

Fraternals

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DOKKs Begin To Get Ready For Convention

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Get-Together Meeting Held By All Artisans

A BIG get-together meeting of all Artisan assemblies was held Wednesday evening in W. O. W. hall, East Sixth and Alder streets. A class of 20 candidates was initiated. There was a large and enthusiastic gathering including delegates to the supreme assembly from all Pacific coast states and officers of the supreme lodge. The drill team of Progress assembly had charge of the floor work, while Fram's team put on the initiatory work. Liberty's champion calets gave an exhibition drill in the supreme lodge. The first set of teeth, to sum it up, the average baby begins to cut teeth at about six months of age and has six teeth when he is a year old. He has 12 teeth at one and a half years. He has 16 teeth at 2 years and 20 teeth when he is 2 1/2 years old.

Dictionary of Baby Terms

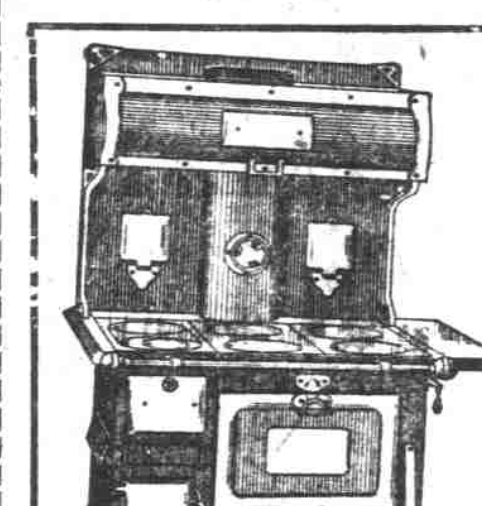
DEAFNESS—This is often caused by enlarged adenoids. If large adenoid growths are not properly cared for, deafness for life may be the result. **DECAYED TEETH**—There are three kinds of decayed teeth. Errors in diet, lack of proper cleaning, and disease. The diet should be nourishing and contain the proper amount of meat, eggs, vegetables, fruits, etc. The teeth should always be kept clean. There should be hard chewable food in the diet to make the teeth sound and firm. The teeth should be inspected once or twice a year by a dentist and any decayed spot should be filled at once. The first set of teeth should be well cared for in order to have a good set of second teeth. **DELAYED TALKING**—Some children are very late in talking, especially if they are not encouraged. Adenoids are a frequent cause of delayed talking. If a child does not talk at 2 or 2 1/2 years of age, deafness, caused by adenoids, or mental deficiency, may be a possible cause of this backwardness. **DELAYED TEETHING**—Sometimes baby's teeth do not appear upon schedule time. A breast fed baby is apt to cut his teeth both earlier and easier than a bottle fed baby. The children of some families cut their teeth early while others cut them late. However, any marked or great irregularity of teething may be caused by errors in diet. This should be investigated as rickets or other nutritional diseases are apt to cause it. **DENTITION**—The first teeth is usually one of the two lower central incisors which come in first, followed soon afterwards, is cut some time between the fifth and ninth month. Next are the four upper central teeth, which come in as the eighth month. Then the two lower central teeth make their appearance about the twelfth month. These are followed in the twelfth and eighteenth months by the double teeth, or molars, on each side in each jaw, making four in all. The canine teeth are next, the two upper ones being known as the "eye teeth" and the lower ones as the "stomach teeth." The first set of teeth between the eighth and twenty-fourth month. Some time between the twenty-fourth and the thirtieth month the four double teeth come through, making 20 teeth in all, which is baby's first set of teeth. To sum it up, the average baby begins to cut teeth at about six months of age and has six teeth when he is a year old. He has 12 teeth at one and a half years. He has 16 teeth at 2 years and 20 teeth when he is 2 1/2 years old. **DIAPERS**—Birds-eye cotton or diaper cloth is the material used for diapers. A piece of soft old linen, for further protection, may be laid inside the diaper just before it is adjusted. There is no diaper fit to be changed a second time without having been washed and dried, so three dozen is the least one should provide. Baby's diaper should be changed as often as it is wet or soiled, unless he is asleep. Be sure to thoroughly rinse the diapers after soap has been used on them. Soap left in diapers causes irritation. **DIARRHEA**—Diarrhea is a condition in which a baby smiles and follows a light with the eyes. Between 3 and 5 months he begins to laugh and giggle. At 6 months he begins to creep and crawl. At 12 months he begins to walk and bear his weight by pulling himself up to his feet by a chair or the side of his crib. At 1 year a child generally says several words and sometimes walks. At 15 months he should walk and say intelligent words. At 18 months a child makes short sentences and runs about. **DIARRHEA**—There are but two principal causes of diarrhea, unclean milk and improper feeding. The milk may be infected by the milkman or someone who handles it. The milk should be kept clean and cold. Everything that comes in contact with the milk should be kept as cleanly as possible. Improper feeding, even of clean milk, often results in diarrhea. Overfeeding and too frequent feeding are perhaps the most frequent kind of improper feeding. Diarrhea is usually caused by a baby who does not digest as much food as it will in the winter months, so it may be necessary to cut down the strength of food during the warm weather. Baby will be less inclined to have diarrhea if he is not too warmly clothed and has plenty of fresh air. A breast fed baby is not nearly so apt to have diarrhea as a baby who is artificially fed. If diarrhea should occur in a breast fed baby it is not nearly so severe as it would be in a bottle fed baby. It is usually caused by irregular feeding or giving the baby tastes of food which are not good for him. The treatment for all cases of diarrhea should begin at once. The bowels should be emptied by a dose of castor oil. For mild cases of diarrhea the food should be reduced to half the strength. If the symptoms do not abate stop all milk and replace it with barley or rice water for 24 hours, with plenty of water between feedings. In severe cases of diarrhea the attack is usually accompanied by vomiting and a fever of 102 to 105 degrees. There may be from 10 to 20 bowel movements during the day. At first the skin appears flushed, but later becomes pale. The tongue is coated and dry. The treatment must be very thorough and prompt. Give a good dose of castor oil at once. This is the only medicine which a mother should give for diarrhea without a doctor's advice. Diet is the most important thing, and if strictly observed, will often bring a child through in a short time. For a period of 12 hours give no food whatever. No greater mistake can be made than to give a child food until the symptoms improve. Milk in any form must be withheld and after 12 hours rice water or albumen water may be given in small quantities until the symptoms improve. Begin by giving two or three teaspoons every hour for two or three hours, then an ounce every hour for two or three hours, then gradually increasing the amount until the symptoms improve. Give plenty of water to drink. As soon as the diarrhea has improved, give protein milk. Try very gradually to resume the original diet in the form of a mixture to stand so strong a mixture is able until there is cooler weather. Never attempt to return to the original formula under two or three weeks after the onset of the attack. A mother should never attempt to treat severe case of diarrhea without the advice of a doctor. Several cases of diarrhea are sometimes very complicated. No purgative or patent medicine of any kind should be given for diarrhea except by order of your doctor. (To be Continued Next Sunday)

Bedroom Furniture of Striking Beauty Now Priced at Lower Levels



It will be a pleasant surprise to find bedroom furniture of such attractive design in our Fall exhibit. A three-piece suite similar to design above in either walnut or ivory, two-tone finish. Special at Gadsbys' \$98.00

BUY YOUR GRAFONOLAS AT GADSBYS'



Every model in every kind of finish in stock. For a limited time only we will offer a special outfit, including records, needles, etc. \$10.00 DOWN places this beautiful Grafonola and 10 selections (five 10-inch records) in your home—then pay \$2.00 PER WEEK. This outfit consists of Model #7 in either mahogany, oak or walnut and 10 selections of your own choice. Prices are also very moderate. REMEMBER—Gadsbys' sell only standard goods and guarantee every Grafonola sold. Your credit is always good at Gadsbys'.

TABLE and 5 CHAIRS \$84.50



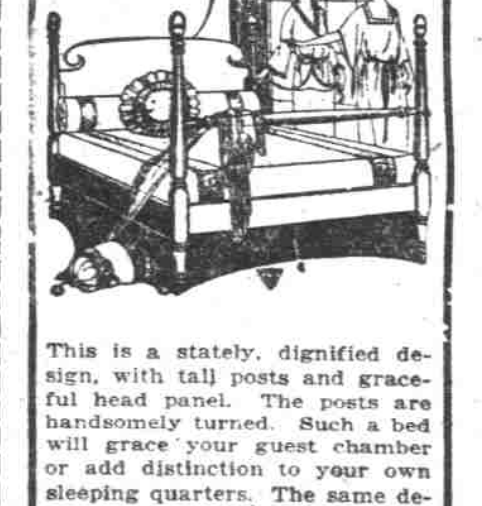
Here is a typical example of the wonderful savings in dining room furniture in our September Sale. It includes an oblong extension table and five chairs with genuine Spanish blue leather seats. It is finished in American walnut. (This does not include the buffet pictured). See it tomorrow at the Sep-tember Sale price of \$84.50. Arm Chair may be added for \$10.50.

FLOOR LAMPS Reduced 20%



We want to clear away all of our old sample floor lamps in the few remaining days of the sale. All styles, including those with mahogany and polychrome bases as well as some with wrought iron with beautiful silk and parchment shades. Easy Terms at Gadsbys'.

Liberty Range On Sale This Week



The Liberty Range on sale this week needs no introduction. We have been selling them for 10 years. Has six 8-inch covers, sectional plate, top polished, large Oregon fire box; plenty of room for wood and coal. This range is fully guaranteed by Gadsbys. Special \$54.75

Our Rug Department



In our large Rug Department, the most extensive display in the city, you will find just the right patterns and colors to faithfully carry out your ideas for a truly "better home." Prices are also very moderate. 9x12 Seamless Brussels \$21.55 9x12 Axminster \$27.75 9x12 Woolfiber \$17.50

No Interest Charged at Gadsbys'	\$ 50.00	\$ 75.00	\$100.00	\$125.00	\$150.00	WORTH OF FURNITURE, \$ 5.00 CASH,	\$1.00 WEEK	For Portland and Suburbs
						WORTH OF FURNITURE, \$ 7.50 CASH,	\$1.50 WEEK	
						WORTH OF FURNITURE, \$10.00 CASH,	\$2.00 WEEK	
						WORTH OF FURNITURE, \$12.50 CASH,	\$2.25 WEEK	
						WORTH OF FURNITURE, \$15.00 CASH,	\$2.50 WEEK	

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