—Meets in Masonic Hall the third Wednesday of each month at 7 P. M.

WASCO TRIBE, NO. 16, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday at 7:30 P. M. in K. of P. Hall. Sojourning brothers are cordially invited to attend.

MODERN WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.—Mt. Hood Camp No. 59, Meets Tuesday evening of each week in Fraternity Hall, at 7:30 p. m.

COLUMBIA LODGE, NO. 5, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock, in K. of P. hall, corner Second and Court streets. Sojourning brothers are cordially invited.

FRIENDSHIP LODGE, NO. 9, K. of P.—Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, in K. of P. hall, corner Second and Court streets. Sojourning members are cordially invited.

ASSEMBLY NO. 4577, K. OF L.—Meets in K. of P. hall the second and fourth Wednesday of each month at 7:30 p. m.

WERN LODGE, DEGREE OF HONOR, NO. 22.—Meets in Fraternity Hall, Second street, every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

THE DALLES LODGE NO. 2, I. O. G. T.—Regular weekly meetings, Friday at 8 P. M., in K. of P. Hall.

TEMPLE LODGE NO. 3, A. O. U. W.—Meets in Fraternity Hall, over Kellers, on Second street, Thursday evenings at 7:30.

JAS. NERBETH POST, No. 32, G. A. R.—Meets every Saturday at 7:30 P. M., in the K. of P. Hall.

OF L. E.—Meets every Sunday afternoon in the K. of P. Hall.

GEORGE VERRIN—Meets every Sunday evening in the K. of P. Hall.

OF L. F. DIVISION, No. 157—Meets in K. of P. Hall the first and third Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 P. M.

COLUMBIA CHAPTER, U. D. O. E. S.—Meets in Masonic hall on the second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month. Visitors cordially invited.

PROFESSIONAL.

H. H. RIDDELL—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—Office Court Street, The Dalles, Oregon.

DUFUR & MENEVEE—ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW—Rooms 42 and 43, over Post Office Building, Entrance on Washington Street The Dalles, Oregon.

J. B. CONDON. J. W. CONDON.

CONDON & CONDON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW—Office on Court street, opposite the old court house, The Dalles, Or.

HUNTINGTON & WILSON—ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW—Offices, French's block over First National Bank Dalles, Oregon.

W. H. WILSON—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—Rooms French & Co.'s bank building, Second street, The Dalles, Oregon.

J. SUTHERLAND, M. D., C. M.; F. T. M. C. M. C. F. and S. O., Physician and Surgeon. Rooms 3 and 4, Chapman block. Residence Mrs. Thornbury's, west end of Second street.

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UNTIL THREE O'CLOCK

At That Hour the Senate Took a Recess.

NAVAL BILL UNFINISHED BUSINESS

Diplomatic, Indian, Sundry Civil Bill and General Deficiency Appropriation Bills Still in Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The near approach of the close of congress manifested itself today in crowded senate galleries, eager claimants about the corridors, and bustle and confusion of important measures hurriedly passed. The senate worked industriously throughout the day, and, although the naval appropriation bill invited flights of oratory on our new navy, the demands of time reduced this to a minimum and made rapid progress possible. It was kept steadily before the senate throughout the day, and again at the night session, with a determination not to lay it aside until it passed. There were constant interruptions, however, as conference committees reported their progress in reconciling differences on pending bills between the senate and house. Early in the day the agricultural and the fortifications bills were finally agreed to and made ready for the president's signature.

At the outset of the debate on the naval bill an effort was made to defeat the plan of reduction was made by the appropriation committee, by which the house bill was cut about \$2,600,000 and the number of battle ships reduced from three to two. After a sharp debate, in which the need of a strong navy was discussed, the committee was sustained. The speech of Hill was notable in urging that the United States had won her greatest achievements without a navy, and urged both diplomacy and reason instead of cannon balls and force. Gorman took occasion during the day to state that if the wholesale appropriations stood as already made, the total for this session would exceed that of any session since the government was formed.

When the senate met there was a rush of private bills, for this was the last chance of many eager claimants. Call presented the following telegram from Dr. Mereno, at Tampa, Fla:

"Two American citizens, Sanguil and Aguirre, have been incarcerated in Havana. Enter a protest and have the case investigated at once."

Call asked the committee on foreign relations to promptly communicate with the state department, with a view to American intervention.

Final action was taken confirming the conference agreement upon the agricultural and the fortifications appropriation bills.

Gorman, in charge of the naval appropriation bill, cut off the rush of private bills by urging the need of speedy consideration of this, the last of the great appropriation bills. His plan prevailed, and the naval bill was taken up. As proposed by the committee, the number of extra seamen enlisted by the secretary of the navy in times of emergency was reduced from 20,000 to 10,000. Senator Lodge earnestly opposed the reduction. Lodge and Aldrich paid a high tribute to the present secretary of the navy (Mr. Herbert). Gorman said this naval bill was one of the most extraordinary measures that had ever come to the senate from the house. The navy department had estimated its total expenses for the year at \$30,952,000. The house had increased this to \$31,686,000, including three battleships, so that it was the most exceptional bill ever sent here. Hale said there was no purpose to cripple the navy, and the reductions had been the result of wise economy. Hunton urged the building up of our navy. He hoped the senate would increase the number of

vessels, and the seamen as provided by the house. Morgan spoke of a strong American navy, saying:

"We cannot have a great commerce with the world, unless we take care of it with a navy worthy of the name."

Hill spoke of a carefully-prepared manuscript, of the needs of an American navy. He differed, he said, from the distinguished naval authority, Mahan, that no nation could become great without a great sea-going navy. Platt said the respect of the world increased or decreased according to the naval strength of the nation. It was this that gave Great Britain her prestige, and was now bringing Japan raidily to the front as a great power. Chandler urged that the most practical means of permanently building up the navy was judicious economy on the lesser items. Gorman gave, in detail, the number of new ships to be floated in the near future, and said the most ample provision had been made for them. With great earnestness, he added:

"But it is time for the senators to consider the vast sum they have appropriated within recent days. Senators should know that if these sums remain in the bill this congress will be the most expensive that ever assembled since the adoption of the constitution. You will have appropriated \$520,000,000—a greater sum than was ever before appropriated. You have done it in the face of a depleted treasury."

Lodge declared the objection was not to economy, but to making the navy the only field for this economy.

The committee amendment reducing the number of emergency seamen to 10,000, was then adopted, 31 to 25.

Chandler moved to appropriate \$300,000 for the guns of the steamers Paris, New York, and other auxiliary cruisers, Blackburn urged that there was no need of more guns, and Gorman said the Pacific condition of affairs made it certain that there would be no possible use of these private ships for years.

The partial report on the Indian appropriation bill was presented and confirmed and the items of disagreement sent back to conference. Squire spoke against the committee amendment reducing the appropriation for the Puget sound naval station from \$275,000 to \$200,000. The item was pending when, at 5:45, the senate held a brief executive session, and then took a recess until 8 o'clock.

The senate resumed work at 8 p. m., and the following bills were passed:

To amend the act for the relief of certain volunteer and regular soldier of the late war and the war with Mexico; to amend the act incorporating the American university; to amend the act as to lapses of judgments and decrees of United States courts.

When consideration of the naval bill was resumed, Squire resumed his speech on the Puget sound naval station, and after speaking an hour Gorman consented that the item be placed at \$260,000.

Pettigrew yielded for the presentation of the conference agreement on the District of Columbia bill, which was confirmed. The conference report of the legislative, executive and judicial bill was also confirmed. Then Lodge made a spirited reply to Pettigrew. He had a large map hung, geographically showing by various colors the British naval stations in the Atlantic and Pacific. By various lines, he showed the comparative naval strength of the United States and Great Britain. There was great interest in this, and the galleries broke into loud hand-clapping when Lodge dramatically said:

"Let the United States once plant its flag on Hawaiian soil, and no nation on the face of the earth will ever haul it down."

The demonstration in the galleries lasted so long that the presiding officer threatened to clear the galleries.

Morgan read extracts from a message of President Cleveland in 1886, in which he said the importance of telegraphic communication between the Hawaiian



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islands and the United States should not be overlooked. Referring to this, Morgan said that meant that congress was to pass a law to accomplish this purpose. If the government had the constitutional power to spend government money making a survey for the cable, why could it not lay a cable? He questioned whether any citizen of Hawaii might be induced to "wear the toga which some men in the senate disgraced."

Blackburn's motion to recede was defeated, 27 to 32, and the bill was sent back to conference. In announcing the pairs on the Hawaiian cable, Blackburn stated that Sherman had told him would vote to recede, but he did not believe that either house coerced the other.

Symptoms of kidney troubles should be promptly attended to; they are nature's warnings that something is wrong. Many persons die victims of kidney diseases who could have been saved had they taken proper precautions. The prompt use of Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver & Kidney Balm has saved thousands of valuable lives. If you have any derangement of the kidneys try it. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Snipes & Kinerly, druggists.

A Boycott Declared in St. Louis.

St. Louis, March 2.—The carpenters' district council has declared a boycott on the product of the Union Stock Yards Company, and its action has been indorsed by the trades and labor unions of St. Louis. It is claimed by the carpenters that the union stock yards are working the men 10 hours a day for about one-half the union scale.

Exposure to rough weather; dampness, extreme cold, etc., is apt to bring on an attack of rheumatism or neuralgia; chapped hands and face, cracked lips and violent itching of the skin also owe their origin to cold weather. Dr. McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment should be kept on hand at all times for immediate application when troubles of this nature appear. It is a sovereign remedy. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle.

Gunst Ahe-3.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—In a suit brought by Stewart Menzies to oust M. A. Gunst as police commissioner, Judge Sanderson rendered a decision in favor of the defendant. The court upheld that the governor can fill a vacancy, but that he cannot create such a vacancy.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by Blakeley & Houghton Druggists.

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