

# FUME NATURAL DOUBT FOR NEW BAKAN STATES

Wilson Statement, Made Public  
in Rome and Given to Press  
in Paris, Outlines His Views.

ITALIAN CLAIMS ARE MET  
National Unity Attained With  
Annexation of Territories In-  
habited by Italian Subjects.

Paris, April 30.—Premier Orlando made public at Rome Tuesday a memorandum presented by President Wilson to the Italian peace delegation on April 24. The Italian premier took advantage of President Wilson's permission to make it public. The text was then given out here as follows:

Memorandum concerning question Italian claims on the Adriatic. There is no question to which I have given more careful or anxious thought than I have given to this, because in common with all my colleagues it is my earnest desire to see the utmost justice done in Italy. Throughout my consideration of it, however, I have felt that there was one matter in which I had no choice and could wish to have none. I felt bound to square every conclusion that I reach as accurately as possible with the 14 principles of peace which I set forth in my address to the congress of the United States on the 8th of January, 1918, and in subsequent addresses.

SEPARATE AUTONOMY ASKED  
"These 14 points and the principles laid down in subsequent addresses were formally adopted with only a single reservation by the powers associated against Germany, and will constitute the basis of peace with Germany. I do not feel at liberty to suggest one basis for peace with Germany and another for peace with Austria."

"It will be remembered that in reply to communication from the Austrian government offering to enter into negotiations for armistice and peace on the basis of the 14 points to which I have alluded, I said that there was one matter to which those points no longer applied. They had demanded autonomy for the several states which had constituted the Austro-Hungarian empire, and I pointed out that it was left to the choice of the people of these several countries what their destinies and political relations should be. They have chosen with the sympathy of the whole world to be set up as independent states. Their complete separation from Austria and the complete dissolution of the Austro-Hungarian empire have given a new aspect and significance to the settlements which may be effected with regard, at any rate, to the eastern boundary of Italy. SITUATION HAS CHANGED

"Personally, I am quite willing that Italy should be accorded along the whole front of her northern frontier and wherever she comes into contact with Austrian territory all that was accorded her in the so-called pact of London, but I am of the clear opinion that the pact of London can no longer apply to the settlement of her eastern boundary. The line drawn in the pact of London was conceived for the purpose of establishing an absolutely adequate frontier of safety for Italy against any possible hostility or aggression on the part of Austro-Hungary. But Austro-Hungary no longer exists. The frontiers will touch countries stripped of the military and naval power of Austria, settled in inter-dependence of Austria and organized for the purpose of satisfying legitimate national aspirations created as states not hostile to the new European order, but arising out of it, interested in its maintenance, dependent upon the cultivation of friendly relations and bound to a common policy of peace and accommodation by the covenants of the League of Nations. It is with these facts in mind that I have approached the Adriatic situation. It is commonly admitted and I very heartily adhere to the agreement that the parts of Trieste and Istria which claim the greater part of the Istria peninsula should be conceded to Italy, her eastern frontier running along the natural strategic lines established by the physical conformation of the country, a line which it has been attempted to draw with some degree of accuracy in the attached map. Within this line on the Italian side will be considerable bodies of non-Italian population, but their fortunes are so naturally linked to the nature of the country itself with the rest of the Italian people that I think their inclusion is fully justified. There would be no justification in my judgment in including Fiume or any part of the coast lying to the south of Fiume within the boundaries of the Italian kingdom. Fiume is by situation and by all these circumstances of its development not an Italian but an international port serving the countries to the east and north of the gulf of Fiume.

WILL SERVE NEW STATES  
"Just because it is an international port and cannot with justice be sub-

ordinated to any one sovereignty, it is in my clear judgment that it should enjoy a very considerable degree of genuine autonomy under which it should be included and no doubt, within the system of the new Jugo-Slavic state. It should nevertheless be left free in interest and in the interests of the states lying about it to devote itself to the services of the commerce which naturally and inevitably issues an outlet or inlet at its port. The states which it serves will be new states. They will have complete confidence in their access to an outlet on the sea.

The friendship and the connections of the future will largely depend upon such an arrangement as I have suggested, and friendship, cooperation and freedom of action must underlie every arrangement of peace, if peace is to be lasting.

"I believe that there is a common agreement that the island of Dalmatia should be added to Italy and that which she retain the port of Volpna. I believe that it will be generally agreed that the settlement of the Adriatic coast and the establishment upon the islands near the eastern coast of the Adriatic should be permanently dispensed with and that the disarmament which is to be arranged under the League of Nations should limit to only such minor naval forces as are necessary for policing the waters of the island and the coast.

SAFEGUARDS ARE PROMISED  
"These are the conclusions to which I am forced by the compulsion of the understanding which underlay the whole initiation of present peace. No other basis is acceptable to me, and which being rendered concisely with these understandings. They were understandings accepted by the whole world and bear with peculiar compulsion upon the United States because the privilege was accorded her of taking the initiative in bringing about the negotiations for peace and her plans underlie the whole difficult business.

And certainly Italy obtains under such an arrangement the great historic object which her people have so long had in mind. The historical wrongs inflicted upon her by Austria Hungary and by a long series of unjust transactions which I hope will before long sink out of the memory of the world are completely redressed. Nothing is denied her which will complete her national unity. Here and there upon the islands of the Adriatic and upon the eastern shore of that sea there are settlements containing large Italian elements of population, but pleading as their basis the rights of the family of nations will abundantly safeguard the liberty, the development and all the just rights of national and racial minorities, and back of these safeguards will always lie the watchful authority of the League of Nations.

And at the very outset we shall have avoided the final error of making Italy's near-by neighbor in the east her enemy and nursing just such a sense of injustice as had disturbed the peace of Europe for generations together and played no small part in bringing on the terrible conflict which we have just passed.

## ORLANDO INTERVIEWS AMBASSADOR PAGE

March to the day when it was decided to summon the Italian delegation, her claims solely on the right of self-determination, the people of Fiume have proclaimed their own united with Italy. He reiterated that Italy wishes to remain faithful to the alliance but said that "so long as discussions continue peace is impossible."

"Peace must be general or it will not be peace," he said.

WILSON'S NOTE PRINTED  
The premier insisted that Italy's rights to Fiume are set forth clearly and that they should be respected, irrespective of the fact that they are not included in the pact of London. He denied charges of imperialism made against Italy.

A statement handed to Orlando by President Wilson on April 15, was published here today. It reiterates the president's desire for the "utmost justice of Italy," but declares he did not feel at liberty to suggest "a peace for Germany and another for Austria." Wilson declared the "14 points" must be applied to all, especially since all had agreed to them. The statement revealed that Wilson proposed the island of Lisie be ceded to Italy and that she retain the port of Aviona. It pointed out that the historic wrongs done Italy had been redressed by the boundaries proposed for her, but maintaining that Fiume must be internationalized so as to give her neighbors a chance to develop.

SAYS ALLIES DISAGREE  
"The Italian government again declares it is animated by a spirit of conciliation compatible with the imperious necessities of national conscience and dignity," said Orlando.

"With equal sincerity, at this difficult moment, I say I cannot determine in what form and by what means this end will be maintained. It was shown in Paris there exists not only a disagreement regarding our viewpoint, but also a disagreement between the allies and President Wilson." Referring to the conversations with the "big three" on April 24 regarding Italian territorial questions, Orlando said: "President Wilson's viewpoint as well as my reply are known. Great Britain and France always acknowledge per-

# HUGE LABOR DEMONSTRATIONS BOOKED FOR PEACE CENTERS ON MAY 1; PRECAUTIONS AGAINST RIOTS TAKEN

By Robert J. Frew  
Paris, April 30.—(L. N. S.)—Apprehensions are felt throughout Europe today regarding the possibility of disturbances tomorrow—May Day. Never in the history of organized labor has May Day been charged with such dire possibilities of conflict.

From Italy, Germany, Belgium, Austria and Hungary reports have been flowing into Paris during the past week forecasting huge demonstrations by the working class. The reports are all more or less in agreement that there will be a general strike for a short time in order to give emphasis to their demands for improved conditions. Only a partial stoppage will be made on the trolley and motor bus lines, where many women are employed as well as men.

This temporary halt was planned by the workers to prove to the government and the public generally that if the claims of the laboring class are not conceded the trade unions are not sufficiently well organized to carry out a big strike on short notice. Briefly stated, these demands are as follows: Eight hour day with a week rest for all over the continent; the workers have declared a general holiday tomorrow. Although in France the Socialists are still indignant over the acquittal of Villa, who shot their leader, Jaurès, the workers are expected to pass the day in peaceful demonstrations.

The original plan of the general confederation of labor was to have all

feet loyalty to the pledge of honor given in the treaty alliance uniting our three countries.

REGARDING ITALIAN CLAIMS, they could not agree with the Italian viewpoint. They said they could assent to making Fiume a free and sovereign city only on a compromise and not as a supplement to the clauses of the treaty.

PROPOSALS UNSATISFACTORY  
"On April 14 I was given a memorandum representing the ideas of the American people," said the premier. "I was authorized and requested to communicate the memorandum to the Italian parliament. I distributed it among the senators and deputies, spending my munition, inasmuch as the memorandum denied Italy any right over Dalmatia and the islands, according to complete liberty for Fiume and even going so far as to break up the unity of Istria. I did not hesitate to inform President Wilson that it was absolutely impossible to agree to peace conditions which did not give any satisfaction to those three essential points."

FIUME ITALIANS SEND  
MESSAGE TO WILSON  
Fiume, April 30.—(U. P.)—The national council Monday sent a telegram to President Wilson, notifying him that Fiume had formally declared itself united with Italy.

The population of Fiume, assembled under the Italian flag in the presence of representatives of the glorious American army, replied to your proclamation by conferring full power over the city upon the representative of the Italian government.

"In the name of our dead on the Piave and the Isonzo, we express to you our greatest gratitude for provoking with your attitude the highest and most solemn manifestation in favor of Italian sentiment which this city could make before the whole world.

PROFESSOR HERRON,  
WARNS OF DANGER  
Paris, April 30.—(U. P.)—That all Europe is again imperiled by the crisis over Fiume, is the opinion of Professor George Herron, American author of international fame, expressed in a letter to the United Press today.

"As one who can claim some actual knowledge of the present conflict between Italy and Jugo-Slavia, I would like to express my opinion that a grave injustice has been done to Italy in the public mind.

"Accord could have been reached but for the intrigues of certain international financiers, diplomatically privileged, who caused the present crisis, and who have caused all political and moral failures of the peace conference.

"In refusing to surrender her Eastern door, Italy actually is fighting these international financiers for her very existence."

SEVENTEEN BOMBS  
FOUND IN U. S. MAIL  
(Continued From Page One)  
and postoffice inspectors, together with operatives of the military and naval intelligence departments.

Up to 3 o'clock this afternoon, so far as could be known, the detectives were without a clue that would indicate the headquarters from which the bombs were sent. That they are in New York, or in some other city, is believed certain, however, from the fact that New York postoffice was used as the mailing place.

THOMPSON  
OPTICAL INSTITUTE  
Eye-Sight Specialists  
Portland's Largest, Most Modern, Best Equipped, Exclusive Optical Institute.  
509-15-11 CORBETT BLDG.  
FIFTH AND HOBBS STS.  
Since 1888

sending of the package, as it would be easy for anyone to secure one of their wrappings. The word "Sample" was printed on the package, which was very similar to the infernal machine sent to Mayor Hanson of Seattle a short time ago. The address was written with a typewriter.

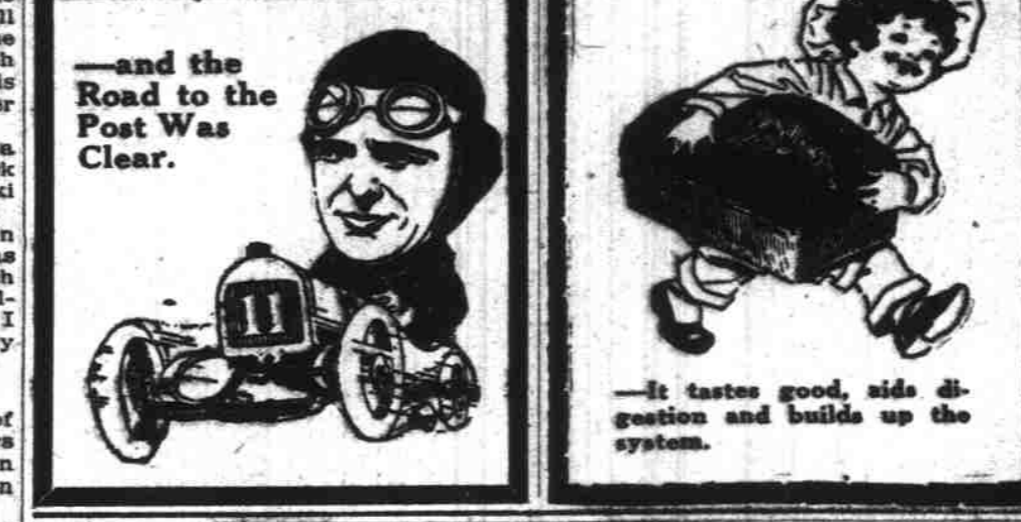
Contents of Bomb Analyzed  
Seattle, April 30.—(U. P.)—The substance contained in the bomb mailed Mayor Hanson was ammonium nitrate, sawdust and sulphuric acid, according to a preliminary chemical analysis made by Wendell Vincent, head of the Seattle branch of the bureau of chemistry. He continued experiments today in search of dynamite traces. Vincent asserted that the bomb was evidently manufactured by one unfamiliar with explosives. "The substance resembles old-fashioned gunpowder more than anything else," Vincent said.

60 Women Faint  
During Celebration  
St. Louis, Mo., April 29.—(U. P.)—Sixty women fainted on downtown streets within an hour today during the celebration of the return of St. Louis soldiers of the Thirty-first division.

Missing Maid Located  
San Francisco, April 29.—(U. P.)—Miss Maude Wheelwright, maid employed by Mrs. R. E. Burns of Seattle, and sought here as kidnapped, was found today. Police discovered the girl working for another woman, and inquiry developed that she sent a misleading telegram believing this would be the easiest way to cease her employment under Mrs. Burns.

Two Couples Licensed  
Oregon City, April 30.—Marriage licenses were issued Tuesday to Mrs. Burns.

Genuine Butter Nut  
—and the Road to the Post Was Clear.



THE WEDDING BELLS ARE RINGING  
THIS year will probably witness an unusually large number of weddings. We have anticipated the home-making with a most complete and attractive line of

SILVERWARE  
IN STERLING AND SHEFFIELD  
The most appropriate—the most acceptable and the most enduring of all wedding gifts.  
An Elaborate Collection of Diamonds for Your Approval.  
MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS HERE  
A. & C. Feldenheimer  
JEWELERS—SILVERSMITHS—OPTICIANS  
Washington St., Corner Park  
Established 1888

# COLUMBIA

EVERY ATTRACTING GUESTS SATISFACTION

The Correction of Defective Eyesight  
The lightness, brightness, efficiency and appearance of lenses depend on the glass used, how they are designed, the machinery on which they are ground, the skill of the man operating the machine and the accurate adjustment of the mounting used for holding them.

NEW SHOW THURS. DAY FOR TWO DAYS ONLY  
LILA (Lillian) LEE in "Puppy Love"  
Last Times Today Ethel Clayton in "Pettigrew Girl"

# LIBERTY

DIRECTION OF JENSEN-VON HERZOG  
"LIBERTY DOLLER"

NEW SHOW THURSDAY  
AND IT'S A "HUMDINGER" CALLED

"TODD OF THE TIMES"

The story of a muchly henpecked man who started out to be managing editor of a big daily and ran into a lot of opposition and other things.



A Mummy Would Chuckle at Frank Keenan as the Henpecked "Todd"

Sunset Theatre  
3 Days Only Beginning Today

TOM MIX  
in  
"TREAT 'EM ROUGH"  
—IT'S A DINGER