

The Dalles



Daily Chronicle.

VOL. V.

THE DALLES, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1893.

NO. 19.

Mackintoshes,

Rubber Coats,

Gossamers,

Rubber Boots,

Arctics and rubbers,

Umbrellas,

A. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

W. H. Young,
Blacksmith & Wagon Shop

General Blacksmithing and Work done
promptly, and all work
Guaranteed.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty

Third Street, opposite the old Liebe Stand.

W. E. GARRETSON,
Leading Jeweler.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE



Watch Work Warranted.

Made to Order.
Load St., The Dalles, Or.

COLUMBIA
CANDY FACTORY

Campbell Bros. Proprs

(Successors to W. S. Cram.)

Manufacturers of the finest French and
Home Made

CANDIES,

East of Portland.

DEALERS IN—

Tropical Fruits, Nuts, Cigars and Tobacco.

Can furnish any of these goods at Wholesale
or Retail

FRESH + OYSTERS+

In Every Style.

Ice Cream and Soda Water.

104 Second Street, The Dalles, Or.

WM. MARDES. W. F. WISEMAN.

Marders & Wiseman,

Son and Wine Room,

The Dalles, Oregon.

Northwest corner of Second and
Court Streets.

THE DALLES
National ★ Bank,

OF DALLES CITY, OR.

J. S. SCHENCK,
President.
H. M. BEALL,
Cashier.

First National Bank.

THE DALLES, — OREGON

A General Banking Business transacted
Deposits received, subject to Sight
Draft or Check.

General Banking Business Transacted.

Sight Exchanges Sold on
NEW YORK,
SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO
and PORTLAND, OR.

Collections made on favorable terms
at all accessible points.

FRENCH & CO.,
BANKERS.

TRANACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Letters of Credit issued available in the
Eastern States.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic
Transfers sold on New York, Chicago, St.
Louis, San Francisco, Portland Oregon,
Seattle Wash., and various points in Oregon
and Washington.

Collections made at all points on favor-
able terms.

GENTLEMEN!

BEFORE YOU ORDER GOODS OF
ANY KIND IN THE FURNISH-
ING LINE,

Call and See me

Shirts of all kinds to order, at
prices which defy competition. Other
goods in proportion. P. FAGAN,
Second st., The Dalles,
Sole Agent for WANNAMAKER & BROWN,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Clothing made at all points on favor-
able terms.

Dress-Making Parlors

Fashionable Dress and Cloak-Making

Cutting and Fitting a Specialty.

Room 4 over French & Co's Bank. : : MRS. GIBSON, Prop.

J. O. MACK,

FINE WINES and LIQUORS

DOMESTIC
AND KEY WEST
CIGARS.

THE
CELEBRATED
PABST BEER.

FRENCH'S BLOCK.
171 SECOND STREET, : : THE DALLES, OR.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM

The Position of Secretary Foster on the
Treasury Condition.

MILLIONS TO SPARE MARCH 4th.

The Senatorial Contest in our Sister
State Washington.

MR. ALLEN SEEMS VERY CONFIDENT

Maine Democratic Tactics—Nebraska
Deadlock—Republican Victory
in Kansas.

Special to THE CHRONICLE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Secretary Foster
does not expect to be called upon to issue
any bonds to get gold for the treasury
between now and March 4th. It will be
necessary. In the three weeks during
which \$12,000,000 have been sent abroad,
all of which was taken from the treasury,
he says: "I have had the offset of
\$8,000,000 accumulation. The gold in the
treasury when the high shipments began
amounted to \$125,000,000. While I have not made any promises to
get any more gold in the treasury on
March 4th than \$120,000,000, I believe
that the shipments of gold to Europe
will be lighter from the 1st, and that it is
within the possibilities of the situation
to leave \$125,000,000 for my successor
to control. While I shall not utilize
the provisions of the resumption act of
1875, which went into effect on Jan. 1st,
1879, there is no doubt among the legal
councillors of the government that the
secretary of the treasury is empowered
under this law to sell bonds to secure
gold whenever it becomes necessary to
maintain resumption. The maintenance
of the credit of the government has
always been thought best subserved by
paying bonds in gold, and that will undoubt-
edly continue the custom."

Willing to Compromise.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Cleveland has
informed several democrats in congress,
who come nearest to representing his
views on the financial questions, and
who are anxious to have the silver matter
settled in some way as speedily as
possible, that he would be content to
have the bland act restored as a com-
promise, in consideration of the repeal of
the Sherman act. How far he is using
his influence to bring this about is un-
certain, but the men in congress who
are interesting themselves in the matter
are very hopeful of being able to effect a
compromise.

A Filthy Camp.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Surgeon-General
Wyman has received a report from
Surgeon Williams, sent to Little Rock,
Ark., to investigate the disease in the
convict camp there. After describing the
filthy condition of the camp and sur-
roundings, he gives it as his opinion the
deaths there were due either to poison
or to contaminated water, due to over-
crowding, probably the latter.

A Prospect of War.

PANAMA, Jan. 5.—The boundary question
between Costa Rica and Nicaragua has
been reopened. There is a prospect of war
between the countries in conse-
quence. A body of Costa Rican soldiers
have taken possession of the territory
claimed by Nicaragua, an ultimatum
which the latter country is not disposed to
agree with. She is preparing to de-
fend her rights.

The Thames Frozen Over.

A London dispatch says the weather
has been very windy for several days.
Much ice formed in the Thames. Traf-
fic above and below London bridge is
much impeded by pack ice. The upper
river is frozen over.

Blaine Still Improving.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Dr. Johnson
says Blaine had a good night, and is
better this morning. Dr. Loomis, the
specialist, left this morning on his re-
turn to New York.

American Fleeced in Austria.

A Vienna dispatch says a warrant was
issued here for the arrest of Roederer, a
pretended journalist, who is accused of
swindling John S. Bergheim, an Ameri-
can mine-owner, out of \$100,000.

The Final Crop Estimates.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The final esti-
mates of the agricultural department of
the yield in bushels of wheat, corn and
oats for 1892, of the whole United States,
show: Wheat, 515,949,000; corn, 1,-
628,164,000; oats, 661,035,000.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE

JUSTICE IN CHICAGO.

A Jury Gets a Wholesome Reprimand
and is Fined.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—(Special)—There is a
great deal of instruction to be got out
of the incident in Judge Brentano's
court room yesterday morning, wherein
certain factions and ill-advised jurymen
received a tongue-lashing they will not
soon forget. In a suit for damages for
the death of a child that sanguineous body
returned a verdict finding the defendants
responsible for the death and fixing
the damages therefor at one cent. This
is suggestive; but wait. With the ver-
dict handed in was a copy of a requisition
made by nine of the jurors last
Thursday for a case of beer, two quarts
of whisky, a box of cigars, three decks
of cards, a dozen bottles of ale and dinner
for twelve. With this festal outlay,
purchased at the public expense, it had
been the jurors' intention to grapple
with a problem involving a question of
human life. In this easy and jocular
manner they had meant to dispatch the
solemn duties to which they were sworn.
It is hard to say which is most amazing,
the astounding impudence of the thing
or the abject confession it implies of a
total disregard of trust and of the sacred-
ness of human life. Judge Brentano's
excoriation of the culprits was about as
sharp and cutting as might be, but none
too severe for the offense. The fines
administered to the jurors, with their
discharge, were in comparison mild to
bear. If the object lesson will prevail
in preventing other jurors with a dis-
torted sense of humor from stultifying
the proceedings of justice in similar
fashion it will have been highly salutary.

SOURCES OF INCOMES.

The National Revenues of The United
States of America.

COMPARED WITH THAT OF ENGLAND

A Simple Statement Upon a Some-
What Complex Subject.

REP. GREENLEAF INTERVIEWED.

After Scaling the List From Whence
Must Come the Revenue to Meet
Our Millions.

Special to THE CHRONICLE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The question of
an extra session is discussed everywhere.
Last evening a few were talking over the
situation when the inquiry was made
direct of representative Greenleaf of New
York: "What does England pay duty
on? I understand there are only about
seven articles from which that nation
receives revenue." The answer was plain
and simple, in substance. "Tobacco,
tea, rum, brandy and other spirits, wine,
currents, coffee, raisins and a few minor
articles that amount to little in the receipts.
That is the list. The entire revenue from customs duties amounts to about
\$100,000,000 a year. About
\$120,000,000 more comes from the tax on
beer, on railways and from licenses.
Then there are the probate duty, the
legacy duty, the house duty, the income
and property tax, and other sources of
revenue mainly taking the form of
stamped documents, etc. The four chief
sources of income are the excise, customs,
stamps, and income and property tax, in
the order named."

The study of this plan of raising
revenue is of very great interest to the
people of this country now because it has
a charm for many of the leaders of the
democratic party. Our enormous cus-
toms duties are to be whittled down, if
we can believe the declarations of the
ardent reformers who are tilting at the
McKinley law. Free sugar has come
and will remain. Free wool, free lumber,
free tin-plate and other articles are to
follow, with a general scaling of tariffs
on manufactured products, which yet
may be as well protected as before, be-
cause of the granting of free raw
materials. But whence will come the
revenue to pay the many millions for
pensions, for river and harbor laws, the
cost of new battleships and of elaborate
coast defenses, which a nation with not
an enemy this side of the planet Mars
still thinks it must have. Prepare for a
large increase in the internal revenue
tax on whisky. Prepare for a determined
effort to establish an income tax
and a tax on inheritances. Prepare for a
lively agitation by Congressman Tom
Johnson and others of that ilk in favor
of a tax on lands. The old order
changeth. Will the people take kindly
to these new ideas? That remains to be
seen.

Minister Lincoln to Resign.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—It is understood
that the resignation of Minister to Eng-
land Robert T. Lincoln will be one of the
first to be placed at the disposal of Pres-
ident Cleveland after his inaugura-
tion. It developed today that during his
recent vacation in this country the son of
Old Abe made arrangements to resume
his law practice by the opening of the
world's fair, and it is stated by friends
that he expects a democrat in his place
so as to enable him to get back in Amer-
ica by the end of April. This will prob-
ably be the first diplomatic plum at the
disposal of the president.

Homesteaders Raising Money.

A member of the advisory committee
of Homestead, Pa., has been in Cincin-
nati some days raising funds to pro-
secute officials of the Carnegie company.

Similar appeals are being made in other
large cities. It is intended to raise \$30,-
000 for the purpose.