

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Table with columns: Pacific Coast Time, BAR., TEM., RELATIVE HUM., DIRECTION OF WIND, RAIN, STATE OF WEATHER.

Maximum temperature, 70; minimum temperature, 48. The river is 26 and 4-10 feet above "0," having risen 4-10 of a foot in 24 hours.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

THE DALLES, June 2, 1891. RAIN Weather forecast till 12 m., Wednesday; light rain. Slightly warmer.

Monthly Meteorological Report.

United States signal service Station, The Dalles, Oregon, for the month of May, 1891.

Table with columns: DATE, TEMPERATURE (Max, Min, Mean), WIND (Dir, Force), RAIN (Inches), RELATIVE HUMIDITY.

Mean barometer, 29.92; highest barometer, 30.15, on 5th; lowest barometer, 29.78, on 3rd. Mean temperature 61.2; highest temperature, 82.5, on 24th; lowest temperature, 38, on the 9th.

Total excess in temperature during the month, 6.2. Total deficiency in temperature since January 1st, 60.3 deg.

Local Brevities. Mr. H. W. Wells of Sherar's Bridge is in the city. State Senator Blackman passed through the city on the noon train, today.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

For God and Home and Native Land.

VACATION SONG.

BY KATHERINE LEE BATES.

I have closed my book and hidden my slate, And thrown my satchel across the gate.

My school lies on the meadows wide, Where under the clover the sunbeams hide;

Where the long vines cling to the mossy bars, And the daisies twinkle like fallen stars;

Where clusters of buttercups gild the scene, Like showers of gold-dust thrown over green.

My lessons are written in clouds and trees, And no one whispers, except the breeze,

That sometimes blows, from a secret place, A stray, sweet blossom against my face.

My school-bell rings in the rippling stream Which hides itself like a school-boy's dream,

Under a shadow and out of sight, But laughing still for its own delight.

My schoolmates there are the birds and bees, And the saucy squirrel, less wise than these.

For he only learns, in all the weeks, How many chestnuts will fill his cheeks.

My teacher is patient, and never yet Lesson of hers did I once forget;

For wonderful love do her lips impart, And all her lessons are learned by heart.

O come! O come! or we shall be late, And autumn will fasten the golden gate.

Of all the school rooms, in east or west, The school of nature I love the best.

Diphtheria.

Within the last few months the medical profession in Boston has been giving earnest and extended consideration to this modern disease, which has so rapidly come to one of New England's three great scourges—the other two being consumption and pneumonia.

Contrary to previous belief, there seems to be no special relation between its prevalence and bad drainage or other unsanitary conditions.

Doctor Folsom says, "It is not uncommon for me to see patients in the out-dormitory, who come with diphtheria, sitting side by side with patients affected with other diseases, thus exposing many persons to the danger of infection during the time they remain in the waiting-room of the hospital."

Some of these persons have ridden to the hospital in crowded cars. But mild cases are the chief source of the trouble.

Further, among the cases that often fail to be recognized are those of nasal diphtheria. The membrane is out of sight, and for a time, at least, the disease is easily mistaken for a cold.

It should be remembered that this, and all the lighter forms of diphtheria, may give rise to the most malignant.

A case of malignant diphtheria is, not seldom, mistaken for one of membranous croup, commonly regarded as non-contagious.

It is, therefore, neither reported nor duly guarded against.

It is necessary that diphtheria should be taken charge of as a contagious disease by the board of health, with full powers and all adequate provisions, and, further, that measures should be taken for the better understanding of the disease by the people.

Diphtheria is a most debilitating disease. One of its chief dangers is death by heart-failure, and that, too, when the patient seems to be in a state of convalescence.

From the first everything should be done to keep up the strength by food and stimulants.

Causes of Crime. The Arena. No one who studies the problems of poverty and crime can fail to be impressed with the power of the saloon as a factor in the degradation of the human race.

Run makes criminals of the poor. In the city of New York alone there are nearly 8,000 saloons.

Below 14th street there are 111 Protestant churches and 4000 saloons. These whiskey shops control the politics of the empire city, fill the criminal courts, and make the lives of tens of thousands miserable.

Mr. Justice Fitzgerald says that in Ireland intemperance is the cause of nineteen-twentieths of the crime.

Grant's Famous Words. Ulysses S. Grant, the greatest soldier of the war of the rebellion, was born on the 27th day of this month, 1822.

Temperance people have adopted his famous dispatch: "I propose to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer." Yes, and many summers.

A drunken young man broke into the White House. This brings this terrible curse home to the chief magistrate of our country.

The telegraph says that President Harrison helped to tie his hands, so that he could be removed without doing further damage.

CHRONICLE SHORT STOPS.

Use Dufur flour. It is the best. Berry boxes for sale at Joles Bros. \$1.25 per 100.

Square piano for sale. Price \$90. Apply at this office. Those who try it, always buy it.

Chopped corn for young chickens at Joles Bros. A. M. Williams & Co., have on hand a fine lot of tennis and bicycle shoes.

Ask your grocer for Dufur flour. Pure maple sugar at Joles Bros., eight pounds for \$1.00.

Centerville hotel, on the Goldendale stage road, furnishes first class accommodation for travelers.

The drug store of C. E. Dunham, deceased, is now open and will be so continued until further notice.

For coughs and colds use 2379. Those who use the S. B. headache cure don't have la grippe.

The celebrated Walter H. Tenny Boston-made mens' and boys' fine boots and shoes in all styles, carried by The Dalles Mercantile company at Brooks & Beers old stand.

For the blood in one-half teaspoonful doses S. B. beats Sarsaparilla. 2379 is the cough syrup for children.

Get me a cigar from that fine case at Snipes & Kinersley's. Long Ward offers for sale one of the best farms of its size in Sherman county.

It consists of 240 acres of cleared land at Erskenville. There is a never-failing spring of living water capable of watering five hundred head of stock daily.

The house, which is a large store building with ten rooms attached alone cost \$1700. A blacksmith shop and other buildings and the whole surrounded by a good wire fence.

Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Apply by letter or otherwise to the editor of the CHRONICLE or to the owner, W. L. Ward, Boyd, Wasco county, Oregon.

Baby is sick.—The woeful expression of a Des Moines teamster's countenance showed his deep anxiety was not entirely without cause, when he inquired of a druggist of the same city what was best to give a baby for a cold?

It was not necessary for him to say more, his countenance showed that the pet of the family, if not the idol of his life was in distress.

"We give our baby Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," was the druggist's answer. "I don't like to give the baby such strong medicine," said the teamster.

You know John Oleson, of the Watters-Talbot Printing Co., don't you? Inquired the druggist. "His baby, when eighteen months old, got hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and drank the whole of it."

Of course it made the baby vomit very freely but did not injure it in the least, and what is more, it cured the baby's cold. The teamster already knew the value of the Remedy, having used it himself, and was now satisfied that there was no danger in giving it even to a baby.

For sale by Snipes & Kinersley. Forfeited Railroad Lands. We are now ready to prepare papers for the filing and entry of Railroad Lands.

We also attend to business before the U. S. Land Office and Secretary of the Interior. Persons for whom we have prepared papers and who are required to renew their applications, will not be charged additional for such papers.

Tronsbury & Hudson. Rooms 8 and 9, Land Office building, The Dalles, Oregon.

He wants it known.—Mr. J. H. Straub, a well known German citizen of Fort Madison, Iowa, was terribly afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism when Mr. J. F. Salmon, a prominent druggist there, advised him to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

One bottle of it cured him. His case was a very severe one. He suffered a great deal and now wants others similarly afflicted to know what cured him. 50 cent bottles for sale by Snipes & Kinersley.

Notice. Having leased the Mount Hood hotel at Hood River, I would respectfully call the attention of the traveling public to the fact that the house is being thoroughly renovated and will be open for the reception of guests on or about May 1st, and I would most respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Nothing will be over-looked for the comfort of guests. GEORGE HEBBERT.

The following statement from Mr. W. B. Denny, a well known dairyman of New Lexington, Ohio, will be of interest to persons troubled with Rheumatism.

He says: "I have used Chamberlain's Pain-Balm for nearly two years, four bottles in all, and there is nothing I have ever used that gave me as much relief for rheumatism. We always keep a bottle of it in the house." For sale by Snipes & Kinersley.

FOR SALE. A choice lot of brood mares; also a number of geldings and fillies by "Rockwood Jr.," "Plaster," "Oregon Wilkes," and "Idaho Chief," same standard bred.

Also three fine young stallions by "Rockwood Jr.," out of first class mares. For prices and terms call on or address either J. W. Condon, or J. H. Larsen, The Dalles, Oregon.

Removal Notice. J. H. Cross has removed his feed store to corner Second and Union streets. He desired to invite his patrons and friends to the new stand where he has increased facilities for doing business—he also desires to return his thanks to his customers and friends for their liberal patronage and hopes by fair dealing to merit a continuance of the same.

NOTICE. R. E. French has for sale a number of improved ranches and unimproved lands in the Grass Valley neighborhood in Sherman county. They will be sold very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Mr. French can locate settlers on some good unsettled claims in the same neighborhood. His address is Grass Valley, Sherman county, Oregon.

To the Public. Notice is hereby given that all the barber shops of The Dalles will be closed in future on Sundays.

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to pay the amount of their respective accounts or otherwise make satisfactory settlement of the same, before June 1st, 1891, and all persons having claims against us are requested to present them on or before the above date.

MACFACHERN & MACLEOD, Vogt Block, Second Street, The Dalles, Or.

Notice. One fresh milk cow for sale, (good milker). Apply at this office.

Three furnished rooms suitable for housekeeping for rent. Apply at this office.

Strawberries by the box, crate or ton at Joles Bros.

THE KING OF SAMOA.

The King of Samoa is determined that his subjects shall be sober. The following order is his own proclamation, any breach of which is to be visited by heavy penalties.

"No spirituous, vinous, or fermented liquors or intoxicating drinks whatever shall be sold, given or offered, to be bought or bartered by any native Samoan or Pacific Islander resident in Samoa."

A matter of moment—Time. The Single Tax Question. PORTLAND, OR., May 29, 1891.

EDITOR CHRONICLE—Will you grant me space just this once to add a little more on the single tax question?

The CHRONICLE having admitted that the owner of a townsite who sells out for a "cool million" has "never earned a dollar of this money" simplifies the situation greatly.

In other words it is conceded that the land values are created by the community, hence belong to the community and no individual has a right to absorb them.

For all purposes of government which require taxation to carry them out we see that here is a natural fund which belongs of right to society.

The progress of civilization which brings men together gives a value to land. Some land is more valuable than others, the law of supply and demand fixing its price.

Hence the individuals who use land are in justice required to pay society according to the value of the land they use.

Beyond the collection of these ground rents society should not go. All wealth that a man may acquire in excess of these from the use of that land (be it city lot, water power, mine or farm), it is none of society's business to enquire into as long as the rights of other men are not trespassed upon.

Let us take the case of the man who sells a townsite for a "cool million." The only reason that such a price was obtainable was that the annual rental value of that sight was—for convenience, let us say—ten per cent. of the selling price; in other words \$100,000 per annum.

The man who purchased it, no matter how they came by their money, did so because it was worth that much to them collectively for purposes of business, for these values still remain and it is with them alone society has the right to deal.

Society by its presence and labors is still making this land valuable and has the right to demand its own. If the CHRONICLE will ponder on the situation in Wasco county it will find an easy solution of the tax levy problem on the basis of the single tax.

A real estate value of a million and a half has been shown—does any man believe that, exempting improvements of all kinds, the land value of Wasco county is less than a million? On the basis of \$100,000 annual value, and allowing a very healthy margin to land owners for collection of rents, etc., how easy to raise the \$62,500 without doing injustice to any man!

Now as to our millionaire; whose business is it what he does with his money as long as he conforms to police regulations? He and his money may remove to parts unknown, in which case the community where he acquired his wealth could no longer tax him if he wanted to. He may stay where he "made his pile," in which case his money, whether he embarks in enterprise or loans it to others for various purposes, will by its presence add to the value of the land.

Producers and consumers alike give value to land—that is make it profitable for some one to make use of that land. If a merchant pays a high rent the reason is that the location is such that he can do business enough to justify him in paying such a rent.

The ultimate question is who shall receive that portion of the rent that belongs to the land value? Society that gave it that value or some individual who did not?

The poor man referred to, on his homestead, will, under the single tax, have little or no tax to pay because his land, improvements counted out, and valued as it would be if never a plow had been stuck in the ground or a grub torn out, will have very little value.

Taxation will be transferred to the rich centers of population, where a single lot is worth a whole township of homestead land. The man with a herd of cattle on the public range is engaged in the meritorious business of raising food for society and should not be taxed therefor.

When the land he occupies becomes more valuable for other purposes it will acquire a rental value which society should tax. In the matter of the poor settler who cannot protect his crops against the depredations of his neighbor's stock it only shows that he does not get "value received" for the taxes he now pays.

If society taxes him it should protect him, as Kansas and Nebraska do by the herd law. In those states every man must herd his stock; and crops, which do not trespass on other people's land, are "turned out doors."

Pardon this long effusion which is, however, too short to do the subject justice. WALLACE YATES.

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Three furnished rooms suitable for housekeeping for rent. Apply at this office.

Strawberries by the box, crate or ton at Joles Bros.

WEST DALLES

Lots 50x100 feet; 20-foot alley in each Block. Sold for Cash or on Installments; Discount for Cash. No interest.

FOR SALE BY Thompson & Butts, C. E. Bayard & Co., Haworth & Thurman, J. M. Huntington & Co., THE DALLES, OREGON.

The Farm Trust & Loan Company,

C. N. SCOTT, President. Wm. A. BANTZ, Vice-Pres. & Mgr. PORTLAND, OREGON.

ROBT. MAYS. L. E. CROWE. MAYS & CROWE,

(Successors to ABRAMS & STEWART.) Retailers and Jobbers in Hardware, - Tinware, - Graniteware, - Woodenware, SILVERWARE, ETC.

AGENTS FOR THE: "Acorn," "Charter Oak" "Argand" STOVES AND RANGES.

Pumps, Pipe, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Supplies, Packing, Building Paper, SASH, DOORS, SHINGLES.

Also a complete stock of Carpenters', Blacksmith's and Farmers Tools and Fine Shelf Hardware.

AGENTS FOR: The Celebrated R. J. ROBERTS' "Warranted" Cutlery, Meriden Cutlery and Tableware, the "Quick Meal" Gasoline Stoves, "Grand" Oil Stoves and Anti-Rust Tinware.

All Tinning, Plumbing, Pipe Work and Repairing will be done on Short Notice.

174, 176, 178, 180 SECOND STREET, THE DALLES, OREGON.

Removal Notice!

H. Herbring's DRY GOODS STORE

Has removed to 177 Second street (French's Block) nearly opposite his former stand, where he will be pleased to see his former customers and friends.

He carries now a much larger stock than before and every Department is filled with the Latest Novelties of the Season.

I. C. NICKELSEN, DEALER IN

School Books, Stationery, Organs, Pianos, Watches, Jewelry.

Cor. of Third and Washington Sts., The Dalles, Oregon.

H. C. NIELSEN, Clothier and Tailor,

BOOTS AND SHOES, hats and Caps, Trunks, Valises, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

CORNER OF SECOND AND WASHINGTON STS., THE DALLES, OREGON.

JOLES BROS., DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hay, Grain and Feed.

No. 122 Cor. Washington and Third. Sts.