

FACE AND FIGURE



show it, if you're a healthy woman. They'll have a beauty of their own, no matter what your features. Perfect health, with its clear skin, rosy cheeks, and bright eyes, is enough to make any woman attractive.

To get perfect health, use faithfully Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. That regulates and promotes all the proper functions of womanhood, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health, flesh and strength.

For periodical pains, prolapsus and other displacements, bearing-down sensations, and "female complaints" generally, it is so effective that it can be guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back. Is anything that isn't sold in this way likely to be "just as good."

For every case of Catarrh which they cannot cure, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy agree to pay \$500 in cash. You're cured by its mild, soothing, cleansing, and healing properties, or you're paid.

OPTICAL ILLUSIONS.

You May Have Plenty of Fun on the Train by Their Means.

As the train proceeds rapidly over the level desert my eyes "fix"—i. e. gaze steadily at—a clump of sage bush which is probably two miles distant. The bush seems to move slowly with the train, while objects between it and my eyes have an apparent motion in the opposite direction. Of these latter the near ones fly past with great rapidity, but the apparent velocity of those farther removed diminishes until, just before the point of fixation is reached, objects come to an apparent standstill. Beyond the point fixed by my eyes objects move in the same direction as the train, their velocity apparently greater the farther away they lie.

Suddenly I shift my gaze, writes Dr. Wood in the Popular Science Monthly, from the sage bush to a large boulder which is sailing slowly past, probably one thousand yards from the train. Everything is changed at once. The boulder's retrograde progress is arrested; near objects fly by with accelerated speed; the sage bush clump forges ahead as if to make up for lost time, while the plain beyond it, indistinct in the distance, races ahead of every object in view. And so I while away a full half hour, making one conspicuous object after another stand still, go ahead, or sail past at will—all upon the surface of this apparently boundless plain—trying to realize, meantime, that things are not as the moving panorama before me indicates. For, relatively to the train, all objects are passed at an equal rate, the near as well as the distant those seen by direct as well as those seen by indirect vision. But, in looking from my car window, I am made the subject of optical illusions common in a journey of this sort.

BANANAS ARE USEFUL.

They Grow Spontaneously and Contain All the Essentials of a Healthy Life.

Wild varieties of banana have been found in Ceylon, Cochinchina and the Philippines. These, of course, have seeds, but they are inferior to the long, cultivated varieties. The banana is cultivated by suckers, and it is in this way that the plant is perpetuated indefinitely.

The banana belongs to the lily family, and is a developed, tropical lily, from which, by ages of cultivation, the seeds have been eliminated, while the fruit, for which it has been cultivated, has greatly expanded. In relation to the bearing qualities of this fruit, Humboldt, who early saw the wonders of the plant, said that the ground that would grow ninety-nine pounds of potatoes would grow thirty-three pounds of wheat, but that the same ground would grow four thousand pounds of bananas.

The banana possesses all the essentials to the sustenance of life. Of wheat alone, or potatoes alone, this cannot be said. When taken as a steady diet the banana is cooked—baked dry in the green state, pulped and boiled in water as a soup or cut in slices and fried.

The leaves of the banana, often six feet long and two feet wide, are tender, according to the Youth's Companion, and the strong winds of the tropics soon tear them in strips, thereby adding to their grace and beauty. The banana is a fruit that is eaten and bird, as well as man, are fond of, and the owner, when he lives in a sparsely-settled country, must protect his plantation by a fence of some thorny plant.

Dr. S. F. Scott, Blue Ridge, Harrison Co., Mo., says: "For whooping cough Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is excellent." By using it freely the disease is deprived of all dangerous consequences. There is no danger in giving the Remedy to babies, as it contains nothing injurious. 50 cent bottles for sale by Blakeley & Houghton, druggists.

For Colic and Grubs

In my mules and horses, I give Simmons Liver Regulator. I have not lost one I gave it to. E. T. TAYLOR, Agt. for Grangers of Ga.

SOME ODD IMPORTS.

Articles That Are Dutiable in Various Parts of the World.

Taxes Imposed Upon Persons Who Follow Certain Callings—Sweden's High Tax Upon Commercial Travelers from Abroad.

In times past it was deemed warrantable to tax salt, candles, leather, brick, soap, starch, paper, and in 1652, even bread and meat. Later the Great of Russia levied a tax on beards, with the laudable object of making his subjects wash their faces and shave. Brass tokens are still to be bought in that country bearing the words: "Borodo pignaiia tiagola," which means "The beard tax has been paid." F. G. C. Lundy gives particulars in Temple Bar of the British hat tax of 1784, requiring hatters to take out licenses and imposing an ad valorem stamp duty on every hat sold. In old times, too, the Scotch sacramental certificates used to bear a six-penny stamp; a tax on religious almanacs, glass, stone bottles and advertisements were among the fiscal duties of the past. There was also a tax on "the light of Heaven" in the shape of an impost on windows until far into the present century. This odious and unsanitary burden caused architects and builders to erect houses with as few windows as possible, and to escape the tax the windows of many houses were blocked up. Some of these dark and dismal abodes are still in existence in England. The Russian government a few years ago decided to tax kerosene oil and matches—virtually a tax on light. In some parts of China a tax is imposed on all women entering the bonds of matrimony. Travelers to those parts are obliged to take a wife, and when they leave the ladies take fresh husbands, to the benefit of the revenue. In Serbia vanity is taxed in the shape of ladies' bustles. In Melbourne Christmas cards are taxed one-fifth per cent. It has been stated that in Weimar the authorities levied a duty on musical parties.

Quite lately an annual tax of ten francs has been imposed on pianos in France. Music has paid tribute to taxation in other ways. A musical troupe recently crossing the frontier of Saxony carried with them a crown of laurels awarded them at a triumphal performance. The custom house officers taxed the laurels as spices. Marseilles, the composer, it is related, was also charged duty on a crown of laurels on the German frontier. In his case the wreath of fame was deemed to be woven of "medicinal plants." In Montreal organ grinders pay a license of twenty dollars and are only allowed to play at stated times. In Vienna they are also licensed and regulated as to hours. In France a certificate of character, a distinctive badge and limitation of hours is insisted upon. Advertisements in the form of posters and placards are required to bear a tax stamp in France, which is distinctly a tax on trade and publicity. In Italy, where the people complain that the taxes are exorbitant, the voluntary tax paid by the poorer classes in the form of lottery amounts in a year to over three million pounds sterling. At Laterza the Italians recently broke out in open revolt against the municipality, which had increased the hearth tax, and took the civic buildings by assault, wounding the syndic, but they do not agitate against the lottery tax. In "Old Madrid" last year there was terrible and fatal rioting among the men and women who hawk vegetables, fruit and other articles in the streets and markets owing to the imposition of a tax on Spanish hawkers.

In 1889 M. Dunajewski, the Austrian minister of finance, who was described as "the nimblest politician in the world for inventing new taxes," decided to tax the totalisateurs or betting agencies. Totalisateurs are established on all German and Austrian race courses. The system is to divide all the money invested on the losing horses among those who backed the winner, after deducting eight per cent. commission for the agency. There is no cheating or winking possible in the plan. A ten per cent. duty on winnings was decreed. In France the parimutual, a similar system of betting, is taxed seven per cent., five per cent. of which is devoted to the relief of the poor. Bookmakers are also taxed. There is also a municipal tax of ten per cent. deducted from the receipts of theatrical and public entertainments, which is also assigned for the benefit of the unfortunate. This revenue is principally distributed in the shape of grants to public charities and hospitals, thus making pleasure come to the rescue of poverty and the relief of pain. In Sweden commercial travelers visiting that country have to pay one hundred kroner (about twenty-five dollars) for every month or part thereof they may remain for the privilege of transacting their business.

"Many of the citizens of Rainsville, Indiana, are never without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house," says Jacob Brown, the leading merchant of the place. This remedy has proven of so much value for colds, croup and whooping cough in children that few mothers who know its worth are willing to be without it. For sale by Blakeley & Houghton druggists.

There is nothing but danger in the intimacy of a married heart with an unmarried one, unless there be other relationships which justify it.

Keep your eye on this proposition We will give free to every new cash subscriber to the WEEKLY CHRONICLE a year's subscription to the great New York Weekly Tribune. This offer will be open until the first of July. Don't forget it—You get THE CHRONICLE for one year for \$1.50 and the Tribune as a premium. Old subscribers can have both papers by paying up arrears and renewing subscription at \$1.75.

New York Weekly Tribune

—AND—

Dalles Weekly Chronicle

One Year,

ONLY \$1.75

THE DALLES

Wasco County, Oregon,

The Gate City of the Inland Empire is situated at the head of navigation on the Middle Columbia, and is a thriving, prosperous city.

ITS TERRITORY.

It is the supply city for an extensive and rich agricultural and grazing country, its trade reaching as far south as Summer Lake, a distance of over two hundred miles.

The Largest Wool Market.

The rich grazing country along the eastern slope of the Cascades furnishes pasture for thousands of sheep, the wool from which finds market here.

The Dalles is the largest original wool shipping point in America, about 5,000,000 pounds being shipped last year.

ITS PRODUCTS.

The salmon fisheries are the finest on the Columbia, yielding this year a revenue of thousands of dollars, which will be more than doubled in the near future.

The products of the beautiful Klickitat valley find market here, and the country south and east has this year filled the warehouses, and all available storage places to overflowing with their products.

ITS WEALTH.

It is the richest city of its size on the coast and its money is scattered over and is being used to develop more farming country than is tributary to any other city in Eastern Oregon.

Its situation is unsurpassed. Its climate delightful. Its possibilities incalculable. Its resources unlimited. And on these other stones she stands.

J. F. FORD, Evangelist.

Of Des Moines, Iowa, writes under date of March 23, 1893:

S. B. MED. MFG. CO., Dufur, Oregon.

Gentlemen: On arriving home last week, I found all well and anxiously awaiting. Our little girl, eight and one-half years old, who had wasted away to 38 pounds, is now well, strong and vigorous, and well fleshed up. S. B. Cough Cure has done its work well. Both of the children like it. Your S. B. Cough Cure has cured and kept away all hoarseness from me. So give it to every one, with greetings for all. Wishing you prosperity, we are Yours, Mr. & Mrs. J. F. Ford.

If you wish to feel fresh and cheerful, and ready for the Spring's work, cleanse your system with the Headache and Liver Cure, by taking two or three doses each week. Sold under a positive guarantee. 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

House Moving! Andrew Velarde IS prepared to do any and all kinds of work in his line at reasonable figures. Has the largest horse moving outfit in Eastern Oregon. Address P.O. Box 181, The Dalles

"The Regulator Line"

The Dalles, Portland and Astoria Navigation Co.



THROUGH Freight and Passenger Line

Through Daily Trips (Sundays excepted) between The Dalles and Portland. Steamer Regulator leaves The Dalles at 7 a. m., connecting at the Cascade Locks with Steamer Dalles City. Steamer Dalles City leaves Portland (Yamhill st. dock) at 6 a. m., connecting with Steamer Regulator for The Dalles.

PASSENGER RATES. One way \$2.00 Round trip 3.00

Freight Rates Greatly Reduced.

All freight, except car lots, will be brought through, without delay at Cascades.

Shipments for Portland received at any time day or night. Shipments for way landings must be delivered before 5 p. m. Live stock shipments solicited. Call on or address,

W. C. ALLAWAY, General Agent. B. F. LAUGHLIN, General Manager. THE DALLES, OREGON. O.C. Stevin PHOTOGRAPHER. Chapman Block, The Dalles, Oregon. I have taken 11 first prizes.

The Dalles Daily and Weekly Chronicle.

THE CHRONICLE was established for the express purpose of faithfully representing The Dalles and the surrounding country, and the satisfying effect of its mission is everywhere apparent. It now leads all other publications in Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, a large part of Crook, Morrow and Grant counties, as well as Klickitat and other regions north of The Dalles, hence it is the best medium for advertisers in the Inland Empire. The DAILY CHRONICLE is published every evening in the week Sundays excepted at \$6.00 per annum. The WEEKLY CHRONICLE on Fridays of each week at \$1.50 per annum.

For advertising rates, subscriptions, etc., address THE CHRONICLE PUBLISHING CO., The Dalles, Oregon.

FIRST CLASS JOB PRINTING JOB PRINTING CAN BE HAD AT THE CHRONICLE OFFICE Reasonably Ruinous Rates.

There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at its flood leads on to fortune.

The poet unquestionably had reference to the Closing-Out Sale of Furniture & Carpets AT CRANDALL & BURGET'S, Who are selling these goods out at greatly-reduced rates. MICHELBAUGH BRICK, UNION ST.

THOSE WHO WISH Glass, Lime, Cement, PLASTER, LATH, Picture Frames, MACHINERY

Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, Engine and Boiler, H. GLENN

PATENTS FOR SALE OR TRADE A FINE IMPORTED French Percheron Stallion, Weight in good flesh 1,500 pounds, and Sure Foot Gutter. With all for cash or notes with approved security, or will trade for horses or cattle. Address: Kerr & Buckley, Grass Valley, Or.

John Pashek, The Merchant Tailor, 76 Court Street, Next door to Wasco Sun Office.

Has just received the latest styles in Suits for Gentlemen, and has a large assortment of Foreign and American Cloths, which he can finish To Order for those that favor him. Cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. LAND OFFICE, The Dalles, Or., May 11, 1894. Complaint having been entered at this office by Johann G. Flecher against the heirs at law of William M. Murphy, deceased, for abandoning his Homestead Entry, No. 4571, dated October 22, 1892, upon the N.W. 1/4, Sec. 31, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., in Wasco county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at The Dalles, Oregon, on the 14th day of July, 1894, at 9 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. JOHN W. LEWIS, Register. June 9