COOPERATIVE DAIRY LEAGUE PROPOSED; PLAN IS DISCUSSED

Dairymen of Portland and vicinity as well as others interested in placing the dairy industry on a sound basis, will meet at Central library hall Saturday at 10 o'clock to consider the merging of the Oregon Dairymen's league into the Oregon Dairymen's Cooperative league. This is the final meeting of a series which has been held in the lower Willamette valley during the past fortnight.

Another subject to be discussed at this meeting is the price of milk in Portland after April 1. Dairymen are expected to bring in figures showing costs of production.

TO DISCUSS COOPERATION

The new plan for the reorganization of the Dairymen's league on a cooperative basis will be further discussed and all questions regarding the change, the purpose of the organization and the effects it will have will be answered.

The plan was unfolded and thoroughly discussed at a dinner of bankers and business men held at the Portland hotel last night, presided over by Alma D. Katz, president of the Oregon Dairymen's league. Katz gave a history of the league from its time of organization and introduced Aaron Sapiro, attorney for a number of California cooperative associations, who outlined what had been done in that state by the growers and producers.

RAISIN-GROWERS CITED

He used the Raisin-Growers Cooperative association as an example and explained how through cooperation and development of the market for raisins the grower had profited at the expense of the speculator.

Sapiro explained that California had been the laboratory in which many phases of cooperation had been tried out, and declared that there was a precedent established for action on almost any kind of cooperative lines.

"Oregon has the best cooperative law in the country," said Sapiro. "I take off my hat to this state on that score, but there are things you can learn from California's experience along this line, and these are at your call."

The Oregon Dairymen's Cooperative league necessarily would be an association of producers bound by 5½-year contracts to deliver their milk to the league, which is non-capitalized. In addition, there would be a capitalized by-products corporation controlled by the league, the preferred stock in which would be guaranteed by long-term milk contracts with the dairymen. Through the sale of this stock the league would be enabled to take over local plants, where necessary, and build others for the manufacture of the various milk products, in this way taking care of the surplus and keeping the market more stable.

The new plan calls for 25 directors in the league, 23 of whom would be chosen from the milk districts of the state and must be producers. The other two, representing the public, would be chosen by the dean of the agricultural college and by the chief of the bureau of markets.

The Oregon Dairymen's league now has 2000 members. The cooperative league will be launched when 75 per cent of the members sign contracts.

At the meetings held so far, between 60 and 80 per cent of the dairymen attending each meeting have signed the contracts.

DINNER GUESTS NAMED

Those present at the dinner were: A. J. Thornburgh, Forest Grove National bank, Forest Grove; W. H. Wehrung, Hillsboro National bank, Hillsboro; Doy Gray, Bank of Beaverton, Beaverton; E. C. Apperson, McMinnville National bank, McMinnville; K. A. Miller, Bank of Gresham, Gresham; A. Myers, First State bank, Gresham; J. R. Humphries, Bank of Commerce, Oregon City; P. H. Bell, State bank, Ridgefield, Wash.; P. H. Brandt, Oregon Agricultural college, Corvallis; Jacob Luscher, Fairview; R. B. Donney, Hillsboro, and Aaron Sapiro, San Francisco.

The Portland guests were: J. D. Mickle, dairy and food commissioner; Morton S. Insley, William Woodward, Charles S. Swigert, C. F. Adams, Julius Meier, C. C. Colt, S. A. Anderson, Charles Leigh, James G. Wilson, Dr. D. W. Mack, Alma D. Katz, M. S. Shrock, J. W. Pomeroy, A. S. Hall, C. D. Tyler and I. R. Steigerwald.

Girls Will Be Girls Even in College Trustees Are Told

Liberty, Mo., March 19.—(I. N. S.)—Girls are to be barred from William Jewell college, the board of trustees has definitely decided, following the recent vote by male students to oust the "fair co-eds" on the charge that the girls "disconcerted" them in their studies. The board decided to permit girls already enrolled to finish their courses. Girls were first admitted at the outbreak of the war, when the male enrollments were badly depleted.

AMERICA IS GIVEN GERMAN WARSHIPS

Washington, March 19.—(I. N. S.)—The navy department announced late today that the supreme council has allocated to the United States from the German war vessels turned over by the terms of the treaty, a battleship, one light cruiser and three destroyers.

American crews will be sent to man the ships and bring them to this country in April.

G.O.P. in Minnesota Names Delegates to National Convention

St. Paul, Minn., March 19.—(U. P.)—Delegates to the Republican national convention were to be selected in Minnesota today. Eight district conventions met to debate whether their 16 delegates shall be instructed to vote for a certain candidate. Of four delegates chosen in the Twin Cities previously, two were instructed for Leonard Wood.

At a state convention tomorrow, four delegates at large will be picked.

France and Russia Reported as Moving To Trade Relations

Paris, March 19.—Semi-official negotiations opened at Copenhagen between M. Litvinoff, representing the Russian soviet government, and an emissary of the French government while ostensibly for the purpose of arranging an exchange of Russian and French prisoners of war, are actually of the greatest importance economically and politically. Negotiations are indeed the opening wedge for a resumption of trade relations between France and Russia.

Coal Miners' Demand Goes to Conference

Washington, March 19.—(I. N. S.)—President Wilson will submit the coal miners' wage controversy to a conference of miners and operators, it was announced at the White House today. The majority report calls for a wage increase of approximately 25 per cent, while the minority report is understood to recommend an increase of 31.61 per cent.

Universal Military Training Considered

Washington, March 19.—(I. N. S.)—Universal military training and changes in the army courtmartial's system are to be taken up by the house military affairs committee immediately, Chairman Kahn of the committee announced today.

MAN WHO LED NEW REVOLUTION GIVES REASON THEREFOR

By Gordon Stiles

Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

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Berlin, Saturday night, March 13.—The policy of the new revolutionary government was explained to me tonight by Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, who engineered the movement which threw out the Ebert regime. Dr. Kapp received me in ex-President Ebert's room in the chancellery in Wilhelmstrasse.

On entering the high, spacious room I found myself facing a tall, rugged man, whose dark eyes flashed behind his glasses, and whose face bore the traces of several dueling scars.

INTENDS TO CLEAN HOUSE

"Why did you throw out the Ebert government?" I asked.

"Because," he replied, "it was made up of a lot of incompetents. They had prolonged the life of the national assembly away beyond the limit without appealing directly to the people. They never would be able to carry out the terms of the peace treaty."

"Why do you think that you will be better able to do so?" I asked.

"For the simple reason," he replied, "that we are first going to clean house at home."

Dr. Kapp went on to say that internal politics in Germany were in a very bad shape, and nothing short of a complete republican-socialist government would place the country in a position to carry out the demands of the entente. In reply to my inquiry as to whether his government would work for the establishment of a monarchy, he said, emphatically:

"No. We will not tolerate any sort of monarchy. We will not encourage or give support to any of the elements which desire to form such a government. We expect to have a certain amount of trouble, but I believe we shall hold fast and show the world that we are able to evolve out of all this chaos a true democratic Germany."

ELECTIONS PROMISED

Turning to the subject of the presidency, I asked:

"Do you expect to make Field Marshal Hindenburg president."

"We intend to submit the choice of a president to the German people," he replied. "I believe that we shall be able to hold elections within three months. They will be held under absolutely fair conditions and free from any form of coercion. Whoever is elected will be the actual choice of the people."

Dr. Kapp told me that he was born in America of naturalized German-American parents, and felt a great affection for that country.

"Why, do you know," he said smilingly, "that I am eligible for the presidency of the United states? I was born there as an American citizen. My father, who was a veteran of the war of 1848, wrote several books on the Germans in America. He was a member of the electoral college which sent Abraham Lincoln to the White House."

Dr. Kapp was quite frank in saying that his faction favored Hindenburg for the presidency, but maintained that he stood for a nonpartisan government—one which would have the interests of the country at heart despite party ties. He said his reason for giving an interview so early to an American newspaper man was that he desired above all things to have his case put fairly before the American people, to whom Germany was bound to look for good commercial relations.

PEACE SOUGHT EVEN THOUGH TREATY FAILS

(Continued From Page One.)

Both McNary and Chamberlain will vote for ratification with Lodge reservations.

WALSH JOINS LODGE

Senator Walsh, Montana, a strong administration Democrat, announced in a speech that he will vote to ratify with the Lodge reservations. He said the importance of Article X had been overestimated, as the same results could be attained under other articles.

Walsh's speech was counted on by Democrats favoring acceptance of the Lodge reservations to make a deep impression on certain Democrats reported to be wavering. Walsh's consistent stand with the president made his announcement today a surprise.

Another poll of the senate was completed late today by Republican leaders. "It showed the treaty still lacks six votes," said Senator Lodge. "I don't see any sign of getting them."

Senators Ransdell, Louisiana, and Myers, Montana, Democrats, also announced they would vote for ratification. Myers voted for the Lodge reservations last November, but Ransdell did not.

SMITH URGES PASSAGE

Senator Hoke Smith, Georgia, in a speech urging Democrats to accept the Lodge program, said President Wilson was wrong in saying the treaty was nullified by the reservations.

"He would have been correct in saying some of its provisions were nullified and they ought to be," said Smith.

While Smith and other Democrats were speaking in favor of ratification with the Lodge reservations, Postmaster General Burleson was in the Democratic cloakroom urging Democrats to stand firmly by the president and vote against ratification.

As the hour grew late, Senator Underwood, Democrat, Alabama, said he would move adjournment soon after 6 p. m., if it appeared at that hour that considerable further speech making was likely.

Other Democrats warned Underwood they would fight his motion, being determined to stay tonight until the final vote was taken.

SENATE IS ABOUT TO TAKE FINAL VOTE ON PEACE PACT

Washington, March 19.—(U. P.)—With all indications pointing to a final vote today on the peace treaty, the senate took up the preamble to the ratifying resolution.

The Lodge amendment was first called. It provides that "a failure on the part of the allied and associted powers to make objection" to the senate's reservations before the American notice of ratification is deposited "shall be taken as a full and final acceptance of such reservations and understandings by said powers."

The preamble, as adopted last November, required that at least three allied powers notify this government through diplomatic notes of acceptance of reservations.

AMENDMENT ADOPTED

Lodge's amendment was adopted without a roll call and with practically no debate.

Eleventh hour surveys of the situation by leaders of the various factions convinced them, they declared, that nothing can now change a single vote. Senator Hitchcock continued to predict from 40 to 42 votes against ratification.

Hitchcock may ask a vote on unqualified ratification and on the reservations supported last session by the Democrats and since then accepted by President Wilson.

When the senate met today, it had before it the resolutions of ratification which was perfected last night in a session lasting until nearly midnight. No more reservations or amendments can now be offered. But a stubborn fight looms on the preamble of the ratifying resolution. Senator Lodge amended the preamble by inserting a provision that the notice of American ratification must be deposited by the president within 60 days after the senate acts to make ratification effective.

SENATE MEETS EARLY

The senate met at 11 a. m., an hour earlier than usual. Long before that time various factional groups of senators met for eleventh-hour conferences.

As soon as Lodge's amendment was adopted, Senator Brandegee called up his amendment to the preamble, which provides that ratification shall not take effect "unless the instrument of ratification shall have been filed within 60 days after the adoption of the reservation of ratification by the senate."

The Brandegee 90 day amendment to the preamble was rejected, 41 to 42.

Senator Trammell of Florida urged defeat of the Brandegee amendment on the ground that it was an interference by the senate with the function of the president.

Trammell announced he would vote for ratification with the Lodge reservations. He was the first administration senator to announce a break from the Wilson leadership.

HITCHCOCK SCORED

Senator Lenroot in a speech arraigned Senator Hitchcock, Democratic leader, for allying himself with Senator Borah, "irreconcilable" leader, to beat the treaty.

Wilson's course commands the admiration of nobody, he said, charging that the president has refused to allow the Americanization of the treaty. Lenroot said "President Wilson's illness seems to have affected either his recollection or his judgment," in pointing out that, whereas he now calls Article X the heart of the covenant, he said on his Western tour that Article XI was his favorite and was the heart of the treaty.

"President Wilson evidently has one rule of conduct for Asia and a different one for Europe," he said, contrasting Shantung and Fiume.

Lenroot scored the action of the senate in including an approval of the "new and dangerous" doctrine of self-determination in the reservation on Ireland, adopted yesterday, he charged, to "put somebody in the hole."

"The doctrine, of self-determination is the doctrine of secession that we fought four years to settle."

Pomerene, Democrat, of Ohio, attacked the reservation on Ireland as "interfering with England's affairs."

MERGER DRAFT IS READY FOR FILING

The draft of the constitutional amendment providing for consolidation of the city and county of Multnomah has been completed by City Attorney La Roche, and will be sent to the secretary of state and attorney general within a few days preparatory to circulation of petitions to place the amendment on the November ballot.

The measure provides for consolidation of the city, county, Port of Portland and school and road districts into a single body politic to be known as the "city and county of Portland," providing the charter as prepared by a board of 21 members, after the constitutional amendment is passed by the voters of the state, is adopted at a subsequent election by the electors of the county.

CHARTER BOARD OF 16

The charter board is to consist of 16 members appointed by the mayor and five appointed by the county commission, at least three of whom are to reside outside of the city of Portland. The board is given 15 months by the amendment in which to prepare a charter, it is to be properly advertised and then submitted to the voters of the county. Although consolidation of the various administrative bodies is provided for in the amendment, it is not effective until the charter is approved by the voters of the county. If the first charter is not adopted new charters may be proposed and submitted either by the initiative or a similar charter board.

POWERS ARE RELATED

The amendment provides that the city and county of Portland shall have and exercise all of the powers now granted to the various corporations, shall be subject to all obligations, shall succeed to all rights and liabilities and shall assume and pay all indebtedness, "provided, however, that no property within either of the said corporations or bodies politic so consolidated shall ever be taxed to pay any portion of any indebtedness of either of the other of said corporations or bodies politic so contracted prior to, or existing at the date of such consolidation."

The charter shall provide for appointment or election of officers of the city and county and shall designate their jurisdiction, terms of office, duties and qualifications.

TAXATION PROVIDED FOR

The city and county shall have power to provide a system of taxation, under the terms of the proposed amendment, classifying urban and rural territory into zones and to impose varying rates, and the "zone system shall provide taxes on all property within the present city boundaries of the city of Portland to provide sufficient funds for the redemption of all bonds now a general obligation of the city of Portland."

Petitions will be ready for circulation within 40 days, Commissioner A. L. Barbur commented this morning, and an attempt will be made to secure the approximate 10,000 signatures necessary to place the amendment on the ballot without cost. It is planned to secure signatures through various clubs and organizations throughout the state.

WORK TO START AT ONCE ON KELLY BUTTE HOSPITAL

Commissioner Bigelow cast the only negative vote against the ordinance appropriating $30,000 for the construction of the permanent smallpox hospital at Kelly Butte, which was passed late Wednesday afternoon by the city council. The ordinance becomes effective immediately. Commissioner Barbur, in charge of the department of public works, will start immediate work on the structure which will cost close to $50,000. Two members of the board of county commissioners agreed some time ago to underwrite the city to the extent of $25,000.

Mayor Baker and Commissioner Mann took issue with Bigelow over the latter's statements that County Commissioner Holman had promised a definite answer within a few days as to when the county could start work on its permanent hospital on Marquam hill.

Held to Grand Jury

Steve Seamitch, charged with having the accouterments for a still in his possession, was given a hearing before United States Commissioner F. H. Drake this morning and was bound over to the grand jury. He was released on $500 bail.

Brooks Gets Spokane Post

Spokane, Wash., March 19. — A. Brooks, station agent of the Northern Pacific railway at Wallace, Idaho, has been appointed ticket agent for the consolidated ticket offices in Spokane, according to William Ude, general agent of the consolidate offices.

Drinks Fatal Dose Of Wood Alcohol in Belief It Is Liquor

Wood alcohol, taken in the belief that he was drinking moonshine whiskey, may cause the death of Harry Davis, who was rushed to the police emergency hospital Thursday night from the Foster hotel.

Davis is about 40 years of age and a cook.

He told doctors he bought a pint of liquor Thursday night, and after a few swallows was taken seriously ill.

PENALTY PROVIDED IN BILL PROPOSING PURE FABRICS AS U. S. LAW

Washington, March 19.—(I. N. S.)—A pure fabrics law was under consideration by the house interstate and foreign commerce committee today. In some respects the proposed legislation is modeled on the pure food law.

It is proposed in bills considered by the committee to require manufacturers of woven fabrics, or of yarns, or of articles of apparel made from either to be stamped and tagged in a manner designated by the secretary of commerce as to the correct percentage by weight of virgin wool, reworked wool, shoddy, cotton or silk contained in the fabric, yarn or article. The name and address of the manufacturer shall be placed on the tag or stamp.

Failure of the manufacturer to comply with the regulations and requirements of the secretary of commerce will subject him to a penalty. This penalty is set forth in a bill introduced by Representative Henry T. Rainey at $500 fine or one year imprisonment or both.

No American Were Hurt in Revolution

Washington, March 19.—(I. N. S.)—No American citizens or other foreigners were injured as far as it is known in the recent counter revolution in Germany, according to dispatches reaching the state department today from Berlin.

NEVER MIND THE H. C. L.

You don't have to pay five prices to get the value of one. Just watch the For Sale column in The Journal. Every necessity under the sun appears in this column from day to day. Watch for these bargains, they'll save you money.

—And the price of a small want ad—say about 12 words—is only twenty-five cents

—IN THE JOURNAL

Twin Falls to Meet Moscow for Title

Twin Falls, Idaho, March 19.—Twin Falls plays Moscow for the interscholastic basketball championship of the state tonight at the University of Idaho gymnasium, where the state tournament is taking place. Thursday afternoon Twin Falls defeated Coeur d'Alene 25 to 15, and at night trimmed Wallace to the tune of 22 to 20. Wallace was considered the strongest team competing, and the locals' victory gave the Twin Falls boys an edge in tonight's fracas.

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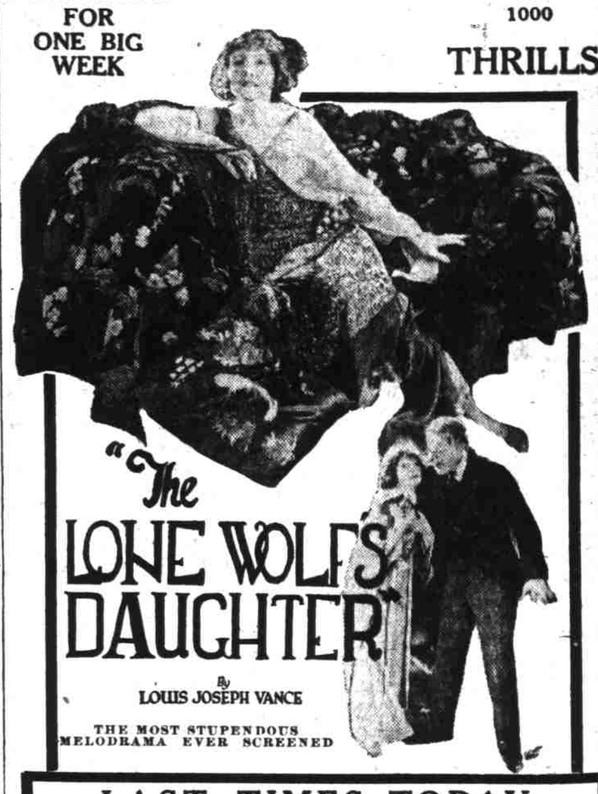

"The LONE WOLF'S DAUGHTER"

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

THE MOST STUPENDOUS MELODRAMA EVER SCREENED

LAST TIMES TODAY

"THE COUNTRY COUSIN"

WITH ELAINE HAMMERSTEIN

PEOPLES AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA

25c Direction of PHILIP PELZ 25c

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Has your boy ever tried on a Wearpledge suit?

CERTAINLY you must have heard of WEARPLEDGE—but have you ever heeded its possibilities?

Surely you've seen the full-page ads in the national magazines, but have you ever dropped in on a Saturday afternoon and reviewed the styles?

The strongest part of the WEARPLEDGE story can only be brought out when you see the clothes in person.

If you are a father, mother, rich uncle or great-grandfather and have never met WEARPLEDGE face to face—please read the capital letters below before you lay down this paper.

YOU ARE WELCOME; I WANT YOU TO COME, SEE, AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH THE GREATEST LINE OF BOYS' CLOTHES IN AMERICA—IT WILL STRENGTHEN YOUR FAITH IN HUMAN NATURE.

Ben Selling LEADING CLOTHIER Morrison Street at Fourth

New Show Tomorrow!

"THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13"

Presented by an all-star cast, including

PAULINE FREDERICK

John Bowers, Robt. McKim, Sidney Ainsworth, Kate Lester, Marguerite Snow, Charles Clary.

A splendid musical program.

Rivoli SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

LAST TIMES TODAY

GERALDINE FARRAR, "Flame of the Desert."

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knox hat styles are accepted styles wherever they are sold and wherever they are worn.

the knox trade-mark assures not only the style, but long and satisfactory service as well.

there is a knox hat for every occasion, from the most informal to the most formal.

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