



Look at the Bargains!

N. HARRIS,

—AT THE—
OLD AND WELL KNOWN STAND.

Always to the Front!

REGULAR

Clearing OUT Sale!

My Entire Stock, Consisting of

Clothing,

Dry Goods,

Boots, Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

GENTS' Furnishing GOODS,

Laces and

Embroideries

NOW GOING AT BARGAINS.

And the Sale will be continued until all is disposed of. A special opportunity is here afforded for small stores to replenish their stock.

Call and Price these Goods.

N. HARRIS,

—AT THE—
OLD AND WELL KNOWN STAND.

Young & Kuss,

Blacksmith & Wagon Shop

General Blacksmithing and Work done promptly, and all work Guaranteed.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Third Street, opposite the old Liebe Stand.

REAL MERIT

DOES THE ADVERTISING.

Pills? NO!!

If you take pills it is because you have never tried the

S. B. Headache and Liver Cure.

It works so nicely, cleansing the Liver and Kidneys, sets a mild, healthy, without causing pain or sickness, and does not stop you from eating and working.

To try it is to become a friend to it. For sale by all druggists.

MRS. C. DAVIS

Has Opened the

REVERE RESTAURANT,

In the New Frame Building on

SECOND STREET, Next to the

Diamond Clearing Mills.

First Class Meals Furnished at all Hours.

Only White Help Employed.

HATS! HATS!

First of Our New Goods to Arrive.

Crushers

AND

Straw Hats!

Latest Styles.

PEASE & MAYS

Spring Dry Goods,

The Largest Stock, the Most Complete Variety, the Best Assorted Selections.

Summer Dress Goods,

The Prettiest Patterns, the Most Fashionable Shades. See our stock.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Hats, Etc., We sell "MANHATTAN" SHIRTS.

Fine Footwear,

In every Size, Price and Width. A new line of Lawn Tennis Shoes.

A. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

DRUGS

SNIPES & KINERSLY,

—THE LEADING—

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

PURE DRUGS

Handled by Three Registered Druggists.

ALSO ALL THE LEADING

Patent Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

HOUSE PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

Agents for Murphy's Fine Varnishes and the only agents in the City for The Sherwin, Williams Co.'s Paints.

—WE ARE—
The Largest Dealers in Wall Paper.

Finest Line of Imported Key West and Domestic Cigars. Agent for Tansill's Punch.

129 Second Street, The Dalles, Oregon

DIAZ IS AN AMERICAN.

Accused of Yankee Nations, by Enemies in his Government.

OPPOSITION FROM THE CHURCH.

What he is Trying to do to Emancipate the Montezumas.

THE PROSPERITY OF MEXICO FIRST

A Tax System Which is to Bring the Agricultural Area Under the Plow—Other News.

CHICAGO, May 9.—A prominent citizen of Illinois just returned from an extended trip through Mexico, had an extended talk with President Diaz, in which the latter spoke freely of a number of reforms which he intended to inaugurate. The gentleman says: "The hardest thing they can say against Diaz is that he is an American; in other words, they think he has too much sympathy for the United States and that he is trying to Americanize Mexico and introduce Yankee notions into the halls of the Montezumas. His other opposition comes from the church and the conservative element which founded the empire over which Iturbide ruled, and under whose influence the ill-fated Maximilian came over from Austria to establish a throne. This party includes the rich land-owners who acquired vast estates by grant from the Spanish government before the independence of the republic. They have been supported and encouraged by the church and by all other elements of the population which for any reason desire to resist progress. It was this element that brought Mexico to financial ruin, having always opposed the existence of the railways and other public improvements. But this church party is paralyzed. The present generation has walked over them rough shod, and most of them have preferred to leave the country and live in Paris and other cities in Europe on large revenues from their estates, which are managed by agents or administrators. This is considered one of the great obstacles to the prosperity of Mexico, and Diaz is gaining greatly by his liberal policy, and efforts to depend upon its agricultural development, more than upon the output of its mines, which have given Mexico her wealth hitherto. He does not think any government can sustain permanent prosperity upon mineral productions alone, and he is exerting all his influence to urge the people into agriculture. Not long ago he appointed a commission to consider the subject and make a report, which was in favor of permitting the free introduction of all agricultural machinery and the payment of bounties or premiums for large crops. He has a proposition for an internal taxation system in which he will strike everybody but the farmer, and if people want to escape taxes they will have to plow the ground. He proposes to tax all mines and mineral properties except iron and coal, also all cattle and sheep ranches, in order to encourage the people to engage in agriculture, for he says he will never permit plowed ground to be taxed as long as he has any influence in Mexico. He was greatly disappointed at the rejection of the Grant-Romero treaty of 1884, negotiated during the Arthur administration. He feels that our country did Mexico a great injustice in refusing to carry out that arrangement, for he believes, as Gen. Grant did, that free trade between the two countries would be greatly to the advantage of both. He feels, too, great indignation at the publication in the papers of the United States of the bogus stories about revolutionary movements to overthrow him. The leading officials of Mexico know where and why these stories originated, and they think the newspapers of this country ought to be enterprising enough as well as honest enough to ascertain the accuracy of reports before giving them publication and thereby injuring the interests of a friendly nation."

In Memory of Miss Medill.

PARIS, May 8.—In memory of Miss Josephine Medill, who died here in January last, her father, Joseph Medill, editor of the Chicago Tribune, has endowed beds in Paris hospitals for the use of Americans. Minister Reid, in conjunction with the department of public charities, completed the necessary arrangements prior to his departure.

NEBRASKA SNOWED UNDER.

RUSHVILLE, May 8.—Snow has fallen here during the past thirty-eight hours to a depth of 16 inches. It will be severe on the cattle in the sandhills and will retard farm work.

Illinois High Water.

PEORIA, May 8.—The river is still a raging torrent, and has risen seven inches in twenty-four hours up to this morning. Since then the water has been so rough no measurements could be made. It is believed it will not rise much more.

Fast Train for Fruit.

CHICAGO, May 9.—Arrangements have been completed for carrying fruit from California to the east, via Chicago at a fast rate. The total time for the journey will be 108 hours to Chicago and 156 hours to New York. This reduces the time of delivery by almost one-half.

Irish Home Rule.

NEW YORK, May 8.—It is not too much to say that with Lord Salisbury's speech yesterday the question of home rule for Ireland has entered upon a new phase. If the protest from Ulster may have had no effect upon Gladstone, they have made a deep impression on Salisbury.

The Russian Famine.

LONDON, May 8.—News from the famine districts of Russia is very gloomy. Scurvy has followed the epidemics of the typhus and smallpox, which have swept over the afflicted provinces. The people of Saratoff are the greatest sufferers. The emaciated condition of the peasants leaves them an easy prey to the disease. Thousands of the sick go without food or nursing until death ends their misery.

Eighteen Car-loads of Horses.

UMATILLA, Or., May 8.—John Switzler, the veteran horse raiser, today made the largest sale of wild horses that has been made in the famous horse heaven country for several years. An Iowa drover named Jackson bought eighteen carloads. The horses are all in fine condition and will be shipped to Iowa in a few days. He paid an average price of \$20 per head.

Cardinal Manning's Successor.

LONDON, May 8.—The introduction of Dr. Vaughan as archbishop of Westminster, to succeed the late Cardinal Manning, took place in the pro-cathedral this morning. All the canons of the diocese and many bishops assisted in the ceremonies, and a great crowd was present. The newly-created archbishop delivered an address full of feeling and eloquence.

The Proposed University.

OMAHA, Neb., May 8.—Some 25,000 people were present at a mass meeting in Exposition hall this afternoon, at which the American University and Christian Education were the prevailing themes. All the addresses were with reference to the proposed great university at Washington for college graduates only, and which will not be opened till an endowment fund of \$5,000,000 is secured. A resolution was adopted asking the bishops to designate October 16 as Columbia Day, when subscriptions will be asked for the university.

Hideous Cruelty.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—Shanghai newspapers which arrived from the Orient yesterday contain full accounts of the atrocious torture of Chinese suspected of being accomplices of Mason in his foolish scheme of rebellion against the government. The poor wretches who were accused declared they were simply hired by Mason and knew nothing of his plot. An English reporter got into the prison and saw one of the tortured men. His legs were paralyzed from torture and the legs of another man were broken. Two others, who had just been removed from the torture chamber, could not be seen. The foreign consuls at Shanghai have appealed to the government to suppress this hideous cruelty.

The Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—It was quite certain the appropriation bill would pass the house today. The democrats, of course, have failed in their idea of economy, because it is found that this government, in order to be carried on must have the necessary money for that purpose. Strange as it may appear, no person in the house of representatives raised his voice against any of the items in this bill which Rep. Hermann, of Oregon, has had inserted. It was expected some of the economists would make a fight against the cascade locks, especially as it authorized the contract for the completion of the work, but Rep. Hermann had so thoroughly canvassed the house, and shown how necessary were all the improvements which Oregon had in the bill, that no objection was offered. No attempt was made to amend either the Washington or Oregon improvements.

NEARING THE PEOPLE.

J. Proctor Knott Expresses his Views as a Private Citizen.

THINKS CLEVELAND IS OUT OF IT.

Wouldn't Feel Set Back Greatly if Watterson was Nominated.

NIGHT GO FARTHER and FARE WORSE.

Rockefeller's Thank Offering to Chicago Was needed. Perhaps, By the Lord.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Ex-Gov. J. Proctor Knott was at the Palmer house a few hours yesterday, where he stopped while on his way to Duluth. The present trip, he claimed, is one of purely private business. "I cannot say that I have lost all interest in politics or horses," said the ex-governor, in answer to some questions. "I assure you that I have no personal choice even as a private citizen for the presidency. All that I demand is that the candidate shall be honest, capable and a sound democrat. Now such men are not few in number. They may be hard to find because while there are thousands of them the majority are not before the public. Cleveland is said to be quite out of the race, I believe. I have no opinion to offer regarding Hill. I don't know him. My friend Watterson has been mentioned. He probably doesn't consider the matter seriously but I wouldn't feel greatly set back if he were nominated and elected. The party might go farther and fare a great deal worse. You have a good president right here in Illinois, in the person of A. E. Stevenson, ex-assistant postmaster-general. He meets all the requirements I have named. He is honest, capable and a sound democrat. I don't suppose the thought of such a thing ever entered his mind but I don't know but what when you find a capable man like that who hasn't thought of the office, it would be a good thing to scoop him in." Gov. Knott also expressed the liveliest interest in the Columbus fair and seemed especially pleased at the prospects of the Chicago university. "I presume Chicago people," he said, laughing, "wouldn't mind seeing Rockefeller fall sick again and get well. I don't know but what the Lord needed that thank offering."

In the Street Car Business.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 8.—Russell B. Harrison, J. R. Delamer, of Boise City, Idaho, and associates, are here for the purpose of concluding a deal for buying up the controlling interest in the local street car lines. Harrison represents an eastern broker's house, Delamer is a millionaire. They will also bond the road besides holding the majority of the stock. While here Harrison put in some good looks for his father. He denies in toto the charges printed in a Chicago paper in relation to his connection with Secretary Noble and Yellowstone park.

The Peoples' Line.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—"Tell the people of The Dalles, and the whole Inland Empire," says Detrick, "that we are coming." This was said to introduce a fact of much importance. The Oregon and California steamship company is the name chosen by the enterprising firm of George & Detrick, who are about to put on a line of steamers between San Francisco and Portland, connecting with the Inland Empire. The first steamer to sail north, the Homer, will leave San Francisco May 14th, at 5 o'clock in the evening. She will bring a full cargo of general freight and combustibles. Mr. Detrick, of the San Francisco firm, will come with her, and will appoint a local agent in Portland. The other steamer, the Truckee, will sail about the 24th. The company guarantees to send a steamer from San Francisco every ten days for the next six months, and has the financial backing to run the line until it is on a paying basis.

Snow in Wyoming.

BUFFALO, May 8.—The snow which ceased yesterday, commenced again tonight and still falls. The roads have been impassable for freight-trains for two months. Not a pound of sugar or coffee is for sale in Buffalo, and in Fort McKimney the commissary is nearly exhausted. Unless the snow and rain cease soon and the roads dry up, the people will be living on potatoes, flour and beef only.