VOL. XVI. NO. 41.

CITY EDITION

He desires to the utmost to live the life of a simple German citizen, if that be possible. He declined today to be interviewed when I approached him.

I found the former prince after a half

hour's wandering about the dreary, de-

serted, snow covered park at Potsdam. I found him in his palace, inside the

walls which republican guards were pa-trolling. They were doing double duty—

watching the prince and also preventing any harm befalling him. Sends No Greetings

The prince declined even to send

ing to remain completely out of politics.

I talked with the kaiser's palace care-

taker, Oberkastleman Dahlmann. He

"There never was a Christmas like

this," he told me. "This morning I went through the royal palace and it was like a grave. In the wonderful shell room,

where formerly there were Christmas

Watchman Has Good Word for Wilson

and worked on an inventory of the pal-

ace, which he is preparing for the new

president is elected," he remarked.

"I don't know what I will do if a

may become the president's caretaker

"I-would like to be a caretaker for President Wilson. I think he is the most

Aerial Highways

Montreal, Dec. 28.-Official approval

was given today by the Canadian gov-

ernment to the proposed two main aerial

thoroughfares and several subdivisions

forming the Canadian link in the chain

of airways which join the British pos-

sessions throughout the world into one

The Canadian "All Red Route" con

nects St. Johns, Newfoundland, the gate-

bec, Montreal and Ottawa, following the

line of the Canadian Pacific railway

and making various depot stops at cit-

touch Sidney, Halifax, Frederickton,

Branch air routes will connect with

To Have Citizenship

Bucharest, via Paris, Dec. 28 .- Pre-

mier Brataino has promulgated a law

conferring citizenship on the Jews of

the outlook for this industry is so ex-

tremely favorable that many are again

going into the business. This perhaps is

the chief reason for the increasing sup-

ply although for several years it has

een noted that many of the smaller

farmers have been producing a few head

of mutton each season. This movement

has increased materially during the last

While there were decreased holdings

of livestock-with the exception of sheep

on the farms of Oregon December 1 as

there were greater supplies offered in all

At the Portland Union Stockyards the

marketing of livestock showed for 1918

Cattle. Caives. Hogs. Sheep. Cars. 1918.111,081 5.953 220,644 145,435 6.685 1917.. 97.382 5.479 216,255 140,106 6,498 Gain.. 13,749 474 4,389 5,329 186

Portland was the pioneer livestock

trading center of the Pacific Northwest

and today has the distinction of remain

ing the premier livestock market of the

entire Pacific slope. More livestock is annually sold upon the open market at Portland than at any other point along the coast; indicating this city's special

lines of the livestock market.

and 1917 as-follows:

Alaska, Detroit, Minneapolis, Seattle

Tacoma, Chicago, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and New York.

Jews of Roumania

uver Continent

He said he then returned to his office

has been at Potsdam for 20 years.

Christmas greetings abroad.

secretary he declared:

want to be a simple civilian."

trees, there was nothing."

instead of the kaiser's.

punish the kaiser."

big charted system.

THE OREGON SUNDAY JOURNAL, PORTLAND, SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1918

PRICE FIVE CENTS

rince Eitel Like to Serve Wilson.

Lloyd George and Supporters Return to Power With Overwhelming Majority; Count So Far Gives Them 518 Seats to 169.

Asquith and Henderson Among Those Who Fail of Reelection "I regret to disappoint you, but I have avoided all interviews. Mine, as well and Irish Defeat Dillon, Sending Prof. De Valera Instead. as my father's and brothers' positions, are too precarious to say anything. I do not know what is coming. I am go-

ONDON, Dec. 28,-Out of a total of 687 parliamentary seats the coalition gained 518, the opposition 469. Announcement to this effect was made at 7-o'clock

John Dillon, Redmond's successor as Nationalist leader, was defeated by Professor De Valera, who has a majority of 4392 votes. De Valera took a prominent part in the Dublin Easter rebellion. Ex-Premier Asquith also has been heavily defeated.

By Lowell Mellet

London, Dec. 28 .- (U. P.) -- Great Britain registered one of the greatest politi-cal surprises in years today. "I do not think the allies ought to cal surprises in years today.

In the midst of a nationwide celebra-tion of President Wilson's presence, with almost unanimous applause for his "radical" sentiments and with press and public men indorsing his views, election officials counted the ballots cast a fortnight ago and found the country had jority. With only 11 districts unreported to-

Coalitionists 471, Sinn Feiners 70, Laborites 64, Unionists 46, Liberals 37, Irish Nationalists 5, National party 2,

Of International Significance The coalitionists included 334 Unionists and 127 Liberals, who, with the other 46 Unionists, constitute a working majority and make Premier Lloyd whose personal popularity was largely responsible for the result—de- way of the trans-Atlantic air routes pendent upon the Tories for legislation. with Victoria, B. C., and includes Que-The election has an international significance because of the influence it is likely to have on British peace delibera- through the Canadian national parks

The victors were openly surprised at les on the course to the Pacific. he measure of their success. While they brought the full power of their air route, will start at St. Johns and election machinery to bear against Herbert Asquith, leader of the Quebec, Montreal, Toronto and many opposition, no one had predicted his de- lesser cities on its way to the Pacific. feat in a district he had represented for 32 years. They did, however, predict the defeat of the labor leader, Arthur didate in a new district.

Smoother Road Ahead. At the premier's office this statement was given to the United Press: "The sweeping nature of the victory is a pleasant surprise. Tt insures reconstruction of the government along a

The sensation of the election was the (Concluded on Page Three, Column Two) Roumania.

Approximately \$400 worth of products

for every man, woman and child in Ore-

gon was produced within the state dur-

ing the year just ending; bringing the total production of the farms to \$362,-882,000. This is far the highest aggre-

gate that the Beaver state has ever

Last year's great showing wherein the

soil and waters of the state produced

\$122,063,000 worth of products, was con-

sidered remarkable. And yet it was clipsed in 1918 by over \$40,000,000.

The year's record was one to be proud

of, not only because of its volume, which

brought prosperity to most of Oregon's farming and rural population, but be-

cause this showing was made in the

face of adverse climatic conditions and a depleted labor market over which fac-

tors the state had no control whatever.

Livestock Leads

As usual livestock continues the dom-

nating factor of the farm product with

a total value for the season of \$103,170,-000 compared with \$95,416,000 for the previous year. The increased total for the season was due to the extreme values

Farm and Stream Yield

Wealth of \$362,882,000

In Oregon During 1918

Production of Wealth Represents Per Capita Equivalent of \$400:

Livestock Output Lead's With Grain Next in

the season was due to the extreme values that Oregon farmers secured for their livestock for in all lines with the exception of sheep decreased holdings were shown during the year.

Increase in the sheep supply of the state was due principally to the fact that

course much smoother than was antici-

Caretaker Says Palace Was Like Grave on Christmas; Would By Frank J. Taylor Berlin, Dec. 25 .- (Delayed.) -- (U. P.) --Prince Eitel Friederich, the sole remainng representative of the Hohenzollern family in Germany, wants no publicity.

> Those Favoring Intervention in Russia See Fine Chance for Comparatively Fresh American Army to Suppress Bolsheviki.

> Say "Duty and Honor of Saving Russia" Could Well Be Passed to General Pershing's U. S. Forces to Accomplish.

By Paul Scott Mowrer Special Cable to The Journal and Chicago Daily News. (Copyright, 1918, by Chicago Daily News Co.) PARIS, Dec. 28.—The question of the intervention in Russia, about the urgency of which I cabled last month in giving the main outlines of the situation, is now occupying the entire European press. It is understood that the allies will try to reach an agreement regarding this matter in the near future. M. Kokovtzeff, minister of finance under the czar: M. Milyoukov, minister of foreign affairs under the first provisional government; Prince Lvoff, president of the first provisional government, and M. Noullens, the French ambassador to Russia, are all on their way to Paris to assist in the

These personages are all thought to rvention but the popular opposition to it seems to be growing both in France and England. The soldiers are tired and not anxious to undertake a new campaign, the outcome of which no one can foresee. Gustav who favors intervention, understands the fatigue of the allied forces and admits that a powerful army would be necessary

"The army," he says, "is at hand-(Concluded on Page Three, Column Five)

News Index

SECTION ONE-16 PAGES The Sunset airway, Canada's great Page English Accept Wilson's Views Lloyd George's Coalition Wins at Polls Let Yanks Quell Reds, Europe's Pro-

> W. S. S. Drive to Be Kept Up Germans Hand Over Army Stores Big Task Before Congress Six U. S. Generals Honored

Gratitude of French Kiddies Touchin Oregon's Returning Soldier Problem Federal Court Has Busy Year H. W. Stone given important task Britain and U. S. in Accord Germans Seek News of Relatives

Wilson Harmonizes French Parties

Wilson's Guildhall Address U. S. Delegation Divides Work Speakership troubles Republicans Railroads under federal control

World war changes map of Europe Editorial

Letter Tells of 91st Division Portland-Built Ships Carry Flour County Budget Mest Be Cut

Oregon Farm Yield Tabulated City Plans Improvements for 1919 Bend makes sacrifices for victory 16. Red Cross aid for soldiers at home

SECTION TWO-12 PAGES 1. Private holdings within reserves weed-Upton Denies Friction With Govern Hydrant Service Battle On at Hillsbo

Kansas City Carlines Patrolled

Sports news and gossip . Real estate and building Want ads

SECTION THREE-10 PAGES

War's Influence Everywhere The Realm of Music, Fraternal News Service of Coast Guard Summarized In Stageland In Vandeville

Photoplay News The Week in Society Woman's Service League Care of Fruit Trees

SECTION FOUR-8 PAGES

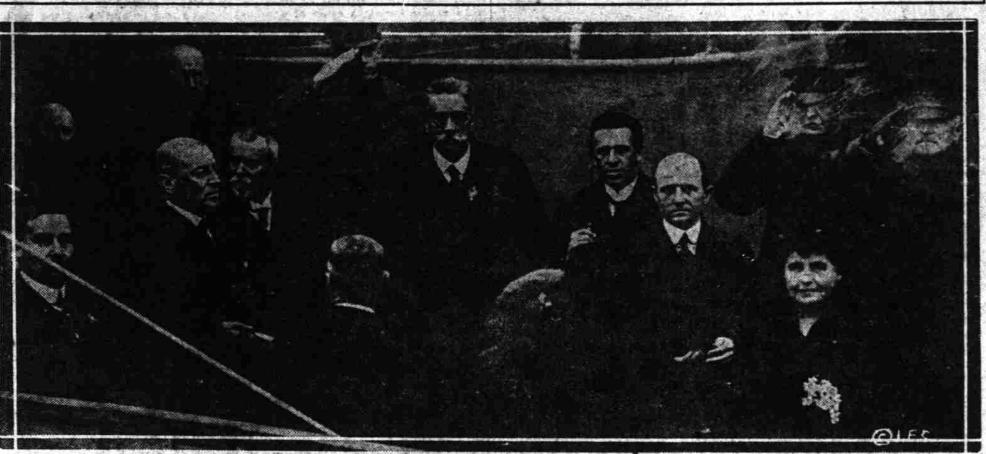
Foreign News Page Europe's New Nations — By Frank H Year's News Review

Soldiers' Letter Page Automobiles, Trucks, Tractors, SECTION FIVE—4 PAGES

Fastions and Needlework

PRESIDENT WILSON AND PARTY ARRIVING IN FRANCE

THESE two remarkable photographs show President and Mrs. Wilson upon arrival at Brest, France, where the American executive was tendered the first of a series of ovations that have featured his every appearance in France and England. In the upper photograph President and Mrs. Wilson are seen descending the gangplank of the U. S. transport George Washington, accompanied by General Pershing (at extreme right), General Harts, Admiral Grayson and others. Below the president is shown acknowledging the tumultuous welcome extended him as he set foot upon French soil.



Fred Lockley and Henry E. Reed Will Be Associate State Directors With C. S. Jackson. Who Accepted Reappointment.

The thrift campaign will continue Announcement that the State War Savings organization will be remobilized was made on Saturday.

It was the sequel to the news a few days ago that the government will offer a 1919 series of War Savings certificates. C. S. Jackson has accepted reappointment as director for Oregon of the War Savings movement.

Fred Lockley and Henry E. Reed will be two of three associate state directors named by Mr. Jackson. During the past year Mr. Reed has served as W. S. S. campaign manager for the Third congressional district, Mr. Lockley, who returned a short time ago from the war front, will take up the supervision of county W. S. S. organizations throughout the state. Oregon's 1919 quota of War Savings Stamps has not been assigned, but since the national issue will be \$2,000,000,000, the same amount as in 1918, Oregon's quota is expected to identical with that of the past year \$17,253,740.

Plan Appeals to Investor Postmasters, bankers and county chool superintendents will be the chief local factors in the thrift campaign re organization, said State Director Jack

All who have served in last year's campaign enthusiastically and loyally and there have been many such, he said, are invited to continue their interest and help. Not only will the government more than ever, require the proceeds of the thrift effort to aid in paying the bills of the war, but the investment from the viewpoint of the investor will be continuingly as attractive because sound and

The War Savings Stamps of 1919 will have a face value of \$5 each, the same as in 1918, but the new stamps will be of a different color and must not be confused. The rate of interest will be the same, 4 per cent, compounded quarterly. The purchase prices will be \$4.12 during January, and will be 1 cent higher each month thereafter until December 1919, when the price will be \$4.23 for a \$5 War Savings Stamp. The maturity date of the 1919 W. S. S

(Concluded on Page Two, Column Two)

Drys Lose Votes in Minnesota's Recount

St. Paul, Dec. 28 .- (U. P.) - With the recount practically completed in 11 of 86 counties on Minnesota's prohibition amendment, the "drys" sustained a loss of 42 votes compared with the official returns. The amendment lost by less than 600 votes in November. In the recount more than 100 "doubtful" ballots have been found to be passed upon by the courts. If the dry forces lose the recount they will start a battle in the coming legislative session to have the national prohibition amendment ratified.

Seaplane Falls Into Bay; Men Are Saved

plane with two naval aviators aboard fell into Boston harbor today. One of the aviators was taken to the Chelsea naval hospital. The aviators were rescued by officers in the Boston police boat Guardian. The pilot of the machine was Ensign W. J. Shilling of Baltimore, and the other man was Quartermaster (First Class) Jacob Halvorson of Finley, N. B. Both men were attached to the naval air station at Chatham. Neither was seriously hurt.

Mule Is Uause of Week \$27,859,286

Strike in Mine

Week \$27,859,286

Clearings of Portland banks for the week ending Saturday totaled \$27,859, when 160 miners struck when an ex-solution when 160 miners struck when an ex-solution was refused the mulciple formely had. the aviators was taken to the Chelsea

Boston, Dec. 28 .- (I. N. S.)-A sea-



YANKEE WARSHIPS CONVERTED INTO TROOP TRANSPORTS

Two Battleships Have Already Official of European Government Sailed From Brest and Others Will Follow, Is Announcement by Secretary of the Navy

Washington, Dec. 28.—(U. P.)—Four-teen battleships and ten cruisers are to carry men home from France, Secretary of the Navy Daniels announced to-

Transformation of the cruisers into ransports has been completed and the first has already left Brest loaded with returning soldiers. Two of the battle-ships have also sailed from Brest. The other vessels will be put into service as soon as alterations are completed, Danfels announced. Battleships assigned to transport serv-

Ohio, Virginia, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Nebraska, Georgia, Connecticut, Louisiana, Kansas, New Hampshire, (Concluded on Page Two, Column One)

King George Gives Book to President

London, Dec. 28 .- (I. N. S.)-King George gave President Wilson a book for a birthday present today. The king do not believe in this imperialism, but presented scarfpins and cuff links to I recognize that the only substitute is presented scarfpins and cuff links to Admiral Grayson and other members of the presidential party. He even remembered President Wilson's negro valet and Mrs. Wilson's maid.

I recognize that the only substitute is an efficient league of nations which will police the world. Nevertheless I am going to America to perform my mission because I must."

Mule Is Cause of

TO PRESIDENT HAS IMPERIALISTIC AIN

OLF C.

Regrets Situation Which, He Declares, Endangers Settlement of Vital Peace Problems.

By John F. Bass Special Cable to The Journal and Chicago Daily News. (Conyright, 1918, by Chicago Daily News Co.) Paris, Dec. 28.—The other night dined with an official of one of the European governments.

"President Wilson's position in the peace conference," he said, "has been considerably weakened by the elections in America and the political opposition which is interpreted here as being opposition to the program of peace advanced by him. "Personally I regret this situation

ecause your president was the only man, owing to the position of your country, who could sor as a negotiator beween different countries. Therefore, any weakening of his power, I consider, nakes less probable a settlement which will bring better and more friendly international world relations.

ernment and am being sent to America unofficially. My mission is to get into relationship with the leaders of the Republican party in order to get them to accept the imperialistic plan of expan-

Bank Clearings for

Payment of \$10,800,000 Made to American Army for Contingent Expenses of Army of Occupa-

By Webb Miller Dec. 27 .- (By courier to Nancy)-The Germans started today to hand over to the American commission millions of ollars worth of war materials under the conditions of the armistice. All these materials had been held in depots east of the Rhine. At the same time, a shipment of 54,000,000 marks (\$10,800,000) from the Berlin government was paid out to the Americans for contingent expenses of the army of occupation. An additional 9,000,000 marks (\$1,800,000) was paid on the army's estimate of 25,000,000 marks (\$5,000,000) needed for

January expenses Today's initial shipment of materials ncluded 60 brand new airplanes, which German soldiers. One hundred and forty others were reported to be en route One hundred and fifty big guns and 7200

machine guns also were turned in. One of every group of 20 airplanes tested Sunday in a flight of 15 minutes. German aviators will accompany the American pilots. Under terms of the armistice 400 horses must be handed over for every plane that does not come up to expectations. In case one plane falls, the other 19 in

hat group will be rejected. The Germans presented schedules materials, filling 42 pages of closely typed paper. Thousands of items valed at millions of dollars, were listed. They included such items as millions of hand grenades, several million shells, (Concluded on Page Three, Column Pours

Lloyd George and Balfour Say Complete Agreement Between England and United States Attained as Besult of Visit.

Wilson Reiterates Principles of His Peace Plans in Speech at Guildhall and British Leaders Join in Prolonged Applause.

By Robert J. Bender

ONDON, Dec. 28 .- (U. P.) -- Satisfied that he has obtained important result in his conferences with British statesmen, President Wilson feels there is no need to delay his return to Paris. He will leave for the French capital Tuesday morning. barring a change in the situation.

The president completed lifs conferences late today and had dinner with Premier Lloyd George. He left for his mother's former home in Carlisle tonight.

During his stay in London, the president feels he has had the opportunity to come in close contact with the people as well as their leaders. His Guildhall speech today reflected his confidence in the future. The speech was praised tion; \$1,800,000 in Advance, generally. Viscount Grey and the archbishop of Canterbury lauded it in pri-

Reach Complete Understanding Rear Admiral Grayson insists that the president shall rest at least two days in Paris before he goes to Italy. Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour, in an interview with American correspondents this afternoon. declared President Wilson's visit to London had resulted in a complete understanding between Great Britain and America. They expressed the greatest optimism in regard to future peace de-

liberations Additional significance was attached to the statement of the two British lead-ers in view of the fact that the president previously had expressed a similar

Success Due to Visit Balfour said the president's coming to England resulted in an understanding that otherwise would have been impos-

sible and assured the foundations of a definite, lasting peace. Lloyd George declared his belief that the president's presence was a mo-mentous event in history, resulting in complete satisfaction to Great Britain and America, and assurance there would be no misunderstandings at the peace

The premier said that Wilson's visit had established a common cause for Britain and America, and marked a rew era in Anglo-American relations. He declared positively that the situation is "most satisfactory."

Hits at Secret Diplomacy While neither Lloyd George nor Bal-four went into details, they joined in (Concluded on Page Six, Column One)

91st Division Puts **Hun to Rout With Vigor** That Brings It Fame

Armistice Signing Day Finds Boys From Pacific Coast Rolling Back the Enemy Through Belgium, According to Letter from Major Frank C. McColloch of Baker.

"We fought almost continuously from | decided that Versailles would make a September 26 to November 11 and in that niftier palace than Buckingham, there time gained over 40 miles of ground, are a million Yanks here, in France who lost 50 per cent of our strength, captured would do their damndest to see that no several thousand prisoners (nearly 10,- Britisher nor Frenchie tried to inter-000) and never gave up an inch of fere. Wilson could have every souvenir ground or lost a single prisoner. Our every doughboy in France has collected specialty (every division has a specialty) and that to my mind is the heighth of was in advancing so fast that we lost our artillery and then digging in and holding on while the Boche tried to shelf us out. Eventually our artillery would catch us again and away we would go "We were ordered to retire but we

told them we had gone that far and in- Atlantic. I confess I have a few myself tended to stick. And we could do these sion of my government. Personally I things because our men wouldn't stand for anything else." Such is the enviable record of the

Ninety-first division, composed of Pacific coast boys who received their initial Dunkirk, to his brother, Claude C. Mcthe war Major McCulloch, whose home is in Baker, was a student at Stanford uni-

Wilson Is Army's Idol "You perhaps wonder what the army thinks of Wilson. Well, if Wilson wanted to be king of England tomorrow and

popularity. The Frenchman says he fights for Alsace, the Britisher fights for supremacy of the sea, but "Oh la! la! Ze Yankeeee he fight for ze souvenir."
There are going to be enough Boche hel-mets, hand grenades, 3-inch shells, etc., carried home by this army to fill up the "I suppose you are anxious to know of

my experiences in Belgium. We arrived here just about the time the Boche re tired from the channel ports due to the threat of being cut off by the onrushing British to the south and east. We detrained near Ypres and bivouacked for Major Frank C. McColloch of the Three two days and nights below famous Hundred Sixty-third infantry, in a letter written near Thielt, 40 miles east of derful supermen, the Canadians, have nortal. Weird tales of the first Dunkirk, to his brother, Claude C. Mc-Colloch of Portland. At the outbreak of gas attack which was launched from strip of land from Tpres to Roulers is a ghastly nightmare. No one can describe the utter desolation of it. It is depressing to one's spirits to stand and lo at it. Maps are useless in that five mile