OTHER ARRESTS ARE EXPECTED TO FOLLOW BLAIN'S

Special Agent of Department of Justice Predicts Indictments Against More Fleet Officials.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 24.—(U. P.)—Indictment of Captain John F. Blain, of Seattle, former North Pacific district manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation, will be followed by other indictments of former shipping board officials, according to Walter C. Foster, special agent of the department of justice, in charge of shipping investigations in the North Pacific district.

Captain Blain was arrested at 2:45 o'clock Friday afternoon in his offices in the Colman building, as the result of two indictments returned against him earlier in the day by the federal grand jury. The indictments charged that Captain Blain, while head of the Emergency Fleet corporation, received secret commissions from the Stewart Davit & Equipment company, a New York firm that sold a great quantity of material to the government corporation.

Captain Blain posted $10,000 bail and was released to appear for arraignment before Judge Jeremiah Neterer in the district court next Monday morning.

INDICTMENT IS LONG

One indictment against Blain contains 50 counts, which charge in substance that the former shipping board head was an agent for the Stewart Davit & Equipment company and was interested in the pecuniary profits of that firm in its sales of materials to equip Emergency Fleet corporation ships built in Washington and Oregon.

The indictment further alleges that Blain had agreed to sever all connection with any other business and that he "feloniously, knowingly and unlawfully" received for his own use about $17,500 as secret commissions, arising from the sale of equipment to the Emergency Fleet corporation, of which he was at the time the directing head.

The 50 counts in this indictment detail transactions by which Captain Blain received the alleged secret commissions which ranged from $51 to $1604.

TREGONING IS NAMED

The second indictment is substantially the same as the first, but is based on different statutes. Federal agents of the department of justice allege that Captain Blain split his commissions on the Davit company's sales with Frank Tregoning of the Tregoning Boat company, local agent of the Stewart Davit & Equipment company. It is declared that Tregoning turned over Blain's share of the commissions to Mrs. C. H. Boyer, Blain's mother-in-law, and that this money later found its way into the shipping man's bank account.

Captain Blain first settled in Seattle in October, 1916. He was vice president of the International Stevedoring company and boiler surveyor in Washington and Oregon for the American bureau of shipping. He was named Northern Pacific manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation of the United States shipping board on May 1, 1917, which position he held until last April.

BLAIN'S ARREST DOES NOT SURPRISE LOCAL SHIP MEN

News of the legal action taken against Captain J. F. Blain in connection with the investigation of the shipbuilding industry being conducted at Seattle by the department of justice, did not come as a great surprise to local officials of the Emergency Fleet corporation.

WELL KNOWN HERE

In August and September, when the House investigating committee was delving into the situation in the Northwest, Captain Blain asked permission to testify before the body, but was refused, it is said, on the ground that should legal action follow, charges might be made that Blain was to be given an "immunity bath."

Captain Blain is well known in Portland, and he is generally regarded as the man who brought order and efficiency out of the rather chaotic state of the government's steel shipbuilding program in the early stages of the game.

At one time Captain Blain was superintendent of the Oregon drydock, the private enterprise maintained in the river next to the Willamette Iron & Steel works. The dock was sold and towed to Puget Sound in 1918.

HAD VARIED CAREER

He had a varied marine career, being at one time on the sea, and later with Eastern shipyards, including Cramps.

He was first head of both the steel and wooden ship building industry in the Northwest for the government. Later Lloyd J. Wentworth became head of the wood ship division of the Oregon district, Captain Blain remaining nominally in charge of the Washington wood ship production, and general manager for Oregon and Washington of the steel construction.

As head of the latter, he visited Portland at least once a week during his incumbency. Fred B. Pape is assistant district manager, in charge of construction in the Oregon district. He resigned April 30, 1919. D. M. Callis, formerly assistant manager for Washington, is now district manager and A. S. Wooley heads the construction work in Washington as assistant.

Emery Olmstead Named

Emery Olmstead has been appointed federal treasurer of the Northern Pacific Terminal company of Oregon, effective February 21, according to announcement made at the offices of J. P. O'Brien, federal manager of the company, this morning. Olmstead will succeed Lloyd L. Mulit, resigned.

Marriage Licenses

Vancouver, Wash., Jan. 24.—Marriage licenses have been issued to the following couples: Leon F. Chapin, 26, and Lena M. Mann, 21, Portland; Charley Warren, 22, and Inez Bolton, 21, Oregon City; M. Minsky, 26, and Winifred Sullivan, 25, Portland.

Coast to Coast Meet Is Transferred to Centenary Church

Because of a lack of room in the First Nazarene church Saturday evening, Sunday afternoon and evening programs of the "coast to coast" convention of the National Holiness association have been transferred to the Centenary M. E. church, East Ninth and Pine streets, according to announcement made today.

The morning service will be held at the Nazarene church, East Tenth and Weidler streets, where the Rev. "Bud" Robinson will speak. This evening Robinson will relate his hospital experiences at Centenary church, and there on Sunday evening the Rev. Will Huff will speak. Robinson will also speak at the services Sunday afternoon at Centenary church.

SMITH ADMINISTRATION OF GULLIFORD ESTATE VINDICATED IN COURT

Petition Seeking His Removal Is Dismissed by Judge Tazwell Following Conference.

Dr. C. J. Smith, former state senator from Umatilla county and one-time Democratic nominee for governor, was vindicated as administrator of the estate of the late William C. Gulliford, following a conference between attorneys in Judge Tazwell's chambers late Friday afternoon.

The petition seeking the removal of Dr. Smith as administrator was dismissed. The adoption proceedings for 12-year-old Veona Constance Gulliford, which were begun by Mr. and Mrs. Jacob A. Gulliford, will be continued with the understanding that Mrs. Lydia Pattison, maternal grandmother, should have the child.

18 GRANTED DIVORCE DECREES

Nationalities Conflict in Case Where Woman Seeks Legal Separation.

The divorce mill ground merrily in Judge Stapleton's court Friday afternoon when 18 were released from marital ties in the form of decrees by default.

Willis E. McElroy did not put in an appearance to answer to the charges of desertion filed by Elizabeth E. McElroy. Mrs. McElroy testified that two weeks after they were married her husband was calling another woman on the telephone. A decree was granted.

A spirited nationality contest between George Graham, deputy district attorney, whose immediate ancestors hailed from the hi'lands of Scotland, and Judge Stapleton, who boasts of being a descendant of the original St. Patrick, marked the case of Mrs. Clara E. Blackwell, a daughter of Sweden.

"What nationality is your husband?" asked the jurist after Mrs. Blackwell had imparted the information that she was Swedish.

"He's Scotch-Irish," answered the young woman.

"If your honor please," interrupted Deputy District Attorney Graham, "I would like to have the records show that he's more Irish than Scotch."

"The decision of this court is that he is more Scotch and Irish and heaven knows, that's a bad combination," ordered the judge.

Mrs. Blackwell testified that her husband had an ungovernable temper and that he compelled her to live in a two-room house wherein four people slept on the floor in one room. The judge allowed the decree.

Gets Verdict for $3000

A verdict for $3000 damages was returned Friday by a jury in Judge Tucker's court in the case of Lowell R. Body against J. C. Knuth. Body, 19 years old, was suing for $15,000. He was injured April 25, 1919, when his motorcycle collided with an automobile driven by Knuth, throwing Body to the street.

Sues Light Company for $17,000

Suit for $17,000 alleged personal damages was filed Friday against the Portland Railway, Light & Power company by R. G. Welch. In his complaint, Welch states that a truck which he was driving was struck by a street car at East Thirteenth and Bidwell streets November 20.

Jail Sentence Suspended for Mute

J. B. George, 64-year-old deaf mute, was given a six months suspended jail sentence Friday morning by Presiding Judge McCourt. George pleaded guilty to the charge of contributing to the delinquency of a 17-year-old pupil of the deaf school at Salem. Pleas for leniency were entered by E. S. Tillinghast, superintendent of the school. George was paroled into the custody of Bud Hastings of Lents.

Prof. Garner, Great Scientist, Is Dead

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 24. — Prof. Richard L. Garner, the famous scientist of the Smithsonian institution, is dead. Prof. Garner challenged the interest of the entire scientific world some years ago when he claimed to have discovered the monkey language.

DANCING!
BUNGALOW ORCHESTRA
Murlark Hall, 23d and Washington
You will enjoy us, because of the music and the people you meet. Our waltzes, with color wheel effect, are worthy of note, and our special Wednesday evening prices will please all.

FOUR ROBBERIES ARE CONFESSED, POLICE DECLARE

Drug Store and Garage Holdups Are Explained by Alleged Admission of 3 Men in Custody.

Four daring robberies, all committed in the last three weeks, involving approximately $1000 loot, were cleared up by police detectives Friday with the arrest of three men, two charged with robbery and with carrying weapons. The third is held for investigation.

Confessions from Charles Langdale, 27, and Robert Hall, implicating the third man, Russell Higginbotham, were obtained by Captain Harry Circle and Lieutenant Jack Goltz. The two men admitted to Goltz, police say, that they held up the Fashion garage, the Nob Hill pharmacy, Frank Nau's drug store and a filling station at Thirteenth and Burnside streets.

Headed by Goltz, Inspectors Howell, Tackaberry, Phillips, La Salle, Leonard, Morak and Hellyer rounded up the men Friday afternoon.

WIVES HEAR OF CONFESSION

At the same time three girls, two of them married to two of the men and the third said to be the sweetheart of the other, were brought to the inspector's office and questioned. When it became known that their husbands had confessed, the two young wives sobbed.

Three thousand dollars in cash was offered to him by one of the men, Goltz said, if he would allow him to escape. The offer and the apparent alarm over his arrest, and other information brought out at the investigation, led the inspectors to believe that one of the men is wanted in the East on serious charges.

The Fashion garage, Tenth and Taylor streets, just across the street from the Central library, was held up at 10:40 p. m., January 1, and $60 was taken from the till. R. Morrison, night clerk, and H. Herbert, 1204 East Main street, were in the office.

ROB DRUG STORE

Just one week later, at 4:10 a. m., on January 7, Frank Nau's drug store, Sixth and Alder streets, was held up and $70 taken from the till, $18 and a watch taken from John C. Brockman, night clerk, and $10 taken from Louis F. Heuer, Camas, Wash., a former employe of the store. Two men entered the store requesting a package of "precipitate," and when told there was none in stock pulled guns and ordered those present to the back of the store, where they were robbed.

On January 13, at 9 p. m., F. M. Winiford, clerk in a Standard oil filling station at Thirteenth and Burnside, was robbed of $30 of his own money and $100 of the company's money.

LOOT IS RECOVERED

On pretence of purchasing chewing gum, two men entered the Nob Hill pharmacy, Twenty-first and Glisan streets, at 10:20 p. m., January 16, obtaining four watches, two diamond rings and $35.

Only three watches were found in the possession of the three men arrested. They have not been identified by their owners yet. Four handsome ivory toilet sets were also seized as evidence, but have not been accounted for. The two diamond rings which were taken in the Nob Hill pharmacy hold up were sold, according to the inspectors, who may be able to trace them.

Several other robberies committed in the last month may be traced to the men later on, according to the police. Victims of the four "jobs" which have been confessed, are expected to come to police headquarters today to identify the men.

'Flu' Cases Found In The Dalles Mild

The Dalles, Jan. 24.—The influenza started this year at the same time it was first noticed last year. Last year's epidemic was of the pneumonia type, this year's the intestinal. Cases so far reported are not violent. Should the spread continue, drastic measures will be taken. Every pupil in the public schools must either submit to vaccination, show a physician's certificate of successful vaccination within seven years or remain away.

What is believed to be the largest concrete dome in the world has been built on a Copenhagen theatre, being 130 feet in diameter.

Vancouver Judge Sentences Red to State Penitentiary

Vancouver, Wash., Jan. 24. — Judge R. H. Back, Friday denied the motion of attorneys for a new trial in the case of Mike Hennesy, found guilty of a violation of the criminal syndicalism law, and sentenced Hennesy to from one to ten years in the state penitentiary.

Attorney J. F. Emigh, associated with George F. Vanderver, for the defense, gave notice of appeal. Hennesy's bail was fixed at $2000.

In the case of Leo Brooksier and Robert McAdams, also found guilty of violation of the criminal syndicalism law, no notice of appeal has been given. Guards from the reformatory at Monroe are expected soon for the prisoners.

DR. FRANCIS BAILEY, PIONEER PHYSICIAN, DIES AT HILLSBORO

Passing Recalls Early Hardships of Doctor in Making Rounds Among Patients.

Hillsboro, Jan. 24.—Dr. Francis Alonzo Bailey, for nearly 56 years in medical practice in Washington county, died in this city at 11:30 Friday morning from an attack of pneumonia, being ill but five days. Dr. Bailey was one of the real scholarly men of the Northwest, and he is one man who sacrificed a political career for that of medicine. He was an orator not second to the late Colonel E. D. Baker, and in the early history of Washington county delivered speeches for Senator Nesmith.

Dr. Bailey was born in Hardemann county, Tennessee, January 28, 1839, the son of William L. and Mary Wilkinson Bailey, and he was a grandson of General Frank Wilkinson of the War of 1812. He received his early education at Woodland academy and Lebanon college, Tennessee, graduating in his seventeenth year.

GETS COLLEGE DEGREE

Before his eighteenth year he went to St. Louis, Mo., and entered Pope's Medical college and received his degree before he attained his majority. When the Civil war broke out he was a cadet connected with the hospital service in General Price's army, in the Confederacy, but was not required to take the oath of allegiance to the South.

In the spring of 1864 he signed as a surgeon on a Hudson Bay steamboat and went up the Mississippi and Missouri rivers to Montana, and crossed into Oregon, arriving in Washington county, October 20, 1864.

His early practice in the county was one of hardship. He rode to his patients daily on horseback and carried his medical case in his saddlebags. He frequently was obliged to swim his horse across streams and more than once was compelled to build a raft in order to reach the home of a patient.

ACTIVE AS LODGE MAN

He was honored with the presidency of the Oregon State Medical society, and was regent for O. A. C. He became a member of Tuality lodge, A. F. and A. M., of this city, in 1881, and was a past grand master, representing his lodge in the grand body a number of years. He was mayor of Hillsboro several terms and was instrumental in securing the Carnegie library.

He is survived by a widow and the following children: Dr. Francis J. Bailey, Hillsboro; Dr. A. B. Bailey, Selling building, Portland; John W. Bailey, vice president of the Hillsboro Commercial bank, Hillsboro; Miss Eva Bailey, at home, and Dr. Thomas C. Bailey of Portland.

The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2:30.

Shipbuilders' Bill Rushed in Senate

Washington, Jan. 24.—(WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE JOURNAL)—The senate has passed the Jones bill, for the relief of wooden shipbuilders on equitable claims, after practically all committee amendments had been rejected, the purpose being to guard against dubious claims. The estimated expenditure under it is $15,000,000.

GERMANY REMAINS APATHETIC OVER EX-KAISER'S FATE

Former Press Supporters of Emperor Make No Comment on Demands of Allies for His Trial

By Frank Mason

Berlin, Jan. 24.—(I. N. S.)—All indications here are that Germany does not care a rap what becomes of the ex-kaiser.

The Berlin press, including monarchist and reactionary newspapers, have made no special mention of the former emperor for a week. There is not a newspaper maintaining a correspondent at Amerongen, Holland, where the erstwhile war lord is now living in exile.

Even now, when the allied press is filled with dispatches bearing upon the case of the former German ruler, the Berlin newspapers have been only reprinting British and Dutch telegrams without comment.

Not a single political writer of prominence has come forward as the champion of the ex-kaiser. In the vernacular of the public, "William's cause is as dead as a door nail and ancient history in Germany."

HOLLAND SAYS IT WON'T LEND ITSELF TO NATION'S SOLIDARITY

The Hague, Jan. 24.—The official note of the Netherlands government in reply to the demand of the allies for the surrender of the ex-kaiser for trial is dated January 21, and reads:

"By a note verbal dated January 15, 1920, and handed to her majesty's envoy in Paris, the powers, referring to article 227 of the Versailles treaty, request the Netherlands government to deliver unto their hands William of Hohenzollern, emperor of Germany, in order that he may be put on trial.

"In support of this request they observe that if the emperor had remained in Germany the German government would have been obliged, according to article 228 of the peace treaty, to hand him over.

NETHERLANDS AID ASKED

"The powers, quoting as premeditated the violations of international treaties and the systematic ignoring of the most sacred rules of the law of nations in numerous acts committed during the war by the German authorities, trace the responsibility, for at least the moral responsibility for these acts, back to the former emperor.

"They express the opinion that Holland would not fulfill her international duties if she refused to associate with them to the best of her ability in pursuing, or at least not impeding, the punishment of the crimes which have been committed.

"They draw attention to the special character of their request as having in view not a judicial accusation, but an act of high international politics, and they appeal to Holland's respect for right and love and justice not to cover by her moral authority the violation committed by Germany of the essential principles of the solidarity of nations.

HOLLAND NOT A PARTY

"Her majesty's government has the honor to observe forthwith that the obligations which might have resulted for Germany under article 228 of the treaty of peace cannot prevail in order to define the duties of Holland, which is not a party to this treaty.

"Her majesty's government, actuated on its side by imprescriptiable reasons, cannot view the questions raised by the request of the powers otherwise than from the point of view of its own duties. It has been absolutely foreign to the origin of the war and has maintained, not without difficulty, its neutrality to the end.

"It finds itself, therefore, confronted with the facts of the war in a different position from that of the powers. It refuses energetically all suspicion of wishing to cover by its sovereign right and its moral authority violations of the essential principles of the solidarity of nations.

DISCLAIMS SUCH DUTY

"But it cannot recognize an international duty by associating itself to the powers in an act of high international politics.

"If in the future an international jurisdiction were created by the League of Nations competent to judge in a case of conflict on facts qualified as crimes punishable by statute preceding these facts, it rests with Holland to associate herself with this new system.

"Her majesty's government cannot in the present instance acknowledge any other duty than that imposed by the laws of the state and national tradition.

Now neither the constitutional laws of the state, based on universally recognized principles of law, nor an honorable tradition centuries old, which has made of this country at all times a refuge for the vanquished in international conflicts, allow the Netherlands government to accede to the request of the powers.

"To withdraw from the former emperor the benefits of the laws and this tradition would be contrary to law and the honor of the nation, respect for which is a sacred duty.

"The Netherlands people, actuated by sentiments to which the world's history has done justice, cannot betray the faith of those who have confined themselves to the nation's free institutions.

"Her majesty's government would fain believe that the powers will recognize the soundness of these considerations which are above any personal appreciation and which moreover appear so peremptory that they cannot reasonably give rise to erroneous impressions as to Holland's attitude.

(Signed) "VAN KARNEBECK."

FRENCH NOT "INTERESTED" ABOUT HOLLAND'S REFUSAL

Paris, Jan. 24.—(I. N. S.)—Holland's formal refusal to surrender the ex-kaiser to the allies for trial was received indifferently by the French press.

"The only thing remaining is an understanding with Holland on the condition of internment," said the Echo De Paris. "Perhaps it is a matter of rejoicing," commented La Victorie. "Had Napoleon died obscurely in America from cancer of the liver instead of being martyred, the Napoleonic legend would not have been so powerful."

Illinois Educator Urges Adequate Pay For Good Teachers

The established position of education as the keynote to the arch of Americanism and the urgent necessity of its maintenance by salary increases sufficient to hold qualified teachers in school and college faculties were emphasized by Dr. Francis Wayland Shepardson, director of the department of registration and education of the state of Illinois and for many years a member of the faculty of the University of Chicago, who was a Portland visitor Friday.

On his western tour Dr. Shepardson is visiting a number of colleges and universities. He came to Portland directly from the University of Idaho and Whitman college and left Saturday morning for Eugene. During his stay in Portland he was the guest of Charles H. Carey, a college mate of earlier years, who entertained for him at dinner Friday evening at the Arlington club.

President Sproule To Reach Portland About Wednesday

William Sproule, president of the Southern Pacific system, will arrive in Portland about Wednesday, according to advice received by local officials this morning. Announcements last week indicated that he would not be in Portland until the first week in February.

The change in plans is believed to be a result of the announcement made Friday morning that the Southern Pacific lines north of Ashland would be released from the Northwestern regional control to be consolidated with the Southern Pacific lines under control of W. R. Scott, federal manager, in the central western district, February 1.

Phone Users Would Buy Whole System

Hood River, Jan. 24.—Following refusal of the Oregon-Washington Telephone company to consider proposals to put all telephones throughout the valley on a flat rate of $2 a month and to abolish the 5 cent toll between Hood River and Odell, an effort will be inaugurated to purchase the plant by the users. A deputation representing 600 users met with officials of the company.

Wives Win Divorces

Oregon City, Jan. 24.—Effie Louise Montgomery received a divorce Friday from Charles A. Montgomery, custody of a minor child, and alimony of $30 a month. Blanche Niecken was granted a decree from Henry Niecken.

LARGE LOAN TO EUROPE MEETING OPPOSITION IN U.S.

Nations Should Get Busy Toward Helping Themselves, Instead of Being Dependent, Is Belief.

By David Lawrence

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Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—European governments and bankers haven't yet got over the notion that the United States will participate in a huge pooling of war debts and get behind a comprehensive scheme whereby a general loan is floated that absorbs all the big bond issues of the war. And insofar as the private bankers of Europe have joined with certain American bankers to bring about an international financial conference at The Hague, to be called by the Chamber of Commerce of United States, it appears to be extremely unlikely that the treasury department will look upon such a project with approval. In fact, some pronouncement is expected to be issued by Secretary Glass in the next few days, outlining our government's position.

GRADUAL RECONSTRUCTION

The Chamber of Commerce has a committee at work on a report which will answer the invitation made to it to call the international conference. Whether it will be approval or rejection depends largely upon the attitude of our own government, and while there are some in Washington, not only representatives of American banking groups but European institutions as well, who still imagine a comprehensive scheme can be launched to finance the world during the trying days of reconstruction, the prevailing sentiment on the part of those who would naturally have to get back of the plan to make it effective is far from favorable.

The trend seems to be to say to Europe that financial reconstruction can only be accomplished gradually and that the paths of relief lie through the ordinary processes of commerce and such foreign trade corporations as can be created under the Edge bill.

ALL WANT AID OF U. S.

If it were not for the fact that European bankers have shown a clumsy hand in dealing with the situation there would be much more favorable consideration given to their proposals, but nearly every scheme brought forth has in it the earmarks of what the average American would call "getting out from under and leaving the bag to America to hold."

There was, for instance, in the original petition which was signed by various bankers, asking for an international gathering, a certain suggestion that inasmuch as the United States had loaned $10,000,000,000 to the allies and a large part of that was taken by Great Britain and reloaned to Belgium, Italy and other allies, the government of the United Kingdom ought not to be obliged to stand back of those loans, but ought to be able to shift them on the countries themselves as a responsibility direct to the country which originally loaned the money, namely United States.

CAUSE OF DAMAGE

Thus America would not have to look to the government of Great Britain for those billions, but to smaller countries whose powers of rehabilitation would have to be awakened by a prodding America, instead of a prodding Great Britain. That scheme, whether or not it had the backing of any responsible groups in England, did as much damage here as any one proposal and served to make persons in authority look with much less enthusiasm and interest on the new plan for refinancing the debts of the world.

There is no question that the government here recognizes how closely interwoven American prosperity is with the early reconstruction of Europe, but the European bankers seem to have a mistaken notion about the extent to which the public generally would buy foreign loans nowadays, as compared with the way they purchased Liberty loans during the war. The cost of handling a large foreign loan would be enormous. The many people who gave their services free, such as four-minute men and the workers in every state, city and town, would not be available gratis and the expense of selling the loan itself is bound to be a heavy burden.

MUST HELP THEMSELVES

With news, moreover, of uncertain political conditions in Europe the appetite of the public for foreign loans is not altogether a certain quantity, but the various committees at work here on the project are not discouraged and they are tring to formulate some plan that may enlist the generous support of the American people who served the world so splendidly during the war, when the future of civilization was in the balance.

Whatever plan is evolved, however, must, in order to get even the moral support of our government, involve no new commitments on the part of the American government and must be of such a character as to reveal marked progress toward better schemes of taxation inside European countries than have been put in effect during the war. There is a feeling here that Europe is not bestirring itself quite enough and that America will not be helping matters much by giving Europe the idea that on this side of the Atlantic is a prop that will never be removed.

SUPREME COURT TO HEAR ARGUMENTS IN TWO LEADING CASES

Pair of Cattlemen Charged With Murder; Another Stockman Accused of Cattle Rustling.

Salem, Jan. 24.—The case of the State vs. Holbrook and Paddock, two cattlemen charged with the murder of a sheepman, on appeal from the circuit court of Klamath county, will be argued before the supreme court here February 11. Another case of more than ordinary interest on the court's February docket is that of the State vs. W. Z. Moss, wealthy Harney county cattleman, charged with cattle rustling. Hearing in this case is set for February 5.

Requisition papers from the governor of Montana for the extradition of Scott Jones, wanted in Gallatin county, Montana, on a charge of grand larceny, were honored by Governor Olcott Friday afternoon. Jones has been held at Portland.

Newton VanDalsem, state director for vocational education, returned Friday after a two weeks' absence in Oakland, Cal., where he attended a conference of state and federal officials connected with teachers' training in trades and industries.

Three deaths from accidents in industries are recorded in the list of 321 accidents reported to the state industrial accident commission for the week ending January 22. Of the accidents reported 282 were subject to the provisions of the compensation act, 21 were from firms and corporations that have rejected the provisions of the act and 18 were from public utility corporations not subject to the provisions of the act. The fatalities reported were: William C. Billings, foreman, Bend; James A. Colestock, watchman, Salem; George F. Diess, brakeman, Eugene.

Dies in Home He Had Kept 73 Years

Salem, Jan. 24.—T. L. Davidson, 83, died here Thursday night in the house in which he made his home upon first locating in Salem in 1847 and in which he had continuously lived for 73 years. He was for many years actively interested in civic movements and politics in Salem and Marion county. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and an Elk. Mr. Davidson was county judge of Marion county at one time. Funeral services were held this afternoon.

If you're nervous today
or if you were wakeful last night or the night before, its time to think of
Instant Postum
In place of coffee
A boon to those who like coffee but can't get along with it.
Sold by Grocers
Try a tin-you'll find "There's a Reason"
Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

That Fateful Number!
Each time that some evil was done a card with the fateful number, 13, was found at the place where it happened.
What did it mean? Was it some mysterious organization that thus proclaimed its ability to laugh at the law? See
RUTH ROLAND in The ADVENTURES of RUTH
Adapted for the screen by Gilson Willetts.
Produced by Ruth Roland Serials, Inc.
PATHÉ Distributors
Coming to leading picture theatres

S-N-H COUGH CANDIES
NEVER PAY MORE
5¢ A BOX
EXCLUSIVE OF WAR TAX OF 1 CENT FOR 25¢ WORTH