The Dalles Daily Chroniele.

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"West. 9 p. m. and 5:30 p. m.
"Stage for Goldendale. 7:30 a. m.
"Prinevillo. 5:30 a. m.
"*Dufurand Warm Springs. 5:30 a. m.
"tLeaving for Lyle & Hartland. 5:30 a. m.
"[Antelope. 5:30 a. m.

ICLE," The Dalles, Oregon.

*Except Sunday.

†Tri-weekly. Tuesday Thursday and Saturday.

Monday Wednesday and Friday. WEDNESDAY, - - MAR. 28, 1894

"If Christ Came to Chicago" is the sensational title of Editor Stead's new book, soon to be published.

There are 30,000,000 acres of public lands still open to entry in the South. That is 750,000 forty-acre farms free to every comer-free homes and land enough to make a competency for 3,000,-000 new people.

The Prineville News somewhat shortly but yet modestly, disposes of long-winded writers on abstract subjects: Certain political arguments, in a communicative way, long-winded and otherwise reached our table this week. We desire to make this story short. We have not the room for everything that comes along. Send us the news. We want the news. We are trying to publish a newspaper.

The more one examines the amended schedules of the senate tariff bill the more does one become convinced that the trusts have won a victory. This revelation of the power of the great combines is humiliating to democrats, yet by surrendering to them is the only possible way to get a tariff bill through congress. And it the democrats don't enact some sort of a tariff measure it will be their doomsday. It is a sort of Hobson's choice with them, a duck-orno-dinner predicament, so the trust protection bill will have to go .- Telegram. (dem.).

The populists are fond of proclaiming that the tariff issue is a sham, and say it is for the purpose of blinding the people that they may the more easily be robbed. This comprises about all the country constituency knows about a question centuries old and of great commercial importance to any nation. It is to the credit of the leaders of that party in congress that they see more than that in the question, though they have allied themselves on the side of trusts by joining in with the democracy. Every populist vote in the house was cast for the Wilson bill and free wool, and the populists in the senate will do the same. In this bill the sugar trust, the lead trust. nicely taken care of, and even the baby sole-leather trust gets the benefit of a 5-per cent tax on leather imports, as differing from McKinley protection duty of 10 per cent on manufactured leather.

Every man has a right to take a paper or to stop it, for any reason or for no reason at all. But at the same time there is a certain responsibility attaching to all actions, even to so trivial a one as stopping a paper because the editor says something one doesn't agree with. There is complaint that newspaper editors lack fearlessness and honesty; that newspapers are too generally mere partisan organs that disregard the claims of truth and justice when political interests are at stake. There is too much truth in the charge; but let us ask how it is possible for a fearless, honest, outspoken journal to live if every man is to cry "stop my paper" whenever he reads something that does not accord with his views? The men who insist that the paper they read shall never say anything contrary to their views are the ones who are in a large measure responsible for the craven cowardliness and at the recorder's office. Said improvethe weathercock propensities of modern journalism. In a community composed entirely of these "stop my paper" people true independent journalism would be an impossibility. When you are convinced that a paper is dishonest and deceitful, stop it. When convinced that it is unclean, stop it. When it lacks enterprise and tails to give you the news, stop it. But don't stop a paper that you believe to be honest, courageous, enterprising and clean, simply because its editor has written his own sincere views instead of yours or some body's else; for if you do, you are putting a premium on insincere journalism and serving notice on an editor that the way to succeed is to write what he

the way to succeed is to write what he thinks will best please his readers, instead of what he honestly believes to be the truth.

The regular subscription price of the Weekly Chronicle is \$1.50 and the regular price of the Weekly Oregonian is \$1.50. Any one subscribing for The Chronicle and paying for one year in advance can get both The Chronicle and Weekly Oregonian for \$2.00. All old subscribers paying their subscriptions for one year in advance will be entions for one year in advance will be entitled to the same offer.

FOND OF NURSING PEOPLE.

A Characteristic of Florence Nightingale

from Her Earliest Youth. Florence Nightingale, the worldfamous nurse, was born in Florence, Italy, in 1823, says a writer in the De troit Free Press. Her father, William Edward Shore, of England, inherited the estate of his grand-uncle, Peter Nigotingale, and, in pursuance of his will, assumed the name Nightingale. As the child of wealthy parents, Miss Nightingale was well educated. From early childhood the care of the sick was a favorite occupation of hers, and in 1849 she entered, as a voluntary nurse, a school of deaconesses to qualify herself to minister to the sick. In 1854, at the solicitation of Secretary of War Sidney Herbert, she went to Constantinople as the superintendent of a staff of nurses to care for the soldiers of Great Britain who were wounded in the Crimean war. By her rare executive ability and thorough knowledge of what was necessary she made the hospital, which was in a most deplorable state, a model in thoroughness and perfection of its appointments. So immense were her labors that she frequently stood for twenty hours in succession giving directions. Notwith-standing this her pleasant smile and kind words to the sick made her almost idolized by the army. She returned to England September 8, 1856. Her services have secured her the sincerest gratitude of the English people and a world renown. Queen Victoria sent her a letter of thanks, with a superb jewel. A subscription of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars was raised to found an institute for the training of nurses under her direction, and the soldiers of the army, by a penny contribution, raised a sum sufficient to erect a statue to her honor, which she refused to allow.

ANARCHISTS ARE VAIN.

Nothing Pleases Them More Than to Get Their Pictures Published.

M. Lepine, the French minister of police, thinks vanity has a good deal to ly matched as to size, the Kearsarge do with the anarchist craze, says the London News. That is why he begs the papers not to publish the portraits of men who are arrested for being concerned in bomb-throwing and other offenses of the kind. "I consider that all the anarchists," says M. Lepine, 'have a mental twist, although I do not class them as madmen. But it is noticeable that there is in them a desire for theatrical display that must not be encouraged. They have a very high opinion of themselves, and are much concerned with regard to what is being said about them. Whether they are at a public meeting or in a prison cell, they always keep their eyes upon the public. See what happened at Montbrison, at the execution of Rava-chol. As prefect of the Loire at that time. I had to take charge of that anarchist. He had written an abominable song which he hoped to be able to sing on his way from prison to the place of execution, before a great crowd. I upset his calculation by having the guillotine fixed at a distance of only a couple of paces from the prison. When he found he would be without an audience, his fortitude forsook him. All who were present will tell you that he collapsed so utterly that he was, as it were, dead before the knife.fell."

The duke of York, Queen Victoria's grandson, who recently wedded Princess May of Teck, is habitually absent-minded. On his wedding trip he visited Sandringham wh waited upon by a deputation of farmers, who expressed their wishes for his happiness and long life, and all that sort of thing. The duke appeared in deep thought, and, when the congratthank you for your good wishes. I intend to raise a fine lot of red-polled cattle and Berkshire pigs on my return." The farmers, and especially the orator, must have felt immensely gratified at that reply.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

NOTICE. To All Whom It May Concern Notice is hereby given that the committee on streets and public property will receive sealed bids for the construction of 212 feet of sidewalk on the east side of Union street, at the intersection of Seventh street, until Tuesday, March 27th, 1894, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., ment to be made in accordance with the ordinance governing the same, being Ordinance No. 270, which passed the common council of Dalles City, May 10,

No bid will be received unless the same is accompanied with a good and proper bond in the sum of one hundred dollars, conditioned, that the bidder will accept the contract in case the same is awarded to him.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated at Dalles City, Oregon, this 22d day of March, 1894.

Douglas S. Dufur, Recorder of Dalles City.

To All Whom It May Concern Notice is hereby given that the com-mon council of Dalles City will receive sealed bids for the repairing of the city

Recorder of Dalles City.

A FAMOUS NAVAL DUEL.

Recalled by the Recent Disaster to the Kearsarge.

The Memorable Encounter That Free Northern Merchantmen from a Foe That Wrought Havoc Among Them.

The Alabama put into the harbor of Cherbourg, France, in June, 1864, to effect some necessary repairs. The Kearsarge, then in command of Capt. John A. Winslow, appeared off the harbor on June 14. The Kearsarge, says the New York Times, cruised off the entrance to the harbor, but did not make the mistake of anchoring in the port, as that act would have given the confederate vessel a start of twenty-four hours whenever she might choose to leave, it being an international law that beligerent vessels anchoring in a neutral port must not leave within twenty-four hours of each other. The Tuscarora had made that error a short time before, and when she started in pursuit of the Sumpter from Southampton harbor she was promptly ordered back to her berth by the British authorities, and a naval force sufficient to enforce the mandate was in readi-

Capt. Winslow made demonstrations which were equivalent to a challenge, and, knowing the character of Semmes, he had little doubt that it would be accepted, and set about preparing his ship for action. The heavy anchor chains were gotten up out of the chain locker and suspended along the sides of the vessel so as to protect the vital parts of the ship. This chain armor was concealed by deal boards, which were nailed over it.

The word was passed through the ship on Sunday morning, June 19, that the Alabama was coming out. The decks of the Kearsarge were cleared for action and the drum beat to quarters. The two ships were almost evenmeasuring 1,031 tons and the Ala bama 1.016. In weight of metal thrown in a broadside, the Kearsarge, though mounting one gun less than the confederate vessel, had a distinct advantage, the Kearsarge throwing 430 pounds to the Alabama's 360. The battery of the latter vessel consisted of six thirty-two pounders, 100-pounder Blakely rifle, and one eight-inch shell

The Alabama was the first to open fire. The Kearsarge reserved hers until the enemy was 1,000 yards distant, then gave a broadside from her starboard battery. The big eleven-inch guns of the Kearsarge did terrible execution on the decks of the Alabama, and finally one of them planted a shell in the Alabama which reduced that vessel to a sinking condition and made surrender necessary.

Capt. Winslow then gave his attention to the rescue of the Alabama's crew. The confederate admiral was picked up by the English yacht Deerhound, which conveyed him to England.

Semmes claimed that the powder of the Alabama had become "eaky" and had lost its strength, and that the fuses of his shells were defective. One of the Alabama's shells buried itself in the sternpost of the Kearsarge, but failed to explode. Had the fuse acted, it is said that the Kearsarge would certainly have been disabled by the loss of her rudder. The shell is now in the navy museum in Washington.

Since that memorable encounter the Kearsarge had been almost constantly in service. She had had few occasions to visit navy yards, and had displayed her pennant in nearly every important ulations ended, he replied, gravely: "I harbor of the world. She had the reputation of being always ready for duty. and lately had been busily employed in protecting American interests in the West Indies and searching for derehets on the North Atlantic.

As a fighter she had outlived her use fulness. Her two eleven-inch guns had been replaced by eight-inch rifles of the muzzle-loading type. Her speed in later years was much less than it was when the vessel fought the Alabama. Then she was credited with fourteen knots an hour. Her original boilers were taken out several years ago, and a set which was intended for the Nantasket, a much smaller vessel, was substituted. They were not nearly so good as the old ones. Capt. Elmer says that in the period he commanded the Kearsarge he was unable to get much more than eight knots out of her.

The vessel measured two hundred and ten feet four inches in length and had a beam of thirty-three feet ten inches. She was bark rigged, having been converted from a ship, which was her rig when she fought the Alabama. She was built in the navy yard at Portsmouth, N. H., at a cost of \$272,

The Moulik Czar.

Alexander III. seems determined to live up to his sobriquet of "the moujik He has just affixed his signaczar. ture to a project of law now being elaborated by the council of the em-pire, which is destined to render inalienable the landed allotments of the peasants. The object of this measure is, of course, to prevent the seizure of the land for debt by the money lenders, whom he regards as the principal cause of the present distress and agricultural depression in his dominions. For the peasants, when once deprived of their lands, lose every interest in the welfare of their "mir," or community, and drift away to the towns and cities in search of work, where they help to swell the ranks of the unemployed, who constitute a permanent source of embarrassment to the authorities.

A curious marriage took place at Verviers, in Belgium a few days ago, when Mile. Elizabeth Kunneich, without arms, was married to her impressario, an Austrian. The woman signed the register with a steady foot and the wedding ring was placed by the priest

New York Weekly Tribune

-AND-

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ITS TERRITORY.

It is the supply city for an extensive and rich agricultural and grazing country, its trade reaching as far south as Summer Lake, a distance of over two hundred miles.

The Largest Wool Market.

The rich grazing country along the eastern slope of the Cascades furnishes pasture for thousands of sheep, the wool from which finds market here.

The Dalles is the largest original wool shipping point in America, about 5,000,000 pounds being shipped last year.

ITS PRODUCTS.

The salmon fisheries are the finest on the Columbia, yielding this year a revenue of thousands of dollars, which will be more than doubled in the near future.

The products of the beautiful Klickitat valley find market here, and the country south and east has this year filled the warehouses, and all available storage places to overflowing with their products.

ITS WEALTH.

It is the richest city of its size on the coast and its money is scattered over and is being used to develop more farming country than is tributary to any other city in Eastern Oregon. Its situation is unsurpassed. Its climate delightful. Its pos-

sibilities incalculable. Its resources unlimited. And on these corner stones she stands.

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TIME TABLES.

Railroads. In effect August 6, 1898.

EAST BOUND. Departs 11:00 P M.

WEST BOUND.

Arrives from Portland at 1 P. M. Departs for Portland at 2 P. M.

Two local freights that carry passengers leave me for the west at \$:00 a. M., and one for the set at 5:30 a. M.

STAGES.

For Principle, via. Bake Oven, leave daily For Antelope, Mitchell, Canyon City, leave ally at 6 a. M. For Dufur, Kingsley, Wamie, Wapinitia, Warm prings sud Tygh Valley, leave daily, except tunday, at 6 A. M.

For Goldendale, Wash., leave every day of the -ock except Sunday at 7 a. M.
Offices for all lines at the Jms fills House.

PROFESSIONAL.

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DUFUE, & MENEFEE — ATTORNEYS - ATILAW—ROOMS 42 and 43, over Post
imee Building, Entrance on Washington Street
The Dailes, Oregon.

A. seennett, attorney-at-Law. Of fice in Schanno's building, up stairs. The

F. P. HAYS. B. S. HUNTINGTON.

MAYS, HUNTINGTON & WILSON - ATTOR-NEYS-AT-LAW - Offices, French's block over First National Bank. "Dalles, Oregon.

W . H. WILSON-ATTORNEY-AT-LAW - Rooms street, The Dalles, Oregon. J. SUTHERLAND, M. D., C. M.; F. T. M. C.; M. C. P. and S. O., Physician and Sur-geon. Rooms 3 and 4, Chapman block. Residence Mrs. Thornbury's, west end of Second

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SOCIETIES.

WASCO LODGE, NO. 15, A. F. & A. M.—Meets first and third Monday of each month at 2

DALLES BOYAL ARCH CHAPTER NO. 6.— Meets in Masonic Hall the third Wednesday of each month at 7 P. M.

MODERN WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.—
Mt. Hood Camp No. 52, Meets Tuesday evening of each week in Fraternity Hall, at 7:30 p. m.

COLUMBIA LODGE, NO. 5, I. O. O. F.—Meete every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock, in K of P. hall, corner Second and Court streets sojourning brothers are welcome.

H. CLOUGH, Sec'y. H. A. BILLS, N. G.

FRIENDSHIP LODGE, NO. 9., K. of P.—Meets
every Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, in
schanno's building, corner of Court and Second
streets. Sojourning members are cordially invited.
D. W.VAUSE, K. of B. and S. C. C.

A SSEMBLY NO. 4827, K. OF L.—Meets in K. of P. hall the second and fourth Wednesiavs of each month at 7:80 p. m. WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERENCE UNION will meet every Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the reading room. All are invited.

THE DALLES LODGE No. 2, I. O. G. T.—Reg-ular weekly meetings Friday at 8 F. M., a' K. of P. Hall. DINSMORE PARISH, See'y.

TEMPLE LODGE NO. 3, A. O. U. W. — Meets in Fraternity Hall, over Kellers, an Second street, Thursday evenings at 7:39. W. S. MYEES, Financier. M. W. JAS. NESMITH POST, No. 32, G. A. R.—Meets every Saturday at 7:30 P. M., in the K. of P.

A MERICAN RAILWAY UNION, NO. 40.—
Meets second and fourth Thursdays each
month in K. of P. hall.
W. H. Jones, Sec y.

Pres.

B. OF L. E.-Meets every Sunday afternoon in the K. of P. Hall. GESANG VEREIN-Meets every Sunday evening in the K. of P. Hall.

B. OF L. F. DIVISION, No. 167-Meets in tay of each month, at 7:30 F. M. THE CHURCHES.

ST. PETERS CHURCH—Rev. Father BRONS-GREST Pastor. Low Mass every Sunday at 7 A. M. High Mass at 10:30 A. M. Vespers at 7 P. M.

ST. PAULS CHURCH —Union Street, opposite Fifth. Rev. Ell D. Sutchiffe Rector. Services avery Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School 9:45 A. M. Evening Prayer on Friday at

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. O. D. TAY-LOB, Pastor. Morning services every Sab-bath at the scademy at 11 A. M. Sabbath School immediately after morning services Prayer meeting Friday evening at Pastor's res-tance. Union services in the court house at

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. W. C CURTIS, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School after morning service. Strangurs cordially invited. Seats free. M. E. CHURCH—Rev. J. WHISLER, pastor.
Survices every Sunday morning at 11 a.m.
Sunday School at 12:20 o'clock F M. Epworth
League at 6:30 F. M. Prayer meeting every
Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended by both pastor and people

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—REV.P. H. McGuyrer Pastor. Preaching in the Christian church each Lord's Day at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited

E ANGELICAL LUTHERAN—Ninth atreet, Rev. A. Horn, pastor. Services at 11:30 a.m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p.m. A cordial welcome o every one.

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