

PRESIDENT TO LAND IN NEW YORK

Wilson Leaving Paris at 9:30 Tonight for Brest, So He Informs Secretary Tumulty.

Accepts Invitation of Citizens' Committee for Informal Greeting as He Lands in America.

Paris, June 28, 7 p. m.—(I. N. S.)—President Wilson was accorded the greatest ovation that he has received since he has been in Europe when he left Paris for Brest tonight.

It seemed the entire populace of the city had congregated in the vicinity of the Invalides station. The automobile carrying the president and Mrs. Wilson could only move at a snail's pace through the streets on account of the great jam. The populace cheered the American executive wildly. President Poincare and Premier Clemenceau were among the officials gathered at the station to bid the president goodbye.

Washington, June 28.—President Wilson will leave Paris for Brest at 9:30 o'clock tonight, Paris time, he notified Secretary Tumulty by cable today.

The president also notified Secretary Tumulty that on the request of a citizens' committee he had consented to be accorded "an unofficial greeting" upon his arrival in New York.

"All well," the president added. President Wilson will leave Paris tonight on the same train as the day after he arrives in Washington. Plans for the president's tour of the nation probably will not be made until the president has had time to consult with advisers here and personally review the details of the trip.

It is probable that he will leave Washington, however, within a week after his return. His address on the peace treaty to congress will be delivered the day after he arrives in Washington. If present plans are carried out.

Barring accidents the president should be back in Washington a week from Tuesday.

There was a tense atmosphere at the state department as officials waited word that the treaty had been signed. Two minutes elapsed between the state department's flash that the Germans had affixed their signatures and the flash that Wilson had signed. Then the strain seemed broken. At 11:30 the state department received a cable saying all the plenipotentiaries had signed and Clemenceau had declared the session closed.

China refused to participate, 28 allied nations were represented at the historic conference.

They were: Serbia, Japan, United States, Liberia, Haiti, Mexico, France, Portugal, Panama, Brazil, Honduras, Peru, Belgium, Italy, Cuba, Guatemala.

Men Are Wanted By Uncle Sam for Service in Siberia

Washington, June 28.—(I. N. S.)—The "urgent and immediate need" of replacement troops for Siberian service was urged today by Secretary Baker instructing commanding officers of recruiting stations to make an organized effort to secure from men enlisting voluntarily applications for service in the far north. Men who apply for Siberian service will be transferred immediately to the replacement detachment at the Presidio, San Francisco.

Hysteria of League Opponents Reacting In Favor of Pact

Washington, D. C., June 28.—(WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE JOURNAL)—The hysteria of opposition to the League of Nations is believed to have found its climax in the speech of Senator Sherman of Illinois, who discovered that there is great danger of the pope controlling the world for Catholicism if it shall be adopted.

Senator Ashurst of Arizona, who followed Sherman, said he was ashamed the Illinois senator would make such an argument and pointed out the absurdity of the scares which have been successively advanced to frighten the people over the league.

First, he pointed out, Borch and Reed pictured Great Britain dominating the league with six votes. That scare did not operate well after people found that Great Britain would have just one vote in the council, where most of the disputes are bound to be settled, and

FIRST SHOTS FIRED 5 YEARS AGO THIS DAY

FIVE years ago this day Francis Ferdinand, Austrian archduke, was assassinated at Sarajevo.

His death furnished the excuse for the world war which ended today with signing of the treaty of peace.

The shots which led to the war were fired by Gavrio Prinsip, a student. He leaped out from a crowd watching the archduke and his wife as they drove by in a carriage June 28, 1914, and poured a stream of bullets at them from an automatic pistol.

Shortly afterward Austria made demands on Serbia for a hand in Prinsip's trial. These demands resulted in international complications—and the war. Prinsip died in jail.

ARMY AIR FLEET MAY VISIT CITY

Airplanes Will Cross Continent Leisurely to Search for Best Mail Routes.

Washington, June 28.—(WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE JOURNAL)—It is practically certain that the air fleet which is to explore an air mail route from New York to Seattle starting in July, will visit Portland before it leaves the coast for its return trip, and probably the trip will be extended southward to San Francisco.

This information has been given to Senator McNary by Colonel Milton F. Davis, executive of the air service, responding to an inquiry by the senator as to having the pathfinding planes visit Oregon. Mr. McNary suggested that it might be practical to divide the squadron in its westbound flight, at Spokane or some other suitable point east of the Cascades, sending one part down the Columbia to Portland and the other over the mountains to Seattle.

Colonel Davis says he thinks it will not be practical to divide the squadron, and that it probably will go across Montana, northern Idaho and Washington to Seattle. The planes will then be sent to Tacoma and down to Portland.

This mail charting party will proceed in leisurely way, as the air machines will go no faster than motor lorries can carry their sister of the air, an observation balloon.

Four or five months will probably be consumed in the overland flight, as the party will not reach Portland until around Thanksgiving time.

Responsibility of California Strike Put to Burlison

San Francisco, June 28.—(U. P.)—After being tossed back and forth between telephone company officials and employees and shunted all over the state, responsibility for continuing the statewide telephone strike was today put up to Postmaster General Burlison.

Mayor Rolph wired Burlison regarding the situation, deadlock since the company refuses to meet the demands of the telephone operators and states the company concedes it is subject to Burlison's orders.

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Astoria Little Girl Killed by Auto Truck

Astoria, June 28.—Nina Antonetta Stanovich, three-year-old daughter of the late Mrs. George Stanovich, died Friday night as a result of injuries received when struck by an automobile earlier in the evening. The automobile was driven by Ole Strand, who declares that the child ran into the car.

News Fails to Stir People of New York

New York, June 28.—(U. P.)—New York received the news of signing of the treaty of peace today. A few bells were rung, whistles blown, flags hung out and some paper thrown from office buildings, but the people on the streets hurried about their business, too occupied in their affairs to give any particular attention to celebrating.

LaFollette Opens Attack on Packers

Washington, June 28.—(U. P.)—Charging that his packers have defied the law and overridden the Sherman anti-trust law, Senator LaFollette, Wisconsin, today launched into one of the bitterest attacks made in recent weeks on the floor of the senate.

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DOG "STUNTS" IN S. A. DRIVE DUE TONIGHT

Antlered Herd to Cut Loose on Downtown Streets in Effort to Put Portland "Over the Top."

Coos and Curry Counties Fully Subscribed and Many Others Are Well on Way to Success.

Tonight's the big night for the Elks in their endeavor to put over the campaign for Salvation Army funds.

The whole downtown section is to be fairly agog with excitement, if the plans of the stunt committee are carried out, and the big idea is to rake in the money for that organization which, during the war, worked where other agencies went not, that did the tasks none other did, and which gave first comfort to the doughboys right in the trenches.

COOS AND CURRY "DOYERS" Coos county, with a quota of \$5000, is "over the top." Curry county, with a smaller quota, has also gone over.

These are samples of encouraging reports from outside of Portland, which, together with similar reports that have been coming in during the past week, indicate the Oregon outside of Portland is subscribing liberally in the Elks' Salvation Army Home Service campaign drive.

Portland is jaggng, according to a statement issued by Mayor George L. Baker, himself an Elk, and one of the leaders in the drive.

The Portland Elks are all set for their big frolic and jollification in the downtown district tonight. There will be music galore. Sixth street between Oak and Stark will be roped off for dancing, and everywhere an Elk purple trench cap shows there will be fun and frolic. The antlered herd, members of Portland lodge 142, and visiting brothers will meet at Elks temple at 7:30 this evening for the "stunts."

Major George Bandenburg and a score of his stunts committee, however, are not waiting for tonight for their fun. They started it last night. Three trucks loaded with singers and auctioneers were out combining gaily with a very effective money-getting campaign.

The marines, who know of the Salvation Army's service at Chateau-Thierry during the war, and the fighting front were out in force this morning on the bridges, halting every one for a subscription.

The campaign will continue over until Monday night. Collections will be taken in a number of churches tomorrow and Monday the Elks will make a final canvass.

Tuesday afternoon the ladies of the Elks will give a big card party in the Elks' lodge room, fourth floor of the Elks' temple. Mothers, wives and sisters of Elks are asked to bring their friends, and all the women of the city are invited.

YANK SHIPS FIRE GUNS AT SIGNING

On Orders of Secretary Daniels All U. S. War Vessels Boom Out End of World War.

Washington, June 28.—(U. P.)—Upon the signing of the treaty, Secretary Daniels flashed the order to every American naval ship and shore station to fire a salute of 21 guns.

Secretary Daniels sent the following message to all navy ships and shore stations: "The signing of the treaty of peace at Versailles ushers in the best day in the history of the world since the angels sang at the birth of Christ, the most High, and on Earth Peace, Good Will Toward Men. We are living in the fulfillment of that prophecy. As a republic we are grateful to have borne a part in making straight and plain the path of permanent peace with justice to the world. Upon receipt of news of signing of the treaty of peace, the most important document in the history of the world, every ship and shore station will fire a salute of 21 guns, with the national ensign at each masthead."

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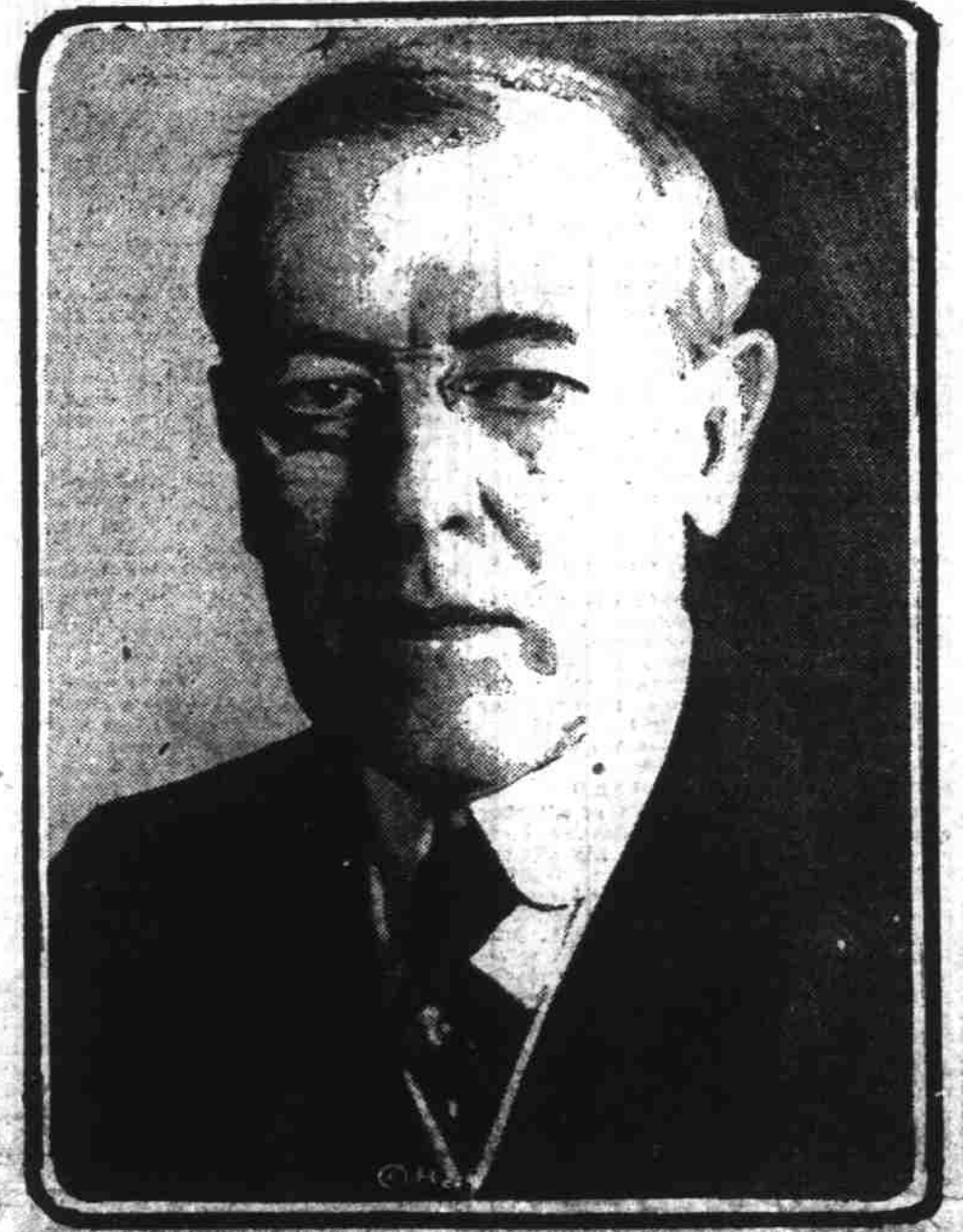
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Poles Retreating Before Ukrainians

London, June 28.—(I. N. S.)—Ukrainians have captured Tarnopol and Brody and the Poles are retreating, according to a Copenhagen dispatch today.

President Sees World Peace 'Treaty Furnishes Guarantees' Wilson Cables Proclamation

President Woodrow Wilson of the United States, who has worked hard for several months and waited patiently for the nations of Europe to get together on peace terms and a league that will prevent world wars in the future. Immediately after the treaty had been signed he cabled Washington: "The peace treaty has been signed. If it is ratified and acted upon in full and sincere execution of its terms, it will furnish the charter for a new order of affairs in the world."



Document Signed at Versailles Today Declared More Than an Agreement of Peace With Enemy—'It Liberates People Who Never Before Have Been Able to Find Way to Liberty.'

Washington, June 28.—(U. P.)—Germany today signed the peace treaty. Nearly five years after a proud and lustful monarchy started out to conquer the world, a beaten people today affixed its signature to the allied bill of indebtedness and guilt.

Word of the signing, flashed to America, was followed by a proclamation from President Wilson, issued at the White House. It follows: "My Fellow Countrymen: The treaty of peace has been signed. If it is ratified and acted upon in full and sincere execution of its terms, it will furnish the charter for a new order of affairs in the world. It is a severe treaty in the duties and penalties it imposes upon Germany, but it is severe only because the great wrongs done by Germany are to be righted and repaired; it imposes nothing that Germany cannot do; and she can regain her rightful place in the world by the prompt and honorable fulfillment of its terms.

MUCH MORE THAN TREATY "And it is much more than a treaty of peace with Germany. It liberates great peoples who have never before been able to find the way to liberty. It ends, once for all, an old and intolerable order of things in which the selfish men could use the people of great empires to serve their own ambitions for power and dominion. "It associates the free governments of the world in a permanent league in which they are pledged to use their united power to maintain peace by maintaining right and justice. It makes international law a reality, supported by imperative sanctions. It does away with the right of conquest and rejects the policy of annexation and substitutes

Polk Cables Congratulations Acting Secretary of State Polk cabled the following message of congratulation to the president when he received news of the signing: "Permit me to offer my heartfelt congratulations on the completion of your great work. The American people will be ever proud of what you did as their representative for the peace of the world."

Eamon De Valera Is Given Welcome in New England Boston, June 28.—(U. P.)—New England welcomed Eamon De Valera, president of the Irish republic, today when he came over from New York for a two days' visit to Boston.

Hundreds of men and women of Irish birth or ancestry waited at the Providence, R. I., railroad station to meet the visitor when his train stopped there. Other hundreds were gathered at the South station here.

Sunday President De Valera will address a big open air meeting in Fenway park. Monday he will speak before the Massachusetts house of representatives.

Cafe Diners Rise and Sing National Anthem in London

London, June 28.—(U. P.)—London's streets were hushed momentarily and hundreds of thousands of persons halted dead still as the guns boomed out the news that peace had been signed, shortly after 3:30 this afternoon.

Groups cheered and there was a general handshaking. Audiences in theaters and diners in cafes and restaurants arose and sang the national anthem.

Soldiers to Arrive in Portland Today En Route to Lewis

Troop movements affecting Portland listed today include soldiers from Camp Mills arriving at 12:30 on the regular O-W. R. & N. train and another group of 73 soldiers from Camp Mills arriving at 7 o'clock tonight. The first group will leave for Camp Lewis at 4 o'clock and the second at 11.

A detachment of 149 soldiers left Camp Merritt, N. E., for Camp Lewis via Portland on Friday. A party of 23 soldiers from Camp Mills will arrive Sunday afternoon at 3:30 and leave again at 4 for Camp Lewis.

BONFIRE FOR PEACE WILL BURN TONIGHT

LIGHTING up the sky so that it can be seen all over the city, the huge Boy Scout bonfire will burn after dark tonight on Healy Heights to celebrate the signing of the peace treaty. Community singing, Scout stunts, a serpentine dance and an address by Dr. E. H. Pence will take place in connection with the bonfire, the program starting at 8:30.

The fire will be a large one, made of pitchy wood and tar-barrel staves and other stuff that will make a real big fire. The flames will shoot up more than 100 feet.

To reach the spot by street cars, visitors should take the Council Crest car to the first station past the regular Council Crest stop, and there a Scout will be waiting to guide them to the scene. By automobile, persons should take the Fairmont drive to Council Crest drive, where a Scout will be stationed.

PORTLAND IN LINE FOR BIG MEETING

Arthur Callan Gets Word National Chamber of Commerce May Meet Here.

Portland may be selected for next year's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, according to information received by A. C. Callan of Portland, one of the counselors of the national organization.

"The selection of an Eastern or Western convention city is now the issue," says Mr. Callan, "and if a Western convention is determined upon, the contest will probably be between Portland and Los Angeles. The executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States will meet in Portland either June 20 or July 7, according to present plans. Arthur Callan, president of the committee, will go to Seattle for a meeting. Discussions will be entirely of a business character."

The executive committee consists of Homer L. Ferguson, Newport News, Va., president; other officers, and S. B. Anderson, Memphis; Max W. Babb, Milwaukee; George H. Barbour, Detroit; William Butterworth, Moline, Ill.; A. J. Carlton, Colorado Springs; J. E. Childberg, Seattle; W. L. Clause, Pittsburg; Edward A. Filene, Boston; P. H. Gaudet, Chicago; H. C. Giesler, St. C. George, Omaha; L. S. Gillette, Minneapolis; G. A. Hollister, Rochester, N. Y.; Clarence H. Howard, St. Louis; Frank H. Johnston, New Britain, Conn.; Frank Kell, Wichita Falls, Kan.; Fredrick J. Foster, San Francisco; R. A. McCormick, Baltimore; James R. MacColl, Providence, R. I.; Charles A. Otis, Cleveland; Lewis E. Pierson, New York; John L. Powell, Wichita, Kan.; M. J. Sanders, New Orleans; Ernest T. Trig, Philadelphia; Henry M. Victor, Charlotte, N. C.

American Legion Is Ready to Deal With Radicals on Fourth

All members of the American Legion will be ready for action if any trouble from the "reds" arises on the Fourth of July. Members are asked by the national committee of the legion to wear their uniforms on that date and to offer themselves in case of trouble to any civilian official authorized to act. The motto being, "Call on a Man in Uniform."

Pursuant to the request received from the national committee, Chairman Elvers of the state committee has wired to Governor Olcott the assurance of support to the limit of every member of the American Legion in Oregon. A meeting of the local post will be held shortly to complete plans for the Fourth of July turnout.

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Linn County Man Believed Suicide in Willamette River

Albany, June 28.—Ralph D. Hinds, who left his home southwest of Albany today in a motor car for a business trip to Corvallis, is thought to have committed suicide in the Willamette river. Hinds was expected to return about noon Wednesday. The family, becoming worried over his absence, telephoned to Sheriff Kendall, who instituted search for him. Late Friday afternoon his automobile was found along the banks of the river below Corvallis.

He had apparently left Corvallis and driven along the Albany road on the Linn county side for about a mile and a half and then turned down to the river, where he concealed his car in the brush. His clothes were all placed on the bank, as though he had removed them for a swim. He had \$5 in his pockets when he left home and about \$2 was found in his clothes. He has a wife and two children and is about 27 years old.

PEACE CURTAIN FALLS ON WAR AS TREATY IS SIGNED AT VERSAILLES

Ceremony Closed by Clemenceau in 41 Minutes in Historic Palace Where All Nations but China Affix Signatures

Germans First to Sign, Then Wilson, Then Smaller Nations; Teutons Depart While Allied Delegates Remain in Their Seats

VERSAILLES, June 28.—(U. P.)—"The conditions of peace are now an accomplished fact; the proceedings are closed."

In this brief statement Premier Clemenceau, chairman of the allied peace delegation, formally brought to an end this afternoon the ceremony of signing the peace treaty.

The ceremony took place in the historic palace of Versailles and proceeded with clock-like regularity. The meeting was convoked at 3:09 and was declared ended by Clemenceau at 3:50, the entire ceremony occupying 41 minutes.

The allied delegates remained seated as the Germans departed at 3:52.

The German delegates, Foreign Minister Mueller and Colonial Minister Bell, were ushered into the Hall of Mirrors at 3:08 o'clock. Clemenceau arose and briefly assured the Germans that the text of the treaty was identical with that previously furnished them, concluding with the words: "I now invite you to sign."

Mueller was the first to sign, placing his signature on the document at 3:12. Bell followed him. President Wilson, the first of the allied delegates to sign, wrote his name on the treaty at 3:14. Premier Lloyd George signed two minutes later.

The Chinese refused to sign. General Smuts, representing South Africa, signed under protest, issuing a statement setting forth his objections to the treaty. The signing was by delegations, in the following order: Germans, Americans, British, French, Italians, Japanese, and smaller nations.

As the allied peace delegates descended the terrace at the conclusion of the ceremony, guns boomed and thousands of jets of water spouted from the fountains in the park.

Several thousand civilians, delirious with joy, cheered the delegates, who were showered with flowers. Many of the spectators wept with emotion.

A portion of the crowd swept over the police barriers and for a moment the delegates were imprisoned by shouting, gesticulating civilians. Wilson tried to turn back, but the people surged forward and pushed him and the others the full length of the terrace, where troops succeeded in opening a way for them to their automobiles.

Signatories Promise That Terms Will Be Carried Out

VERSAILLES, June 28.—(U. P.)—Foreign Minister Mueller and Colonial Minister Bell, German signatories of the treaty, today made the following statement to the United Press: "We are signing without mental reservation. What we are signing will be carried out. The German people will use every means to meet the terms.

"We believe the entente will, in its own interests, find it necessary to change some of the terms, or they will see the treaty is impossible of execution.

"We believe the entente will not insist on delivery of the Kaiser and other high officers. "The central government will not assist in any attack on Poland. "Germany will make every effort to prove herself worthy to enter the League of Nations."

CLEMENCEAU OPENS SESSION AND INVITES SIGNATURES Washington, June 28.—(I. N. S.)—Premier Clemenceau's opening remarks at the signing of the treaty, as cabled to the state department today, were: "The session is open. The allied and associated powers on one side and the German reich on the other side, have come to an agreement on the conditions of peace. The text has been completed, drafted and the president of the conference has stated in writing that the text that is about to be signed now is identical with the 200 copies that have been delivered to the German delegation.

"The signatures will be given now as they amount to a solemn undertaking faithfully and loyally to execute the conditions embodied in this treaty of peace. "I now invite the delegates of the German reich to sign the treaty."

HUGE CROWDS ASSEMBLE IN STREETS TO HEAR NEWS Versailles, June 28.—(U. P.)—The German delegation arrived here at 2 o'clock this morning. It consisted of Foreign Minister Mueller and Colonial Minister Bell. They were accompanied by a small staff of secretaries and an official of the French foreign office obtained the German delegates' credentials at 9 a. m. and took them to the Quai d'Orsay for examination. Dr. Herman Mueller and Dr. Johann Bell, the German signers, were still in bed at 10 a. m.

Big crowds were in the streets at an early hour. The program was changed today so the Germans could sign earlier than under the original schedule. According to the new plan Clemenceau, Wilson, Lloyd-George and two Germans will sign the treaty at the center table in

Bandits Take Rings From Woman Autoist In Golden Gate Park

San Francisco, June 28.—(I. N. S.)—Mrs. C. H. Markey of St. Louis was stopped in an auto in Golden Gate park here early today by two armed highwaymen, who stripped her fingers of diamonds valued at \$500. Mrs. Markey was enroute to Los Angeles to visit friends.

Germany Threatened With Military Law

London, June 28.—(I. N. S.)—Gustave Noske, German minister of defense, fearing a general political uprising, has threatened to establish martial law throughout all Germany, according to a Central News dispatch today from Copenhagen.