

Let Us Reason Together.

At the end of our Business Year, when we had completed the inventory of our stock of Merchandise, we found it was considerably less than we, or our predecessors in business, had ever invoiced.

This was not mere chance. It was the result of careful planning last fall. So sure were we that we could purchase so much cheaper at the beginning of the present year that we held our Cash Sale of last December and offered many lines at cost and less, feeling assured that we could replace them at a much lower price. The results have proved the correctness of our theory.

The great depletion of our stock will permit us to offer for your inspection a complete and entire new stock at prices which for many lines of goods will be less than last year's cost to us.

Many of the leading brands of Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Prints and Wash Fabrics we have been able to buy for less than the cost of manufacturing, because the demand has been greatly curtailed; stocks at the mills were accumulating, and the treasurers thought it a wiser plan to try and move goods even at a small loss, than to discharge the help and close the mills.

We think the bottom was reached about the time our orders were placed, and we are looking for a revival with the coming of spring.

This year we have made no great effort to move any of our old stock—being conscious that we can do so much better for our customers in prices, styles and qualities with our new goods. On their arrival we can give you the latest creations of both Foreign and Domestic Manufacturers, at far more favorable prices than any stock can be offered which was carried over from last year. Cabot W Muslin of 1893 manufacture at 6 cents a yard is as good value as Cabot W at 6 cents a yard of 1894 manufacture; but Wash Fabrics, Dress Goods, Clothing, &c., even if offered to you at 1893 cost, is not as good as we will be able to do.

The cost of production is now less, the mills are making goods cheaper, they place them on the market at smaller margins, the jobbers sell them at a lesser profit, and so we will place before our customers lines of Fabrics for, say, 10 cents, which in more prosperous years would cost us at least 12½ cents.

Again, the keen competition between the different mills has caused them to pay much more attention to the designs and finish of the new Fabrics, and the coming season's goods will be more elegant than those of any previous year.

Let us impress this upon you:

Be not tempted to invest in OLD GOODS, no matter how tempting the price may seem, for we assure you that we will be able to offer you new, fresh and stylish goods in all the latest weaves and fabrics at a less price than can any goods of last year's stock be sold.



PEASE & MAYS.

The Dalles Daily Chronicle.

Entered at the Postoffice at The Dalles, Oregon, as second-class matter.

Clubbing List.

	Regular price	Our price
Chronicle and N. Y. Tribune	\$2.50	\$1.75
Chronicle and American Farmer	\$2.00	\$1.75
Chronicle and McClure's Magazine	\$3.00	\$2.25
Chronicle and The Detroit Free Press	\$3.00	\$2.40
Chronicle and Cosmopolitan Magazine	\$3.00	\$2.25
Chronicle and Prairie Farmer, Chicago	2.50	2.00
Chronicle and Globe-Democrat, (s-w) St. Louis	3.00	2.00

Local Advertising.

10 Cents per line for first insertion, and 5 Cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Special rates for long time notices. All local notices received later than 3 o'clock will appear the following day.

MONDAY, - - - - FEB. 26, 1894

The Daily and Weekly Chronicle may be found on sale at I. C. Nickelsen's store.

FEBRUARY FARRAGO.

Minor Events of Town and Country Briefly Stated.

There comes a certain lingering fear That people who sincerely seek To keep their resolutions fresh Would need a New Year every week.

Jack Hull was taken to Salem yesterday by Sheriff Ward.

Mr. Roberts is shipping 500 boxes of fine looking apples to Kansas City today.

The skating Saturday afternoon on Snipes' lake by a party of ladies and gentlemen of The Dalles, was very fine, and was enjoyed the entire afternoon. It was the only opportunity of the winter and was embraced by about sixty persons.

Mr. F. W. L. Skibbe was brought before the recorder Saturday on a charge of allowing minors to frequent his saloon. Mr. Bogue Harper was the principal witness in the case, but a lack of testimony induced the recorder to discharge the defendant.

Mr. Jay Guy Lewis, in a letter to Mr. E. Schanno, expresses his gratitude for his assistance in gathering fruits for the world's fair, "for to tell you the truth," says he, "if it had not been for old Wasco and Union, Oregon would not have been supreme at the world's fair."

We were shown a letter written to a gentleman in this city by Mr. Lydell Baker, who says he will be in The Dalles some time between the middle and last of March and will deliver a lecture to a Dalles audience on "Julius Caesar, or the Downfall of Imperialism in Rome." Mr. Baker will deliver it for the first time at Eugene City March 19th, for the benefit of the students of the state university. Mr. Baker is a fluent and interesting speaker, and our citizens may expect a rich treat.

The regular subscription price of the WEEKLY CHRONICLE is \$1.50 and the regular price of the WEEKLY OREGONIAN is \$1.50. Any one subscribing for THE CHRONICLE and paying for one year in advance can get both THE CHRONICLE and WEEKLY OREGONIAN for \$2.00. All old subscribers paying their subscriptions for one year in advance will be entitled to the same offer.

Hot clam broth at J. O. Mack's every day at 4 o'clock.

Haworth, printer, 116 Court St. If

INDIAN TREACHERY.

Mr. C. Becht the Defendant in a Charge of Selling Liquor to Them.

Mr. C. Becht leaves today for Portland to be tried before Judge Bellinger for selling whisky to Indians. The facts of the matter are best related by Mr. Becht himself in the following letter:

Mr. Edrroz—I desire to say a few words concerning myself and the Indians which you have not touched upon. The affair you mention in Friday's issue under the caption "Indian Desperadoes" happened when I was doing business in the valley. But what happened here the other day, I will explain through your valuable paper to avoid misunderstanding:

On the 22d of February, in the afternoon, two big Indians came in my front room before I noticed them, as I generally lock the door when I see any of them coming, to save trouble. They shut the door behind them and wanted wine. I told them that I could not give any wine to Indians, as the law would not allow it, but they could have soda water or sarsaparilla. But they insisted on having wine and would not leave until they were given some. I had nothing within reach to defend myself and without any arms I could not risk putting them out. So after talking to them for quite a while trying my best to get them out and telling them to leave, but without any success, I let them have some of my lightest wine just to get rid of them. They reported me and now I am in trouble about it. Without further comments everybody can see the right and wrong of the thing. At any rate that kind of business ought to be stopped. As long as such fellows have a chance to make money in such a rascally way they will do so, and any honest man, who wants to make an honest living, is in danger of getting in trouble. To my great satisfaction I am assured by everybody in this town who knows me that that they would never believe that I would have given any wine to Indians if I was not forced to do so. I want to express my sincere thanks to the many friends who all offered me references and bonds as soon as they heard about the trouble. Respectfully,

CHAS. BECHT.

Mr. Becht had a preliminary examination by Mr. J. M. Huntington, the commissioner, recently, who bound him over to appear before Judge Bellinger for selling whisky to Indians, and the trial will probably take place tomorrow. Mr. Huntington was seen by a reporter this morning. He says that Mr. Becht admits taking 90 cents for the wine given the Indians, but it does not follow necessarily that there is any intent in this to break the law. Mr. Becht is a man whose every appearance indicates that he is upright and honorable, that he conducts business on business principles and has accumulated whatever fortune he possesses honestly. The affair seems to be another of those put-up jobs which is rendered possible by an obnoxious law. Mr. Huntington himself condemns this law in strong terms and believes it should have no place on the statute books. The same ends can be accomplished, he says, by making it a penitentiary offense for an Indian to buy whisky off the reservation, and a like offense for a white man to take whisky within the reservation. This will put an effectual stop to Indians drinking whisky, and no unfortunate white man will be roped in by their treachery.

WHITE SALMON.

A Company of Sixty Will Make of It a New Arcadia.

Twenty families, numbering about 60 persons, are to emigrate from Spokane to White Salmon this week. The articles of agreement have been put in legal form by the company's attorneys. Up to date there has been perfect har-

mony in the colony and all the members seem perfectly satisfied with their companions and with the organization. Further particulars are given by the Spokane Chronicle:

The building of a sawmill, cutting lumber and putting up twelve or fifteen new houses will keep everybody busy the coming spring and summer. There is also plenty of work to be done about the farm. The orchard, nursery and vineyard are to be cultivated and extended. Frustrating is to be the principal occupation, after a few acres have been set aside for poultry and vegetables. Grapes especially are to be cultivated, as the leaders believe they offer surer returns and larger profits than any other fruit.

Next year it is probable irrigation ditches will be dug. The land yields well without them, but can be easily irrigated and the farmers say it will pay. Little by little they propose to increase their colony and buy more land. For the present they think twenty families are enough to try the experiment.

The direct control of the colony's affairs is vested in the board of directors, which consists of Mr. and Mrs. Jewett, Mr. and Mrs. Hunsecker and Messrs. Pierce, Mann and Campbell. These are expected to assign the work of each member of the colony. So nearly as possible all the necessary industries will be represented. The colony includes men of all trades, blacksmiths, carpenters, an engineer, an architect, a jeweler, etc. All the unnecessary trades are to be abandoned for the present, till the community is able to afford luxuries. There is a school house at White Salmon, near the farm, and for a year or two the colonists' children will attend the public schools. After that a separate system may be planned. Just what arrangements will be made for religious services is uncertain. It is proposed to build a town hall in the new village for entertainments, public meetings, etc., and it is expected that regular Sunday services will be established in the near future. The plan of co-operation leaves each family to regulate its home life as it chooses. Only the husband is required to work as the executive board may direct, though if the wife wishes to pay her initiation fee and devote her time to the general work of the colony the family will be allowed double pay.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Edna Moody came up from Salem Friday on a visit to relatives here.

Mr. Jos. D. Douglass of Dufur favored THE CHRONICLE office with a pleasant call today.

Mr. John Evans of Mosier was in the city this morning, returning on the noon train.

After a week's visit with friends in the city, Miss Ida Waffle returned to Pendleton Saturday night.

Mr. G. W. Phelps, a Dalles boy, now a student of law in the University of Michigan was elected by the students Republican's Club a delegate to the meeting of the State Republican Clubs, held in Detroit. In the evening a grand banquet was given at which all the delegates were present and listened to speeches by Gov. McKinley, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Ex-Hawaiian Minister Stevens and other noted guests. It was high privilege for a Dalles young man to be in such distinguished company.

Hospital Corps.

There will be a meeting of the Hospital Corps of the Third regiment at 8:30 p. m., Tuesday evening, at Dr. Hollister's office. O. C. HOLLISTER, Surgeon 3d Reg.

THE WORK BEGUN.

Mr. J. Stadelman Believes that Organization Only Will Help Fruitgrowers.

Mr. J. Stadelman, a well-known fruit raiser of this section for many years, takes a lively interest in the recently-organized Northwest Fruitgrowers, who held their initial meeting at Spokane, and believes that organization only will protect the fruit men so as to make their avocation profitable. He says he has lost a great deal of money every year through the methods of the transportation company. The railroad company hauled his fruit in an ordinary box car, and this was a part of the local freight. As a consequence his fruit spoiled before reaching its destination, by reason of the great changes in temperature of the night and the day. He believes that one man is powerless to prevent this treatment, and is willing and anxious to identify himself with a body of men, whose numbers will insure fair treatment at the hands of the transportation company. Heretofore, he says, we could not compete with California-grown fruit. Not only is the freight tariff as low or lower from San Francisco to Spokane than from The Dalles to Spokane, but they have been furnished refrigerator cars on fast freight time which arrived at their destination in advance of cars from this point.

Business Foresight.

Pease & Mays are plungers in the advertising line. At a time when a great many merchants of the city have discontinued their advertisements, under a mistaken notion of economy, Pease & Mays have doubled their space and are reaching out for more patronage through a medium which they have tried and not found wanting. For two years they have advertised continually in THE CHRONICLE, at great expense, but the phenomenal increase of their patronage has justified it. Their trade is more than a local one, as for a distance of two hundred and fifty miles settlers come in to place their orders at the great dry goods and general merchandise emporium of Pease & Mays. Their announcement today should be of value to all our readers, who will appreciate a good story of business foresight by which they are to be the gainers.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

The thermometer registered six degrees below zero at Prineville.

The Prineville News is urging that the \$1,500, appropriated for sinking an artesian well in Crook county, be used.

It is said that twenty-five young men will be graduated from the law department of the University of Oregon next June.

The winter has been favorable throughout Oregon for cattle and sheep. Besides the mild weather, the grass has been excellent, and little or no loss of stock is the result.

In Yamhill county the sheriff has discovered 114,000 acres of land, valued at \$1,180,000, that had been overlooked by the assessor. The people of that county could not do better than elect that sheriff for assessor next year.

Ex-City Treasurer S. E. Murphy at Baker City convicted of larceny of public money, was this morning sentenced to the term of one year in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$8,239, being double the amount of his shortage.

A meeting of the woolgrowers of Morrow county was held Saturday at Heppner for the purpose of formulating a basis of wages for shearers and herders. No definite action was taken in regard to wages, but it was the general sentiment of the meeting that wages must be reduced.

John Hamlet, the murderer of Ben Gammie, is believed to have gone to California, via Silver lake, where he has relatives. It is stated that Grant county offers a reward of \$400 and the citizens of Caleb an additional reward of \$300 for the arrest of John Hamlet, who murdered Ben Gammie near Caleb on the morning of the 15th.

BORN.

On Feb. 28th, to the wife of Alonzo C. Stevens, a 10-pound daughter.

Circuit Court.

Circuit court convened this morning at 9 o'clock and took up the case of Farley vs. Grant, which is the matter of a note given by Mr. Allen Grant for something over \$400 given to pay the premium on a life insurance policy of \$10,000, which, for some reason, was not paid, hence the suit. The day was consumed in taking testimony. The jury in the case are John Singleton, O. L. Schmidt, W. R. Menefee, Geo. Patterson, C. E. Bayard, C. M. Fouts, W. E. Sylvester, M. H. Miller, John Heinrich, John Wagonblast, D. F. Osborne, C. W. Deitzel.

John Krier was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. He received his sentence with stolid indifference. Wetle will be sentenced tomorrow.

Danger of Imported Fruit Trees.

Mr. E. Schanno has received a letter from Mr. Geo. I. Sargent, secretary of the state board of agriculture, informing him that through the kindness of Mr. Edwin Russ of Medford and Mr. Levi Morris of Talent, he learns of a shipment of peach trees from a Connecticut nursery that is affected by the "Yellows," a tree disease that is entirely new on this coast. The trees were burned, but Mr. Sargent wishes to impress upon the minds of fruit growers through the press, the great danger of buying trees from eastern nurseries. Mr. Sargent is now preparing an article for the Oregonian relating these dangers.

Biliousness.

We are a bilious race. Half of us are born bilious, with a predisposition to dyspepsia. The best known remedy is Simmons Liver Regulator. Try it.

Private dancing lessons will be given to ladies Monday and Thursday afternoons at Chrysanthemum hall, and to gentlemen Tuesday and Saturday afternoons at Armory hall.

JAMES SMITH.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

IN PACKAGE OR BULK.

We have a Complete Assortment of Seeds, both Timber and Garden, at Wholesale Prices.

A Fresh Assortment Just Received!

NEVER MIND HARD TIMES,

Buy your Garden Seeds of Joles, Collins & Co., and raise your own Garden Truck.

JOLES, COLLINS & CO.,

Successors to The Dalles Mercantile Co., 390 to 394 Second St.

M. Honeywill.

HATS!

166 Second Street.