

TACOMA LABOR TO SEEK REMOVAL OF OFFICIALS OF CITY

Committed Named at Meeting of Central Labor Council to Manage Recall Campaign.

FOLLOWS TAG DAY TROUBLE

Prisoners Express Resentment Over Detention in Jail for Exercise of "Lawful Rights."

Tacoma, Wash., April 7.—(U. P.)—The refusal of the city council and police officials to sanction the tag day of the soldiers and sailors' council Saturday, and the subsequent arrest of 66 tag sellers, resulted today in a move on the part of Tacoma union labor to recall the entire city administration, including Mayor C. M. Riddell and Commissioners Pettit, Harrison, Shoemaker and Davidson.

A committee of 25 to manage the recall campaign was authorized at a citizens' meeting called immediately following a special session of the Tacoma Central Labor council Sunday morning. The committee is to meet tonight to perfect precinct organization for circulation of recall petition.

While Commissioner of Public Works H. R. Harrison is a member of the Cooks' and Waiters' union and a delegate to the Central Labor council, he was declared to have offended as much as the other members of the city council in the refusal to allow the tag day.

A committee of three, headed by H. P. Johnson, president of the Tacoma Metal Trades council, was named to endeavor to get the release of soldiers and civilians arrested Saturday.

A resolution drawn up by the members of the soldiers and sailors' council in jail was read at the council meeting. It said:

"Resolved, here in this jail pen, that we are not sorry for the stand we have taken and that we are ready to go through to the bitter end. We know that organized labor is behind us and ask that we be gotten out of this rotten hole. As we write this the vermin are crawling over the walls and floors by the thousand and the air in here carries a foul stench. The boys join in protest that ex-soldiers should be treated in this manner for what they have done, claiming that they were using their lawful rights when selling tags for the relief of themselves and fellow soldiers and sailors."

Husband Kills Man He Finds in Home

Balem, Ind., April 7.—(U. P.)—Hearing a noise at 3:30 o'clock in an upper room of his home, Clarence Griswell discovered Harry Whitehead, 38, a bachelor, there and shot him through the neck, killing him instantly. Whitehead's body was carried to the home of his old aunt, Miss Polly Whitehead, and she dropped dead from the shock. A trial inside Whitehead had been paying attention to Mrs. Griswell.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO GUININE (Tablets). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GIBBS' signature on each box. 50c.—Advt.

COLUMBIA

"Plenty for Twenty"
ONLY TWO DAYS MORE—TODAY—TUESDAY



DOROTHY DALTON

in "EXTRAVAGANCE"

"Northern Sports Under Southern Skies"
A Different Sort of a Scenic

PARAMOUNT PICTOGRAPHS

MUTT AND JEFF CARTOON

"Plenty for Twenty"

Police Inclined to Believe Shooting Due to Drinking Bout

Little progress has been made by the police in the case of the killing of 3-year-old Michael Dobroday at 702 Harvey street. Saturday afternoon, and Roman A. Wyntook, accused of killing the lad and injuring his father, is still in jail. The police are inclined to believe that the shooting, which Wyntook claims was accidental, was the result of a drinking bout. The body of the little victim is at the morgue but unless the police are able to unearth some evidence that might cause the holding of Wyntook to the grand jury, it is not probable, said Deputy Coroner Leo Gotsch, that an inquest will be held.

Civil Governor of Korea Believes End of Uprisings Near

Tokio, April 5.—(Delayed.)—(U. P.)—End of disturbances in Korea, started by Korean nationalists, is near, Civil Governor Yamagata of Korea announced here today. The route through southern Korea has been cleared of bandits. He has received advice from his Seoul office that memorials have been received from influential Koreans regretting the recent activities.

Yamagata denied reports that excessive severity was used in quelling the demonstrations. He also declared that no missionaries participated in the demonstrations, either directly or indirectly. Some missionaries, however, probably showed sympathy for the natives' uprising.

Umatilla Turns Out Crowds at Midnight To See War Trophies

Starbuck, Wash., April 7.—Big crowds are greeting the trophy train at every stop today. The route through southeastern Washington, including Pomeroy, Dayton, Prescott and Walla Walla. Tomorrow it passes back into Oregon, where it will arrive at Umatilla, and other points, winding up at Pendleton from 4 to 10 in the evening.

Arthur Spencer, who has been with the train one of the special cars, will leave for Portland tonight. A late incident of the trip was a stop shortly after midnight this morning at Umatilla, where in spite of the unseasonably hour, 500 people passed through the trophy cars.

1 Killed, Several Injured in Texas Oil Town Fire

Ranger, Tex., April 7.—(U. P.)—One man is known to have been killed and several injured in a fire which started in the rear of a restaurant here Sunday night, raged unchecked during the night and today threatens to destroy the entire business section of the town.

Ranger, an oil town, is without water and has no fire department. Early today several buildings in the path of the flames were destroyed by dynamite in an effort to prevent the fire from spreading.

Seattle Auditorium Plans Are Rushed

Seattle, April 7.—(U. P.)—Seattle citizens are meeting today to rush plans for their \$2,000,000 civic auditorium for a war memorial. It will have a seating capacity of 20,000 and be of classic design and cover two city blocks. Art galleries, trophy rooms, convention committee accommodations and veterans' quarters will be features.

160th Infantrymen On Way to Kearney

New York, April 7.—Bound for the Pacific coast and home, about 450 of the 160th infantry started from Camp Mills Saturday for the 3000 mile journey to Camp Kearney.

VICTORY LOAN IS BUSINESS MATTER

(Continued From Page One)
his mind on the character of organization to be called into being, nor will make a decision without consulting his executive committee, he intimated enough this morning to show that there will be no vast machine canvassing the community.

"There is one thing," said Mr. Oimstead, "which I wish to stress as of first importance, and that is the Victory bond as an investment. While no definite details have been given out at Washington—and they always hold back details until a few days before a drive for reasons of their own—I am morally certain that the certificates will bear 4.75 per cent interest, and that they will command a premium before they mature."

"These certificates run for five years and if they bear 4.75 per cent, they will be particularly attractive. Nothing can stop them from bringing a premium at maturity, or before. Then it is not certain they will be 4.75—they may bear 5 per cent. I know that savings banks will buy large quantities of these certificates, for they are a very good thing. In Portland there are hundreds of men and women who have anywhere from \$1000 to \$5000 in the banks. These people should buy these certificates, for their taxes are so small that the certificate has many advantages over the 3.55 per cent, which are tax free, and which will be bought by the people who are hit by excess profits, income tax and the like."

"These investors with \$1000 and the like, or smaller amounts, need not wait for the drive to open. They can go to their banks now and make reservation for such sum of certificates as they wish to purchase."

"To my mind, these certificates should be snapped up quickly. We do not want a long drawn out campaign extending over a period of three weeks. We do not want to ask men to neglect their personal business for such a period in order to sell Victory bonds. What the city campaign management will do is to put Portland over the top in the smallest space of time possible."

"A quick and successful campaign can be devised and if the people will simply decide in advance the amount of certificates they can afford to purchase the drive can be wound up in short order."

PROMPT PEACE WITH COVENANTS SEEN BY STANSFELD

Reasons for Conclusion Outlined in Sermon at First Methodist Church.

Speedy signing of a treaty of peace which shall include the League of Nations principle was forecasted by the Rev. Josiah Stansfeld in his Sunday evening sermon at the First Methodist church.

In outlining his reasons for this conclusion, Dr. Stansfeld said: "The months ago the great war was between the united allies and the central powers under the leadership and control of Germany, so much so that the one first purpose was to defeat German militarism and make the world safe for democracy, the vague and general idea being that the one thing that jeopardized democracy was the power of militarism and the German military power and program."

"Today it is very different. With the Bolsheviks in Russia and Hungary and threatening in many parts of Central and Eastern Europe, the fine sounding phrase of 'the world safe for democracy' has become a mere slogan, and certainly lost much of its glamor."

Situation Is Changed
"The question is now coming to be whether the world, in many places, can be made safe for democracy. The old democracy, as a direct people's government, is not all it is cracked up to be. For democracy to be safe for the world, it must be able to defend itself. Former nations and peoples are now being so dismembered and broken that parties to a treaty of peace are vastly more complex and uncertain than some months ago."

"Again, the victorious allies—France, England, Italy, America, Japan, etc.—are interpreting and holding their claims much beyond what was at first thought, and each and all of them upon a basis of justice and right quite plausible, and to each of them respectively fully right. But in many cases they infringe all too deeply on the rights of others."

"Shall Italy have Plume as a right to the 25,000 Italian people of that city? But what of the whole hinterland of Czechoslovakia? Shall France have Saar from Germany? Germany in barbarous warfare has so devastated France, and indeed burned and hopelessly destroyed the mines that France feels she must have the mineral resources of Saar or she will be worse off indeed than Germany. But the German resources are taken will Germany be able to pay?"

"So also with the disposition of the German colonies. The Germany of yesterday is unfit to hold them, and they no longer exist. But does the Germany of today and tomorrow absolutely need them? Is it not merely a matter of holding them, and not a matter of holding them in a position to use speedy action, providing the necessity arises for such."

The United States, it was learned today, has a treaty in effect with Germany whereby the sea and these could better open the way for enough transports to bring the American soldiers to civilization. The sea and these could better open the way for enough transports to bring the American soldiers to civilization. The sea and these could better open the way for enough transports to bring the American soldiers to civilization.

"The deepest need of each of the nations today is for peace, security and reconstruction."

"The military league or alliance of the allies has proven the worth and power of liberty-loving and free people banded together for reasonable ends."

"The agreed and declared purpose of the allied nations has been for the establishment and maintenance of the rights of all nations, small and great, and this is a principle which will not be wantonly repudiated."

"The great allied nations are most-people of representative government, and ruled by reason rather than a centralized power, and the rule of reason will finally obtain in the world's peace conference."

League Port of Treaty
"Under such a rule of reason and justice there will be demanded, and there will be obtained, a just and large restitution and reparation, especially for France, Belgium, Italy and for many smaller states of central Europe, and England and the British empire—heroic, sacrificial, high-souled England—will justly demand, and rightly receive an equitable reparation for her heavy costs and losses of the war on sea and on land, while America, proportionally, will demand the least of all."

"A League of Nations will, we believe, within the next 30 days be agreed upon and made a part of the treaty of peace, as basic to the peaceful and full security of the terms thereof."

"Such a treaty will be signed by Germany, ratified by the United States senate and agreed to by France and England and Italy and Belgium and Japan."

"Optimistic? Well, somewhat. But this, we believe, is in the way of the world's best advance and interests, and will, we trust, be realized."

SOLDIERS ARE BEING HURRIED TO WEIMAR

(Continued From Page One)
and threatens to extend to the Krupp plant at Essen.

Many German artists and writers will meet tomorrow to protest against the French academy's proposal for "art revenge."

Red Propaganda Spreads
London, April 7.—(U. P.)—The general strike in western Germany as a result of communist propaganda, said a German wireless dispatch picked up there today, giving a summary of the German situation.

The food situation in Westphalia was said to be serious.

The street railways at Stuttgart, but the bourgeois "counter strike" continues until the radicals recall their strike order.

General Strike Proposed
Berlin, April 6.—(Delayed.)—(U. P.)—Communists today were completing plans for a general strike, early next week.

Government forces were on the alert to oppose a coup d'etat.

Krupp Officials Armed
Copenhagen, April 7.—(U. P.)—The German government has discovered plots in several towns for establishment of a soviet republic, a semi-official dispatch from Berlin announced today. Repressive measures are being taken.

strued to arm themselves against an emergency.

A United Press dispatch from Berlin Saturday night said the government had discovered a plot to form a soviet republic in that city.

A similar dispatch from Moscow said that a Spartacist attack is plotted on the works in an effort to obtain a large supply of arms and ammunition.

Uprising Threatens Berlin

Basle, April 7.—(U. P.)—A dispatch from Berlin today reported the workmen and soldiers' council there had decided to arrest influential persons of the bourgeoisie and press and occupy the war ministry, after which a soviet republic would be proclaimed simultaneously with a general strike.

Peasants Rising Against Soviet
Copenhagen, April 7.—(U. P.)—A dispatch from Munich today said that armed peasants in a mass meeting decided to march against the new soviet government in that city. The dispatch added that "civil war is imminent."

Reds Expect America to Join
London, April 7.—(U. P.)—A Bavarian soviet government has not yet decided to accept the new German government's offer at Munich, said a News Agency dispatch from Copenhagen this afternoon.

One of the radical leaders at Munich was reported to have issued a proclamation saying in part:

"A soviet republic will come, brother. America and the entente are expected to join in the movement."

Conflicting reports on the situation at Berlin were received today. Some reported that a Bolshevik government had been established; others said it had not.

War Party Delighted
Berlin, April 7.—(U. P.)—The Social newspaper Freiheit prints a dispatch by General von Stackhausen, German chief of staff, in which he is quoted as saying:

"For us (government military commanders) the disturbances are the best thing possible because they are giving the people into our hands by awakening their sense of responsibility."

General von Stackhausen appealed for volunteers among the officers, saying that a period of street fighting between the Bolsheviks and the government troops is certain within the next few days on a more extensive scale than ever.

"We will win, we will win," the general was further quoted as saying.

2 YANKEE GUNBOATS WILL GIVE HELP

(Continued From Page One)
way of Copenhagen, reported that the Bolsheviks are retreating from the Northern Lithuania. Part of the Bolshevik army is said to have mutinied, refusing to fight.

Removal Plans Made
Washington, April 7.—The war department, in conjunction with British military authorities, is formulating plans for the removal of American troops from Northern Russia.

While the exodus of our soldiers from the north was originally fixed for May or June, it is now being hastened to take effect as early as possible.

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LAWRENCE POLICE BATTLE STRIKERS

Many Shots Fired and Clubs Are Swung but No Injuries Are Reported.

Lawrence, Mass., April 7.—(U. P.)—A riot fighting broke out today in the textile strike. A pitched battle, in which many shots were fired, took place between the police and strikers at Newbury street. A house in Newbury street, in which a strike was being held, was partly wrecked by a bomb.

The police were bombarded with bricks and bottles. They received many bruises. Strikers were clubbed. The shooting, judging from the absence of reported injuries from the strikers, was not intended to take an avowedly violent course.

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HUNGARIANS OUST REDS, IT IS RUMORED

(Continued From Page One)
circulation here that the allies were planning to send an army into Hungary. They declared that the allies' course toward the new Hungarian government has not yet been decided.

An "international Red army" is being organized here. Twelve hundred well equipped volunteers arrived from Vienna under the command of Communist Leader Bela Kun. They are being immediately mustered into service. More are expected. The first two battalions of the army have left for the line of demarcation established under the armistice.

The military has decided not to interfere with the political affairs, recognizing the importance of discipline. Hungarian Communist aviators flew over Vienna and dropped propaganda. They landed near a suburb and were arrested, but later released.

Maximum 24 hour week has been fixed for apprentices. Thirty-seven hundred school children have been provided with free meals. Weekly tuition fees have been abolished. All hospitals have become public, preference being given to proletarian patients.

After the meeting with General Smuts, Bela Kun was interviewed by foreign correspondents.

"General Smuts came not as a soldier, but as a diplomat," he said. "Negotiations are proceeding in the most cordial manner. There is hope that the entente does not intend to take an offensive attitude toward the Hungarian soviet republic."

"My proposal for a conference of states formed by the old Austro-Hungarian empire, to be held in conjunction with the peace conference, has been received in a friendly manner. We hope that at such a conference the Hungarians, German-Austrians, Czechoslovaks and Jugoslavians and Rumanians will settle their political frontier and cooperate in an effort to promote a better and more human existence for the workers."

Counter Revolt Spasmodic
Copenhagen, April 7.—(U. P.)—The Bolshevik counter revolution in Hungary is not a national movement, according to the Hungarian, Count Sechenyi, who has just arrived here. He said that the peasants are apathetic. One hundred and eighty politicians have been imprisoned at Budapest, the count said.

Report Not Confirmed
Paris, April 7.—(U. P.)—No confirmation was received from official sources here today of rumors that the Hungarian soviet government has been overthrown and Foreign Minister Bela Kun assassinated. So far as known here the ministry is preserving order.

Hungarians Attack Serbians
London, April 7.—(U. P.)—An exchange of shots between the Hungarian Bolsheviks and the Serbians, which has been declared war on Serbia, which is demanding allied aid. Marshal Titchard has just arrived here, claiming throughout Serbia.

Reds Approach Czernowitz
Zurich, April 7.—(U. P.)—A Budapest dispatch reported that the Hungarian Bolsheviks are approaching Czernowitz.

Nearing End, Says Lloyd George
Paris, April 7.—"Let public opinion wait another fortnight. We are nearing the end," Lloyd George is quoted as saying in an interview with a representative of the L. M. Martin.

"Agreement will not be long in coming on all questions concerning Germany," continues the British premier. "The peace preliminaries will be ready by Easter."

But why, asked an interviewer, "should not the amount of the war bill whatever it may be, be submitted to Germany before anything else, and why should she not be compelled to recognize her debt?"

Who says we have not decided that?" was Lloyd George's reply. "Can't people wait until we have decided? Can't people judge our work instead of waiting always to judge our intentions? This conference has had to meet and discuss matters under conditions without precedent in history. All eyes are turned toward it, and what is more serious still, all ears are listening at the door. The enemy's ears tingle with joy when they think they observe some hesitation while the ears of our friends who hear only confused rumors, interpret them badly."

"Let public opinion wait a few more days and it will then be able to form an opinion not on rumors, but on facts."

Malay Wants Federation
(Exclusive Cable by International News Service)
Tokio, April 7.—(U. P.)—The inhabitants of French Indo-China, the federated Malay states and the Dutch East Indies propose to form a self-governing federation and ask the League of Nations for admittance, according to a dispatch from Canton, China, today, quoting the Canton Times.