



013

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THE DALLES, OREGON, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1893.

NO. 44.

Mackintoshes, Rubber Coats, Gossamers, Rubber Boots, Arctics and rubbers, Umbrellas,

A. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

**W. E. GARRETSON,
Leading Jeweler.**

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

All Watch Work Warranted.

Jewelry Made to Order.
138 Second St., The Dalles, Or.

**COLUMBIA
CANDY FACTORY**

Campbell Bros. Props
(Successors to W. S. CRAB.)

Manufacturers of the finest French and Home Made

CANDIES,
East of Portland.

DEALERS IN—
Tropical Fruits, Nuts, Cigars and Tobacco.

Can furnish any of these goods at Wholesale or Retail

FRESH + OYSTERS
In Every Style.

Ice Cream and Soda Water.

104 Second Street, The Dalles, Or.

**W. H. Young,
Blacksmith & Wagon Shop**

General Blacksmithing and Work done promptly, and all work Guaranteed.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality

Third Street, opposite the old Liebe Stand.

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Wiseman & Marders,
Saloon and Wine Rooms
The Dalles, Oregon.

**THE DALLES
National Bank,**
OF DALLES CITY, OR.

President, Z. F. MOODY
Vice-President, CHARLES HILTON
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General Banking Business Transacted.

Sight Exchanges Sold on
NEW YORK,
SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO
and PORTLAND, OR.

Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

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A General Banking Business transacted. Deposits received, subject to Sight Draft or Check.

Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted on day of collection.

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**FRENCH & CO.,
BANKERS.**

TRANSACTION A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Letters of Credit issued available in the Eastern States.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers sold on New York, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco, Portland Oregon, Seattle Wash., and various points in Oregon and Washington.

Collections made at all points on favorable terms.

GENTLEMEN!

BEFORE YOU ORDER GOODS OF ANY KIND IN THE FURNISHING LINE,
Call and See me

Shirts of all kinds to order, at prices which defy competition. Other goods in proportion. P. FAGAN,
Second St., The Dalles.
Sole Agent for WANNAMAKER & BROWN, Philadelphia, Pa.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Snipes & Kinersly.

Stallion for Sale Cheap.
A fine thoroughbred, 6 year old stallion for sale cheap. For further particulars apply to T. A. WARD, sheriff's office, The Dalles, Oregon.

WANTED.
Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; Permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon.

Lost Package.
A package containing a pair of No. 8 1/2 ladies shoes was lost on Saturday, between the top of Brewery hill, and Mr. Roberts place in Dry Hollow. The finder will be thankfully rewarded on leaving the same at this office.

Spectacles Lost.
The finder of a pair of gold framed eye glasses, will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at this office.

Subscribe for THE DAILY CHRONICLE.
The Quickest Way to Cure a Cold.
Do you wish to know the quickest way to cure a cold? We will tell you. To cure a cold quickly, it must be treated before the cold has become settled in the system. The first symptoms of a cold is a dry, loud cough and sneezing. The cough is soon followed by watery expectoration and the sneezing by a profuse watery discharge from the nose. In severe cases there is a thin white coating on the tongue. What to do? It is only necessary to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in double doses every hour. That will greatly lessen the severity of the cold and in many cases will effectually counteract it, and cure what would have been a severe cold within one or two days time. Try it and be convinced 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Blakeley & Houghton, druggists.

NOTICE.
All Dalles City warrants registered prior to May 1, 1891, will be paid if presented at my office. Interest ceases from and after this date.
Dated, Jan. 3d, 1893.
L. ROBBER,
Treas. Dalles City.

Notice.
To all whom it may concern: By virtue of an order of the common council of Dalles City, made and entered on the 31st day of December, 1892. Notice is hereby given that said city council is about to proceed to order and construct a sewer of eight inch terra cotta pipe through block 9 in Laughlin's addition to Dalles city, beginning at the center of Jefferson street opposite the east end of the alley through the center of said block and thence westerly following the center of said alley and continuing to intersect the sewer in Laughlin street, and that the cost of such sewer will be assessed against the property directly benefited thereby as by the charter provided. Dated this 7th day of January, 1893.
FRANK MENEFEE,
Recd'r of Dalles City.

SOUTHERN FISHERIES

The Gulf of Mexico the Best Place For Investments.

NEW ORLEANS FLEET LAST YEAR

Every Nationality Almost Are Engaged in the Work Annually.

FIVE MILLION POUNDS OF SNAPPERS

There Are Also Many Investments in Sponge Fishers off the Coast of Florida—Other News.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—[Special.]—The country needs to be reminded that there is good fishing in the gulf of Mexico for either sport or profit, though the fisheries there do not cost either the government or the bordering states a dollar of money or a moment of anxiety. Fishing there is a great industry, in which Italians, Sicilians, Austrians, Greeks, Spaniards, Malays and some West India negroes engage. The oyster interests are enormous and comparatively undeveloped. It is estimated that 3,000,000 bushels of oysters were fished in the neighborhood of New Orleans in 1892, most of which were taken for local consumption.

In the same year there were 404 vessels of nearly 5,000 net tonnage and employing 12,000 men in the gulf fisheries. Of the most important fishes taken in that year were snappers to the amount of 5,000,000 pounds; Spanish mackerel, 700,000 pounds; pompano, 300,000 pounds; red-fish, 2,100,000 pounds. There are also sponge fisheries on the Florida coast which furnished products to the value of \$439,000, while shrimp, crabs, turtles and terrapin are found in great quantities. Louisiana and Florida take the lead in these fisheries, which are so thoroughly under American protection that they are not likely to involve international disputes.

Legislation for Alaska.
The people of Alaska are calling aloud for home rule and are setting earnestly to work to secure it. According to advice received from Juneau the initiative in this movement was taken on January 25th, when the citizens of Alaska met and organized a home rule league for the purpose of advancement and fostering the interests of the territory. The people generally invited to join, the only qualification being United States citizenship. Branch leagues are to be organized at Sitka, Wrangell, Kodiak, Unga and Douglas Island. The object of the league is to unite the people of the territory, so they may work as a unit for the advancement of the country. A convention will be called to meet in Juneau some time this month to discuss the needs of the territory and to elect a delegate who will carry to congress a petition asking for the following legislation for Alaska: First a delegate in congress; second home rule; third a modification of the present prohibitory liquor law so as to admit of licensing under certain restrictions; fourth a law by which public lands may be taken up by actual settlers. This is a brief outline of the legislation that is desired. Colonel Charles H. Isham of Sitka is leading the movement and is meeting with cordial support from all who have interests in the territory.

As Good as Gold.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—[Special.]—There is shortly to be another issue of 1,400,000 of the new Columbian half-dollars, making in all 2,800,000 which will have been issued. The demand for these coins is very large. The greater number are probably held as souvenirs, and are thus kept out of circulation. Inquiries as to their being legal tender for the face value have been received at the treasury, a popular misconception seemingly prevailing that they are intended only as souvenirs.

Rumor of a Special Session.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The rumor is in circulation here that if the present congress does not repeal the Sherman act, Cleveland has said that he will convene the 53d congress in special session within thirty days after March 4th. Representative McMillin, a member both of the ways and means and the rules committees, says he has been over the ground carefully and can see no possibility of such a thing.

WHY I AM A PROTECTIONIST.

Southern Iron Men Don't Know How to Let Well Enough Alone.
CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 6.—[Special.]—In 1882 the south produced 350,439 tons of iron. Under republican protection in ten years it reached 1,834,586 and the current year will go over 2,000,000 tons. This is an advance of over 400 per cent. But go right along; smash the robber's tariff, and ten years hence take an account of stock and see whether it is 400 per cent better. The iron men of the south don't seem to know enough to let well enough alone. Had it not been for protection, Chattanooga and Birmingham would have been straggling villages, with men sitting on dry goods boxes whittling on pine sticks, or figuring what they would get for rosin next year. Protection made them just as free as free trade will unmake them. The signs of the times are of a conservative character. Manufacturers will keep close to the market demand, and brokers will restrict loans to business necessities, and avoid all speculative tendencies. In railroad construction only such work as is considered absolutely necessary will be done. There is but one meaning in all this, and that is a curtailment of the employment of labor, and the cheaper and more common grades will be the first to feel the effects, while skilled workmen must come in for their share of the burden by wage reductions. An example of this is found in the fact that the Beaver falls tool company has reduced the wages of its employes 50 per cent. This is a sweeping cut, and is due to uncertainty as to what will be done with the product in the event of the adoption of a free trade policy.

A Good Suggestion.
West Side. There has probably been no legislature which excites so little interest as the one now in session at Salem. It is generally conceded that if our legislature could meet once in ten years, our state would be immensely better off. There is too much tinkering with legislation, too many \$5.00 worth of stamps, penknives, and pretty female clerks voted for, and not enough law made in the interest of the people. Because our people have been led to expect but little, it is probable that little will be the result of this legislature. We sincerely hope that our assessment law may be amended, and our road laws changed. Less attention should be paid to spending the public money, and more how to collect the same and not rob the poor man as is the case now, even here in Oregon.

How Ancient Builders Built.
The builders of Babel built well. Tradition relates that it was only a confusion of tongues that checked their aspiration. There can be no doubt that the foundations of the celebrated tower that was designed by its architect to reach "heaven" were of the broadest and heaviest sort; let us say vast walls of the most solid granite, bound and knit together by that most excellent insoluble cement that is one of the lost arts to modern constructionists. Yet if latter day engineers be not hopelessly in error with concern to the conclusions they have drawn as respects ancient masonry from the ruins of ancient structures, ancient builders counted only on the law of gravitation, which they knew in an empiric way, for the safety of the works they wrought. The projector of the Nag-on-Wat, whose walls and roof might have sheltered a St. Peter's and a St. Paul's and still have had room for a building like the Equitable in Broadway within its vast inclosures, would never dream of setting his masons to begin the laying of his walls say at about fifty feet from the ground.—Harper's Weekly.

Something That Has Been Needed.
For some time past the public have been looking for an adjustable grille, with shelf attachment, upon which to place bric-a-brac, the whole to be arranged over windows or doorways to relieve this portion of a room, which is usually dependent upon a curtain pole. The great trouble has always been that they had to be made to order, as windows and doors vary in width. Now, however, a device is made narrow enough to go into the narrowest doorway. It is in two sections, running upon a sliding bar. By drawing these pieces apart they can be extended to the width of the door, and the open place left in the center of them is furnished with a short drapery.—Philadelphia Upholsterer.

Friend—So Miss Beanti refused your De Sappe—Yes, but she did it very gently.
"Expressed sorrow, eh?"
"It amounted to that. While I was proposing she gently slipped out of the room and sent her mother in to talk to me about the weather."—Good News.

It is curious that Devonshire, England, is one of the few counties where the Duke of Devonshire owns no land. His estates, covering more than 198,000 acres, are scattered over fourteen counties, but Devonshire is not among them.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Harrison's Appointment of Judge Jackson.
WAS A SURPRISE TO ALL PARTIES.
May be a Graceful act of Courtesy but a Dangerous Compromise.
REPUBLICAN LEADERS ANGERED.
Chairman Clarkson of the National Committee Scores the President for his Action.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—[Special.]—Amongst the many leading republicans who have taken exceptions to the appointment of Judge Jackson of Tenn., to fill the vacancy of the supreme bench made by the death of Lamar, Hon. J. S. Clarkson, chairman of the national republican executive committee, is quoted as saying: "In my judgment, the act of President Harrison in appointing to the supreme bench, especially at this exceedingly critical juncture in national affairs, a southern state-rights, free-trade, anti-pension democrat, and an unrecanted believer in the secession theory, is a betrayal of public trust and party faith. Indeed, it is the most serious blunder in party politics which President Harrison has committed. No president since the foundation of the republic has appointed a man from the opposition party to the supreme bench. It is especially a betrayal of party interest at the present time, when the democrats are soon to take possession of every branch of the government except the judiciary."
It was a surprise both to republicans and democrats. As has been said, it may be an act of graceful courtesy on the part of Mr. Harrison to his successor, but it is a dangerous and disappointing compromise with principle. If there is anything more in party than mere office-getting, it is the duty of a president to insure the enforcement of the principles of the government he professes in his appointments to office. It is a common sentimental error to suppose a non-partisan judiciary either possible or undesirable.

As Mr. Clarkson says: "If the president has done this because irritating rumor has said the senate would reject any republican he should appoint, he has proposed a renunciation of republican principles and made it possible for the supreme court to become democratic during Cleveland's term. Any republican senator could with more loyalty to party and honor have voted for Grover Cleveland for four years last November than to vote for Jackson for life now. To vote for him is to approve in cold blood of the abandonment of the wronged and helpless republicans in the south. It is to approve of the brutal disregard of the rights of all colored men in the south, and the more brutal treatment of them or supposed colored criminals in the southern states, who are in these latter years so frequently burned alive or quartered at the stake. The republican party, which is still living and which is to rule again, despite any man's disappointments, may well be saved from the present and enduring the historical dishonor of such an act of perfidy and wrong becoming an accomplished fact."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE