Special Cables From The Journal-Chicago Daily News Correspondents

LUTHERAN MISSION TO WAR-STRICKEN TERRITORY STARTS

Regions in Esthonia, Finland and Livonia to Be Investigated and Aid Rendered.

RUSSIAN REVIVAL PREDICTED

Church's Influence in Esthonia Said to Have Been Undermined by Socialist Influences.

By Bassett Digby

Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

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Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 22.—The Rev. Gustav A. Fandrey of Chicago who, with Professor Oungert of the Augustana seminary of Rock Island, Ill., is on the eve of sailing for Finland, Esthonia and Livonia as members of the American Lutheran churches' commission to Europe to investigate and aid their fellow churches in the war stricken regions, received me today and talked of his mission. He said that valuable conferences had been held here with Swedish, Esthonian and Lettish Lutherans respecting church conditions in the Baltic regions. These conferences had given them preliminary data on which they would be able to set to work immediately on their arrival. A Swedish committee has already been appointed for the Baltic region. It is hoped that arrangements can be made to supply through the local pastors American food, medicine and clothing to needy churchmen.

Dr. Fandrey expects that his journey in the Baltic district will last several weeks, after which he expects to return here and proceed through Germany and Austria to Transylvania, where the Lutheran church is in sad straits, and if possible to the Lutheran regions in Southern Russia.

UNDERMINING INFLUENCES

"In Finland," remarked Dr. Fandrey, "I believe the church is in pretty good condition, but its position is very serious in Esthonia, where the socialistic influence predominates in the government. It is reported that the authorities there intend to sequestrate the estates with which the churches are endowed and very likely without giving financial reparation. Should this happen the churches will receive a crushing blow. Another problem of first rank is the difficulty created by the socialists' reported intention to abolish the theological faculty in the Dorpat university. The work of the university has been interrupted since the Bolsheviki took Dorpat last winter and added the slaying of several professors to their numerous and brutal murders of Lutheran pastors elsewhere in the Baltic regions. Dorpat constituted the main feeder of the ministry in the Baltic countries and if the theological faculty is to lose its endowment or be abolished new constructive measures must be taken. Possibly this will comprise the establishment of a special Lutheran seminary in Esthonia or Livonia."

RUSSIAN REVIVAL PREDICTED

Dr. Fandrey foresees a great religious revival in Russia as the religious instinct of men is far too integral a feature of human psychology to be suppressed for long by spheneral political disorders. He declares that the history of religious growth after previous devastating periods of war and famine will surely repeat itself and that church life will again flower revivified after its proscription by the Bolshevist commissioners. He expects an intense renewal of the Lutheran church life in Russia in which it will have the generous and cordial assistance of American Lutherans.

"Unlike some churches," said Dr. Fandrey, "we do not intend to undertake a missionary campaign in Russia to get converts from former adherents of the Russian orthodox churches. That is not our custom in Christian lands, but the Russian Lutheran communities in the Dakotas and elsewhere and indeed Lutherans in general will watch the revival of the Lutheran church in Russia with the keenest interest and do what they can to help."

Foch May Be Present At U. S. Legion Meet

Washington, Aug. 22.—(U. P.)—General Foch may visit the United States in time to attend the convention of the American Legion, to be held at Minneapolis in November, it was learned here today.

Allied Troops May Quell Silesian Riots

Paris, Aug. 22.—With civil war raging in Upper Silesia, the allied and associated powers may be forced to send troops to occupy the region to restore order and safeguard the coal supplies, it was reliably reported Thursday.

FRANCE ALARMED LEST ROUMANIANS LEAVE THE ALLIES

Hopes to Keep Germany and Russia Apart by Strengthening Poland and Roumania.

ALLIES IN NEED OF ROUMANIA

She, on the Other Hand, Is Skeptical of League of Nations and Disregards Threats.

Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

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Paris, France, Aug. 22.—Roumania's actions in Hungary frankly raise the question whether the allies do not need Roumania more than Roumania needs the allies. The allies' continental policy has been largely France's continental policy because it is recognized, as President Wilson said, that France is the outpost of civilization on the European continent.

The nightmare of the entente is the possible formation of a Russo-German block which, with Hungary, Austria and Bulgaria, would be exceedingly large and powerful. France's whole continental policy has been directed therefrom to supporting the maximum claims of Poland, Roumania, Jugo-Slavia, Czecho-Slovakia and Greece at the expense of Germany and in particular of Hungary and Bulgaria.

WANTS STRONG ROUMANIA.

France hopes by developing a strong Poland and Roumania to keep the Russians and Germans separated. These two states may be said to form France's first line of defense. Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo Slavia and Greece form the second line. If Roumania leaves the entente she is bound to swing toward the Russo-German combination. France's first line of defense would thus completely collapse.

Permanent alienation of Roumania would be of the gravest consequences to the whole of the entente diplomacy. The American delegates who may be tempted to judge Roumania's action as an isolated incident should not overlook these fundamental conceptions of European "high politics." Americans around the Hotel de Crillon have the impression that Great Britain and Italy share the American point of view with regard to Roumania's Hungarian adventure but that France is covertly supporting the Roumanians.

ALL ALLIES ARE SHOCKED.

Close political analysis fails to bear out this hypothesis. It is undoubtedly true that all the allies feel slightly shocked at Roumania's contempt for their lofty edicts. To this extent they are agreed but how far they are willing to go toward bringing Roumania to "reason" is another matter.

Roumania, as I have said, is the cornerstone of France's continental policy. Great Britain, the traditional aim of which on the continent has been merely to prevent any single European nation from becoming too strong, has consistently supported France's policy, except when domestic reasons such as labor opposition, obliges her representatives to make a momentary show of a more liberal spirit. Both Britain and France have been continually disposed to sacrifice Hungary to the Roumanian, Jugo-Slav, Czecho-Slav and Polish claims and Bulgaria to the Jugo-Slav, Roumanian and Greek claims. Their present indignation against Roumania, therefore, probably arises not so much from Roumania's action in Hungary as from the fact that this occupation works an injustice to the claims of the Jugo-Slavs and the Czecho-Slovaks, whose friendship France and Great Britain are equally desirous of keeping.

SKEPTICAL OF LEAGUE.

As for Italy, her fundamental policy is the isolation of Jugo-Slavia. To this end she may be expected to desire conciliation between the Roumanians and Hungarians but she would doubtless not be worried to see Roumania profit at the expense of Jugo-Slavia.

Our American delegates are talking indignantly of excluding Roumania from the league of nations unless she behaves and bringing economic and financial pressure to bear on her. The Roumanians are openly skeptical of the league and as for economic or financial pressure they are convinced that American business men will find it to their interest to do business with Roumania whether or no they like Roumania's politics.

China Hesitates at Peace Declaration With the Germans

By William R. Giles

Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

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Pekin, China, Aug. 15.—(Delayed.)—Parliament met today and passed a resolution authorizing the president to arrange peace with Germany. A motion was also brought before the house that a note be sent to the American government thanking it for the support given China at the peace conference concerning the Shantung issue, but as the motion was not presented on the day's agenda or schedule it was not voted on. According to what I learn, while parliamentary authorization has thus been given to issue a mandate declaring that a state of war with Germany no longer exists, his legal advisers have warned the president not to publish it, maintaining that it would create a precedent and give Germany an opportunity to rebuff China by refusing to acknowledge China's right to declare peace without full negotiations. The president is advised to allow the delegates now in Paris to open up negotiations following the regular procedure.

The Japanese are still active in attempting to persuade China to sign the peace treaty as decided by the Paris conference, but great opposition is still shown against it.

French Newswriter Slurring Americans

Berlin, Aug. 22.—General Darries of the United States military mission in Berlin, today protested to General Dupont of the French mission against dispatches that were being sent out by the local correspondent of the Paris Matin to the effect that American officers and soldiers were selling immense quantities of chocolate and former military supplies to German peddlers. The dispatches were said to be written in an unfriendly tone toward the Americans.

AMERICAN MISSION TO AISIA MINOR CREATES STIR AMONG NATIVES

Resolution Declaring Certain Regions Must Be Severed From Turkey Brings Great Joy.

By Louis Edgar Browne

Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

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Constantinople, Turkey, Aug. 22. — American members of the commission named by the peace conference to investigate rival claims in Asia Minor, consisting of Charles R. Crane of Chicago and Henry Churchill King, president of Oberlin college, are creating the greatest political stir in the orient since the signature of the armistice because the attitude taken at the extensive private hearings encourages all the native people to believe that an American mandate is possible for the Turkish empire. The hearings began two weeks ago, the commission inviting deputations from all Turkish parties as well as the heads of the Armenian, Greek and Jewish communities, to appear for the purpose of expressing their wishes regarding the future status of Turkey.

RESOLUTION STARTLES

As the deputations appear they are made acquainted with the instructions guiding the commission in the investigation, which includes: "Because of the historical misgovernment by the Turks of subject peoples and the terrible massacres of Armenians and others in recent years, the allied and associated powers have agreed that Armenia, Syria, Mesopotamia, Palestine and Arabia must be severed from the Turkish empire, this without prejudice to the settlement of other parts of the Turkish empire." The Turkish delegates were thrown into consternation when the above instructions were read to them. The Armenians and Greeks were overjoyed while the Jews were inclined to sympathize with the Turks.

TURKEY'S WOES EXPLAINED

Mr. Crane explained to all the Turkish delegates that since 1878 90 per cent of Turkey's woes were due to two causes —first, because the Dardanelles were not a free waterway and, second, because of the Armenian problem. Mr. Crane emphasized the necessity of settling these two questions at once and forever. All the Turkish parties with one insignificant exception agree with Mr. Crane's diagnosis and are eager to cooperate in settling their own difficulties. They admit the necessity of opening the Dardanelles and also of constituting an independent or autonomous Armenia where the Armenians can find a sanctuary, reasoning that if the Armenians have their own country and decline to go there then the sporadic racial troubles could not be blamed on the government, but the responsibility would rest on the shoulders of those Armenians who remain in Turkey and also on those Turks who remain within any territory designated as Armenia.

NEWSPAPERS COMMENT

Practically every Turkish newspaper devotes columns daily to the doings of the American commissioners and openly urges the United States to accept a mandate for Turkey as a whole. The present government, which is not backed up by any substantial party, is lukewarm and is seeking by hook or crook to preserve absolute Turkish sovereignty in the Ottoman empire, rejecting tacitly any form of intervention liable to encroach on Turkish sovereign rights. Yet even the government would willingly receive economic and financial aid from the United States. Every other element in Turkish political life is bringing a tremendous pressure to bear on the American commissioners to urge them to recommend to President Wilson that he propose to the entente that America accept an unconditional mandate for Turkey.

S. & H. Green Stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co., Main 353, A-3353. Blockwood, short slabwood. Rock Springs and Utah coal, sawdust.—Adv.

Neutrality Fails; Americans Make War on Bolsheviki

By Paul R. Wright

Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

(Copyright, 1919, by Chicago Daily News Co.)

Vladivostok, Siberia, Aug. 22.—America's policy of neutrality has failed completely. It has brought bullets from the Bolsheviki and ill will from others. Now it is being abandoned here Americans no longer wait to be shot at, but go after the enemy daily to prevent his "ganging up." The Bolsheviki have accomplished their purpose in Suchan, as no coal can leave there for Vladivostok on the railways, and the prospect is that starvation will face the neighborhood next winter. One Red Cross train is held at Pogranitzaya because of an attack on the town by Chinese bandits, and another Red Cross train is blocked in the Manchurian desert. The Red Cross women have evacuated Omsk and the entire Red Cross personnel has left Chelyabinsk. The fate of the children's colony in the Urals is unknown.

Russian resistance is stiffening in the west, probably because the reserves are being used according to plan. The Bolsheviki are reported to be evacuating Chelyabinsk and there are signs of a Russian offensive as far as Ekaterinburg.

Elgin Strike Adjusted

Washington, Aug. 22.—(I. N. S.)—The strike of employes of the Elgin & Chicago Railway company has been adjusted, Conciliator Oscar F. Nelson today advised the department of labor.

BONES OF PATRON SAINT EXHUMED

Keeper of Westminster Abbey Says Others Are Ahead for Choice Berths.

London, Aug. 22.—Australian engineers in Palestine have unearthed what antiquarians and historians declare are the remains of St. George, England's patron saint, according to a dispatch from Melbourne. It is suggested to bring the casket with the historic bones to London for interment in Westminster abbey.

Immediately after seeing the dispatch, a Universal Service correspondent called upon Canon Chalers of the abbey, to convey to him what seemed joyous tidings. Here is the canon's answer:

"I don't care a tuppence for his bones. There's only room enough for six more famous persons in the abbey and they must be cremated—so what's the use of bringing St. George?"

Hunt Made for Aviators

Paris, Aug. 22.—(U. P.)—Two columns of French troops were blazing their way into the wilds of Africa today, fearing that the missing airplane Goliath had been forced to descend amid savage tribes. A number of boats were patrolling the ocean in search of the plane and the aviators.

STOMACH TROUBLES ARE DUE TO ACIDITY

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief For Acid Indigestion.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomach-ache and inability to retain food are in probably nine cases out of ten, simply evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion.

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive, burning feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development or secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach, to neutralize the acid, and make it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, a good and effective corrector of acid stomach, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or whenever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and inexpensive remedy to use.

An antiacid, such as bisurated magnesia which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestents. Magnesia comes in several forms, so be certain to ask for and take only Bisurated Magnesia, which is especially prepared for the above purpose.—Adv.

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Our soap stock at present includes these favorites:

California Medicated Soap.....10c
Kirk's Jap Rose Soap.....10c
Palmolive Soap.....10c
Physicians' and Surgeons' Soap.....10c
Jergens' Glycerine Soap.....10c
Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet.....10c
Colgate's Coleo Soap.....10c
Colgate's Floating Bath Soap.....10c
Colgate's Dactylis Soap.....10c
Colgate's Monad Violet Soap.....10c
Jergens' Almond Cocoa Soap.....10c
Williams' Violet Soap.....10c
Williams' Heliotrope Soap.....10c
Williams' Lilac Soap.....10c
Williams' Rose Soap.....10c
Peet's Cocoa Almond Soap.....10c
Peet's Creme Oil Soap.....10c
Peet's Imperial Peroxide Soap.....10c
(Many of the above 3 for 25c)

Williams' Jersey Cream Soap.....11c
(Three for 30c)

Red Feather Violet Soap.....15c
Kirk's Juvenile Soap.....15c
(Two for 25c)

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap.....15c
(Two for 25c)

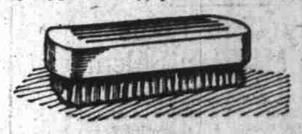
Colgate's Toilet Soaps.....16c
(Three for 45c)
Glycerine Honey Oatmeal
Big Bath

Laurence Tar Soap.....20c
Fitch Shampoo Soap.....20c
Pears' Soap (unscented).....20c
(Two for 35c; Scented 25c)

*Daggett & Ramsdell Soap.....22c
*Cuticura Soap.....23c
*Poslam Soap.....23c
*Woodbury's Facial Soap.....23c
*Packer's Tar Soap.....23c
*Hudnut's Violet Sec Soap.....25c
*Malvina Soap.....25c
Lee's Egg Tar Soaps.....25c
*Colgate's Toilet Soaps.....25c
Cashmere Bouquet Dactylis
La France Monad Violet

Resinol Soap.....25c
*Satin Skin Soap.....25c
*D. D. D. Soap.....25c
*Herpicide Soap.....25c
*Pond's Soap.....25c
*Nadine Soap.....25c
(All Soaps designated by * sell at 3 cakes for 65c)

Hind's Honey and Almond Soap.....33c
(3 for 90c)
Red Feather Olive Oil Soap.....35c
R. & G. Santal Soap.....45c
R. & G. Violet Soap.....45c
Djer Kiss Soap.....50c
(Three for $1.35)
Society Hygienic Soap.....75c
Society Hygienic Soap, perfumed....96c



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