THE SECOND SERMON IN DR. TAL-MAGE'S PRESENT SERIES.

Drunkenness Is the Topic and This Is the Text, "Noah Planted a Vineyard, and He Drank of the Wine and Was

NEW YORK, March 1. - Dr. Talmage continued today the series of sermons he Plagues of New York and the Adjacent Cities." The plague which he places second on the list is intemperance, and on that subject he discoursed this morning in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, and this ovening in New York. At the close of the service in the New York Academy of Music Dr. Talmage went over to the Union Square Theatre, where his son, Mr. Frank De Witt Talmage, was holding an over-low meeting, and briefly addressed the growded house. Both the New York services are under the auspices of The Chris-tian Herald, of which Dr. Talmage is editor. The text of the doctor's sermon was taken from Genesis ix, 20, 21: "Noah planted a vineyard, and he drank of the wine and was

This Noah did the best and the worst thing for the world. He built an ark against the deluge of water, but intro-duced a deluge against which the human e has ever since been trying to build an ark-the deluge of drunkenness. In my text we hear his staggering steps. Shem and Japhet tried to cover up the dis-grace, but there he is, drunk on wine at a time in the history of the world, when, to may the least, there was no lack of water. Inebriation, having entered the world, has not retreated. Abigail, the fair and heroic wife, who saved the flocks of Nabal, her husband, from confiscation by invaders, goes home at night and finds him so intox-icated she cannot tell him the story of his narrow escape. Uriah came to see David, and David got him drunk and paved the way for the despoliation of a household Even the church bishops needed to be charged to be sober and not given to too much wine, and so familiar were people of Bible times with the staggering and falling motion of the inebriate that Isaiah, when he comes to describe the final dislocation of worlds, says, "The earth shall reel to and fro like a drunkard."

A WORLD WIDE TEMPTATION. Ever since apples and grapes and wheat grew the world has been tempted to un-bealthful stimulants. But the intoxicants of the olden time were an innocent beverage, a harmless orangeade, a quiet sirup, a eful soda water as compared with the liquids of modern inebriation, into which a dness, and a fury, and a gloom, and a fire, and a suicide, and a retribution have mixed and mingled Fermentation was always known, but it was not until a thousand years after Christ that distillation was invented While we must confess that some of the ancient arts have been lost, the Christian era is superior to all others in the bad eminence of whisky and rum and gin. The modern drunk is a hundred fold worse than the ancient drunk. Noah in his intoxication became imbecile, but the victims of modern alcoholism have to struggle with whole menageries of wild beasts, and jungles of hissing serpents, and perditions of blaspheming demons.

An arch fiend arrived in our world, and he built an invisible caldron of tempta-He built that caldron strong and stout for all ages and all nations. First he squeezed into the caldron the juices of the forbidden fruit of Paradise. Then he gathered for it a distillation from the harrest fields and the orchards of the hemispheres. Then he poured into this caldron apsicum and copperas and logwood and eadly nightshade and assault and battery and vitriol and opium and rum and murder and sulphuric acid and theft and potash and cochineal and red carrots and pov compound and it must be moistened, and it must be liquefied, and so the arch fiend poured into that caldron the tears of centuries of orphanage and widowhood, and he poured in the blood of twenty thousand sinations.

that he had brought up from the furnaces meath, and he put that shovel into this sat caldron and began to stir, and the caldron began to heave and rock and boil and sputter and hiss and smoke, and the nations gathered around it with cups and tankards and demijohns and kegs, and there was enough for all, and the arch flend cried: "Aha! champion flend am I! Who has done more than I have for coffins and graveyards and prisons and insane asylums, and the populating of the lost world? And when this caldron is emptied I'll fill it again and I'll stir it again, and it will smoke again, and that smoke will join another smoke, the smoke of a ent that ascendeth for ever and ever. I drove fifty ships on the rocks of New foundland, and the Skerries, and the Goodwins I have ruined more senators than gather this winter in the national councils I have ruined more lords than are now gathered in the house of peers. The cup out of which I ordinarily drink is a bleached human skull, and the upholstery of my palace is so rich a crimson, because it is dyed in huin gore, and the mosaic of my floors is made up of the bones of children dashed to death by drunken parents, and my favorite sweeter than Te Deum or triumphal march-my favorite music is the cry of daughters turned out at midnight on the street because father has come home from carousal, and the seven hundred voiced ahriek of the sinking steamer, because the captain was not himself when he put the ahip on the wrong course. Champion fiend am II I have kindled more fires, I have wrang out more agonies, I have stretched out more midnight shadows, I have opened more Golgothas, I have rolled more Juggernauts, I have damned more souls than any other emissary of diabolism. Cham-pion fiend am I!" THE NATION'S GREATEST EVIL

Drunkenness is the greatest evil of this mation, and it takes no logical process to prove to this audience that a drunken nation cannot long be a free nation. I call your attention to the fact that drunken ness is not subsiding, certainly that it is not at a standstill, but that it is on an on-ward march, and it is a double quick. There is more rum swallowed in this coun try, and of a worse kind, than was ever swallowed since the first distillery began its work of death. Where there was one drunken home there are ten drunken homes. Where there was one drunkard's grave there are twenty drunkards' graves. It is on the increase. Talk about crooked whisky—by which men mean the whisky whisky—by which men mean the whisky
that does not pay the tax to government—
I tell you all strong drink is crooked.
Crooked Otard, crooked Cognac, crooked
schnapps, crooked beer, crooked wine,
crooked whisky—because it makes a man's
path crooked, and his life crooked, and his
death crooked, and his eternity crooked.

If I could gather all the armies of the

PLAGUES OF THE CITIES, dead drunkards and have them come to esurrection, and then add to that host all the armies of living drunkards, five and ten abreast, and then if I could have you mount a horse and ride along that line for review, you would ride that horse until he dropped from exhaustion, and you would mount another horse and ride until he fell from exhaustion, and you would take another and another, and you would ride along hour after hour and day after day. Great host, in regiments, in brigades Great armies of them. And then if you had voice stentorian enough to make them all hear, and you could give the command, "Forward, march!" their first tramp would make the earth tremble. I do not care which way you look in the community today the evil is increasing.

HEREDITARY APPETITE. I call attention to the fact that there are thousands of people born with a thirst for strong drink—a fact too often ignored. Along some ancestral lines there runs the river of temptation. There are children whose swaddling clothes are torn off the shroud of death. Many a father has made a will of this sort: "In the name of God, amen. I bequeath to my children my houses and lands and estates; share and share shall they alike. Hereto I affix my hand and seal in the presence of witnesses." And yet perhaps that very man has made another will that the people have never read, and that has not been proved in the courts. That will put in writing would read something like this: "In the name of disease and appetite and death, amen. bequeath to my children my evil habits, my tankards shall be theirs, my wine cup shall be theirs, my destroyed reputation shall be theirs. Share and share alike shall they in the infamy. Hereto I affix my hand and seal in the presence of all the ap-plauding harples of hell."

From the multitude of those who have the evil habit born with them this army is being augmented. And I am sorry to say that a great many of the drug stores are abetting this evil, and alcohol is sold under the name of bitters. It is bitters for this and bitters for that and bitters for some other thing, and good men deceived, not knowing there is any thraildom of alcoholism coming from that source, are going down, and some day a man sits with the bottle of black bitters on his table, and the cork flies out, and after it flies a fiend and clutches the man by his throat and says: "Aha! I have been after you for ten years. I have got you now. Down with you! down with you!" Bitters! Ah! yes. They make a man's family bitter and his home bitter and his disposition bitter and his death bitter and his hell bitter. Bitters!

A vast army, all the time increasing. It seems to me it is about time for the 17,000,000 professors of religion in America to take sides. It is going to be an out and ont battle with drunkenness and sobriety, between heaven and hell, between God and the devil. Take sides before there is any further national decadence; take sides be-fore your sons are sacrificed and the new home of your daughter goes down under the alcoholism of an imbruted husband. Take sides while your voice, your pen. your prayer, your vote may have any influence in arresting the despoliation of this nation. If the 17,000,000 professors of religion should take sides on this subject it would not be very long before the destiny of this nation would be decided in the right

THE CURSE OF STRONG DRINK. Is drunkenness a state or national evil? Does it belong to the north, or does it be long to the south? Does it belong to the east, or does it belong to the west? Ah! there is not an American river into which its tears have not fallen and into which its suicides have not plunged. What ruined that southern plantation?—every field a fortune, the proprietor and his family once the most affluent supporters of summer watering places. What threw that New watering piaces. What threw that New England farm into decay and turned the roseate cheeks that bloomed at the foot of the Green Mountains into the pallor of despair? What has smitten every street of every village, town and city of this con-tinent with a moral pestilence? Strong

To prove that this is a national evil I call and Georgia. Let them testify in regard to this. State of Maine says, "It is so great an evil up here we have anathematized it as a state." State of Georgia says, "It is so great an evil down here that ninety counties of this state have made the sale of intoxicating drink a criminality." So the word comes up from all parts of the land. Either drunkenness will be destroyed in this country or the American government will be destroyed. Drunkenness and free institutions are coming into a death grap

Gather up the money that the working classes have spent for rum during the last thirty years, and I will build for every workingman a house, and lay out for him a garden, and clothe his sons in broadcloth and his daughters in silks, and stand at his front door a prancing span of sorrels or bays, and secure him a policy of life insurance so that the present home may be well maintained after he is dead. The most persistent, most overpowering enemy of the working classes is intoxicating liquor. It is the anarchist of the centuries, and has boycotted and is now boycotting the body and mind and soul of American labor. It annually swindles industry out of a large percentage of its earnings. It holds out its blasting solicitations to the mechanic or operative on his way to work, and at the oon spell, and on his way home at eventide. On Saturday, when the wages are paid, it snatches a large part of the money that might come to the family and sacrithat might come to the family and sacri-fices it among the saloon keepers. Stand the saloons of this country side by side, and it is carefully estimated that they would reach from New York to Chicago. This evil is pouring its vitriolic and damnable liquors down the throats of hundreds of thousands of laborers, and

while the ordinary strikes are ruinous both to employers and employes, I pro-claim a universal strike against strong drink, which strike, if kept up, will be the relief of the working classes and the salva-tion of the nation. I will undertake to say that there is not a healthy laborer in the United States who, within the next twenty years, if he will refuse all intoxicating beverages and be saving, may not become a capitalist on a small scale.

CANNOT SOMETHING BE DONE? Oh, how many are waiting to see if some-thing cannot be done for the stopping of intemperance! Thousands of drunkards waiting who cannot go ten minutes in any direction without having the temptation glaring before their eyes or appealing to their nostrils, they fighting against it with snfeebled will and diseased appetite, con-

watchman has gone by and tried to see that everything was closed up for the

Oh! what a change for that young man, who we had hoped would do something in his life away on the grass, he said to his merchandise or in artisanship or in a profession that would do honor to the family name, long after mother's wrinkled hands are folded from the last toil! All that ex-changed for startled look when the door bell rings, lest something has happened; and the wish that the scarlet fever twenty years ago had been fatal, for then he would have gone directly to the bosom of his Saviour. But alas! poor old soul, she has lived to experience what Solomon said, "A foolish son is a heaviness to his mother."

Oh! what a funeral it will be when that boy is brought home dead! And how mother will sit there and say: "Is this my boy that I used to fondle, and that I walked the floor with in the night when he was sick? Is this the boy that I held to the baptismal font for baptism? Is this the boy for whom I toiled until the blood burst from the tips of my fingers, that he might have a good start and a good home? 12rd, why hast thou let me live to see this? Can it be that these swollen hands are the ones that used to wander over my face when rocking him to sleep? Can it be that this wollen brow is that I once so rapturously kissed? Poor boy! how tired he does look wonder who struck him that blow across the temples? I wonder if he uttered adving prayer? Wake up, my son; don't you hear met wake up! Oh! he can't hear me! Dead! dead! dead! 'Oh, Absalom, my son. my son, would God that I had died for thee, oh, Absalom, my son, son!""

THE WORDS OF THE RUM FIEND. I am not much of a mathematician and I cannot estimate it, but is there any one here quick enough at figures to estimate many mothers there are waiting for something to be done? Ay, there are many wives waiting for domestic rescue. He promised something different from that when, after the long acquaintance and the careful scrutiny of character, the hand and the heart were offered and accepted. What a hell on earth a woman lives in who has a drunken husband! O death, how lovely thou art to her, and how soft and warm thy skeleton hand! The sepulcher at midnight in winter is a king's drawing room compared with that woman's home. not so much the blow on the head that hurts as the blow on the heart.

The rum fiend came to the door of that beautiful home, and opened the door and stood there and said: "I curse this dwelling with an unrelenting curse. I curse that father into a maniac, I curse that mother into a pauper. I curse those sons into vagabonds. I curse those daughters into profligacy. Cursed be bread tray and cradle. Cursed be couch and chair, and family Bible with record of marriages and births and deaths. Curse upon curse." Oh, how many wives are there waiting see if something cannot be done to shake these frosts of the second death off the orange blossoms! Yea, God is waiting, the God who works through human instrumentalities, waiting to see whether this nation is going to overthrow this evil, and if it refuse to do so God will wipe out the nation as he did Phœnicia, as he did Rome, as he did Thebes, as he did Babylon.

Ay, he is waiting to see what the church of God will do. If the church does not do its work, then he will wipe it out as he did the church of Ephesus, church of Thya-tira, church of Sardis. The Protestant and Roman Catholic churches today stand side by side, with an impotent look, gazing on this evil, which costs this country more than a billion dollars a year to take care of the 800,000 paupers, and the 315,000 criminals, and the 30,000 idiots, and to bury the 75,000 drunkards. Protagoras boasted that out of the sixty years of his life forty years he had spent in ruining youth; but this evil may make the more infamous boast that all its life it has been ruining the bodies, minds and souls of the human race. THE POLITICIANS ARE DOING NOTHING.

Put on your spectacles and take a candle and examine the platforms of the two leading political parties of this country, and what they are doing for the arrest of this evil and for the overthrow of this lutions about Mormonism! It is safe to attack that organized nastiness two thousand miles away. But not one resolution against drunkenness, which would turn this entire nation into one bestial Salt Lake City. Resolutions against political cor ruption, but not one word about drunkenss, which would rot this nation from scalp to heel. Resolutions about protection against competition with foreign industries, but not one word about protect tion of family and church and nation against the scalding, blasting, all consum-ing, damning tariff of strong drink put upon every financial, individual, spiritual. moral, national interest.

I look in another direction. The Church of God is the grandest and most glorious institution on earth. What has it in solid phalanx accomplished for the overthrow of drunkenness? Have its forces ever been marshaled? No, not in this direction. Not long ago a great ecclesiastical court assem bled in New York, and resolutions arraigning strong drink were offered, and clergy men with strong drink on their tables and strong drink in their cellars defeated the resolutions by threatening speeches. They could not bear to give up their own lusts. I tell this audience what many of you may never have thought of, that todaynot in the millennium, but today-the church holds the balance of power in America; and if Christian people—the men and the women who profess to love the Lord Jesus Christ and to love purity and to be the sworn enemies of all unclean ness and debauchery and sin-if all such would march side by side and shoulder to shoulder, this evil would soon be overthrown. Think of three hundred thou-sand churches and Sunday schools in Christendom marching shoulder to shoulder! How very short a time it would take them to put down this evil, if all the churches of God, transatiantic and cisat

lantic, were armed on this subject?
Young men of America, pass over into
the army of teetotalism. Whisky, good to preserve corpses, ought never to turn you into a corpse. Tens of thousands of young men have been dragged out of respectability, and out of purity, and out of good character, and into darkness by this in-fernal stuff called strong drink. Do not touch it! Do not touch it!

LOOK NOT UPON THE WINE In the front door of our church in Brooklyn, a few summers ago, this scene occurred: Sabbath morning a young man was entering for divine worship. A friend passing along the street said, "Joe, come along with me; I am going down to Coney Island and we'll have a gay Sunday." "No," replied Joe; "I have started to go here to church, and I am going to attend service here." "Oh, Joe," his friend said, "you can go to church any time! The day is bright, and we'll go to Coney Island, and In the front door of our church in Brooksnfeebled will and diseased appetite, conquering, then surrendering, conquering again and surrendering again, and crying, "How long, O Lord! how long before these infamous solicitations shall be gone!" And how many mothers are waiting to see if this national curse cannot lift? Oh, is that the boy who had the honest breath who comes home with breath vitiated or disguised? What a change! How quickly those habits of early coming home have been exchanged for the rattling of the

night key in the door long after the last it. Joe, in his intoxication, when the train was in full speed, tried to pass around from one seat to another and fell and was crushed.

Under the lantern, as Joe lay bleeding your taking me away from church; it was a very bad business. You ought not to have done that, John. I want you to tell the boys to-morrow when you see them that rum and Sabbath breaking did this for me. And John, while you are telling them I will be in hell, and it will be your fault." Is it not time for me to pull out from the great organ of God's word, with many banks of keys, the tremolo stop?
"Look not upon the wine when it is red,
when it moveth itself aright in the cup, for at last it biteth like a serpent an stingeth like an adder."

But this evil will be arrested. Blucher came up just before night and saved the day at Waterloo. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon it looked very badly for the linglish Generals Possonby and Pickton fallen glish army falling back and falling back. Napoleon rubbed his hands together and said: "Aha! aha! we'll teach that little Englishman a lesson. Ninety chances out. of a hundred are in our favor. Magnifi-cent! magnificent!" He even sent mes sages to Paris to say he had won the day.

But before sundown Blucker came up. and he who had been the conqueror of Austeritiz became the victim of Waterloo. The name which had shaken all Europe and filled even America with apprehension, that name went down, and Napoleon, muddy and hatless, and crazed with his dis-asters, was found feeling for the stirrup of a horse, that he might mount and resume

Well, my friends, alcoholism is imperia and it is a conqueror, and there are good people who say the night of national over throw is coming, and that it is almost night. But before sundown the Conquero of earth and heaven will ride in on th white horse, and alcoholism, which has had its Austerlitz of triumph, shall have its Waterloo of defeat. Alcoholism having lost its crown, the grizzly and crue! breaker of human hearts, crazed with the disaster, will be found feeling in vain for the stirrupon which to remount its foaming charger. "So, O Lord, let thine enemies

Pholas, the Shell Miner.

The pholas, a small species of bivalve shell having the remarkable faculty of boring into the hardest rock, is one of the greatest wonders known to the conchologist. Great blocks of granite and marble that have fallen overboard or been sunk in foundered vessels have been found year afterward completely honeycombed by these curious little borers, they themselve being imprisoned in the cavity, obtaining their food from the water that flowed in and out. Many explanations have been given as to the method by which they bore into such extremely hard rocks. shell is known to contain aragonite, and some suppose that constant friction ena-bles the shell to subdue the rock.

Others, again, are of the opinion that creature to bore its hole. Some of the most interesting samples of its work known to the scientists may be seen in the pillars of the Temple of Serapis, Italy. There the land became submerged long enough for the shell to do its curious work. After a lapse of ages the land has now risen, and the holes with their empty shell are plainly to be seen, the marble pillars being completely permeated by them. These and other exhibitions of its work have caused pholas to be called "the shell miner," and, curiously enough, it is furnished with a lamp, a rich blue white light that shines over the entire body. Some remarkable experiments have been made with the shells of pholas.—St. Louis Re-

Nothing New Under the Sun. ly," we said, "the phonograph at least is new." We imagined that nothing like it had ever been dreamed of before. But there is where we were wrong again. Something almost exactly like it was invented when Edison was barely out of his cradle, and more or less dim premonitions of the modern marvel haunted the minds of men centuries ago. In the year 1859 the famous Abbe Migne read a paper before the British association describing an in-strument called a "phonautograph," which had but a short time before been invented by a young Frenchman, M. E. L. Scott.

This instrument was still in the rough however, and the abbe went on to explain that while it was fairly successful with musical sounds, the human voice presented certain difficulties. Nevertheless he had little doubt that eventually the phonautograph would register for future genera-tions not only the words but the very tones of famous actors and orators.-St. Louis

Music for the Use of the Public. Librarian W. A. Bardwell, of the Brookiyn library, tells me that the new music department of that institution is very lib erally patronized. The experiment of cir-culating music like ordinary books has met with general approval, and few classe of books, except fiction, are in such con stant request.

The department now contains 1,100 volumes. It was materially strengthened during the summer when Mr. Paul Tidden, a well known musician of Brooklyn, went to Europe in the interest of the library and purchased over 600 volumes of classica music. Mr. Bardwell says that a large part of the music is in constant circulation among the members. It is all classical music, and as some of the pieces are quite expensive the pianists are not slow to take advantage of their opportunities. Mr. Bardwell has recently received numerous letters from librarians in different parts of the country asking for information with a view to adding a similar department to their respective institutions.—New York

"The other night, just as Robinson was getting down on his knees to propose to a girl, his suspender parted."

"How unfortunate. I suppose Robinson was in a terrible rage, wasn't he?"

"No, but the girl was."—West Shore.

Aunt Jane (passing fashionably dressed lady)—Deary me! Where can that girl possibly keep her pocket in that tight akirt?

Bessie—Shedana't, I guess; there's room for half a dozen, though, in those big sleeves of hers.—Harper's Bazar.

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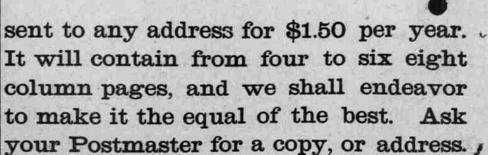
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