

Peasants of Russia Are Beginning to Understand Methods Employed by Red Leaders

REIGN OF TERROR REDS' METHOD OF KEEPING CONTROL

Professor Connected With Pre-War Bolshevik Government Tells of Outrages in Russia.

AMERICANS ALSO IN JAIL

More Than 18,000 Middle Class People Jammed Into Jails as Hostages Against an Uprising.

By Bassett Digby
Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

(Copyright, 1919, by Chicago Daily News Co.) Stockholm, Sweden, July 9.—Emanuel Nolde, professor of international law in the University of Petrograd, legal adviser to the Russian foreign office previous to the Bolshevik coup, and assistant to Professor Milvukov, when the latter was foreign minister, escaped over the Finnish frontier recently while the Red guard fired at him. Nolde called in the morning at the American legation here, bringing new information and confirmed much learned recently from other sources.

REIGN OF TERROR CONTINUES

Professor Nolde says that far from abating the red terror the Moscow authorities have resumed the most dictatorial and repressive outbursts. Peters, the Lett, who as chief of the espionage commission in Moscow has been the instigator of thousands of wanton arrests, has been assigned to Petrograd as "chief of internal defense." In other words he is charged with the task of cowing the population to submission by active brutality. He was given unlimited powers and at the end of May and the beginning of June no fewer than 18,000 innocent middle class men, women and children had been jammed into improvised jails in Petrograd and declared to be hostages.

Among them were all the staff employees and servants of all the foreign embassies, legations and consulates, including the American embassy. We had no American citizens in our embassy, but guards and servants had been left to protect the premises.

RED CROSS PEOPLE JAILED

Peters has thrown into jail even all the members of the Danish Red Cross. Our legation here has received confirmation from the Swedish foreign office that the official left in charge of the Swedish legation in Petrograd was jailed. Professor Nolde says that the red army discipline is maintained merely by terrorism. Its officers said that their families will be jailed or shot if the officers desert. The men in the army get an extra ration of half a pound of bread daily as an inducement to remain. Simultaneously with these wholesale arrests of innocent middle class people the leaders are assuring the mobs that a world-wide revolution is on the point of consummation. Professor Nolde gives assurance that the Bolsheviks understand perfectly well that they have no support in the population which, though impotent from lack of arms, is eagerly awaiting liberation at the hands of the anti-Bolshevik forces converging on Petrograd.

HOSTAGES IN DANGER

"I am glad that these liberating movements have been delayed so long," said Professor Nolde, "for the delay has been necessary to demonstrate clearly to the peasants the true nature of the Bolshevik domination." Professor Nolde considers that it will be difficult to obtain the release of the staffs of the foreign embassies, legations and consulates as Peters' idea is to hold them as hostages for ill treatment and possibly executions in case sharp measures are taken abroad to stamp out Bolshevik agitators and plotters.

Bulgaria Must Pay Fixed Lump Penalty

Paris, July 18.—The allies' reparation bill for Bulgaria will be from one to two billion francs, it was learned today. A decision was reached to avoid elaborate reparation provisions by naming a fixed sum. The peace treaty with Bulgaria was nearly completed today.

The Chilean government is planning to electrify the 60 miles of railroad between Valparaiso and Santiago.

HEROES OF WAR, SUFFERING FROM SHELLSHOCK, TAKE TO FARMING



A group of American heroes, suffering from shellshock, at work in the gardens of the Messiah Home, in New York. This form of outdoor work has been found by officials of the home to be of great benefit to the victims of the dread malady. The men are instructed in the rudiments of truck farming and take quickly to the interesting work. The agreeable routine, exercise out of doors, and the interest displayed by many of the men is doing much to restore them to health.

CENSORSHIP OF PRESS IN ITALY REMOVED; BLANK SPACES VANISH

Political Matters Are Again Given Attention and Violent Attacks Are Made.

By Tancredi Zanighieri
Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

(Copyright, 1919, by Chicago Daily News Co.) Milan, Italy, July 18.—(Delayed)—Since midnight, without noise and without tears, political censorship is dead. Last night the newspapers were relieved from the burden of sending three proofs of each page to the censorship bureau before placing them on the press. In the newspapers this morning nothing suggests the change in policy except the absence of blank spaces in their columns and the publication of a few comments expressing satisfaction.

The Secolo supports Idea Nazionale in frankly abusing rime Minister Nitti, using expressions of incredible violence. "Here you see the benefits of the abolition of the censorship," says a radical journal. "With opposition of this kind Sig. Nitti will surely gain a majority."

The reason for this national hostility is to be found in the suppression of the manifestations in Rome against Nitti, the carabinieri and police dispersing the mob which wished to hiss under the windows of the new premier. In reality this opposition seems to be chiefly based upon the imperialistic pretensions of Baron Sonnino, whom the more radical reject for remaining obstinate on the question of Fiume. Nitti is accused of abandoning to the initiative of the chamber the electoral reform project, as thus the reform will drag along until the powers of the chamber are ended. This reform is demanded by all parties in order to create a closer and better relations between the country and the chamber and above all to combat corruption.

Ottawa Car Men to Return to Work

Ottawa, Ont., July 18.—(U. P.)—Striking street railway men voted after a stormy session to return to their jobs on terms of the company. The employers will retain all strikeworkers. The company announced it would increase wages later. A Winnipeg deputa-tion has instituted proceedings in opposition to deportation of alleged Reds.

Six Lose Lives in Fire of Residence

Watertown, N. Y., July 19.—(L. N. S.)—Six lives were lost in a fire which destroyed the home of Lee Hurteau at Massena today. Mrs. Hurteau and two children and Mrs. Ernest Amel and two of her children were suffocated. Hurteau rescued two of his children before he was overcome by the smoke.

SLIGHT TREND AWAY FROM ENTENTE SEEN ON THE PART OF ITALY

Reasons Are Adduced Why She Might Like to Renew Friendly Relations With Germany.

By Paul Scott Mowrer
Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

(Copyright, 1919, by Chicago Daily News Co.) Paris, France, July 18.—(Delayed)—The formation of the Nitti ministry in Italy is viewed here as representing a slight trend on Italy's part away from the entente and toward the former central empires. It is not that Italy intends by any means to break with the allies. Indeed, she recognizes that such action would be fatal, but she seems to feel an economic need for a rapprochement with Germany, rather than with one of the former Austro-Hungarian states.

'FEARED' AT ENTENTE

Politically, she is deeply disaffected with France, Great Britain and the United States, for what she considers unjust treatment accorded her in Paris. At best, she occupies merely a fourth place in the entente—a place which little corresponds to the new sense of strength and growth consequent upon her modern political and industrial development.

Politically, she is deeply disaffected with France, Great Britain and the United States, for what she considers unjust treatment accorded her in Paris. At best, she occupies merely a fourth place in the entente—a place which little corresponds to the new sense of strength and growth consequent upon her modern political and industrial development.

MARKETS IN CENTRAL EUROPE

Moreover, the markets of Italy lie in Central Europe, the Balkans and the Orient, although economically she is dependent on Great Britain or the United States for coal and steel, without which her industries would be unable to function. Italy has practically no economic ties with France. Indeed, France and Italy are frequently competitors in foreign markets.

American Sailors Robbed by Mexicans

Washington, July 19.—(L. N. S.)—A boat load of sailors from the U. S. S. Cheyenne while fishing in the Tamasi river, near Tampico, Mexico, on July 6 were held up by armed Mexicans and robbed of practically all their effects, the state department announced this afternoon.

Cable Censorship Will End July 23

Washington, July 19.—(L. N. S.)—Coincidental with the announcement Thursday that the United States' cable censorship will be terminated on July 23, the British censorship will also cease at midnight of the same date, the state department was advised this afternoon.

GERMAN LEADERS WILL TELL PLANS

Chancellor and Foreign Minister in Speeches Will Lay Program Before World.

Berlin, July 18.—(U. P.)—Chancellor Bauer and Foreign Minister Mueller are to make "a program of speeches" next week, in which they will tell the world what Germany expects to do within and without her boundaries, now that peace is here.

It is believed these speeches will carry some appeal to America, although there is a disposition in some quarters to warn the government against the danger of a one sided foreign policy. Instead it is urged Germany should adopt a policy seeking to restore friendly relations with all nations.

Both speakers are expected to reiterate their solemn assurances of the past that the new Germany intends to adhere fully to the peace treaty. The trend of recent thought within Germany, however, makes it appear likely there will be some hints asking Germany's early admission to the League of Nations. Renewed suggestions also are expected with an aim of obtaining further alterations in the peace terms.

All Ireland Wants Is Recognition by U. S.—De Valera

San Francisco, July 18.—(U. P.)—"Ireland does not want America to go to war with England for its cause," Eamon De Valera, president of the "Irish republic" emphasized in his speech before 12,000 in the Civic auditorium Friday night. "All Ireland asks is recognition from your government," he continued.

"We all believed that the peace conference in Paris was sitting down with wider terms of reference than merely settling up the issues of the war. We felt, therefore, that it had an opportunity that no former peace conference had, and that it would look out broadly on the world and take measures to guarantee a lasting peace to the world. Paris did not achieve that, but I believe Washington can. I believe it is not yet too late to found a lasting peace."

Railroad Bridges on O. S. L. Branch Burn

Ontario, July 18.—Two bridges on the Oregon Eastern branch of the Oregon Short Line, located at Mallett, 10 miles from Ontario, and at Jonesboro, 89 miles away, were burned. The cause of the fires is not known.

LAWYERS LOSE JOBS, TEACHERS GET BOOST UNDER BOLSHEVISTS

New Money Being Printed Daily, Which Citizens Are Forced to Accept.

By Arthur Czarnecki
Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

(Copyright, 1919, by Chicago Daily News Co.) Budapest, Hungary, May 30, via Paris, France, June 12.—Picking out abuses from which the masses of the people of Hungary have suffered, the Bolshevik politicians now controlling the government pledge that they will cure all these ills. Intoxicants are forbidden and are sold only under penalties. The vicious practices of the underworld are proclaimed to be at an end, but through lack of food among the masses as well as the difficulties put in the way of the middle and upper classes from obtaining it, the rule of the Red Guards drags down into the mire respectable women, thus swelling the ranks of the unfortunate. The cafes of Hungary are criticized by working men as a useless

institution, and by order of the soviet government Bela Kun was ordered that they be closed except for a short time after working hours.

To prevent school teachers from becoming arrayed against communism and if possible to enroll the teachers into the ranks of the Bolsheviks, the government leaders have arranged that every teacher should be automatically placed in the rank of the highest paid workmen so that they receive five times as much as they were formerly paid. Trades are recognized as desirable under the soviet program, and those in which wages are not considered sufficient by the working men have been increased to gain the good will of the workers. Lawyers who number thousands in this city are declared to be without occupations and ordered to get into some new work. Workmen's families are housed in the homes of prominent persons in palaces and mansions without regard to taking care of their beautiful surroundings. In some of the finest mansions out of which came men who are imprisoned or interned, families of syphiles are housed. Regardless of monthly budget, new money is being printed daily, which the citizens are forced to accept in payment under penalty.

282,000 Yanks Yet In Overseas Service

Washington, July 19.—(U. P.)—The strength of the army July 14 was 781,000, the war department estimated today. Of these, 282,000 are in Europe.

Swedish Bolshevists Attempt Boycott of Several New States

By Bassett Digby
Special Cable to The Journal and The Chicago Daily News.

(Copyright, 1919, by Chicago Daily News Co.) Stockholm, Sweden, July 19.—The Swedish Bolshevist party, which, though it probably has less than 50,000 adherents, includes in its membership a large proportion of dock laborers, devotes a page of notification in its organ, the Frikampen, of the fact that Finland, Estonia, Lithuania, Latvia and Poland are placed under a blockade.

"These states and regions," the notice reads, "sold themselves to the world imperialists and executioners of the labor revolution and serve as bases of operations for the capitalist legions. You must hinder all traffic to Lithuania, Riga, Windau, Revel, Viborg, Helsinki, Hangö, Abo, Manyuoto, Vasa, Uleaborg, Tornen, Murmansk, Archangel and other harbors in these reactionary states. Go into the fight in this way for the world revolution. Study the appended map carefully. The laborers of Sweden, Norway and Denmark can make this blockade effective. They must do so. Sweden's laborers can thereby force Finland to open traffic to Petrograd."

Business Men Wait For Order to 'Go'

Paris, July 19.—(L. N. S.)—Following official confirmation by the American consulate that President Wilson has issued an order removing all trade restrictions with Germany, belief was expressed today that the next step will be the issuance of passports allowing American business men to pass into Germany. Scores of American business men are in Holland and Switzerland awaiting a chance to get into Germany and Austria.

LUNCH ROOM
"THE COFFEE CUP"

Clean Food Deliciously Prepared

Three Appealing Places
133 Park 124 Bridway 332 Wash

Over a Million People Served Last Year
"There's a Reason" Meal Tickets, \$5.50 for \$1.00

Bevo
THE BEVERAGE

The all-year-round soft drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH
ST. LOUIS

Blumauer & Hoch,
Wholesale Distributors PORTLAND, ORE

Sold everywhere—families supplied by grocer druggist and dealer—Visitors are cordially invited to inspect our plant.

WHERE'S THAT RHEUMATISM KING?

THE KING CURED 517 WITHOUT A MISS

THE KING-KURE WILL CURE ME

THEY'RE LOOKING FOR -JACK KING- IS LOOKING FOR THEM.
CAN YOU BEAT THIS

They come from all parts of the Pacific Coast. When you have tried everything on the Rheumatic Calendar, and give up as hopeless case, come and see Jack King. No cure, no pay. I have cured over one thousand cases to date, without a single miss. It is the world's greatest rheumatic cure, and no one can dispute it. It is my own discovery. Over 30 years' experience.

Best References in the Country. Hours 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. Gentlemen Only
83 1/2 FIFTH STREET — SECOND FLOOR PHOENIX BLDG. — NEAR OAK

Sinn Fein Opposed To Plunkett's Plan On Irish Question

By Daniel O'Connell

Dublin, July 19.—(L. N. S.)—A Griffith, Sinn Fein member of parliament, and one of the founders of the Sinn Fein organization, strongly criticized Sir Horace Plunkett's scheme for dominion home rule in Ireland in an interview today. In view of the fact that Mr. Griffith is one of the chief directors of Sinn Fein policy, his views might be accepted as the official attitude of the Sinn Fein organization towards Sir Horace Plunkett's proposal.

"Dominion home rule is to use an algebraical expression, equal to nothing in Ireland," said Mr. Griffith. "Dominion home rule, as desired by Sir Horace Plunkett, is explained in a circular which seeks to induce the pretense that Ireland will control her military and naval forces and foreign policy and will have power to enter into relations with other countries or appoint representatives abroad to guard Irish interests. It makes Ireland liable for England's wars and for Ireland's share in the cost of the British Empire, and continues to pay for the upkeep on England's army and navy and diplomatic and consular services. This is not dominion home rule. It is Irish repression."